z/OS Version 2 Release 4

SDSF User's Guide



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in <u>"Notices" on page</u> 367.

This edition applies to Version 2 Release 4 of z/OS (5650-ZOS) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About this information

This book provides general user information for SDSF. The book is designed to help system users understand the function and use of the SDSF panels.

This book assumes that readers have a working knowledge of:

- The z/OS operating system
- ISPF
- JCL
- REXX
- Java

xxii z/OS: z/OS SDSF User's Guide

z/OS information

This information explains how z/OS references information in other documents and on the web.

When possible, this information uses cross document links that go directly to the topic in reference using shortened versions of the document title. For complete titles and order numbers of the documents for all products that are part of z/OS, see z/OS Information Roadmap.

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Summary of changes, Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4) as updated April 2020

Changes made to z/OS V2R4 as updated April, 2020

Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4) as updated April 2020

This update adds data set compression columns to the Job Data Sets (JDS) panel.

Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4) as updated October 2019 New columns:

The following columns have been added:

| Table 1. New Columns | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|---|--|--|
| Panel | Column | Description | | |
| REPC | TENANT | Tenant report class (yes or no) | | |
| REPC | TENANTNAME | Associated tenant resource group | | |
| RGRP | MINMSUHR | Minimum accounted workload MSU | | |
| RGRP | MAXMSUHR | Maximum accounted workload MSU | | |
| RGRP | TENANT | Tenant resource group (yes or no) | | |
| RGRP | INCLSPEC | Include specialty processor (yes or no) | | |
| RGRP | TENANTID | Tenant ID | | |
| RGRP | TENANTNAME | Tenant name | | |
| RGRP | SOLUTIONID | Solution ID | | |

Obsolete columns:

The following columns have been removed and are now obsolete:

| Table 2. Obsolete Columns | | |
|---------------------------|----------|--|
| Panel | Column | |
| SRVC | EWLMKEY | |
| SRVC | EWLMNAME | |

Summary of changes for z/OS Version 2 Release 4 (V2R4) as updated September 2019 New features:

- Enhancements to the **ARRANGE** command to hide columns on tabular panels.
- New keywords on the **SRCH** command to filter the results by pattern found, not found, or all.
- New SET SRCH command to set SRCH command defaults.
- New option to rename a slash command group.

- New option on the **SET FFPS** command to hide or show the point-and-shoot attribute for the fixed field.
- Addition of ISPF View for panels that currently implement ISPF Browse and ISPF Edit.
- New option to suppress data set information on APF, LNK, LPA, PARM, and PROC commands.
- New **ABOUT** command to display the SDSF copyright information and suppress the copyright on the main panel.
- Update to the QUERY AUTH command to return authorization to / (slash) command.
- Update to the **WHO** command response to identify the emergency JES2 subsystem.
- New **DIAG** command to assist in problem diagnosis. You use the **DIAG** command from any panel under the direction of IBM service personnel. You must be authorized to use this command. The parameters are determined by IBM service personnel when performing diagnostics and are subject to change.
- New special ddname ISFRXDBG to simplify debugging of SDSF/REXX execs.
- New and changed columns on existing panels.
- New action characters on existing panels including ISPF browse, view, and edit on PROC panel.
- See *z*/OS SDSF Operation and Customization for a summary of other changes in this release.

New panels:

- ENQD. See <u>"Enqueue panel (ENQ)" on page 67</u>
- "Extended Console panel (EMCS)" on page 62
- "JES Checkpoint panel (CKPT)" on page 208
- "JES Subsystem panel (JES)" on page 90
- "JESInfo panel (JRI)" on page 92
- "JESInfo by Job panel (JRJ)" on page 93
- "Job Class Members panel (JCM)" on page 210
- "Job DDName panel (JDDN)" on page 218
- "Job Memory Objects panel (JMO)" on page 223
- "Link Pack Directory panel (LPD)" on page 114
- "OMVS options panel (BPXO)" on page 129
- "Resource Monitor Alerts panel (RMA) " on page 164
- "WLM Policy panel (WLM)" on page 197
- "WLM Report Class panel (REPC)" on page 198
- "WLM Resource Group panel (RGRP)" on page 199
- "WLM Service Classes panel (SRVC)" on page 201
- "WLM Workload panel (WKLD)" on page 202
- "XCF Members and Groups panel (XCFM)" on page 203

Configuration changes:

- Low-lighting of columns with a zero value independently of the row highlighting. Values considered significant are not low lighted. A custom property is provided to restore the default behavior.
- Automatic right justification of column titles for numeric fields. A custom property is provided to restore the default behavior.
- New reason codes for abend U0083 when ISFPARMS macros do not match the current release of SDSF.
- Updated the CK, CKH, DA, ENC, PS, and RM panels to use the HSF data gatherers. These data gatherers run in the SDSFAUX address space and replace the existing client-side data gatherers.
- Client toleration of the SDSF address space not being active. However, the address space is now required for the DA, CK, CKH, ENC, PS, and RM panels. In a subsequent release, the SDSF address space will be required for all client functions.

New non-overtypeable columns on existing panels

The new non-overtypeable columns on existing panels are shown in Table 3 on page xxix:

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| Table 3. New Non-Overtypeable Columns | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| CDE | CDATTR3 | Attr3 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 3 in hexadecimal | |
| CDE | CDATTR4 | Attr4 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 4 in hexadecimal | |
| CSR | HVCOM | HVComUsed | 9 | 64-bit common not released (bytes) | |
| DA | ESRBTIME (HSF) | ESRB-Time | 9 | Enclave CPU time | |
| DA | CPULIMIT (HSF) | CPU-Limit | 9 | CPU time limit | |
| DA | REUS (HSF) | Reus | 4 | Reusable address space (yes or no) | |
| DA | SYSLEVEL (HSF) | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system | |
| Н | JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only) | |
| I | JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only) | |
| JDD | APF | APF | 3 | APF indicator for loadlib data sets (yes or no) | |
| JS | TIOTHWM | TIOTHWM | 7 | High water mark for TIOT entries used (bytes, SMF) | |
| JS | TIOTUSED | TIOTUsed | 8 | Current TIOT space used for entries (bytes). Applies only to interval records (SMF) | |
| JS | TIOTAVAIL | TIOTAvail | 9 | Size of TIOT available for entries (bytes, SMF) | |
| MAS | CKPTLEV | CkptLevel | 9 | JES2 checkpoint level (\$ACTIVATE level) | |
| 0 | JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only) | |
| PAG | UNIT | Unit | 4 | Data set unit address | |

Table 3. New Non-Overtypeable Column

| Table 3. New | Table 3. New Non-Overtypeable Columns (continued) | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | | |
| PAG | DEVNAME | DevName | 8 | Data set device name | | | |
| PAG | CUNAME | CUName | 8 | Data set control unit name | | | |
| PAG | SUBCHAN | SubChanSet | 10 | Data set subchannel set | | | |
| PS | ZIIPTIME | zIIP-Time | 9 | System and user compute time on zIIP | | | |
| PS | RUID | RUID | 8 | Process real user ID | | | |
| PS | EUID | EUID | 8 | Process effective user ID | | | |
| RM | SCOPE | Scope | 7 | Resource scope (local or JESPLEX) | | | |
| ST | JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only) | | | |
| SYS | JESTYPE | JESType | 7 | JES type for primary JES (JES2 or JES3) | | | |

Changed non-overtypeable columns on existing panels

The changed non-overtypeable columns on existing panels are shown in Table 4 on page xxx:

| Table 4. Changed | Table 4. Changed Non-Overtypeable Columns | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|----------------------|-------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay | | |
| CDE | CDATTR | Attr | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 1 in hexadecimal | | | |
| CDE | CDATTR2 | Attr2 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 2 in hexadecimal | | | |
| Н | TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only | | |

| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------|-------------|----------------------|-------|--|-----------|
| Η | DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |
| I | TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |
| I | DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |
| 0 | TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |
| 0 | DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |
| ST | TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only |

| Table 4. Changed Non-Overtypeable Columns (continued) | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-------|--|-----------|--|
| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay | |
| ST | DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. | JES3 only | |

New action characters on existing panels

The new action characters on existing panels are shown in Table 5 on page xxxii:

| Table 5. New action characters | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Panel | Action Character | Description | | | |
| APF | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| AS | ЈМО | Display the memory objects owned by the job. (Access the Job Memory Objects Panel). | | | |
| AS | N | Display enqueues | | | |
| СК | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| СКН | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| DA | ЈМО | Display the memory objects owned by the job. (Access the Job Memory Objects Panel.) | | | |
| DA | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| Н | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| I | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| JC | I | Member information. (Access th Job Class Members panel). JES3 only. | | | |
| JDS | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| JG | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| JO | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| LNK | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| LPA | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| 0 | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| OD | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| PARM | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| PROC | SB | ISPF browse data set | | | |
| PROC | SE | ISPF edit data set | | | |

| Table 5. New action characters (continued) | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Panel | Action Character Description | | | | |
| PROC | SV | ISPF view data set | | | |
| SRCH | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| ST | SV | ISPF view | | | |
| STEP | SV | ISPF view | | | |

Obsolete columns

The statements and keywords shown in Table 6 on page xxxiii are obsolete as of this release:

| Table 6. Obsolete Columns | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|--|
| Panel | Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay | |
| Job Module panel (JC) | CDE | CDE | 8 | CDE address | | |
| Job Module panel (JC) | CDEATTRB | AttrB | 5 | CDE attribute byte B | | |

Chapter 1. Introduction to SDSF

SDSF provides you with information to monitor, manage, and control your z/OS system. It can help you run your business and save you time and money.

SDSF provides a powerful and secure way to monitor and manage your z/OS sysplex, in both JES2 and JES3 environments. Data is presented in tabular format on more than fifty different panels. The panels are customizable by the system programmer and the user.

The easy-to-use interface lets you control:

- · Jobs and output
- Devices, such as network connections and servers, printers, readers, lines, and spool offloaders
- Checks from IBM Health Checker for z/OS
- System resources, such as WLM scheduling environments, the members of your MAS, and JES job classes
- System information about systems in the sysplex such as CPU busy, storage utilization, and IPL information; system storage utilization for all address spaces in the sysplex; and system static and dynamic symbols for each system in the sysplex.
- · System log and action messages

For example, for jobs you can:

- · Cancel, hold or release jobs
- · Find out if jobs are waiting to be processed
- Filter the jobs to show just the jobs that interest you
- View output before it is printed
- · Change a job's priority, class, or destination
- · Edit and resubmit the JCL without leaving SDSF

SDSF security controls the panels you see and the functions you can use. SDSF can be tailored either through SAF or through its own parameters (ISFPARMS) so that various panels and functions within those panels are available only to select users or groups.

Invoking SDSF

There are two ways to invoke SDSF, from ISPF and from TSO.

Invoking SDSF from ISPF

You can invoke SDSF from the ISPF Primary Option Menu by entering **S** or option 13.14.

When you invoke SDSF this way:

- The action bar is displayed at the top of screen. Your security access determines what menu options are displayed and accessible.
- You can save your customization of the environment.

Invoking SDSF with ISPF stacked commands

Under ISPF, you can use a combination of SDSF and ISPF stacked commands to invoke SDSF. ISPF stacked commands use a special delimiter between them. The default delimiter is a semicolon. ISPF stacked commands are described in *z/OS ISPF User's Guide Vol I*.

Consider the following examples:

• From the ISPF Primary Option Menu, **S.DA** invokes SDSF and then the Active Users panel.

- **S;DA** from the ISPF Primary Option Menu invokes SDSF and then the Active Users panel, using ISPF stacked commands.
- **S.DA;S** T* from the ISPF Primary Option Menu invokes SDSF and then the Active Users panel. ISPF then processes the stacked **S** T* command.
 - **S** T* is an SDSF fast path select (S), that displays the data sets for all jobs that begin with T*.

Invoking SDSF from TSO

You can invoke SDSF from the TSO READY panel by entering **SDSF** or **ISF**. You can also enter **TSO SDSF** or **TSO ISF** from the ISPF Primary Option Menu.

When you invoke SDSF this way:

- The action bar is not displayed. Your security access determines which options are displayed and accessible.
- You cannot save your customization of the environment.

Important:

SDSF supports only a specific set of screen sizes when running as a TSO command. The supported screen sizes are: 24x80, 32x80, 43x80, 27x132, and 62x160. Use of other screen sizes may cause unpredictable results.

SDSF panel format

SDSF panels provide current information about jobs, output, devices, sysplex, memory, OMVS, network, log, JES, WLM, system information, and more.

With SDSF panels, there is no need to learn or remember complex command syntax. Action characters, overtypeable fields, action bar pull-downs, and pop-up windows allow you to select available functions.

Sample panel format

Under ISPF, you can select most SDSF functions from the action bar at the top of the screen. To display a pull-down menu of choices, place the cursor on an option on the action bar and press Enter.

Figure 1 on page 2 uses a sample tabular panel to show the layout of an SDSF panel.

| Display Fi | lter Vie | w Print | Optio | ons Sea | irch He | elp | 1 | | | |
|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------|--|---|--------------|---|
| SDSF DA RS86 PREFIX=* DES | - | | | CPU 27 | ′ <mark>3</mark> I | LINE | 1-18 | (72) | | |
| NP JOBNAME 7 *MASTER* PCAUTH RASP TRACE DUMPSRV XCFAS GRS SMSPDSE | 6 StepNa | | Step Jo | | Owner +MASTEF | | NS F NS F NS F NS F NS F NS F NS F | DP Real FF 3518 FF 115 FF 460 FF 5850 FF 646 FF 6419 FF 24T FF 679 FF 1575 | 0.00 0.00 | SIO 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0. |
| COMMAND INPUT | | | | | SCRO | OLL = | :==> F | | | |

Figure 1. A Sample SDSF Tabular Panel

| See | Name | Description |
|-----|--------------|---|
| 1 | Action bar | The action bar permits you to select a pull-down menu to accomplish various SDSF tasks. |
| 2 | Title line | The title line shows the panel name as well as other information. |
| 3 | Message area | Short error and confirmation messages appear here. |

| See | Name | Description |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|
| 4 | Command line | The command line lets you enter SDSF, MVS, or JES commands. |
| 5 | Message and information lines | Longer messages appear below the command line. The information lines display responses when you issue some SDSF commands. The example shows the response to SET DISPLAY, which displays settings for filters. |
| 6 | Data area | The data area contains the system data. On tabular panels, the data is in columns and rows. Each row represents a single job, TSO user, data set, device or system resource, depending on the panel. |
| | | The column titles may be customized by the system programmer. For that reason, when using the programming interfaces, you refer to columns by their internal <i>names</i> rather than by their titles. The names cannot be modified. |
| | | When customizing the columns, system programmers can define a primary list of columns, which is shown when the panel is first displayed, and an alternate list, which you display with the ? command. Typically, the alternate list contains all of the columns in the primary list plus some additional columns. The additional columns may require additional work by SDSF to retrieve the data. These columns are referred to as <i>delayed</i> or <i>delayed-access</i> . |
| | | The first column is the <i>fixed field</i> ; when you scroll right or left, it remains in the same position. In the sample panel, the JOBNAME field is fixed. |
| | | The REXX and Java interfaces allow you to control which columns are included when you access a panel. Typically, you want to include only those columns that are required. |
| 7 | NP column | Input (i NP ut) field for brief commands, known as action characters. |

Understanding the SDSF main panel

Regardless of how you invoke SDSF, the SDSF main panel uses a table layout, similar to all other SDSF tabular panels.

The main panel shows the command name, description, group, and status. You can scroll to view additional pages.

The SDSF main panel lists the panels that you are authorized to use, and the commands that display the panels. (A few panels are accessed with action characters instead of commands, and do not appear on the main panel.) The tabular panels have a fixed field, at the left, that does not move as you scroll right and left.

Tip: You can use the MENU command to return to the main panel from any tabular panel.

The SDSF main panel layout is as follows:

| Display Fi | lter View Print Optior | ns Search | Help |
|---------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| SDSF MENU V2R | 3RSPLEXOGRS863Description4Active usersInput QueueOutput QueueHeld output QueueStatus of jobsJob zeroJob groupsSystem symbolsSystem logSystem requestsMembers in the MASJob classesScheduling environmentsWLM resourcesEnclavesProcessesSystem informationEnqueuesDynamic exitsDynamic exits | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Status JES3 environment only SCROLL ===> PAGE |
| | | | |

You can scroll to view additional pages. The main panel shows the following rows:

1 iNPut

The 'NP' column means 'iNPut' field and the line commands are called 'action characters'.

2 Command name

The SDSF main panel lists the panels that you are authorized to use, and the commands that display the panels.

3 Description

A brief description of the command.

4 Group

The SDSF tabular commands are organized by groups, which are defined by SDSF. The groups are shown in Table 7 on page 4. You can sort the group column with the **SORT GROUP** command or filter them by using fast path select. For example, s * wlm.

| Table 7. Main Panel Groups | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Group | Panel |
| Devices | DEV, SMSG, SMSV |
| Jobs | AS, DA, I, ST |
| JES | INIT, JC, JES, JG, JO, MAS, PR, PROC, PUN, RDR, RM, RMA, SO, SP |
| Log | LOG, SR, ULOG |
| Memory | CSR, VMAP |
| Network | LINE, NA, NC, NODE, NS |
| Output | H, O |
| OMVS | BPXO, FS, PS |
| Sysplex | CFC, CFS, EMCS, ENQD, XCFM |
| System | APF, CK, DYNX, ENQ, ENQC, GT, LNK, LPA, LPD, PAG, PARM, SSI, SYM, SYS |
| WLM | ENC, RES, SE, REPC, RGRP, SRVC, WKLD, WLM |

5 Status

The status value shows a reason why the command is not available, such as a subsystem restriction (for example, a JES3-only command when SDSF is running in a JES2 environment), or the command is not authorized. The reasons are:

- JES2 environment only
- JES3 environment only
- JESx not active
- Global not acceptable
- · Command not authorized

Panels available only from other panels

The following panels do not appear on the SDSF main panel and are available only by using action characters from other panels:

| Table 8. Panels Available Only | From Other Panels | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Panel | Available From | Action Character |
| CKH Health Check History | СК | L |
| JC Job Module | DA, AS | JC |
| JD Job Device | AS, DA, I, INIT, NS and ST | JD |
| JDS Job Data Set | DA, I, ST, H and O | ? |
| JM Job Memory | AS, DA, I, INIT, NS and ST | ЈМ |
| JS Job Step | DA, H, I, O and ST | JS |
| JP Job Dependency | JG, I, and ST | JP |
| JY Job Delay | DA | JY |
| OD Output Descriptors | DA, H, I, JDS, O, and ST | Q |
| S Output Data Set | DA, I, O, H, ST, JG, JS | To view output formatted for a line-mode device, use the S action character. |
| | | To invoke ISPF Browse or Edit, use the SB, SE, or SJ action characters. |
| CKPT JES checkpoint | JES | JC |
| JCM Job Class Members | JC (JES3 only) | I |
| JDD Job DDName | DA, I, ST, INIT, NS | JDD |
| JMO Job Memory Objects | DA, AS | ЈМО |

Selecting a row on the main panel

SDSF provides mechanisms to navigate and work with the SDSF panels.

You can select a command row on the main panel by using the S action character in the NP column. Multiple selects are not allowed; select only a single row with the S action.

For example, you might select the DA command from the main panel:

| Display | Filter View | Print Optior | s Search | Help | |
|--|---|--|---|----------|--------------------|
| SDSF MENU NP NAME S DA I O H ST JO JG SYM LOG SR MAS JC SE RES ENC PS | Descriptio Active use Input Que Utput Que Held outpu Status of Job zero Job groups System sym System log System req Members in Job classe | n rs e ue t Queue jobs bols uests the MAS s environments | Group Jobs Jobs Output Jobs JES JES System Log JES JES JES WLM WLM WLM WLM | JES3 env | COMMAND nt only |

The repeat (=) and block (//) actions are not available on the main panel.

Using SDSF help

From any panel, F1 opens a general help page for that panel. You can also invoke help from the Help pulldown menu.

For example, if you invoke help for the DA panel, the following help panel is displayed:

HELP: Display Active Users Panel Select a topic by number, or press Enter to view them in sequence. 1 - Introduction to the DA panel 2 - Syntax of the DA command 3 - Action characters: display output, cancel jobs, etc. 4 - Fields on the DA panel 5 - Overtyping fields to change their values 6 - Commands: limit jobs displayed, search, etc. These topics are displayed only if selected: 97 - What's new 98 - Search and navigate the help 99 - Messages

There are options you can follow by number to get more specific help, or you can view the help topics in sequence. Within the help, you may also find highlighted phrases that you can tab to and press F1 to find help relevant to that specific phrase.

Searching the help

Use the SEARCH command to search SDSF's help and tutorial. This command requires ISPF.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
SEARCH phrase
```

If the phrase includes blanks, enclose the phrase in quotation marks. If you do not pass a phrase, a popup panel appears.

Consider the following examples:

- SEARCH cpu use Searches for cpu use, cpu, and use.
- SEARCH 'cpu use' Searches for cpu use.

Note: The **SRCH** command provides a different capability from the **SEARCH** command. **SRCH** implements a member search using a data set list, whereas **SEARCH** searches the SDSF help and tutorial. The resulting table shows all data sets containing that member pattern.

See "Search panel (SRCH)" on page 166 for a description of **SRCH**.

Working with SDSF panels

SDSF provides mechanisms to navigate and work with the SDSF panels.

This section describes how you can work with SDSF panels, and includes the following topics:

- "Displaying SDSF copyright information" on page 7
- <u>"Using the WHO command" on page 7</u>
- "Querying authorized SDSF commands" on page 7
- "Displaying row numbers" on page 8
- <u>"Using action characters" on page 8</u>
- "Overtyping values in columns" on page 10
- "Displaying all columns for a panel" on page 11
- "Displaying action characters" on page 11
- "Showing all column values for a row" on page 12
- "Hiding unavailable options" on page 13
- "Setting fixed field point-and-shoot" on page 15
- "Filtering, sorting, and arranging panel information" on page 16
- "Issuing MVS or JES commands" on page 24

Displaying SDSF copyright information

Enter the **ABOUT** command from any tabular panel to display the SDSF copyright notice. You can also view the copyright notice from **HelpAbout**.

Using the WHO command

The **WHO** command displays your user ID, TSO logon procedure name, terminal ID, group index, and group name of the authorization group you have been assigned to based on ISFGRP macros or GROUP statements in ISFPARMS. (The index indicates the group by a count of groups. For example, an index of 3 indicates the group defined by the third GROUP statement in ISFPARMS.)

Enter the **WHO** command from any tabular panel. You can also access the **WHO** pop-up by selecting **View** > **WHO** from the SDSF main menu.

The **WHO** command displays when the user is logged in to the JES2 emergency subsystem. The JESNAME keyword appends "/E" to the JES name being processed.

In support of the DA panel using the HSF data gatherer, the RMF/DA response displays the following additional values:

- HSF when SDSFAUX is being used to gather the data.
- HSF/NORMF when SDSFAUX is being used to gather the data without RMF.

The example is for demonstration purposes only.

USERID=TS5485, PROC=SDSF324J, TERMINAL=S86TCP01, GRPINDEX=1, GRPNAME=ISFSPROG, MVS=z/OS 02.03.00, JES=z/OS 2.3, SDSF=H0X77C0, DRIVER=DR4, ISPF=7.3, RMF/DA=HSF, SERVER=YES, SERVERNAME=SDSF, JESNAME=HASP/E, MEMBER=RS86, JESTYPE=JES2, SYSNAME=RS86, SYSPLEX=RSPLEX0G, COMM=NOTAVAIL, COMMX=ENABLED, JOBID=TSU09385

Querying authorized SDSF commands

You can display the SDSF commands for which you are authorized.

Enter the **QUERY AUTH** command from any tabular panel to display a list of the commands you are authorized to use. Only commands that require authorization are included.

The example is for demonstration purposes only; your authorized commands may be different.

AUTH=ABEND, ACTION, APF, AS, BPXO, CFC, CFS, CK, CSR, DA, DEST, DEV, DIAG, DYNX, EMCS, ENC, AUTH=ENQ, ENQC, ENQD, FINDLIM, FS, GT, H, I, INIT, INPUT, JC, JG, JP, J0, LINES, LNK, LOG, LP AUTH=LPD, MAS, NA, NC, NODES, NS, 0, OWNER, PAG, PAGE, PARM, PR, PREFIX, PROC, PS, PUN, RDR, AUTH=REPC, RES, RGRP, RM, RMA, RSYS, SE, SLASH, SMSG, SMSV, SO, SP, SR, SRVC, SSI, ST, SYM, AUTH=SYS, SYSID, SYSNAME, SYSTEM, TRACE, ULOG, VMAP, WKLD, WLM, XCFM

The QUERY AUTH LONG command returns information about the JES dependencies:

```
AUTH=ABEND (ANYJES), ACTION (ANYJES), APF (ANYJES), AS(ANYJES), BPXO(ANYJES),
AUTH=CFC (ANYJES), CFS (ANYJES), CK (ANYJES), CSR (ANYJES), DA (ANYJES), DEST (ANYJES),
AUTH=DEV (ANYJES), DIAG (ANYJES), DYNX (ANYJES), EMCS (ANYJES), ENC (ANYJES),
AUTH=ENQ (ANYJES), ENQC (ANYJES), ENQD (ANYJES), FINDLIM (ANYJES), FS (ANYJES),
AUTH=GT (ANYJES), H(ANYJES), I (ANYJES), INIT (ANYJES), INPUT (ANYJES), JC (ANYJES),
AUTH=JG (JES2), JP (ANYJES), J0 (JES3), LINES (ANYJES), LNK (ANYJES), LOG (ANYJES),
AUTH=LPA (ANYJES), LPD (ANYJES), MAS (ANYJES), NA (ANYJES), NC (ANYJES), NODES (ANYJES),
AUTH=NS (ANYJES), O(ANYJES), OWNER (ANYJES), PAG (ANYJES), NC (ANYJES), PARM (ANYJES),
AUTH=REPC (ANYJES), O(ANYJES), PROC (JES2), PS (ANYJES), PUN (ANYJES), RDR (ANYJES),
AUTH=REPC (ANYJES), SLASH (ANYJES), RGRP (ANYJES), RM (JES2), RMA (JES2), RSYS (ANYJES),
AUTH=SE (ANYJES), SLASH (ANYJES), SSI (ANYJES), STEM (ANYJES), SVG (ANYJES), SVS (ANYJES),
AUTH=SYSID (ANYJES), SYSNAME (ANYJES), STEM (ANYJES), TRACE (ANYJES), SVS (ANYJES),
AUTH=SYSID (ANYJES), SYSNAME (ANYJES), SYSTEM (ANYJES), TRACE (ANYJES), ULOG (ANYJES),
AUTH=SYMP (ANYJES), WKLD (ANYJES), WLM (ANYJES), XCFM (ANYJES)
```

• When the SLASH command is authorized through ISFPARMS and not SAF, the COND indicator is added to the command response.

Displaying row numbers

Display row numbers with the SET ROWNUM or SET ROWNUM ON command.

| SDSF | INPU | r queue di | ISPLAY ALI | L CLASSES | | | | SET | COMMAND | COMPLET | E |
|------|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|------|---|-----|---------|---------|---------|-----|
| NP | <i>ŧŧŧŧŧŧ</i> | JÕBNAME | JobID | Owner | Prty | С | Pos | PrtDest | | Rmt | Nod |
| | 1 | JOBB | J0B03289 | TS5485 | 9 | А | | LOCAL | | | |
| | 2 | ISFUSER1 | J0B06434 | TS5479 | 9 | Х | | LOCAL | | | |
| | 2 | TOLOSENT | 30500434 | 133-17 | 2 | ~ | | LUCAL | | | |

Turn row numbers off with the SET ROWNUM OFF command.

Using action characters

The 'NP' column means 'iNPut' field and the line commands are called 'action characters'.

You take action against or display more information about an object, such as a job or a device, with action characters. Action characters are short commands, usually one or two characters. When using SDSF interactively, you type action characters in the NP column.

To display valid action characters with a description, use the SET ACTION command, as described in "Displaying action characters" on page 11.

This example shows the results of SET ACTION SHORT:

| COMM | INPUT QU | ===> | | | | | | LINES 1-5 SCROLL ===> H | |
|------|--------------------------------|------|---------------------|-----------|-----|-------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| | =//,=,+,? =XD,XDC,X | | |),E,H,L,F | Ρ,Ρ | Ρ,Q,S | ,SB,SE,SJ | ,X,XC, | |
| NP | JOBNAME ISF2CMDS ISF2ALL | | OWNER DLR DLR | 7 7 | • | 16 | PRTDEST LOCAL LOCAL LOCAL | RMT | NODE 1 1 1 |

You can also issue action characters against rows on a tabular panel from the command line. The syntax for action characters from the command line is:

rows action-character

where rows can be one or more row numbers or ranges of row numbers.

On the SDSF main panel, the only available action is S (Select). On other panels, some useful action characters include:

- +(n) Expand the NP column, where *n* is 4-20. For example, +6 expands the column width to 6 bytes.
- ? List a job's data sets
- c Cancel a job
- p Purge output
- q Display output descriptors
- s Browse line-mode output
- x Print data sets

A few action characters access a secondary panel. For example, you use the ? action character on a jobrelated panel to display the Job Data Set panel, which lets you work with individual data sets.

Using repeat and block repeat action characters

You can repeat the previous action character or overtype, and select a block repeat.

The = action character repeats the previous action character or overtype.

To perform a block repeat, enter // on the first row, the action character to be repeated, and another // on the last row to be processed.

For example, you might select the DA command from the main panel and select a block of jobs to display:

| Dis | splay Fi | lter View | v Print | Optio | ons Search | Help | | |
|------|----------|------------|----------|-------|------------|-------|------|-------------|
| SDSF | | ISPLAY ALI | CLASSES | | | | | -19 (280) |
| NP | JOBNAME | JobID | Owner | Prty | Queue | C Pos | SAff | ASys Status |
| | JOBB | J0B03289 | TS5485 | 9 | EXECUTION | А | RS86 | HOLD |
| //D | TS5485 | TSU05289 | TS5485 | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |
| | TS5536 | TSU05294 | TS5536 | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |
| | BPXAS | STC04924 | BPXAS | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |
| | VTAM | STC04925 | VTAM | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |
| | SYSLOG | STC04928 | +MASTER+ | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |
| 11 | HZSPROC | STC04931 | HZSPROC | 15 | EXECUTION | | RS86 | RS86 |

The display (D) action character is repeated for the block, as follows:

| Display Filter View Print Options Search Help | |
|---|---------|
| SDSF STATUS DISPLAY ALL CLASSES 6 COMMANDS ISSUE RESPONSE=RS86 6 | D |
| \$HASP890 JOB(TS5485) | |
| <pre>\$HASP890 JOB(TS5485) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=TSU, \$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE)</pre> | |
| \$HASP890 JOB(TS5536) | |
| <pre>\$HASP890 JOB(TS5536) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=TSU, \$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE)</pre> | |
| \$HASP890 PRIORITELS, STSAFF=(RS80), HOLD=(NONE) | |
| \$HASP890 JOB(BPXAS) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=STC, | |
| <pre>\$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE) \$HASP890 JOB(VTAM)</pre> | |
| \$HASP890 JOB(VTAM) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=STC, | |
| <pre>\$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE) \$HASP890 JOB(SYSLOG)</pre> | |
| \$HASP890 JOB(STSLOG) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=STC, | |
| \$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE) | |
| <pre>\$HASP890 JOB(HZSPROC) \$HASP890 JOB(HZSPROC) STATUS=(EXECUTING/RS86),CLASS=STC,</pre> | |
| \$HASP890 PRIORITY=15,SYSAFF=(RS86),HOLD=(NONE) | |
| INIT STC04943 INIT 15 EXECUTION RS86 RS86 COMMAND INPUT ===> SCROLL == | => PAGE |
| | , INGE |

Note: The repeat (=) and block (//) actions are not available on the main panel.

Overtyping values in columns

You can change the values in some columns by typing over them. SDSF refers to this as *overtyping*. The columns you can overtype are panel specific. For example, on the ST panel you can overtype columns such as service class and priority:

```
Display Filter View Print Options Search Help

SDSF STATUS DISPLAY ALL CLASSES LINE 1-18 (256)

PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=* SYSNAME=

NP JOBNAME JobID Owner 1 Prty Queue 2 C Pos 3 SAff ASys Status

JOBB JOB03289 TS5485 9 EXECUTION A RS86 HOLD

TS5485 TSU05243 TS5485 15 EXECUTION RS86 RS86

TS5536 TSU05245 TS5536 15 EXECUTION RS86 RS86
```

where:

- 1 is the priority field that you can overtype.
- 2 is the class field you can overtype.
- 3 is the JES execution system affinity (if any) that you can overtype.

You can also overtype the values in columns from the command line. The syntax is:

rows column-title=value

where rows can be one or more row numbers or ranges of row numbers.

Some overtypeable columns are part of a set of values, which you can view with the COLSHELP command described in <u>"Displaying all columns for a panel" on page 11</u>. SDSF typically handles these related fields by providing a single overtypeable column. You work with a set of related values by entering a plus sign + alone in the column, which opens the Overtype Extension pop-up. The Overtype Extension pop-up shows as many input fields as are valid for that column. (If there are no related columns, the pop-up has only one field.)

For example, there are eight SFORMS values for printers, and only the first one is overtypeable. To overtype multiple SFORMS, enter + in the SFORMS column to display the Overtype Extension pop-up.

```
Overtype Extension

Column SForms

Maximum length 8

Type values or use blanks to

erase values.

==>______

==>______

==>______

==>_____

==>_____

==>_____

==>_____

==>_____
```

Locating overtypeable fields

SDSF uses colors on the tabular panels to identify active objects (such as jobs) and overtypeable fields:

- Blue Not active; the field is not overtypeable.
- White Active; the field is not overtypeable.
- Green Not active; the field is overtypeable.
- Red Active; the field is overtypeable.

You can change these colors with the command SET SCREEN from ISPF.

Displaying all columns for a panel

The **COLSHELP** command displays a table of the columns that can be displayed on SDSF tabular panels. This command requires ISPF. The **COLSHELP** is often used when writing REXX execs because the exec needs to reference the column name.

The function of the COLSHELP command depends on where you invoke it:

• If you invoke the **COLSHELP** command on the main menu, it displays all columns for all commands, including commands that are available only from other panels.

| | | Columns | on SE | OSF Panels | Row 144 to | 156 of 1,970 |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| Sort with F | 5 (panel), | F6 (column), | , F10 | (title). Use | Filter to | filter rows. |
| _ All pane | ls | _ Descriptio | ons | | | |
| | | Title SysName | | Delayed | Overtype | Help |
| CK E | INTERVAL | EInterval ExecName | | | Х | |
| CK L(| OCALE | Locale Origin | | | | |
| CK VI | ERBOSE | Verbose RexxIn | | | Х | |
| CK RI | EXXOUT | RexxOut LogStream | | | | |
| CKH CO | OUNT | Count | | | | |
| •••••• | | CheckOwner Status | | | | |
| CKH RI | ESULT | Result | | | | |

```
Command ===>
```

• If you invoke the **COLSHELP** command on a command panel, it displays all columns for that command.

| | | Columns on SE |)SF Panels | Row | 185 from 1970 |
|---|--|---|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Sort with | F5 (panel), | F6 (column), F10 | (title). Use | Filter to | filter rows. |
| _ All pa | nels | _ Descriptions | | | |
| Panel DA DA DA DA DA DA DA DA | Column JNAME STEPN PROCS JTYPE JNUM JOBID OWNERID JCLASS | Title JOBNAME StepName ProcStep Type JNum JobID Owner C | Delayed | Overtype | Help |
| DA DA DA DA DA | POS DP REAL PAGING EXCPRT | Pos DP Real Paging SIO | | | Values |

The \ column is included in **COLSHELP** even though the column is not visible. Including it in **COLSHELP** shows that the column name is valid.

Displaying action characters

The **SET ACTION** command displays the valid action characters for a panel. The selected values are saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF. On the SDSF main panel, the only available action is S (Select). The actions available on other panels are panel specific.

The **SET ACTION** command displays the available action characters you can enter in the NP column. **SET ACTION** is interpreted as **SET ACTION LONG**, which displays both the action characters and their descriptions.

Consider the following example from the ST panel:

| Display Fi | lter View | Print | Options | Search | Help | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|-------------|
| SDSF STATUS L ACTION=+-Exte ACTION=CA-Car ACTION=DP-Dis ACTION=ESH-Re ACTION=JP-Jot ACTION=P-Purg ACTION=Sn-Brc ACTION=XC-Pri ACTION=XC-Pri | end,/-Show, acelARM,CD- splayDepend startStepH Dependenci ge,PO-Purge wseLocDS,S .ntClose,XD | //-Block CancelDu encies,E old,H-Ho es,JS-Jo Output,P B-ISPFBr -PrintDS | <pre>,%-RunExe mp,CDA-Ca -Restart, ld,I-Infc bStep,L-L P-PurgePa owse,SE-3 ,XDC-Prir</pre> | ancelARMD EC-Resta),J-Start List,LL-L cotected, ISPFEdit, htDSClose | =-Repea ump,D-D rtCance ,JD-Job istLong Q-OutDe SJ-JCLE ,XF-Pri | t,A-Rel isplay, l,ES-Re Devices ,O-Rele sc,S-B1 dit,W-S ntFile, | ,DL-DisplayLo estartStep, s,JM-JobMemo: easeOutput, rowse, Spin,X-Print | ong, ry, |
| NP JOBNAME JOBB TS5485 | JobID JOB03289 TSU04654 TSU04656 | Owner TS5485 TS5485 | Prty Que 9 EXE 15 EXE | ECUTION | C Pos | SAff RS86 RS86 | | PAGE |

Additional SET ACTION commands

The **SET ACTION SHORT** command displays the available action characters you can enter in the NP column, without descriptions.

Consider the following example from the ST panel:

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help SDSF STATUS DISPLAY ALL CLASSES LINE 1-16 (484) ACTION=+,/,//,%,?,=,A,C,CA,CD,CDA,D,DL,DP,E,EC,ES,ESH,H,I,J,JD,JM,JP,JS,L,LL,O, ACTION=P,PO_PP,Q,S,Sn,SB,SE,SJ,W,X,XC,XD,XDC,XF,XFC,XS,XSC Owner Prty Queue 9 TS5485 9 EXECUTIO JOBNAME JobID NP C Pos SAff ASys Status 9 EXECUTION A J0B03289 TS5485 RS86 JOBB HOLD TSU04654 TS5485 15 EXECUTION TS5485 RS86 RS86 TSU04679 TS5536 RS86 TS5536 15 EXECUTION **RS86** COMMAND INPUT ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE

The **SET ACTION** ? command displays the current setting for SET ACTION.

The SET ACTION OFF command stops the current SET ACTION.

Showing all column values for a row

The Show Columns pop-up displays all column values for a row in a scrollable pop-up.

You access the pop-up with the / (slash) action character from a row when running in the ISPF environment. This pop-up is especially useful when viewing a table with many columns because there is no need to scroll. All possible columns are included.

The pop-up contains two options. The selected values are saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF. The values are global across all SDSF tables.

- All values When selected, all columns will be shown, even if the value is blank. When deselected, only columns with values are shown.
- Column width When selected, values will be formatted using the same width as the underlying panel. When deselected, a maximum width is used. This results in longer string values being shown.

Consider the following example. From the ST panel, locate a job and enter / in the NP column next to the job name:

/ SDSF STC04612 SDSF 15 EXECUTION RS86 RS86

A pop-up similar to the following appears:

| | Show Columns | Row 1 to 13 of 26 | | |
|---|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Sort column with F5 | Sort column with F5. Use Locate to position to column. | | | |
| _ All values | _ Column width | | | |
| Column JOBNAME JobID Owner Prty Queue SAff ASys PrtDest TGNum TGPct OrigNode ExecNode WPos | <pre>## Value 01 SDSF 01 STC04612 01 SDSF 01 15 01 EXECUTION 01 RS86 01 RS86 01 LOCAL 01 4 01 0.02 01 LOCAL 01 0</pre> | | | |

Note the following usage:

- All tabular panels except the SDSF main panel and OD support the show columns action. The **SET ACTION** command response contains the "/-Show" string on panels that support the action.
- The pop-up displays all columns, even when hidden. If you select **All values**, the .END column is also shown at the appropriate point in the panel.
- The actual columns that are available depend on any customization of field lists in ISFPARMS.
- Values for delayed columns are fetched even if the column was not visible on the underlying panel.
- Long character values will be split across as many lines as are needed.
- For columns with multiple values, each value is shown with a value count under the ## heading.
- By default, the columns on the pop-up appear in the same order as the underlying table. Press F5 to sort the columns alphabetically. The column title on the pop-up is then underlined to indicate that sorting is in effect.
- Enter L column-name to locate a specific column. Locate positions to the first column matching all or part of the command parameter.

Hiding unavailable options

The **SET MENU** command controls whether unavailable options are shown or hidden. The selected value is saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF.

Use the **SET MENU HIDE** command to hide unavailable options.

Use the SET MENU ALL command to show unavailable options.

Consider the following SDSF main menu panel shown with **SET MENU ALL**. Notice that the J0 option is shown even though it is currently unavailable running under JES2.

| Display Filter View Print Option | s Search | Help |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| SDSF MENU V2R3 RSPLEX0G RS86 NP NAME Description DA Active users I Input Queue O Output Queue H Held output Queue ST Status of jobs | Group Jobs Jobs Output Output Jobs | Status |
| J0Job zeroJGJob groupsSYMSystem symbolsLOGSystem logSRSystem requestsMASMembers in the MASJCJob classesSEScheduling environmentsRESWLM resourcesENCEnclavesPSProcessesSYSSystem informationENQEnqueuesDYNXDynamic exits | JES JES System Log JES JES WLM WLM WLM WLM System System System | JES3 environment only |
| COMMAND INPUT ===> | System | SCROLL ===> PAGE |

The **SET MENU** ? command displays the current settings for SET MENU.

Display the alternate form of a panel

The ? command displays the alternate form of a tabular panel.

The ? command displays the alternate form of a panel that displays data in a tabular format. You may need to scroll right to see the alternate fields. On the Output Data Set panel, ? displays the attributes of the data set being displayed.

Consider the following SDSF main menu panel shown with **SET MENU ALL**. Notice that the J0 option is shown even though it is currently unavailable running under JES2.

| Display Fil | ter View | Print | Options | Search | Help |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| DA I O H ST | Descriptio Active use Input Queu Output Que Held outpu Status of | rs e ue t Queue | | lobs lobs Dutput Dutput lobs | Status |
| JG SYM LOG SR MAS JC SE RES ENC PS SYS ENQ | Job zero Job groups System sym System req Members in Job classe Scheduling WLM resour Enclaves Processes System inf Enqueues Dynamic ex ==> | bols the MAS s enviror ces ormatior | aments V Northead State Northead Sta | JES System Jeg JES JES JES JLM JLM JLM System System System | JES3 environment only SCROLL ===> PAGE |

The **SET MENU** ? command displays the current settings for SET MENU.

Change the screen appearance

The SET SCREEN command changes the appearance of SDSF panels.

The **SET SCREEN** command displays a panel that allows you to set the colors, highlighting, and intensities used on SDSF panels, and control display of the action bar. It is valid only if SDSF was accessed through ISPF. The values are saved across SDSF sessions.

```
SET SCREEN
Set Screen Characteristics
Select the elements that you want to customize.
1 1. Basic settings and tabular panels
2. OPERLOG panel
F1=Help F12=Cancel
```

Scaling data

SDSF scales numeric values that are too large for the panel column width.

When displaying numeric values that are too large for the column width, SDSF scales them using these abbreviations:

- T (thousands)
- M (millions)
- B (billions)
- KB (kilobytes)
- MB (megabytes)
- GB (gigabytes)
- TB (terabytes)
- PB (petabytes)

Setting fixed field point-and-shoot

The **SET FFPS** command controls fixed field point-and-shoot. The selected value is saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF.

When point-and-shoot is enabled, placing the cursor anywhere within the fixed field and pressing Enter results in the associated panel being displayed. This is equivalent to entering the corresponding action character.

By default, point-and-shoot is enabled for the fixed field on the panel. (The fixed field for each panel is described in the panels listed in <u>Chapter 2</u>, "SDSF panels," on page 39.) For example, for the DA panel, the fixed field is JOBNAME.

| Table 9. Fixed Field Point-and-Shoot Targets | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Panel | Fixed Field Point-and-Shoot Target | |
| DA, I, ST, O, H, J0 | JDS | |
| JG | Job Dependencies | |
| JC | ST | |
| SE | RES | |
| AS | Job Memory | |

The panels in Table 9 on page 15 support fixed field point-and-shoot.

| Table 9. Fixed Field Point-and-Shoot Targets (continued) | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Panel Fixed Field Point-and-Shoot Target | | |
| СК | СКН | |
| SMSG | SMSV | |
| JDS | Output data set | |
| SRCH | ISPF browse | |

For example:

- 1. From the DA panel, select the job you are interested in.
- 2. Place the cursor in the JOBNAME for that job.
- 3. Press Enter.

The JDS panel for the job is displayed.

Additional SET FFPS commands

The additional **SET FFPS** commands are shown in Table 10 on page 16.

| Table 10. Additional SET FFPS Commands | | |
|--|--|--|
| Command | Description | |
| SET FFPS ON | Enables point-and-shoot for the fixed field. This is the default. | |
| SET FFPS HIDE | Enables point-and-shoot for the fixed field, but does not change the color or highlighting of the fixed field. | |
| SET FFPS OFF | Disables point-and-shoot for the fixed field. | |
| SET FFPS ? | Displays the current setting for SET FFPS . | |

Filtering, sorting, and arranging panel information

SDSF lets you control which jobs are displayed on the SDSF panels by:

- Adding parameters to the commands that access panels, such as the O command.
- Issuing other SDSF commands, such as **FILTER**.

You can limit the data on your SDSF panels by using SDSF commands. <u>Table 11 on page 16</u> provides a high-level introduction to filtering. For important details, including syntax, refer to the online help. For quick access to information about a command, use this SEARCH command from the SDSF command line:

SEARCH 'FORMAT: command-name'

| rable 11. Summary of community for micrarg | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|
| Command | Use | Panels | |
| DEST | Filter data by destination. You set a single value that filters all of the affected panels. | H, I, J0, O, PR, PUN, ST | |
| FILTER | Filter data on any column or combination of columns. You can set a unique filter for each panel. For more information, refer to "Setting complex filters" on page 18. | Tabular, OPERLOG | |

Table 11. Summary of Commands for Filtering

Table 11. Summary of Commands for Filtering (continued)

| Command | Use | Panels |
|---------|---|--|
| OWNER | Filter data by owning user ID (primarily). You can use wild cards (% and *). OWNER with no operands is the same as OWNER *. You set a single value that filters all of the affected panels. | DA, H, I, J0, O, PS, ST |
| | Tip: OWNER generally requires a trailing generic character; otherwise, it looks for an exact match. You can modify the generic character with the SET SCHARS command. | |
| | Tip: OWNER ? displays a pop-up panel. You will probably find this easiest to use. | |
| PREFIX | Filter data by job name (primarily). You can use wild cards (% and *). PREFIX with no operands is the same as PREFIX *. You set a single value that filters all of the affected panels. | DA, H, I, O, PS, ST |
| | Tip: PREFIX generally requires a trailing generic character; otherwise, it looks for an exact match. You can modify the generic character with the SET SCHARS command. | |
| | Tip: PREFIX ? displays a pop-up panel. You will probably find this easiest to use. | |
| | Tip: Using PREFIX ** eliminates the need to specify "H ALL" on the H panel to display all jobs. | |
| SELECT | Temporarily limits data displayed on a tabular panel, overriding any filters, until you exit the panel. For example: | Tabular panels |
| | • SELECT IEB - Displays only jobs with the name IEB. | |
| | • S BILLJ JOB00011 - Displays only jobs with the job name BILLJ and the jobid JOB00011. | |
| | Note: The available parameters are panel specific. See the online help for a complete description. | |
| SYSNAME | Limit rows to include only selected systems in a sysplex. You set a single value that filters all of the affected panels. | APF, AS, CK, CSR, DA, DEV, DYNX, ENC, FS, GT INIT, LI, LNK, LPA, NA, NO, OMVS, PAG, PARM, PR, PS, PUN, RDR, RM, SMSG, SMSV, SO, SSI, SYS, VMAP |

Filtering the data can reduce storage and improve performance. For best results, use the PREFIX, OWNER, DEST or SYSNAME commands, or parameters on the panel commands. Use the FILTER command, which SDSF processes after the data is gathered, if you cannot accomplish the desired filtering using the other commands.

Tip: You can set other filters using the FILTER command but it's easier from the FILTER pulldown.

You can sort panels on up to two columns, in ascending or descending order, with the SORT command or up to 10 columns using the SORT pop-up.

Querying filters

You can display the values of filters.

Enter the **QUERY FILTER** command to display the values of these filters: APPC, DEST, INPUT, OWNER, PREFIX and SYSNAME.

Note: The example is for demonstration purposes only; your filters may be different.

Display the filter and sort criteria

You can display the filter and sort criteria.

You can use the command **SET DISPLAY** or **SET DISPLAY ON** to see the number of filters as well as the values for other commands that control the information displayed: PREFIX, DEST, OWNER, and SORT. ON is the default. **SET DISPLAY** puts the settings on the information line (the line above the column headings). If data is not being displayed, this can indicate why.

| Table 12. SET DISPLAY Usage | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Description |
| PREFIX | Displays the current value for PREFIX. |
| SORT | Displays up to two criteria: column/order or column//order (for delayed access), plus a count of additional columns. Use SET DISPLAY LONG to show complete sort criteria. |
| DEST | Displays the current value for DEST. |
| OWNER | Displays the current value for OWNER. |
| FILTER | Displays a count for FILTER. Use SET DISPLAY LONG to show complete filter criteria. |
| SYSNAME | Displays the current value for SYSNAME. |

For example, if you enter **SET DISPLAY**, the values are displayed above the tabular data:

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help SDSF DA RS86 RS86 PAG 0 CPU 22 LINE 1-18 (73) PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=* SYSNAME=

Additional SET DISPLAY commands

The additional SET DISPLAY commands are shown in Table 13 on page 18.

| Table 13. Additional SET DISPLAY Commands | | |
|---|---|--|
| Command Description | | |
| SET DISPLAY LONG | Shows complete sort and filter criteria. | |
| SET DISPLAY OFF | Disables the display of values. | |
| SET DISPLAY ? | Displays the current setting for SET DISPLAY . | |

Setting complex filters

You can use the **FILTER** command to define up to 25 filters with boolean operators. The filter criteria are column, operator and value, and can include pattern matching. When entering multiple filters, you can specify AND or OR to define the relationship between filters.

The FILTER parameters are shown in Table 14 on page 19.

The parameter usage is as follows:

FILTER ON | OFF | OR | AND FIL (+|-) column (operator) value

Consider the following examples:

- FILTER STATUS EQ A* Displays only jobs with a status that begins with A.
- FIL +SYSN SY1 Adds filtering on the SYSNAME column and makes filters active.
- FILTER JOBNAME EQ TS55* Displays jobs with a job name that begins with TS55.
- FIL +OWNER EQ TS5536 Adds filter for OWNER equal to TS5536.
- FIL -JOBNAME Removes filters for JOBNAME.

Table 14. FILTER Parameters

| Table 14. FILTER Parameters | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| ON OFF OR AND | Can be one of the following: | |
| | • ON - Turns filtering on. | |
| | • OFF - Turns filtering off but retains filter criteria. | |
| | OR - Specifies the relationship between both within a column and between columns. | |
| | AND - Specifies the relationship between both within a column and between columns. | |
| + - column | <i>column</i> names a column for filtering and turns filtering on. <i>column</i> can be abbreviated to the shortest unique name. | |
| | + adds the filter to any previous filters. There is a limit of 25 filters under ISPF. | |
| | • - discards all filters for the column (ISPF only). | |
| | | |
| operator | operator is one of the following: | |
| | • EQ or = Equal (the default) | |
| | • LT or < Less than | |
| | NE or ¬= Not equal | |
| | GT or > Greater than | |
| | GE or >= Greater than or equal | |
| | Operators with less than or greater than are valid only when the value does not contain pattern matching characters (* and % by default). | |
| value | <i>value</i> can contain pattern matching characters or system symbols. If it includes embedded blanks, enclose it in quotation marks. | |
| ? | Displays filters and their current state. Under ISPF, it displays the FILTER pop-up. | |

Additional FILTER commands

The additional **FILTER** commands are shown in Table 15 on page 20.

| Table 15. Additional FILTER Commands | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Command | Description | |
| FILTER OFF | Turns off filtering. | |
| FILTER ? | When using SDSF interactively under ISPF, use FILTER ? to display the FILTER pop-up, then type values on the pop-up or select from lists of valid values. | |
| SET DISPLAY | Displays the number of filters in effect. | |

Sorting columns

The **SORT** command sorts data on the current tabular panel, including its alternate form (displayed with the ? command).

The **SORT** command sorts columns in ascending or descending order. The **SORT** command applies only to the current panel, and each panel can contain uniquely sorted columns. Under ISPF, the sort criteria for each panel are saved.

You can use the **SORT** command-name command to sort the main panel by command.

The SORT parameters are shown in Table 16 on page 20.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
SORT (column) (A | D) column (A | D)
(+ | -) column (A | D)
(OFF | ON)
(?)
```

SORT with no parameters sorts a panel using the fixed (first) column.

Consider the following examples:

- SORT Sorts using the fixed output field, ascending.
- **SORT FO A TOT-REC D** Sorts using the FORMS column, ascending, and then the TOT-REC column, descending.

Column headers are point-and-shoot fields. To sort a column in ascending order using point-and-shoot fields, place the cursor on the column header and press Enter:

- 1st time will sort ascending.
- 2nd time will sort descending.
- 3rd time will remove sort criteria and turn off sorting.

| Table 16. SORT Parameters | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | | |
| column | The title of the column to be sorted. Specify the title as it appears on the panel, or abbreviate it to a name that is unique on the panel. If the title contains blanks, either use an abbreviation that contain no blanks or enclose the title in quotation marks. | | | |
| | The titles for the same column on the primary and alternate form of a panel may be different. SDSF recognizes the difference and sorts both the primary and alternate forms of the panel. SDSF does not distinguish between duplicate column names that vary only by case. | | | |

| Table 16. SORT Parameters (continued) | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | | |
| A D | Specifies that the sort order is to be ascending (A) or descending (D). A is the default, but you must specify either A or D when you enter two columns. | | | |
| +column -column | Adds (+) or removes (-) sort criteria for a column. You can sort on up to 10 columns. | | | |
| OFF | Turns sorting off for the current panel but retains the sort criteria. | | | |
| ON | Turns sorting on. | | | |
| ? | Under ISPF, displays the sort criteria pop-up. Under TSO, if the criteria do not fit on the command line, they are displayed on the message line. | | | |

Additional SORT commands

The additional **SORT** commands are shown in Table 17 on page 21.

| Table 17. Additional SORT Commands | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Command | Description | | | |
| SORT OFF | Turns sorting off for the current panel but retains the sort criteria. | | | |
| SORT ? | Under ISPF, use SORT ? to display the sort pop- up. | | | |

Arranging and hiding columns

The **ARRANGE** command reorders, hides, and changes the widths of columns on the current panel.

The **ARRANGE** command (**ARR**) applies only to the current panel. Each panel can contain uniquely arranged columns. Under ISPF, ARRANGE criteria are saved (one set for each JES type).

Note: Arranging some columns to the first screen of columns may impact SDSF performance. Where this is true, the help for the panel's fields indicates that the fields have delayed access.

SDSF scales numbers to make them fit the column width. To see the actual number, use **ARRANGE** to increase the column width.

| Display Fi | lter Vie | w Print | Options | s Search | Help | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| SDSF DA RS86 NP JOBNAME *MASTER* PCAUTH RASP TRACE | RS86 StepName | | 0 CPU JobID | 26 Owner 28 +MASTER | C Pos + NS NS NS | LINE 1-19 DP Real FF 3440 FF 110 FF 326 FF 5850 | | SIO 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 |
| DUMPSRV XCFAS GRS | DUMPSRV XCFAS GRS | DUMPSRV IEFPROC | | | NS | FF 414 FF 3799 FF 21T | 0.00 0.00 1 0.0 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 |

Callout Notes:

• 1 21T means 21 thousand. T=thousands, M=millions, B=billions, plus KB, MB, GB, TB, PB (bytes).

The ARRANGE parameters are shown in Table 18 on page 22.

The parameter usage is as follows:

| ARRANGE p | parameters | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------|---------------|
| ARRANGE | from-column | A B | to-column |
| ARR | from-column | FIRS | ST LAST width |
| | DEFAULT | | |
| | ? | | |

Consider the following examples:

• ARRANGE SIO A DP - Moves the SIO column after the DP column on the current panel.

• ARR DEST 8 - Makes the DEST column 8 characters wide.

| Table 18. ARRANGE Parameters | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | | |
| from-column to-column | <i>from-column</i> and <i>to-column</i> each name a column on an SDSF panel. The column can be abbreviated to the shortest name that is unique for that panel. | | | |
| А | Moves from-column after to-column . | | | |
| В | Moves from-column before to-column . | | | |
| FIRST F | Makes from-column the first column after the fixed field (the first column). The fixed field cannot be moved. | | | |
| LAST L | Makes from-column the last column (farthest to the right). | | | |
| width | Sets the width of from-column; it is 4-20 for NP, 1-127 for other columns. You may need to press F11 (RIGHT) several times to view the width. | | | |
| DEFAULT | Resets the column arrangement to the default. | | | |
| ? | Under ISPF, displays the ARRANGE pop-up. | | | |

Hiding columns with ARRANGE

You can use the **ARRANGE** command to hide columns to reduce left/right scrolling. Hidden columns are not visible on the tabular panels but you can still sort and filter them.

You define hidden columns by using a new special column name of **ISFEND** with a title of **.END** (the endof-column list marker). By using the **ARRANGE** command to move the position of the **.END** column, columns following **.END** are hidden.

You can specify a *from-column* or *to-column* of **. END** to hide columns on the panel. All columns following **.END** do not appear on the panel.

ISFEND is ignored in the SDSF REXX and SDSF Java environments. If you specify **ISFEND** in the *isfcols* or *sdsficols* variable, the message ISF768I is issued and the column is ignored. Any columns specified after **ISFEND** will be included in the field list. When the column list is not specified and the default field list for the panel is used, the **ISFEND** column is ignored and no message is issued

Consider the examples of hiding columns shown in Table 19 on page 22

| Table 19. Hiding Panel Columns | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Panel | Command | Description | | | |
| ST | arr .end a saff | All columns after SAff are hidden. | | | |
| ST | arr .end last | All columns will be visible. | | | |

| Table 19. Hiding Panel Columns (continued) | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| ST | arr default | Resets the columns to the default arrangement. | | | |
| ST | arr ? | Displays the arrange pop-up. The description for .END is **End of List**. | | | |

The Show Columns pop-up displays all column values, even if the column is hidden. Separate arrange criteria is maintained for the primary and alternate field list. Arranging hidden columns applies to the field list currently being shown, whether it is the primary or alternate field list.

Additional ARRANGE commands

The **ARRANGE DEFAULT** command resets the column arrangement to the default.

Under ISPF, **ARRANGE** ? displays the pop-up. You may find this to be the most convenient method of arranging and resizing columns.

This pop-up example moves **Real** to be after **StepName**.

Arrange Row 1 to 9 of 55 To move a column, select with / (// for a block), then type A (after) or B (before). Special function keys: F5/17=Refresh list F11/23=Clear input F6/18=Default order NP width _ Current width: 4 Column Width Description А StepName 8 8 8 ProcStep JobID Owner 813234 Pos DP _ PGN Not shown in goal mode 7 Real

Viewing the number of columns

The **COLS** command has two purposes. The first is to change the title line message to indicate the number of the top line displayed and the columns displayed on any panel except the Log, Output Data Set, and the Primary Option Menu. The second is to display a scale (or columns) line on the Log and Output Data Set panels. This setting is not saved

COLS changes the small message in the upper right hand corner to display the number of columns. (The default is to display the number of lines.) Or, it displays a ruler below the command line when viewing a report. You must enter **COLS** for each panel.

To remove the columns or ruler, enter RESET

Set characters for pattern matching

Sets the characters for pattern matching from any SDSF panel.

SCHARS sets characters to represent any string of characters and for any single character in SDSF commands and pop-ups. The values must not be alphabetic, numeric, @, \$, the query character, &, blank, or equal to each other. The values (), :, and . cause symbols to work incorrectly.

Format:

```
SET SCHARS generic (placeholder) | ?
```

For example, **SET SCHARS * %** sets the generic character to * and the placeholder character to %.

The command SET SCHARS ? displays the settings.

```
Set Search Characters
Type the characters to be
used in pattern matching.
Generic character *
Placeholder character %
```

Setting primary function keys

You can display and set the primary function (PF) keys.

Enter the **KEYS** command from ISPF or select the "Non-Keylist PF Key settings" pull down entry from Settings to change the PF keys. The PF Key Definitions and Labels panel is displayed.

| Number of PF Keys | | / Definiti | ons an | minal t | уре | More: . : 3278 | + |
|--|--|---|-------------------|---------|---|-------------------|---|
| PF1 . HELP PF2 . SPLIT PF3 . END PF4 . RETURN PF5 . IFIND PF6 . BOOK PF7 . UP PF8 . DOWN PF9 . SWAP PF10 . LEFT PF11 . RIGHT PF12 . RETRIEVE | - - - - - - - - - - - - | | | | | | |
| PF1 label PF4 label PF7 label PF10 label Command ===> | PF PF | 2 label 5 label 8 label 11 label | · · · · · · | PF6 | label label label label label | · · · · · · | |

Use the panel to assign PF keys to ISPF commands. You can assign PF keys to system commands (such as HELP or END), function commands (such as edit FIND and CHANGE), and line commands (such as edit "I" and "D").

The PF Key Definitions and Labels panel also allows you to optionally assign labels to the function key definitions. A label is used for display in place of its corresponding PF key definition when you issue the PFSHOW command.

Issuing MVS or JES commands

You can issue any MVS and JES command from the SDSF command line. Type a slash (/) followed by the command. For example, the **DISPLAY USER** command /F SDSF, D USER displays the active connected users of the SDSF server. As another example, **/D A**, **L** lists all active jobs in the system.

The messages issued in response to the commands are displayed on the information lines of the panel. The complete set of responses is in the user session log (ULOG).

You can set a delay interval, which is the maximum amount of time SDSF will wait for messages, with this command: SET DELAY *seconds*. The default is 1 second. A delay of 0 specifies that messages issued in response to / commands should not be displayed on the message lines.

Using the System Command Extension pop-up

When using SDSF interactively, you can specify a longer command by typing slash (/) by itself to display the **System Command Extension** pop-up, and then typing the command on the pop-up.

| Edit | Options | Help | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|-----------------------|-----|--|
| | | Syste | em Comman | d Extensio | on | | | |
| ===> | | | | | | | | |
| Comment | | | | | | STORELIN | 1IT | |
| Group | | | Show <u>*</u> | | _ (| F4 for list) More: | + | |
| => D M: => => | =CPU | | | | | 1010. | | |
| F5=Full: | Scr F6=De [.] | tails F7=Up | F8=Down | F10=Save | F11=Clea | r F12=Cancel | | |

Adding comments and groups

From the **System Command Extension** pop-up you can supply a comment that describes the command, and assign the command to a group. You can assign user-defined groups as a means of organizing commands. After you group a command, you can delete it or added to another group.

Use **Show** to filter the list of commands based on group. For a list of existing groups, press the Prompt key (PF4) with the cursor in the **Group** or **Show** field. Groups and comments are optional.

To rename a group, use **Edit** > **Rename group**.

Rename Slash Command Group Type the old and new group names. Old group name New group name

Consider the following usage when renaming a group:

- Each command in the source group is processed in order by the most recently added. Note that commands are considered unique based on group name and command text. Command comments are not used when determining uniqueness.
- If the command does not exist in the target group or the group does not exist, the command will be moved to the new group.
- If the command exists in the new group, the comment from the source command will be appended to the comment of the target command. This appended comment may exceed the maximum length and will be truncated to fit. The source command will be removed from the stack.

Using SET CONMOD and SET CONSOLE

The **SET CONMOD** command determines whether a new extended console name is used if the default extended console name is in use, or whether SDSF attempts to share the console. New extended console names allow for a unique ULOG for each session for split screen or multiple logons. You can change the extended console name with the **SET CONSOLE** command.

The ULOG display allocates an extended console for ULOG based on either the user ID or the value of the **SET CONSOLE** command. Prior to the implementation of **SET CONMOD**, if you had multiple instances of SDSF such as split screen or multiple logons, you would have had to explicitly set the console name for each instance or they would all send messages to the initial session's ULOG.

SET CONMOD

The console name used by SDSF defaults to the user ID. The **SET CONMOD** command controls whether SDSF uses a modified name if the extended console cannot be activated because the default name is already in use:

• If console name modification is on and the default console name is already in use, SDSF attempts to use a different extended console name for each session.

The modified name consists of the default name plus a single-character suffix. SDSF can try up to 32 different characters until a unique console name is obtained. The original console name must be fewer than 8 characters.

• If console name modification is off and the default extended console name is in use, SDSF attempts to share the console.

For example, if you use ISPF split screen and access SDSF in multiple logical screens, SDSF shares the console activated in the first logical screen with subsequent logical screens. As a result, ULOG in the first logical screen contains system messages for all of the logical screens. SDSF shares the console only when the console is activated in the same address space. If the console cannot be shared, activation of the console fails.

Under ISPF, the value of **SET CONMOD** is saved across SDSF sessions.

The SET CONMOD parameters are shown in Table 20 on page 26.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SET CONMOD (ON|OFF|?)

SET CONMOD with no parameters is the same as SET CONMOD ON.

Consider the following example:

• SET CONMOD OFF - Disables console name modification.

| Table 20. SET CONMOD Parameters | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | | |
| ON | SDSF uses a modified name if the extended console cannot be activated because the name is already in use. | | | |
| OFF | Disables console name modification. SDSF attempts to share the console. | | | |
| ? | Under ISPF, displays the current setting in a pop- up. Under TSO, displays the current setting on the command line. | | | |

SET CONSOLE

You can change the extended console name with the **SET CONSOLE** command. **SET CONSOLE** sets the name of the extended console to be used by SDSF.

The SET CONSOLE parameters are shown in Table 21 on page 27.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SET CONSOLE console-name

SET CONSOLE with no parameters resets the console name to your user ID.

Consider the following example:

• SET CONSOLE TAPE - Specifies that an extended console name of TAPE will be used.

| Table 21. SET CONSOLE Parameters | Table 21. SET CONSOLE Parameters | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | | | |
| console-name | Specifies the console name (2-8 characters) to be used when an extended console is activated for the ULOG panel. The console must have been activated by SDSF, and it cannot have been activated in another address space. | | | | |
| ? | Under ISPF, displays the current setting in a pop- up. Under TSO, displays the current setting on the command line. | | | | |

Searching a data set list

The SRCH command searches for matching members in a data set list. The resulting table shows all data sets containing the member pattern.

Note: SRCH provides a different capability from the SEARCH command. SRCH implements a member search using a data set list, whereas SEARCH searches the SDSF help and tutorial.

Access the SRCH panel with the SRCH command from the APF, JDDN, LNK, LPA, PARM, or PROC panels.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
SRCH member-pattern [F | NF | ALL]
```

where:

- *member-pattern* is the string for which to search for matching members in the data set list. *member-pattern* can include * (any string of characters) or % (any single character).
- F lists only those data sets where the member pattern was found.
- NF lists only those data sets where the member pattern was not found.
- ALL lists all data sets searched. This is the default. You can change the default with the SET SRCH command.

Consider the following use:

• SRCH IEA* - Displays the SRCH results for member pattern IEA*.

For example, assume that the PARM panel displays the following data sets:

| Di | splay | Filter | View | Prir | nt (| Options | Search | Help | | | | |
|------------|---|--|---------------|------|-------------------------|---------|--------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| SDSF NP | DSNAM RSPLE RSPLE RSRTE ROCKE | IB DISPL E X0G.PARM X0G.PARM .PARMLIB T.USER.P PARMLIB | LIB.ZO LIB | S202 | Seq 1 2 3 4 | | | Extent 1 10 1 16 | LRecL 80 80 80 80 | DSOrg PO PO | RecFm FB FB FB FB FB FB | Cr 20 20 20 20 20 20 |

Of these data sets, you want to know which have members that match the *member-pattern* IEA*. From the PARM panel, enter SRCH IEA*. The resulting SRCH panel indicates which data sets have members that match the pattern. The **STATUS** column displays FOUND or NOT FOUND.

| Display | Filter | View | Print | (| Options | Search | Help | | | |
|----------------------|--------|---------------|-------|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------|--|--------------------|-------------|
| RSPL RSRT ROCK | | LIB.ZO LIB | S202 | 1 2 3 4 | VolSer MCPG00 MCPG00 R3P104 S1PG00 RZ203A | NOT FOUN FOUND FOUND FOUND | D | 1-5 (5) BlkSize 27920 27920 27920 27920 27920 27920 | 1 10 1 16 | N N Y |

If you were to limit *member-pattern* to IEASYMSG, the resulting SRCH panel indicates which data sets have members that match IEASYMSG.

| Display Filter View Prin | t Options Search Help | |
|---|---|---|
| RSPLEXOG.PARMLIB.ZOS202 RSPLEXOG.PARMLIB RSRTE.PARMLIB ROCKET.USER.PARMLIB | Seq VolSer Status 1 MCPG00 NOT FOUND 2 MCPG00 NOT FOUND 3 R3P104 NOT FOUND 4 S1PG00 FOUND | LINE 1-5 (5) DSOrg BlkSize Extent S PO 27920 1 N PO 27920 10 N PO 27920 1 Y PO 27920 1 Y |
| SYS1.PARMLIB | 5 RZ203A NOT FOUND | PO 27920 1 N |

See "Search panel (SRCH)" on page 166 for a description of SRCH.

SET SRCH Command

You use the **SET SRCH** command to set the default action for the **SRCH** command. For example, **SET SRCH F** sets the default action to show only data sets where the member pattern was found. Then, entering **SRCH** member-name is equivalent to **SRCH** member-name **F**.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SET SRCH [F | NF | ALL | ?]

where:

- F sets the default to list only those data sets where *member pattern* was found.
- NF sets the default to list only those data sets where *member pattern* was not found.
- ALL sets the default to list all data sets that are searched.
- ? When running under ISPF, **SET SRCH** ? displays the **SET SRCH** pop-up. When running under TSO, the command line is primed with the current value.

The value of SET SRCH is saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF.

You can also access **SET SRCH** from the panel pull-down **Options** > **Browse and Print** > **Set default SRCH option**.

Managing jobs

You can use several panels to manage jobs. This section describes using the DA and ST panels.

DA panel

Display Active Users (DA) shows only active jobs (address spaces). This command describes the performance of the system while it processes the job. It includes MVS and performance info such as CPU use and address spaces not running under JES. The CPU use for each address space is useful for sorting purposes.

Assume that you want to examine TSO job TS5536 from the DA panel.

1. You can either scroll to find the job, or you can enter "FIND TS5536" to go directly to that job.

- 2. Decide what action you want to perform. If you are unsure of the available actions for this panel, enter **SET ACTION** (or the **SET ACTION SHORT** and **SET ACTION LONG** variants) to display the possible actions.
- 3. Assume that you want to see the data sets for this job. Place the cursor in the NP column for the TS5536 job, enter **S** and press Enter.

Or, to display a list of data sets for a job (access the Job Data Set panel), place the cursor in the NP column for the TS5536 job, enter ? and press Enter.

- 4. Other common actions you can perform include:
 - / Show the column values for row. (ISPF only)
 - A Release a held job.
 - D Display job information in the log.

ST panel

ST is the basic panel for managing jobs and output. It shows jobs on any queue, including started tasks that are executing, as well as held and non-held output.

Note: The I panel shows jobs on the input queue or that are executing. The columns and actions are similar to that of the ST panel.

Assume that you want to examine TSO job TS5536 from the ST panel.

- 1. Optionally, enter **OWNER TS5536** to limit the display to jobs with the owner TS5536.
- 2. Decide what action you want to perform. If you are unsure of the available actions for this panel, enter **SET ACTION** (or the **SET ACTION SHORT** and **SET ACTION LONG** variants) to display the possible actions.
- 3. Assume that you want to display a list of data sets for a job (access the Job Data Set panel). Place the cursor in the NP column for the TS5536 job, enter ? and press Enter.
- 4. Other common actions you can perform include:
 - / Show the column values for row. (ISPF only)
 - C Cancel a job. For JES3, also process output data sets. Note that there are 5 ways to cancel a job:
 - C Cancel a job.
 - K Cancel an address space using the MVS CANCEL command.
 - P Cancel a job and purge its output.
 - Y Stop a started task (system stop).
 - Z Cancel an address space using the MVS FORCE command.
 - D Display job information in the log.
 - H Hold a job.
- 5. Enter **OWNER** * to once again see all jobs from all owners.

Monitoring jobs

SDSF lets you monitor a job as it passes from the JES input queue to the processor and generates data sets for the output queue.

You monitor a job using these panels:

- Input Queue (I). Describes the submission of the job and, if the job is being processed, some aspects of the processing.
- Status (ST). Identifies the queue containing the job and describes aspects of its submission, processing, and output.

- Output Queue (O). Describes the output generated by the job, as well as aspects of its submission and processing. (JES2 only)
- Held Output Queue (H). Describes the output, submission, and processing of a job on any held output queue. (JES2 only)
- Display Active Users (DA). Describes the performance of the system while it processes the job.

The ST panel is the basic panel for managing jobs and output. It provides:

- Jobs on any queue
- Started tasks that are executing
- · Held and non-held output
- · Overtypes for job columns such as service class and priority

The I panel shows jobs on the input queue or that are executing. The columns and actions are similar to that of the ST panel.

Displaying output

You can browse the output for a job.

You can see the JES output data sets from the following panels:

- I Input Queue
- DA Display Active Users
- O Output queue
- H Held output queue
- ST Status panel

The O and H panels are described in this section.

Output Queue

The Output Queue (O) panel displays information about output that is ready to be printed. It displays information about output for jobs, started tasks, and TSO users on any non-held queue.

You can filter output by output class by issuing Ox to see output class x. For example, **OABC**. You can list up to 7 output classes.

For example, assume that you enter the ? action character in the NP column for a job named IOS050.

| Di | splay Fi | lter View | v Print | Optio | ons | Search | Help | |
|----|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | JOBNAME TS5485 | | Owner TS5485 TS5536 | | C F F S F S | Forms STD STD | 36 Dest LOCAL LOCAL LOCAL | LINE 54-71 (102) Rec-Cnt 8 3 3 |
| ? | I0S050 | J0B05127 | | 144 | | | LOCAL | 166 |

| Display Fi | lter View Pr | int Options | Search Help | | |
|------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | JES2 | Step DsID Owne 2 SUB 3 SUB | | - (-) | Cnt Page 19 26 121 |

Three DDNAME names are displayed:

- The JES2 messages log file.
- The JES2 JCL file.

• The JES2 system messages file.

Enter the **?** action character in the NP column to select the DDNAME name you want. This option is useful when there are jobs with many files directed to SYSOUT and you want to display one associated with a specific step.

Tip: To see all files concatenated together, instead of a ?, enter **S** in the NP column. The JES2 job log is displayed.

Held Output Queue

The H panel shows held output. O and H have nearly identical columns and actions. However, H has a built-in filter that limits it to your own jobs. To display output for all jobs on the H panel, use **PREFIX **** or **H ALL**.

Tip: The O and H panels have a CRDate column, which by default shows only a date. Use the ARRANGE command (ARR CRDATE 20) to expand the column to see the time.

When filtering on any date/time field, use < or >, and not =. This avoids the issue of time never matching precisely.

Using the system log

The LOG command provides access to both the OPERLOG and the SYSLOG. The OPERLOG panel is very similar to the SYSLOG panel, the chief difference being that the OPERLOG panel can show data for all systems in a sysplex, while the SYSLOG panel shows data for only one system.

The OPERLOG panel allows authorized users to display a merged, sysplex-wide system message log, which contains console messages, operator commands, and operator responses for the MVS systems. Access it with the **LOG 0** command.

The SYSLOG panel allows authorized users to display the system log, which is a collection of JES data sets that contain console messages, operator commands, and operator responses for a z/OS system. Access it with the **LOG S** command.

The OPERLOG panel offers the function of the SYSLOG panel (FIND, PRINT, and so on) plus some enhancements, including filtering and scrolling by day, hour, minute, and second. One other difference between the function for OPERLOG and SYSLOG is that the OPERLOG panel does not use absolute line numbers. A line number is not displayed on the title line, and line numbers are not used in functions such as LOCATE and PRINT.

Displaying the SYSLOG for a particular system

From the SYSLOG panel, you can display the SYSLOG for another LPAR in the sysplex with the SYSID parameter:

SYSID lpar

Expanding the number of lines searched

You can use the FINDLIM command to expand the maximum number of lines searched by the FIND command for OPERLOG and SYSLOG so that you do not have to search multiple times. For example:

FINDLIM 999999

Locating a log entry based on hh:mm:ss

You can locate an entry in the OPERLOG or SYSLOG by hh:mm:ss. For example:

LOCATE 13:08:43

Note: For the OPERLOG, you may find it more convenient to instead filter based on date or time using less than (<) or greater than (>), and not equal to (=), if you do not know the exact time of the log entry.

Filtering the OPERLOG

You can use the FILTER command described in <u>"Setting complex filters" on page 18</u> to filter the OPERLOG. You might want to filter on the following fields:

- SYSNAME
- DATE
- TIME
- DATETIME
- JOBNAME
- JOBID
- CONSOLE
- MSGID
- MSGTEXT

For example, the following example filters messages for the string "DEVICE".

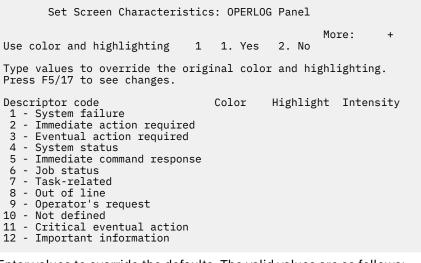
FILTER MSGTEXT EQ *DEVICE*

Using SET SCREEN to define highlighting in OPERLOG

The Set Screen Characteristics pop-up for OPERLOG lets you set values for message color and highlighting on the OPERLOG panel, based on descriptor code. The values you specify override the color and highlighting that were used when the message was originally issued. Leaving a field blank means that the message will appear on the OPERLOG panel using the original color and highlighting.

To make informational (descriptor 12) messages more visible, SDSF provides a default value of Yellow for the color. The Use color and highlighting field lets you disable or enable the use of color for messages on the OPERLOG panel. The values you set are saved across ISPF SDSF sessions. The results depend on your terminal type.

- 1. Enter SET SCREEN without any parameters.
- 2. On the Set Screen Characteristics pop-up, select the OPERLOG.
- 3. The Set Screen Characteristics: OPERLOG Panel pop-up is displayed:



4. Enter values to override the defaults. The valid values are as follows:

- Colors: Blue, Green, Pink, Red, Turq, White, Yellow
- Highlighting: Blink, Normal, Reverse, Uscore
- Intensity: High, Low

To see your changes reflected on the pop-up, press F5.

Printing OPERLOG and SYSLOG

You can use the mechanisms described in <u>"Printing from SDSF Panels" on page 33</u> to print data from OPERLOG and SYSLOG.

As one example, the following **PRINT** command prints messages from 01:00:00 to 02:00:00 to SYSOUT:

```
PT S; PT 01:00:00 02:00:00; PT CLOSE
```

Purging output

You can purge output before it is printed.

After browsing your output, you may decide the output is not what you wanted and prefer to purge it before it is printed. You can use the purge (P) action character to purge output data sets (JES2 only). Additional panel-specific purge action characters are also available. See the online help for more information.

You may want to require confirmation (SET CONFIRM ON) of destructive actions such as purge. SET CONFIRM displays a confirmation pop-up.

Confirm Action <u>1</u> 1. Process action character 2. Discard action character 3. Process action character and set confirmation off Line number: 49 TS5536

Printing from SDSF Panels

You can print output data, data from the Log or ULOG, or screen images. The print output can go to SYSOUT, a data set, or a print file (specified with a DDNAME).

After you submit a job, you can use SDSF to review the output and correct JCL errors. SDSF allows you to display printed output held in the JES spool area. You may find that you do not need to print much of the output sent to JES by batch jobs (and other jobs). Instead, you can inspect it using SDSF and delete or use it as needed.

Using the PRINT command

Using the PRINT command consists of three steps:

- 1. Open a print data set. You open the print data set to specify the target of the output, either SYSOUT, a DASD data set, or a previously allocated ddname. This step is optional except when printing the screen. The default target is SYSOUT.
- 2. Print the data. You can print output data, log data and screens to the print data set.
- 3. Close the print data set. This step frees the SYSOUT data set and makes it available for printing (if printing to SYSOUT) or closes the data set or print file.

Consider the following examples of the **PRINT** command:

• Example #1: Print an entire output data set to SYSOUT with default attributes (issued from the Output Data Set panel).

PRINT without any parameters opens a default SYSOUT data set if the print data set is not already open. On the Output Data Set panel, it also prints the entire data set.

PRINT

The number of lines printed is displayed at the top right of the panel. This means the listing has now been placed in the data set that you created.

PRINT CLOSE

At the top right of the panel, you should now see PRINT CLOSED.

• Example #2: Save an output listing to a data set.

At the command input line, enter PRINT D to open a print data set panel and specify a data set name in which to save it.

PRINT D

• Example #3: Open a new print data set with the default attributes.

ODSN specifies that a DASD data set will receive the output.

PRINT ODSN 'RPT2.PRINT' * NEW

Verify the data set you created. You can now return to SDSF and purge your listing because you now have a permanent copy.

• Example #4: Print part of the SYSLOG to a previously allocated data set.

MOD specifies that you want to append the data to a sequential data set. If the data set does not already exist, one is created.

```
PT ODSN SDSF.PRINT * MOD
PT 06.00.00 04/15/2017 10.00.00 04/15/2017
PT CLOSE
```

Using the X action character

You can print the output of jobs, and checks for IBM Health Checker for z/OS, with the X action character.

As with the **PRINT** command, printing with the **X** action character involves three steps: opening a print data set, printing the data, and closing the print data set. You will probably find that he **PRINT** command and pop-ups provide more control.

You can print to SYSOUT, a data set, or a print file (specified with a *ddname*), with different forms of the X action character.

Consider the following forms:

- X Print the file.
- XC Print and close the file.
- XD Display the data set panel and print the file.
- XDC Display the data set panel, print and close the file.
- XF Display the ddname panel and print the file.
- XFC Display the ddname panel, print and close the file.
- XS Display the SYSOUT panel and print the file.
- XSC Display the SYSOUT panel, print and close the file.

Using panels to open a print data set

SDSF provides panels to open a print data set. For SYSOUT, the panel lets you specify class, copies, form, and destination. For a data set, the panel lets you allocate a new data set in addition to opening it.

Consider the following example of the SYSOUT panel:

| TS5536 TSU05294 | SDSF Open Print | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Enter SYSOUT attribute | Enter SYSOUT attributes below: | | | | | | |
| Class ===> Copies ===> Forms ===> Destination ===> FCB ===> UCS ===> Process Mode ===> Pagedef ===> Formdef ===> | (A through Z, 0 through 9) (1 to 255) ** ** ** ** | | | | | | |
| | ===> | | | | | | |

To display the panels, use the commands or action characters shown in Table 22 on page 35.

| Table 22. Using Print Panels | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|------------------|--|--|
| To Open | Command | Action Character | | |
| SYSOUT | PRINT S | XS or XSC | | |
| Data set | PRINT D | XD or XDC | | |
| DDNAME | PRINT F | XF or XFC | | |

ANSI carriage control

The SDSF print function inserts ANSI carriage control, or converts machine carriage control if present to ANSI, unless:

- You use the PRINT FILE command or the XF or XFC action character.
- The data is page-mode. SYSOUT files containing both page-mode data and machine character data are not defined as page-mode in JES2.

Browsing jobs, output, and checks

You can use the **S** (SDSF browse) action character to browse. However, you may find the ISPF Edit and Browse mechanisms to be more convenient.

You can use the **S** (SDSF browse) action character to browse the following:

- Output as it is being created, consisting of data written to SPOOL and in-memory buffers (most recent data) if running on the local system or you have sysplex support.
- Input data sets for jobs being processed or waiting to be processed.
- Checks for IBM Health Checker for z/OS.

For example, assume that you want to browse the output for a job on the ST panel. Enter the **S** action character in the NP column to select the job you want.

Tip: When browsing jobs and output, instead of **S**, enter **?** in the NP column. This option is useful when there are jobs with many files directed to SYSOUT and you want to display one associated with a specific step.

| Display Fi | lter View Print | Options Search Help | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| NP JOBNAME JOBB TS5479 PDSCOT | J0B03289 TS5485 TSU05884 TS5479 TSU05970 PDSCOT | Prty Queue C Pos 9 EXECUTION A 15 EXECUTION 15 EXECUTION | RS86 HOLD RS87 RS87 RS88 RS88 |
| S TS5536 | TSU05972 TS5536 | 15 EXECUTION | RS88 RS88 |

The resulting panel is job-dependent, and can include the JES job log, JCL for the job, job-related messages, and so forth. The data sets are concatenated, and you can use NEXT and PREV to move between them.

ISPF Edit or Browse

Instead of SDSF browse, you can instead use ISPF mechanisms and take advantage of ISPF Edit and Browse commands or macros:

- SB Use ISPF Browse.
- SE Use ISPF Edit.
- SV Use ISPF View. ISPF View is similar to ISPF Edit and does not save any editing changes to the data set being viewed.
- SJ Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. You can make changes and resubmit the JCL.
- Sn Start browsing with data set n (a number).

To commit edit changes, use PF3 or save. To exit the data set without saving your changes, enter cancel on the edit command line.

Setting default browse action

The **SET BROWSE** command controls the default browse action character that is issued when you place the cursor in the NP column and press Enter. Under ISPF, the value is saved across sessions.

Note: When SDSF is not running under ISPF, SDSF converts an SB or SE action character to S. You can issue the **SET BROWSE** command from any SDSF panel, but it affects only job and output panels and the CK panel.

If you set a default browse action character, you may want to check the setting for **SET CURSOR** and set it to OFF.

The SET BROWSE parameters are shown in Table 23 on page 36.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SET BROWSE (S|SB|SE|NONE|?)

| Table 23. SET BROWSE Parameters | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | |
| S | SDSF browse. This is the default. | | |
| SB | ISPF browse. | | |
| SE | ISPF edit. | | |
| NONE | Specifies that no action character is issued by default. | | |
| ? | Displays the current setting on the command line or pop-up. | | |

Using the SNAPSHOT command

You can use the **SNAPSHOT** command to display tabular data using browse, edit, or view. The format is as follows:

SNAPSHOT|SNAP (S|SB|SE|SV)

The **SNAPSHOT** command parameters are shown in Table 24 on page 37.

| Table 24. SNAP Parameters | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | | |
| S | SDSF browse. This is the default. From here you might use the PRINT command. | | |
| SB | ISPF Browse. | | |
| SE | ISPF Edit. From here, you might use the CREATE command to copy the data to a data set. | | |
| SV | ISPF View. ISPF View is similar to ISPF Edit and does not save any editing changes to the data set being viewed. | | |

You can change the default for the **SNAPSHOT** command with the **SET SNAP** command or from the **Options** pull-down menu.

SET SNAP (S|SB|SE|SV|?)

The SET SNAP command parameters are shown in Table 25 on page 37.

| Table 25. SET SNAP Parameters | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| S | SDSF browse. This is the default. | |
| SB | ISPF browse. | |
| SE | ISPF edit. | |
| SV | SPF View | |
| ? | Displays a pop-up for selecting a default browse option. | |

Special ddnames

SDSF includes special ddnames to control various processing options. Special ddnames are convenient because they do not require changes to ISFPRMxx, SDSF/REXX execs, or Java classes.

Table 26 on page 37 shows the SDSF specoial ddnames and their use.

| Table 26. SDSF special ddnames | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| DDName | Description | |
| ISFMIGMN | Disables use of scrollable main menu, as described in <i>z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization</i> . | |
| ISFMIGDA | Falls back to prior DA data gatherer, as described in <i>z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization</i> . | |

| Table 26. SDSF special ddnames (continued) | |
|--|---|
| DDName | Description |
| ISFRXDBG | Enable SDSF/REXX debug mode, as described in "SDSF/REXX debug mode" on page 243. |
| ISFSECTR | Forces SET SECTRACE(ON), as described in <u>z/OS SDSF</u> Operation and Customization. |
| ISFSECTW | Forces SET SECTRACE(WTP), as described in <u>z/OS</u> SDSF Operation and Customization . |

Chapter 2. SDSF panels

This section describes the SDSF panels in a tabular format.

In the tables, an X in the *Delay* column indicates that obtaining the data may require an I/O operation. These columns are typically in the alternate field list. I/O operations are performed only when the columns are visible on the screen or being sorted. SDSF performance is best when columns that require an I/O operation are at the end of the field list. If there are no columns requiring I/O, the Delay column is not included.

Address Space Memory panel (AS)

The Address Space Memory (AS) panel allows you to display the storage utilization of address spaces in the sysplex.

It provides a convenient means for identifying address spaces that are consuming the most common storage area (CSA) and system queue area (SQA). It also shows memory object usage, such as the number of memory objects owned, the current size of the memory object, and the highest size used.

Actions on the AS panel provide access to the Job Memory (JM) panel and the Job Device (JD) panel for the selected address space. JM complements AS by showing subpool usage within the address space. JD shows allocations, TCP/IP connections, and coupling facility connection (CF) usage.

You can use the fast path select (S) command to filter results, as follows. Leading zeros are not required when specifying the job number.

- **jobname** *jobid*, where *jobid* is optional and is the job type (JOB, TSU, STC, J, T, S) followed by the job number.
- jobname job-number, where job-number is optional
- job-number

Command keyword

Access the AS panel with the **AS** command from any SDSF panel.

Customizing the display with parameters

AS ALL displays all address spaces. **AS** without any parameters displays all address spaces except initiators.

AS command action characters

The action characters for the AS command are shown in Table 27 on page 39.

| Table 27. AS Command Action Characters | |
|--|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |

| Table 27. AS Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| JC | Display the CDEs for the job. (Access Job Module panel.) | |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Device panel.) | |
| ЈМ | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Memory panel.) | |
| ЈМО | Display the memory objects owned by the job. (Access the Job Memory Objects Panel.) | |
| JT | Display the TCBs for the job. (Access the Job Tasks panel.) | |
| N | Invokes the ENQ panel to display data sets for the selected address space. Shows locally-held enqueues even when the job is running on a remote system. | |

I

Columns on the AS panel The columns on the AS panel are shown in <u>Table 28 on page 40</u>.

| | | | <u> </u> | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Table 28. Columns | Table 28. Columns on the AS Panel | | | | |
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | |
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier in hexadecimal | | |
| REAL | Real | 5 | Current utilization of real storage in frames | | |
| FIXED | Fixed | 5 | Number of fixed real storage frames | | |
| CSA | CSA | 8 | CSA storage below the 16MB line in bytes | | |
| CSAPCT | CSA% | 6 | Percentage of CSA storage below the line being used | | |
| ECSA | ECSA | 8 | CSA storage above the 16MB line in bytes | | |
| ECSAPCT | ECSA% | 6 | Percentage of CSA above the 16MB line being used | | |
| SQA | SQA | 8 | SQA storage below the 16MB line in bytes | | |
| SQAPCT | SQA% | 6 | Percentage of SQA below the line being used | | |
| ESQA | ESQA | 8 | SQA storage above the 16MB line in bytes | | |
| ESQAPCT | ESQA% | 6 | Percentage of SQA above the line being used | | |
| AUX | Aux | 6 | Non-VIO slots being used | | |
| MEMLIMIT | MemLimit | 8 | Memory limit for 64-bit storage objects | | |
| MOBJNUM | MemObjNum | 9 | Number of memory objects for address space | | |
| МОВЈ | MemObjUsed | 10 | Total allocated memory object size in MB | | |
| мовјним | MemObjHWM | 9 | High-water mark allocated to memory objects in MB | | |
| HVCOMNUM | HVComNum | 8 | Number of high virtual common memory objects | | |
| | | | | | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| нусом | HVComUsed | 9 | High virtual common memory size in MB |
| нусомнум | HVComHWM | 8 | High virtual common memory high-water mark in ME |
| SHRMONUM | ShrMONum | 8 | Number of shared memory objects for address space |
| SHRMO | ShrMOUsed | 9 | Total size of shared memory objects in MB |
| SHRMOHWM | ShrMOHWM | 8 | Shared memory objects high-water mark in MB |
| FIXEDB | FixedB | 6 | Number of fixed frames below 16MB line |
| STEPN | StepName | 8 | Step name |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step name |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID, or work ID |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job creator |
| POS | Pos | 3 | Address space position. For example: swapped in, swapped out, non-swappable, in transition |
| SWAPR | SR | 2 | Swap-out reason code |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Job type (STC, TSU, JOB) |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier |
| SUBSYS | SSName | 6 | Subsystem name |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system |
| SCSAPCT | SCSA% | 5 | System CSA usage percentage |
| SECSAPCT | SECSA% | 6 | System ECSA usage percentage |
| SSQAPCT | SSQA% | 5 | System SQA usage percentage |
| SESQAPCT | SESQA% | 6 | System ESQA usage percentage |
| AUXPCT | Aux% | 4 | Auxiliary storage utilization |
| REALAFC | RealAFC | 8 | Current real storage available frame count |
| PRIV | Priv | 4 | Private storage below 16MB line (bytes) |
| PRIVUSE | PrivUsed | 8 | Private storage below 16MB line used (bytes) |
| PRIVPCT | Priv% | 6 | Percentage of private storage below 16MB line used |
| EPRIV | EPriv | 5 | Private storage above 16MB line (bytes) |
| EPRIVUSE | EPrivUsed | 9 | Private storage above 16MB line used (bytes) |
| EPRIVPCT | EPriv% | 6 | Percentage of private storage above 16MB line used |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Authorized Program Facility panel (APF)

The APF List (APF) panel allows you to display the data sets in the APF list for each system in the sysplex.

Command keyword

Access the APF panel with the APF command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The panel contains columns that show data set attributes. The attributes are obtained by SDSF by using catalog search and by reading the VTOC for the volume where the data set resides.

You can use the **SHORT** parameter to suppress the gathering of the data set information. When in **SHORT** mode, the columns are visible but they show blanks or zeros based on the formatting type.

The columns that are not retrieved in **SHORT** mode and display as blank or zeros based on column type are as follows:

- VolSer
- BlkSize
- Extent
- SMS
- LRecL
- DSOrg
- RecFm
- CrDate
- RefDate

The panel totals the extents for all data sets being shown. In **SHORT** mode, the extent count may be zero or reflect only data sets gathered from down-level systems. To indicate that the extent count may be different from what is expected, and that the panel is in **SHORT** mode, the EXT keyword in the title is shown as *EXT in **SHORT** mode.

The parameter usage is as follows:

APF [S|SHORT]

APF command action characters

The action characters for the APF command are shown in Table 29 on page 42.

| Table 29. APF Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| D | Display information. |
| DA | Display information, all data sets. |
| SB | Browse (ISPF only). |

| Table 29. APF Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| SE | Edit (ISPF only). | |
| SV ISPF view. | | |

Columns on the APF panel The columns on the APF panel are shown in <u>Table 30 on page 43</u>.

| Table 30. Columns of | on the APF Panel | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Data set status. |
| | | | The possible values are as follows: |
| | | | OK - The data set was found on the volume specified. |
| | | | OK WARN - The data set was found on the volume indicated by the catalog because the APF entry specified "*SMS*". However, SDSF has determined that the volume is not SMS managed. |
| | | | ERROR - Internal error locating the UCB control block for the DASD volume serial that should contain the dataset. |
| | | | MISSING - The data set was not found on the volume specified |
| | | | MIGRATED - The data set has been migrated by DFHSM or similar product. |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Data set block size |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of extents |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator. YES if the data set is SMS managed. Otherwise, NO |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format |
| DEFVOL | DefVol | 6 | Defined volume |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last referenced date |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |

| Table 30. Columns on the APF Panel (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

CF Connection panel (CFC)

The CF Connection (CFC) panel allows you to display CF connections defined to the sysplex.

Command keyword

п

Access the CF Connection panel with the CFC command from any SDSF panel.

CFC command action characters

The action characters for the CFC command are shown in Table 31 on page 44.

| Table 31. CFC Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| D | Display connection information. |
| DA | Display information about all connections. |
| DS | Display structure information. |

Columns on the CFC panel

The columns on the CEC panel are shown in Table 32 on page 44

| Table 32. Columns on the CFC Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| CONNAME | CONNAME | 16 | Connection name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| CONSTATE | ConState | 18 | Connection state (active, failed-persistent, disconnecting, failing) | |
| STRNAME | StrName | 16 | Structure name | |
| STRTYPE | StrType | 8 | Structure type | |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | Structure status | |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier (hexadecimal) |
| CONDISP | ConDisp | 6 | Connection disposition (keep or delete) |
| CONID | ID | 2 | Structure connection ID |
| VERSION | Version | 8 | Structure connection version |
| CFLEVEL | CFLevel | 8 | Coupling facility code level |
| CONNDATA | ConData | 16 | Connection data |
| DISCDATA | DiscData | 16 | Disconnect data |
| POLICY | Policy | 8 | Policy name |
| CFNAME | CFName | 8 | Coupling facility name |
| CFNUM | NumCF | 5 | Number of coupling facilities |
| CTOKEN | ConTokenX | 32 | Connection token (hexadecimal) |
| LEVEL | ConLevel | 16 | Connection level |
| STOKEN | SToken | 16 | Address space SToken for connection requestor |
| CONFLAGS | ConFlags | 8 | Connection flags |
| SYSNUM | SysNum | 6 | Connection system number |
| SYSSEQ | SysSeq | 6 | Connection system sequence number |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

CF Structure panel (CFS)

The CF Structure (CFS) panel allows authorized users to display CF structures defined to the sysplex.

Command keyword

Access the CFS panel with the **CFS** command from any SDSF panel.

CFS command action characters

The action characters for the CFS command are shown in Table 33 on page 45.

| Table 33. CFS Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |

| Table 33. CFS Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display connection information. | |
| DA | Display information about all structures. | |

Columns on the XCFS panel The columns on the XCFS panel are shown in <u>Table 34 on page 46</u>.

Table 34. Columns on the CFS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| STRNAME | STRNAME | 16 | Structure name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored in coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| STRTYPE | Туре | 8 | Structure type | |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | Structure status | |
| DISP | Disp | 8 | Structure disposition | |
| SIZE | Size | 8 | Size | |
| SIZE% | Size% | 6 | Size percentage | |
| USERNUM | Conn | 5 | Number of connections for the structure | |
| LISTNUM | Lists | 5 | List count for the structure | |
| ENTPCT | Entry% | 6 | Entry percentage | |
| ELEMPCT | Elem% | 6 | Element percentage | |
| ENTUSED | EntryInUse | 10 | Number of entries in use | |
| ENTTOT | EntryTotal | 10 | Total entries | |
| ENTCHG | EntryChange | 11 | Entries changed | |
| ENTCPCT | EntryChange% | 12 | Entries changed percentage | |
| ELEMUSED | ElemInUse | 9 | Elements in use | |
| ELEMTOT | ElemTotal | 9 | Total elements | |
| ELEMCHG | ElemChange | 10 | Elements changed | |
| ELEMCPCT | ElemChange% | 11 | Elements changed percentage | |
| LOCKNUM | Locks | 8 | Number of locks | |
| VERSION | Alloc-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time of allocation | |
| DUPLEX | Duplex | 16 | Duplex option (allowed, disabled, or enabled) | |
| ALLOWAA | AutoAlt | 7 | Allow auto alt (yes or no) | |
| ALLOWRA | Realloc | 7 | Allow realloc (yes or no) | |
| FULLTHRESH | Full% | 8 | Full threshold percentage | |
| REBLDPCT | Rebuild% | 8 | Rebuild percentage | |

| Table 34. Columns on the CFS Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| POLSIZE | PolSize | 8 | Policy size (kilobytes) | |
| INITSIZE | InitSize | 8 | Initial size (kilobytes) | |
| MINSIZE | MinSize | 8 | Minimum size (kilobytes) | |
| MAXSIZE | MaxSize | 8 | Maximum size (kilobytes) | |
| POLNAME | Policy | 8 | Policy name | |
| CFNAME | CFName | 8 | Coupling facility name | |
| ENCRYPT | Encrypt | 7 | Structure encryption (yes or no). | |
| ENCRTYPE | EncrType | 8 | Encryption key method. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Common Storage Remaining panel (CSR)

The Common Storage Remaining (CSR) allows you to list all address with common storage that were not released at the end of the job.

Command keyword

-

Access the CSR panel with the **CSR** command from any SDSF panel.

CSR command action characters

The action characters for the CSR command are shown in Table 35 on page 47.

| Table 35. CSR Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the CSR panel

The columns on the CSR panel are shown in Table 36 on page 47.

Table 36. Columns on the CSR Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job identifier |

| Table 36. Columns on the CSR Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier (hexadecimal) | |
| CSA | CSA | 5 | CSA not released (bytes) | |
| CSAPCT | CSA% | 7 | CSA percentage not released | |
| SQA | SQA | 5 | SQA not released (bytes) | |
| SQAPCT | SQA% | 7 | SQA percentage not released | |
| ECSA | ECSA | 5 | ECSA not released (bytes) | |
| ECSAPCT | ECSA% | 7 | ECSA percentage not released | |
| ESQA | ESQA | 5 | ESQA not released (bytes) | |
| ESQAPCT | ESQA% | 7 | ESQA percentage not released | |
| DATE | Date | 19 | Timestamp storage not released | |
| SCSAPCT | SCSA% | 5 | Current system CSA utilization | |
| SECSAPCT | SECSA% | 7 | Current system ECSA utilization | |
| SSQAPCT | SSQA% | 5 | Current system SQA utilization | |
| SESQAPCT | SESQA% | 6 | Current system ESQA utilization | |
| AUXPCT | Aux% | 4 | Current auxiliary storage utilization | |
| REALAFC | RealAFC | 8 | Current real storage available frame count | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system | |
| нусом | HVComUsed | 9 | 64-bit common not released (bytes). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Device Activity panel (DEV)

The Device Activity (DEV) panel allows you to show online DASD volume activity in the system.

Command keyword

Access the DEV panel with the **DEV** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameter shown in Table 37 on page 49 allows you to customize the DEV display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

DEV(ACT)

DEV with no parameters displays all devices.

Consider the following examples:

- DEV ACT Displays devices with activity.
- **DEV** Displays all devices.

Table 37. DEV Parameters

| Parameter Description | |
|-----------------------|--|
| ACT | Limits the panel to devices with activity. |

DEV command action characters

The action characters for the DEV command are shown in Table 38 on page 49.

| Table 38. DEV Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display unit information. | |
| DA | Display allocations for the unit. | |
| DI | Display IPL volume. | |
| DSP | DevServ path. | |
| DSQD | DevServ QDASD. | |
| DSQP | DevServ QPATH. | |
| DSS | DevServ SMS. | |
| V | Vary device online. | |
| VF | Vary device offline. | |

Columns on the DEV panel

The columns on the DEV panel are shown in Table 39 on page 49.

| Table 39. Columns on the DEV Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| VOLSER | VOLSER | 6 | Volume serial. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Unit address | |
| STORGRP | StorGrp | 8 | Storage group | |
| IOINTENS | IOIntens | 8 | I/O intensity (the higher the greater the impact) | |
| QINTENS | QIntens | 7 | Queuing intensity (the higher the greater the impact) | |
| SSCHRATE | SSCH | 8 | SSCH rate (SSCH per second) | |
| RESPONSE | Response | 8 | Average response time (milliseconds) | |

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| Table 39. Columns on the DEV Panel (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| IOSQ | IOSQ | 8 | Average IOSQ (milliseconds) |
| CONNECT | Connect | 8 | Average connect time (milliseconds) |
| DISCONN | Disc | 8 | Average disconnect time (milliseconds) |
| PENDING | Pending | 8 | Average pending time (milliseconds) |
| UTILPCT | Util% | 6 | Device utilization percentage |
| RESVPCT | Resv% | 6 | Device reserve percentage |
| PAVNUM | PAVNum | 6 | Number of parallel access volume (PAV) exposures |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Display Active Users panel (DA)

The Display Active Users (DA) panel allows authorized users to display information about jobs, users, started tasks, and initiators that are active in the sysplex. It also shows system data, such as CPU usage and paging information.

In a JES3 environment, the DA panel requires RMF. In a JES2 environment, RMF is required for sysplexwide data and some columns and actions.

Note: Some of the values on the DA panel, such as CPU% and SIO, are approximate. For detailed and precise performance monitoring, use RMF.

Command keyword

Access the DA panel with the **DA** command from any SDSF panel.

Customizing the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 40 on page 51 allow you to customize the DA display as follows:

- Types of address spaces: jobs (JOB), TSO users (TSU), started tasks (STC), or initiators (INIT).
- Positions of address spaces: swapped in (IN), swapped out (OUT), in transition (TRANS), or ready (READY).

The parameter usage is as follows:

- Position and Type parameters include those address spaces.
- **Only** parameters limit the display to those types or positions. Use only one parameter from this column.
- No parameters exclude those types or positions.
- **All** parameters show all address spaces, or all types (ALLT) or positions (ALLP). They cannot be used with other parameters.

For example, the following command displays only address spaces that are swapped in (OIN), not including TSO users (NOTSU):

DA OIN NOTSU

Note: The maximum number of parameters is four. The information displayed may also be limited by your authorization, and by settings for filters such as FILTER, PREFIX, and SYSNAME. When parameters conflict, the last one is used.

| Table 40. DA Parameters | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|--------|---------|------|
| Position | Туре | Only | No | All |
| IN | JOB | OJOB | NOJOB | ALL |
| OUT | TSU | OTSU | NOTSU | ALLT |
| TRANS | STC | OSTC | NOSTC | ALLP |
| READY | INIT | OINIT | NOINIT | |
| | | OIN | NOIN | |
| | | OOUT | NOOUT | |
| | | OTRANS | NOTRANS | |
| | | OREADY | NOREADY | |

DA command action characters

The action characters for the DA command are shown in Table 41 on page 51.

| Table 41. DA Command Action Characters | | |
|--|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| A | Release a held job. | |
| С | Cancel a job. For JES3, also process output data sets. You can add: | |
| | A - Job that is defined to Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) | |
| | • D - And take a dump | |
| | • DA - Job that is defined to ARM, and take a dump | |
| | DP - And take a dump but do not purge the job's output (JES3 only). | |
| | • P - And print data sets ready for printing (JES3 only). | |

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| D | Display job information in the log. You can add: |
| | • E - Line, page, record and card counts (JES3 only). |
| | L - Long form |
| | SD - DDNAMES of spool data sets that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | SH - DDNAMES of spool data sets in spool hold that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | • SP - Spool partition name (JES3 only). |
| | • X - Extended (JES3 only). |
| E | Process a job again. You can add (JES2 only): |
| | C - Cancel and hold the job prior to execution |
| | • S - After the current step completes |
| | SH - After the current step completes, restart and hold |
| Н | Hold a job. |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Device panel.) |
| JM | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Memory panel.) |
| ЈМО | Display the memory objects owned by the job. (Access the Job Memory Objects Panel.) |
| JS | Display the job steps. (Access the Job Step panel.) |
| JY | Display reasons for delay. (Access the Job Delay panel.) |
| К | Cancel an address space using the MVS CANCEL command. |
| KD | Cancel an address space and take a dump using MVS CANCEL. |
| L | List output status of a job in the log. For JES3, this is job output in the writer queue. You can add: |
| | • B - SNA/NJE output (JES3 only). |
| | • H - Output on the hold queue (JES3 only). |
| | L - Long form |
| | • T - TCP/IP job output (JES3 only). |
| Ν | Invokes the ENQ panel to display data sets for the selected address space. Shows locally-held enqueues even when the job is running on a remote system. |
| Р | Cancel a job and purge its output. |

| Table 41. DA Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| PP | Cancel a protected job and purge its output (JES2 only). | |
| Q | Display output descriptors for all of the data sets in an output group. | |
| R | Reset and resume a job. (RMF) | |
| RQ | Reset and quiesce a job. (RMF) | |
| S | Display the data sets for a job. You can add: | |
| | B - Use ISPF Browse | |
| | E - Use ISPF Edit | |
| | J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL | |
| | n - Number of the data set where browsing starts | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |
| W | Cause job and message logs to spin. (RMF) | |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) | |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) | |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) | |
| Y | Stop a started task (system stop). (RMF) | |
| Z | Cancel an address space using the MVS FORCE command. | |
| ? | Display a list of data sets for a job. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) | |

Columns on the DA panel The columns on the DA panel are shown in <u>Table 42 on page 53</u>.

| Table 42. Columns on the DA Panel | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| STEPN | StepName | 8 | Job step name (TSO logon procedure name for TSO users) | |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step name (terminal ID for TSO users) | |
| JTYPE | Type ¹ | 4 | Type of address space | |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID | |
| | | | | |

Table 12 Columns on the DA Panel

| Table 42. Columns on the DA Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------|---|-------|
| Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job owner, or default values of +++ +++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF® | |
| JCLASS | С | 1 or 8 | JES input class at the time the job was selected for execution. Default width expands to 8 if there are long class names in the MAS. | |
| POS | Pos | 3 | Address space position | |
| DP | DP | 2 | Address space dispatching priority in hexadecimal | |
| REAL | Real | 4 | Current real storage usage in frames | |
| PAGING | Paging | 6 | Demand paging rate for address space | |
| EXCPRT | SIO | 6 | EXCP rate in EXCPs per second for address space. The value is approximate, and derived from this calculation: the job delta EXCP count (from RMF or the ASCB) divided by the total time interval. | |
| CPUPR | CPU% ² | 6 | Percent of CPU time consumed by and on behalf of the address space during the most recent interval measured | |
| ASID | ASID | 4 | Address space identifier | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier in hexadecimal | |
| EXCP | EXCP-Cnt | 9 | Accumulated EXCP count for the current job step for the address space. Uses hexadecimal scaling. | |
| CPU | CPU-Time | 10 | Accumulated CPU time consumed by and on behalf of the address space, for the current job step, in seconds | |
| SWAPR | SR | 2 | Swap out reason code | |
| STATUS | Status | 6 | JES job status | |
| SYSNAME RMF | SysName | 8 | System name where job is executing | |
| SPAGING RMF | SPag | 4 | System demand paging rate for system that the job is executing on. The value is the same for all rows for a system. | |
| SCPU RMF | SCPU% | 5 | System CPU percentage for system that is processing the job. The value is the same for all rows for a system. | |
| WORKLOAD RMF | Workload | 8 | Workload name | |
| SRVCLASS RMF | SrvClass | 8 | Service class name | |
| PERIOD RMF | SP | 2 | Service class period | |
| RESGROUP RMF | ResGroup | 8 | Resource group name | |
| SERVER RMF | Server | 8 | Server indicator (resource goals are not being honored) | |
| | | | | |

| Tuble 42. Columns | on the DA Panel (contin | ueu) | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| | Quiesce | 7 | Quiesce indicator (address space is quiesced) | |
| ECPU ^{RMF} | ECPU-Time | 10 | Total CPU time consumed by and within the address space, for the current job step, in seconds | |
| ECPUPR RMF | ECPU% | 6 | CPU usage by and within the address space | |
| | CPUCrit | 7 | Current address space CPU-protection | |
| STORCRIT RMF | StorCrit | 8 | Current address space storage protection | |
| RPTCLASS RMF | RptClass | 8 | Report class | |
| MEMLIMIT RMF | MemLimit | 8 | Memory limit | |
| TRANACT RMF | Tran-Act | 10 | Elapsed time the transaction has been active | |
| TRANRES RMF | Tran-Res | 10 | Elapsed time the transaction was swapped in | |
| SPIN RMF | Spin | 4 | Indicator of whether job can be spun | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of the address space | |
| GCPTIME RMF | GCP-Time | 8 | Accumulated general processor service time, in seconds | |
| ZAAPTIME ^{RMF} | zAAP-Time | 9 | Accumulated IBM zEnterprise Application Assist Processor (zAAP) service time, in seconds | |
| ZAAPCPTM ^{RMF} | zACP-Time | 9 | CPU time consumed on general processors by work that was eligible for a zAAP, in seconds | |
| GCPUSE ^{RMF} | GCP-Use% | 8 | Percent of the total general processor time used by the address space in the most recent interval | |
| ZAAPUSE ^{RMF} | zAAP-Use% | 9 | Percent of the total zAAP time used by the address space in the most recent interval | |
| SZAAP ^{RMF} | SzAAP% | 6 | zAAP view of CPU use for the system, in the most recent interval. The value is the same for all rows for a system. | |
| SZIIP ^{RMF} | SzIIP% | 6 | IBM z Integrated Information Processor (zIIP) utilization for the system that is processing the job. This is a system value and so is the same for all rows for a system. | |
| PROMOTED ^{RMF} | Promoted | 8 | Indicates whether the address space is currently promoted due to a chronic resource contention | |
| ZAAPNTIM ^{RMF} | zAAP-NTime | 10 | Normalized zAAP service time, in seconds | |
| ZIIPTIME ^{RMF} | zIIP-Time | 9 | CPU time consumed on zIIPs, in seconds | |
| ZIIPCPTM ^{RMF} | zICP-Time | 9 | CPU time consumed on general processors by work that was eligible for a zIIP, in seconds | |
| ZIIPNTIM RMF | zIIP-NTime | 10 | Normalized zIIP service time, in seconds | |

| Table 42. Columns | on the DA Panel (contin | ued) | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| ZIIPUSE RMF | zIIP-Use% | 9 | Percent of the total zIIP time used by the address space in the most recent interval | |
| SLCPU RMF | SLCPU% | 6 | Percentage of time the LPAR is busy for the system, in the most recent interval. The value for SLCPU% is the same for all rows for a system. | |
| IOPRIOGRP ^{RMF} | IOPrioGrp | 9 | WLM I/O priority group | |
| JOBCORR | JobCorrelator | 32 | User portion of the job correlator (JES2 only) | |
| TRESGROUP | TenantResGroup | 14 | Tenant resource group indicator (YES or NO, RMF) | |
| ESRBTIMEHSF | ESRB-Time | 9 | Enclave CPU time. | |
| CPULIMITHSF | CPU-Limit | 9 | CPU time limit. | |
| REUS ^{HSF} | Reus | 4 | Reusable address space (yes or no). | |
| SYSLEVELHSF | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Notes on the table:

- 1. Not included in the default field list.
- 2. SDSF calculates the value for the CPU% column. It is the ratio between the CPU time used by one job and the CPU time used by all jobs, in the interval between times that the user presses Enter.
- 3. Columns with information for zAAPs and zIIPs are shown only if at least one of the appropriate specialized processors (zAAP or zIIP) has been configured for a system that is within the scope of the systems being shown on the panel. Note that changing the systems being shown (with the SYSNAME or FILTER commands) once the DA panel is displayed does not affect whether SDSF includes or omits the column.
- 4. ^{HSF} indicates the column requires the HSF data gatherer running in SDSFAUX.

Address space positions

The address space positions are shown in Table 43 on page 56.

| Table 43. Address Space Positions | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| When RMF is installed | When RMF is not installed | |
| IN In storage | IN Swapped in | |
| PR Privileged | OUT Swapped out | |
| NS Non-swappable | N/S Non-swappable | |
| WM Wait queue/MSO | <-> In transition | |
| WT Wait queue/terminal wait | | |

| Table 43. Address Space Positions (continued) | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| When RMF is installed | When RMF is not installed | |
| WL Wait queue/long wait | | |
| WO Wait queue/other | | |
| DL Out queue/delayed | | |
| LO Logically swapped out | | |
| OT Swapped out and ready | | |
| >> Transitioning out | | |
| << Transitioning in | | |

Swap-out reason codes

The swap-out reason codes are shown in Table 44 on page 57.

| Table 44. Swap-Out Reason Codes | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code | Description | | |
| AW | APPC WAIT (swapped out, because waiting for APPC services | | |
| DW | Detected wait | | |
| EX | CAP exchange | | |
| IC | Improve central storage usage | | |
| IP | Improve system paging rate | | |
| IW | OMVS input wait | | |
| LW | Long wait | | |
| MR | Make room for a user who has been swapped out too long | | |
| NQ | CAP enqueue | | |
| RQ | Request swap | | |
| RS | Central storage shortage | | |
| SR | In-real swap | | |
| TI | Terminal input | | |
| то | Terminal output | | |
| TS | Transition swap | | |
| US | CAP uni-swap | | |
| XS | Auxiliary storage shortage | | |
| 00 | Unknown | | |

Server values

The server values are shown in Table 45 on page 58.

| Table 45. Server Values | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Value | Description | |
| Yes | Address space is a server | |
| No | Address space is not a server | |
| TEMP-AFF | Address space is a server with affinities | |
| N/A | Address space is not managed based on transaction response times (z/OS V1R12 and below) | |
| EXEMPTED | Address space is not managed based on response times (z/OS V1R13 and above) | |
| REG-SERV | -SERV Address space is managed towards its region goals and completed transactions are used to manage the server | |

CPU title line fields

You may see one, two or three values depending on your configuration. If three values are shown, the label preceding the values indicates the order. All three values are obtained from RMF.

MVS view

The first value, or the only value if just one is present. It is the best indicator of a CPU bottleneck. It is calculated as:

```
CPU-time
----- * 100
online-time
```

LPAR view

The second value, if present. It takes into account several states related to PR/SM. A value of *** indicates that RMF Monitor I CPU Report is not active.

zAAP view

The third value, if present. It is calculated as:

```
SUM(zAAP partition dispatch time)
.....x 100
SUM(zAAP online time)
```

It requires that a zAAP is defined and RMF is being used.

The guidelines for CPU-busy vary. For example, in a batch environment, a value of 100 may not indicate a problem. For details, see the discussion of CPU Activity in *z/OS RMF Report Analysis*.

The values on the title line are for the system you are logged on to. CPU utilization for other systems is displayed in the SCPU% and SzAAP% columns.

CPU% column

This value is calculated by SDSF. It is calculated as:

```
CPU time used by the job
------ x CPU-busy
CPU time used by all jobs
```

CPU times are for the interval. That is, between times the user presses Enter.

By default, CPU-busy is the MVS value, though it may have been changed to the LPAR value for your installation.

This value is approximate.

GCPU-Use%, zAAP-Use and zIIP-Use% columns

GCPU-Use%, zAAP-Use and zIIP-Use% columns are calculated by SDSF as follows:

```
general CPU, zAAP or zIIP time used by the job
general CPU, zAAP or zIIP time used by all jobs
```

Unlike the value for the CPU% column, these values are not normalized (multiplied by CPU-busy).

The values are approximate.

The times are for the interval. That is, between times the user presses Enter.

CPU-Time and ECPU-Time columns

SDSF obtains the values for these columns from RMF, as follows:

```
CPU-Time = ASCBEJST + ASCBSRBT + ASSBASST (source field R791TCPU)
ECPU-Time = ASCBEJST + ASCBSRBT + ASSBPHTM (source field R791TCPC)
```

where

- ASCBEJST is elapsed job step time.
- ASCBSRBT is accumulated SRB time.
- ASSBASST is the CPU time consumed by preemptible class SRBs running on behalf of this address space, in milliseconds.
- ASSBPHTM is the CPU time consumed by preemptible class SRBs running in this address space, in milliseconds (threads plus enclaves)

GCP-Time, zAAP-Time and zACP-Time columns

GCP-Time, zAAP-Time and zACP-Time are not normalized. SDSF obtains the values for these columns from RMF:

GCP-Time source field is R791TCPU zAAP-Time source field is R791TIFA zACP-Time source field is R791TIFC

zAAP-NTime is normalized to the slower CP, to facilitate comparing values. The normalization uses fields from RMF, as follows:

```
R791TIFA x R791NFFI
256
```

zIIP-Time and zICP-Time columns

zIIP-Time and zICP-Time are not normalized. SDSF obtains the values for these columns from RMF:

zIIP-Time source field is R791TSUP zICP-Time source field is R791TSUC

zIIP-NTime is normalized to the slower CP, to facilitate comparing values. The normalization uses fields from RMF, as follows:

```
R791TSUP x R791NFFS
256
```

SIO fields

Title line (if present): The value for SIO is calculated as:

total SIOs total time interval

Column: The value is calculated as:

```
job delta EXCP count (from RMF or the ASCB)
total time interval
```

This value is approximate.

Scaling and abbreviations for values

When a value is too large to fit in the available space, SDSF scales the value using the following abbreviations:

- K Kilo (hexadecimal scaling)
- T Thousands (decimal scaling) or Tera (hexadecimal scaling)
- M Millions (decimal scaling) or Mega (hexadecimal scaling)
- B Billions (decimal scaling)
- G Giga (hexadecimal scaling)
- P Peta (hexadecimal scaling)
- KB Kilobytes
- MB Megabytes
- GB Gigabytes
- TB Terabytes
- PB Petabytes

Changing the width of the column, with the ARRANGE command, affects the scaling.

When filtering on columns that use binary abbreviations (KB, MB, and so on) you can enter either a number or a number with the abbreviation. For example, 4096 and 4MB are both valid with entering a filter, though SDSF always displays the value as 4MB.

Overtypeable fields

The following fields can be overtyped by authorized users:

- SrvClass Service class name
- Quiesce Quiesce indicator (QUIESCE or RESUME)

Overtyping these fields causes an **MVS RESET** command to be issued. SDSF appends an RO command if the MVS command is targeted for another system.

Dynamic Exits panel (DYNX)

The Dynamic Exits (DYNX) panel allows you to display the properties of dynamic exits defined to the system. The DYNX panel shows all of the dynamic exits in the sysplex, their status, and the modules that implement the exit.

You can use the fast path select (S) command with an EXITNAME to filter results.

Command keyword

Access the DYNX panel with the **DYNX** command from any SDSF panel.

DYNX command action characters

The action characters for the DYNX command are shown in Table 46 on page 61.

| Table 46. DYNX Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display dynamic exit. | |
| DA | Display all dynamic exits. | |
| DAI | Display all implicitly defined dynamic exits. | |
| DD | Display dynamic exit with diagnostic information. | |
| DI | Display exits defined with type installation. | |
| DNP | Display exits not defined with type program. | |
| DP | Display exits defined with type program. | |
| Н | Modify state to inactive. | |
| Р | Delete exit routine from exit. | |
| PF | Delete exit routine from exit (forced). | |
| U | Undefine an implicitly defined exit. | |

Columns on the DYNX panel

The columns on the DYNX panel are shown in Table 47 on page 61.

| Table 47. Columns on the DYNX Panel | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| EXITNAME | EXITNAME | 16 | Dynamic exit name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number for module in list |
| MODNAME | ModName | 8 | Module name implementing exit |
| ACTIVE | Active | 6 | Exit active (YES or NO) |
| FASTPATH | FastPath | 8 | Exit FASTPATH option (YES or NO). FASTPATH processing means that the system does not provide as much function, and therefore the overall processing time is less. |
| MODEPA | ModEPA | 8 | Module entry point address |

| Table 47. Columns on the DYNX Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| MODLOADPT | LoadPt | 8 | Module load point address if available | |
| MODSIZE | ModLen | 8 | Module length if available | |
| JNAME | FiltJob | 8 | Jobname for which exit is to get control | |
| STOKEN | FiltSTok | 16 | Address space token (STOKEN) for which exit is to get control | |
| ABENDNUM | NumAbend | 8 | Number of abends before exit inactivates | |
| ABENDCON | ConAbend | 8 | Consecutive abend option (YES – consecutive abends before inactivation, NO – cumulative abends before inactivation) | |
| SEQMAX | SeqMax | 6 | Maximum module sequence number | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system | |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 12 | Exit type | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Extended Console panel (EMCS)

The Extended Console (EMCS) panel shows all extended consoles defined in the sysplex. Rows for consoles with a status of ACTIVE are highlighted. This panel does not use the SYSNAME value to control which systems are shown on the panel.

You can use fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the console name pattern.

Command keyword

Access the EMCS panel with the **EMCS** command from any SDSF panel.

EMCS command action characters

The action characters for the EMCS command are shown in Table 48 on page 62.

| Table 48. EMCS Command Action Characters | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |

| Table 48. EMCS Command Action Characters (continued) | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | | |
| D | Display console information. | | |
| DL Display console information (long). | | | |
| E | Reset console to force it offline. | | |
| Р | Remove console from system. | | |

Columns on the EMCS panel The columns on the EMCS panel are shown in <u>Table 49 on page 63</u>.

Table 49. Columns on the EMCS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Console name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Console status. |
| KEY | Кеу | 8 | Console key. |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name of address space creating console. |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job ID of address space creating console. |
| QDEPTH | QDepth | 6 | Data space queue depth. |
| QLIMIT | QLimit | 6 | Data space queue limit. |
| QALERTPCT | QAlert% | 7 | Dataspace queue alert percentage. |
| DSPSIZE | DSPSizeK | 8 | Current data space size (kilobytes). |
| DSPMAX | DSPMaxK | 8 | Maximum data space size (kilobytes). |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier. |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier (hexadecimal). |
| TERMID | TermID | 8 | Terminal identifier. |
| AUTH | Auth | 16 | Console authority. |
| LEVEL | Level | 12 | Message levels received by console. |
| CONSID | ConsID | 8 | Console identifier. |
| CMDSYS | CmdSys | 8 | Command system. |
| AUTOACT | AutoAct | 8 | AutoAct group for system console. |
| MONITOR | Monitor | 20 | Monitor status for console. |
| DOM | DOM | 6 | Delete operator message attribute. |
| НС | HC | 3 | Hardcopy message set receiver (yes or no). |
| AUTO | Auto | 4 | Message automation receiver (yes or no). |
| INTIDS | IntIDs | 6 | Console ID zero receiver (yes or no). |
| UNKNIDS | UnknIDs | 7 | Unknown console ID receiver (yes or no). |
| PD | PD | 3 | Problem determination mode (yes or no). |

| Table 49. Columns on the EMCS Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| SYSCONS | SysCons | 7 | System console (yes or no). | |
| MSCOPE | MScope | 8 | Systems from which unsolicited messages are being received. | |
| ROUTCDE | RoutCde | 32 | Routing codes. | |
| ROUTCDEX | RoutCdeX | 32 | Routing codes (hexadecimal). | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name where console is active. | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Enclaves panel (ENC)

The Enclaves (ENC) panel allows you to display information about Workload Manager (WLM) enclaves.

A WLM enclave is an anchor for a transaction that can be spread across multiple dispatchable units in multiple address spaces. The enclave is a group of one or more logically related z/OS task control blocks (TCB) and service request blocks (SRB) that manage the work in entities.

Command keyword

Access the ENC panel with the ENC command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 50 on page 64 allow you to customize the ENC display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

ENC (ACTIVE|ALL)

Consider the following examples:

• ENC ACTIVE - Displays all active enclaves.

• ENC ALL - Displays all enclaves.

| Table 50. ENC Parameters | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| ACTIVE | Displays only active enclaves. | |
| ALL Displays all enclaves. This is the default. | | |

ENC command action characters

The action characters for the ENC command are shown in Table 51 on page 65.

| Table 51. ENC Command Action Characters | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| I | Display additional information about the enclave. | | |
| М | Match the enclave by export token, to display only the instances of a multisystem enclave. Valid only for multisystem enclaves, as indicated in the Scope column. To see all enclaves again, re-access the panel. | | |
| R | Reset and resume an enclave. | | |
| RQ | Reset and quiesce an enclave. | | |

Note: If you reset a dependent enclave, the owner address space is reset.

Columns on the ENC panel

The columns on the ENC panel are shown in Table 52 on page 65.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 16 | Token that identifies the enclave. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SSTYPE | SSType | 6 | Subsystem type (for example, DB2). |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Active or inactive |
| ESRVCLS | SrvClass | 8 | Service class |
| PERIOD | Per | 3 | Period number |
| PGN | PGN | 3 | Performance group |
| RPTCLS | RptClass | 8 | Report class |
| RESGROUP | ResGroup | 8 | Resource group |
| CPU | CPU-Time | 10 | Total CPU time |
| OWNSYS | OwnerSys | 8 | Enclave owner system |
| JNAME | OwnerJob | 8 | Enclave owner jobname |
| ASID | OwnerAS | 7 | Enclave owner ASID (displayed only if this enclave is the original) |
| ASIDX | OwnerASX | 8 | Enclave owner ASID in hexadecimal (displayed only if this enclave is the original) |

Table 52. Columns on the ENC Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ORIGINAL | Original | 8 | Indicates, for an enclave that has been exported, if this is the original. Value is YES or NO. |
| ESCOPE | Scope | 8 | Scope of the enclave; LOCAL (single-system) or MULTISYS (multisystem capable; there is an export token for the enclave) |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 4 | IND (Independent) or DEP (dependent) |
| WORKLOAD | Workload | 8 | Workload name |
| QUIESCE | Quiesce | 12 | Indicates if the enclave is in a quiesce delay, which occurs if the address space has been reset with the MVS RESET,QUIESCE command. Value is YES, YES- IMPLICIT (quiesced through enclave server quiesce) or NO. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | Name of the system that provided the data |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system |
| SUBSYS | Subsys | 8 | Subsystem name |
| ZAAPTIME | zAAP-Time | 9 | Cumulative zAAP time consumed by dispatchable units running in the enclave on the local system. See note below. |
| ZAAPCPTM | zACP-Time | 9 | Cumulative zAAP on CP time consumed by dispatchable units running in the enclave on the local system. See note below. |
| ZIIPTIME | zIIP-Time | 9 | Cumulative zIIP time consumed by dispatchable units running in the enclave on the local system. See note below. |
| ZIIPCPTM | zICP-Time | 9 | Cumulative zIIP on CP time consumed by dispatchable units running in the enclave on the local system. See note below. |
| PROMOTED | Promoted | 8 | Indicates whether the address space is currently promoted due to a chronic resource contention |
| ZAAPNTIM ^{RMF} | zAAP-NTime | 10 | zAAP service time, in seconds, normalized for the slower CP |
| ZIIPNTIM ^{RMF} | zIIP-NTime | 10 | zIIP service time, in seconds, normalized for the slower CP |
| ARRTIME | Arrival-Time | 19 | Date and time the enclave was created |
| ARRINTV | Arrival-Int | 11 | Interval since the enclave was created (<i>hh:mm:ss</i>) |
| CPUCRIT | CPUCrit | 7 | CPU protection |
| IOPRIOGRP | IOPrioGrp | 9 | WLM I/O priority group |
| USERID | UserID | 8 | User ID associated with the request |
| TRESGROUP | TenantResGroup | 14 | Tenant resource group indicator (YES or NO, RMF). |

| Table 52. | Columns | on the | ENC I | Panel | (continued) |
|-----------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------------|
|-----------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Enqueue panel (ENQ)

The Enqueue (ENQ) panel allows authorized users to display active system enqueues. Enqueuing is the mechanism by which a program requests control of a serial reusable resource. The panel shows the major and minor names for the enqueuer, as well as the job name waiting for or holding the enqueue. Parameters on the ENQ command control which major and system names are shown. By default, only major SYSDSN enqueues on the local system are shown.

The **ENQC** command provides a convenient means of showing all enqueues with contention. That is, **ENQC** shows currently held enqueues that are required by another job.

The **ENQD** command provides a convenient means of showing all enqueues with major name SYSDSN and any minor name for all systems. You can specify an optional pattern on the **ENQD** command for the data set name (minor name for SYSDSN) to be processed. The default is **userid**, where **userid** is the user ID of the current user.

Command keyword

By default, accessing the ENQ panel shows all enqueues with major name SYSDSN for the local system. As of V2R4, locally-held enqueues are shown even when the job is running on a remote system.

You can also access the ENQ panel from the DA and AS panels using the N action character. When ENQ is accessed in this way, all enqueues used by the selected address space are shown.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in <u>Table 53 on page 67</u> allow you to customize the ENQ display. **ENQC** displays all enqueues with contention. **ENQC** does not accept any parameters.

The parameter usage is as follows:

ENQ major-name system-name

The syntax of the ENQD command is as follows:

ENQD [data set name pattern]

where *data set name pattern* is optional and specifies the data set name to be processed. If omitted, the default is userid.* where **userid** is the userid of the current user.

| Table 53. ENQ Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| major-name | The enqueue major name to process including * (any string of characters) or % (any single character). The default is SYSDSN. | |
| system-name | The MVS system name, up to 8 characters including * (any string of characters) or % (any single character). The default is the local system name. | |

ENQ command action characters

The action characters for the ENQ command are shown in Table 54 on page 68.

| Table 54. ENQ Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 3-5. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| D | Display enqueues. |

Note: If you reset a dependent enclave, the owner address space is reset.

Columns on the ENQ panel

The columns on the ENQ panel are shown in Table 55 on page 68.

| Table 55. Columns | on the ENQ Panel | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| MINOR | MINOR | 52 | Minor name (RNAME). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. Control characters are translated to periods. |
| MAJOR | Major | 8 | Major name (QNAME). Control characters are translated to periods. |
| REQTYPE | Req | 3 | Request type (SHR or EXC) |
| JOBNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name holding or requesting enqueue |
| ASID | ASID | 4 | Job name ASID (decimal) |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 6 | Job name ASID (hexadecimal) |
| LEVEL | Level | 10 | Request level: ENQ-normal enqueuer, Reserve- hardware reserve, Global enq-hardware reserve converted to global enqueue |
| SMC | SMC | 3 | Step must complete indicator |
| SCOPE | Scope | 8 | Enqueue scope (step, system, systems, global) |
| STATUS | Status | 6 | Resource status (own, wait) |
| OWNERS | Owners | 6 | Number of resource owners for enqueuer |
| WAITERS | Waiters | 7 | Number of tasks waiting for enqueue |
| WAITEXC | WaitExc | 7 | Number of tasks waiting for exclusive use |
| WAITSHR | WaitShr | 7 | Number of tasks waiting for shared use |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Device address for reserves |
| USERDATA | UserData | 32 | User data passed on ISGENQ |
| REQTIME | ReqTime | 19 | Date and time of request |
| | | | |

| Table 55. Columns on the ENQ Panel (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| ENQTOKEN | EnqToken | 64 | Enqueue token |
| RNAMEL | RNameLong | 127 | Longer version of minor name, up to 127 characters. Control characters are translated to periods. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

File System panel (FS)

The File System (FS) panel allows you to list the file systems being used by the system.

Command keyword

Access the FS panel with the **FS** command from any SDSF panel.

FS command action characters

The action characters for the FS command are shown in Table 56 on page 69.

Table 56. FS Command Action Characters

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| D | Display file system. |
| DA | Display all file systems. |
| DE | Display file system exceptions. |

Columns on the FS panel

The columns on the FS panel are shown in Table 57 on page 69.

Table 57. Columns on the FS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| DEVICE | DEVICE | 6 | Unique device value (character format). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| РАТН | Path | 36 | Directory name where file system is mounted (truncated to 63 characters) |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 8 | File system type |

| Table 57. Columns on the FS Panel (continued) | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| MODE | Mode | 4 | File system mode (READ or RDWR) |
| OWNER | Owner | 8 | System that owns this file system |
| DSNAME | Name | 44 | Name of file system |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | File system status |
| STATUSNUM | StatNum | 7 | Status code corresponding to status value |
| AUTOMOVE | AutoMove | 8 | Automove indicator |
| CLIENT | Client | 6 | Client indicator (yes or no) |
| LATCHNUM | Latch | 5 | Latch number for the file system |
| MOUNTTIME | Mount-Time-Date | 19 | Timestamp file system was mounted |
| MOUNTPARM | MountParm | 57 | Parameter specified on mount truncated to 57 characters |
| QSYSNAME | QSysName | 9 | System that quiesced this file system |
| QJOBNAME | QJobName | 9 | Jobname that quiesced this file system |
| QPID | QPID | 8 | PID that quiesced this file system |
| DEVICENUM | DevNum | 6 | Unique device value (decimal) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Generic Tracker panel (GT)

The Generic Tracker (GT) panel allows you to list all generic tracking events that have been recorded by the system.

Command keyword

Access the GT panel with the **GT** command from any SDSF panel.

GT command action characters

The action characters for the GT command are shown in Table 58 on page 70.

| Table 58. GT Command Action Characters | |
|--|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |

| Table 58. GT Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display tracking events by owner. | |
| DA | Display all tracking events. | |
| DD | Display active debug statements. | |
| DE | Display exclude statements. | |
| DH | Display tracking events by home job. | |
| DS | Display generic tracker status. | |

Columns on the GT panel The columns on the GT panel are shown in <u>Table 59 on page 71</u>.

| Table 59. Columns on the GT Panel | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| OWNER | OWNER | 8 | Owner of tracked instance. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SOURCE | Source | 8 | Source of tracked instance |
| PROGRAM | Program | 8 | Program name |
| PROGOFS | ProgramOffset | 16 | Offset into program issuing track request |
| EVENTDESC | EventDesc | 64 | Event description |
| EVENTDATA | EventData | 32 | Data associated with the event |
| EVENTJOB | EJobName | 9 | Event job name |
| HOMEJOB | HJobName | 9 | Home job name |
| EVENTASID | EASIDX | 6 | Event address space identifier (hexadecimal) |
| HOMEASID | HASIDX | 6 | Home address space identifier (hexadecimal) |
| AUTH | Auth | 4 | Authorized indicator (yes or no) |
| COUNT | Count | 5 | Number of events |
| FIRST | First-Date-Time | 19 | Timestamp of first event |
| SPATHLEN | SPathLen | 8 | Actual length of source path |
| SOURCEPATH | SourcePath | 127 | Source path for event (may be truncated) |
| PPATHLEN | PPathLen | 8 | Actual length of program path |
| PROGRAMPATH | ProgramPath | 127 | Program path for event (may be truncated) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| | | | |

Table 59. Columns on the GT Panel (continued)

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Health Check panel (CK)

The Health Checker (CK) panel allows you to display information from IBM Health Checker for z/OS. The panel shows the active checks. Checks that are currently running are highlighted.

Command keyword

Access the CK panel with the **CK** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The **CK** command without parameters displays checks that are not deleted. The parameters shown in Table 60 on page 72 allow you to customize the CK display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

CK (category|E|EH|EM|EL|EN|D|ALL)

CK with no parameters displays checks that are not deleted.

| Table 60. CK Parameters | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| category | Shows only checks for that category. The value can include * (any string of characters) or % (any single character). | |
| E | Displays all exception checks. You can add: H - exception high M - exception medium L - exception low N - exception none | |
| D | Displays deleted checks. | |
| ALL | Displays deleted as well as non-deleted checks. | |

CK command action characters

The action characters for the CK command are shown in Table 61 on page 72.

| Table 61. CK Command Action Characters | |
|--|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |

| Action Character | Description | |
|------------------|---|--|
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| A | Activate. | |
| D | Display information. | |
| DD | Display information, diagnostic form. | |
| DL | Display information, long form. | |
| DP | Display policies. | |
| DPO | Display policies that are outdated and not applied. | |
| DS | Display status. | |
| E | Refresh. | |
| Н | Deactivate. | |
| L | List history (display the CKH panel). The check must have a history (see the Log-Date-Time column). | |
| Р | Delete. | |
| PF | Delete force: delete even if it is running. | |
| R | Run. | |
| S | Browse (access SDSF's Output Dataset Panel.) | |
| SB | Browse using ISPF Browse. | |
| SBI | Browse REXX input data set using ISPF browse. | |
| SBO | Browse REXX output data set using ISPF browse. | |
| SE | Browse using ISPF Edit. | |
| SEI | Browse REXX input data set using ISPF edit. | |
| SEO | Browse REXX output data set using ISPF edit. | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |
| U | Remove all categories for the check. | |
| X | Print the check output. You can add: | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) | |
| | • D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) | |
| | S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) | |

Columns on the CK panel The columns on the CK panel are shown in <u>Table 62 on page 74</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--|
| NAME | NAME | 32 | Check name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| OWNER | CheckOwner | 16 | Check owner |
| STATE | State | 18 | Check state |
| STATUS | Status | 18 | Check status |
| RESULT | Result | 6 | Result code from the last invocation of the check |
| DIAG1 | Diag1 | 8 | Diagnostic data from check, word 1 |
| DIAG2 | Diag2 | 8 | Diagnostic data from check, word 2 |
| DIAGFROM | DiagFrom | 8 | Source of the diagnostic data, words 1 and 2: ABEND, HCHECKER or CHECKRTN |
| GLOBAL | Global | 6 | Indicator of whether the check is global |
| GLOBALSYS | GlobalSys | 9 | Name of the system on which the global check is running |
| EXCOUNT | ExcCount | 8 | Number of exceptions detected by this check on the last iteration |
| COUNT | RunCount | 8 | Number of times the check has been invoked |
| FAIL | Fail | 4 | Number of times the check failed |
| SEVERITY | Severity | 8 | Severity level of the check (HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW, NONE) |
| SEVCODE | SevCode | 7 | Numeric severity level of the check |
| WTOTYPE | WTOType | 9 | WTO type issued when an exception is found (EVENTUAL, CRITICAL, INFO, HC, NONE or a descriptor code) |
| MODIFIED | ModifiedBy | 26 | How the check was modified |
| POLSTAT | PolicyStatus | 18 | Policy error status |
| WTONUM | WTONum | 6 | Number of WTOs issued by the check |
| NUMCAT | NumCat | 6 | Number of categories in which the check is defined |
| CATEGORY | Category | 16 | Category name. Users can view the complete set of categories by typing + alone in this column. |
| CATEGORY2 - CATEGORY4 | Category2 – Category4 | 16 | Category names 2 to 4. |
| CATEGORY5 - CATEGORY16 | Category5 – Category16 | 16 | Category names 5 to 16. By default, these appear only in the alternate field list. |
| EXITNAME | ExitName | 8 | Exit modname that added the check |
| MODNAME | ModName | 8 | Check module name |
| MSGNAME | MsgName | 8 | Message load module name |
| USERDATE | UserDate | 8 | Current date of the check |
| DEFDATE | DefDate | 8 | Default date of the check |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| DEBUG | Debug | 5 | Debug mode indicator |
| DATEE | Start-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time the check last started (YYYY.DDD HH:MM:SS) |
| INTERVAL | Interval | 8 | Time interval at which the check runs (HHH:MM) |
| SCHDATE | NextSch-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time the check is next scheduled to run (YYYY.DDD HH:MM:SS) |
| SCHINT | NextSch-Int | 11 | Time remaining to the date and time the check is next scheduled to run, in HHHHH:MM:SS |
| LOGDATE | Log-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time of the last successful write to System Logger |
| DELDATE | Deleted-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time the check was deleted |
| PROCNAME | ProcName | 8 | Health Checker procedure name |
| STCID | TaskID | 8 | Health Checker started task ID |
| REASON | Reason | 126 | Description of the reason for check |
| UPDREAS | UpdateReason | 48 | Description of updates to the check. The width can be increased to 126. |
| PARMLEN | ParmLen | 7 | Length of the check parameters |
| PARM | Parameters | 32 | Check parameters. Only characters A-Z, a-z, 0-9, # @, \$ and blanks are shown. Any other value is translated to a period. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| EINTERVAL | EInterval | 9 | Interval at which the check will run when it has raised an exception |
| EXECNAME | ExecName | 8 | Name of the exec to run |
| LOCALE | Locale | 8 | Where the check is running |
| ORIGIN | Origin | 8 | Origin of the check |
| VERBOSE | Verbose | 7 | Verbose mode for the check |
| REXXIN | RexxIn | 44 | REXX input data set name |
| REXXOUT | RexxOut | 44 | REXX output data set name |
| LOGSTREAM | LogStream | 26 | Name of the logstream used to record this check |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after thi column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Held Output panel (H)

The Held Output panel shows the user information about SYSOUT data sets for jobs, started tasks, and TSO users on any *held* JES output queue. There is one row for each output group for each job.

Command keyword

Access the H panel with the H command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 63 on page 76 allow you to customize the H display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
H(classes) (string|ALL)
```

Consider the following examples:

- HDE ALL Displays information for all jobs in output classes D and E.
- H ABC Displays information for jobs with the name abc.
- H ABC* Displays information for jobs with names that begin with abc.
- To display only jobs with names that match your user ID, enter the following commands:
 - Enter the command **PREFIX** *.
 - Enter the **H** command without parameters.

Note: For all other SDSF tabular panels, setting the job name prefix to * specifies that filtering on job name is not done and that all jobs are to be displayed.

- To display all jobs, use any of the following commands:
 - Enter the command **PREFIX ****.
 - Enter the H command without parameters.
 - Enter the PREFIX command with a character string, for example, **PREFIX ABC***.
 - Enter the **H** command without parameters.
 - Enter the **PREFIX** command without parameters.
 - Enter the **PREFIX** command without parameters.
 - Enter the **H** ALL command.

| Table 63. H Parameters | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| classes | A list of up to 7 output classes. | |
| | Note: Do not use blanks between H and the classes or between classes. | |
| string | A character string that limits the panel to jobs with names that match the character string. <i>string</i> may be up to 8 characters, including * (any string of characters) and % (any single character). | |
| ALL | Displays all jobs. | |

H command action characters

The action characters for the H command are shown in <u>Table 64 on page 77</u>.

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| ? | Display a list of the data sets for an output group. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| A | Release a job's output (JES2 only). |
| C | Purge a job's output (JES2 only). |
| Н | Hold a job's output (JES2 only). |
| JS | Display job steps. (Access the Job Step panel.) |
| L | List a job's output in the log (JES2 only). |
| LL | List a job's output in the log, long form (JES2 only). |
| 0 | Release output to be printed, then purged (JES2 only). |
| OK | Release output to be printed and kept (JES2 only). |
| Р | Purge output data sets (JES2 only). |
| Q | Display output descriptors for all of the data sets for an output group. |
| S | Display the data sets for an output group. You can add: |
| | • B - Use ISPF Browse. |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. |
| | V - Use ISPF View. |
| | • J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. |
| Х | Print the check output. You can add: |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) |

I

Columns on the H panel The columns on the H panel are shown in <u>Table 65 on page 78</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| | | | Delay | |
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID | |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of SYSIN/SYSOUT owner, or default values of +++++++ or ????????, if user ID not defined to RACF | |
| DPRIO | Prty | 4 | JES output group priority | |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | JES output class | |
| OUTDISP | ODisp | 5 | JES output disposition | |
| DESTN | Dest | 18 | JES print destination name | |
| RECCNT | Tot-Rec | 9 | Output total record count (lines). Blank for page-mode data. | |
| PAGECNT | Tot-Page | 9 | Output page count (lines). Blank if not for page-mode data. | |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output form number | |
| FCBID | FCB | 4 | Output FCB ID | |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | JES job status. | |
| | | | JES2: | |
| | | | CANCEL canceled | |
| | | | • JHOLD Held | |
| | | | NOSLEC Not selectable for printing | |
| | | | OPER Operator hold | |
| | | | OPER,SYSTEM Operator and system hold | |
| | | | SYSTEM System hold | |
| | | | USER Found on user ID queue | |
| | | | JES3: | |
| | | | BDT SYSOUT is held on the BDT queue | |
| | | | TCP SYSOUT is held on the TCP queue | |
| | | | TSO SYSOUT is held for TSO | |
| | | | XWTR SYSOUT is held for external writer | |
| UCSID | UCS | 4 | Output UCS ID (print train required) | |
| WTRID | Wtr | 8 | Output external writer name | |
| FLASHID | Flash | 5 | Output flash ID | |
| BURST | Burst | 5 | 3800 burst indicator | |
| PRMODE | PrMode | 8 | Printer process mode | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
| DEST | Rmt | 5 | JES print routing. Remote number if routing is not local. (JES2 only) | |
| NODE | Node | 5 | JES print node (JES2 only) | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of data sets | |
| OGNAME | O-Grp-N | 8 | Output group name (JES2 only) | |
| OGID | OGID1 | 5 | Output group ID 1 (JES2 only) | |
| OGID2 | OGID2 | 5 | Output group ID 2 (JES2 only) | |
| JPRIO | JP | 2 | Job priority | |
| DSDATE | CrDate | 10 | Data set creation date. The installation can change the CRDATE column to 19, so that the date and time is included. (JES2 only) | |
| OHREASON | OHR | 3 | Output hold reason code | |
| OHRSNTXT | Output-Hold-Text | 37 | Output hold reason text | |
| DEVID | Device | 18 | Output device name | |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | Printing system (JES2 only) | |
| OFFDEVS | Offs | 4 | List of offload devices for a job or output that has been offloaded (JES2 only) | |
| RETCODE | Max-RC | 10 | Return code information for the job: | |
| | | | blank - No completion information | |
| | | | ABENDUxxxx - Job abended or ABEND Sxxx | |
| | | | CANCELED - Job canceled | |
| | | | CC xxxx - Job ended normally | |
| | | | CC xxxx - Job ended by CC | |
| | | | CONV ABEND - Converter abended | |
| | | | JCL ERROR - JCL error | |
| | | | SEC ERROR - Security error | |
| | | | SYS FAIL - System failure | |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space | |
| ROOMN | RNum | 8 | JES job room number | Х |
| PNAME | Programmer-Name | 20 | JES programmer name | Х |
| ACCTN | Acct | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | | |
| NOTIFY | Notify | 8 | TSO user ID from NOTIFY parameter on job card | |
| ISYSID | ISys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES input system ID | X |

| Table 65. Column | s on the H Panel (continu | led) | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|--|---------------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| TIMER | Rd-Time | 8 | Time that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| DATER | Rd-Date | 8 | Date that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| ESYSID | ESys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system ID | |
| TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | |
| DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| TIMEN | End-Time | 8 | Time that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | |
| DATEN | End-Date | 8 | Date that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | |
| ICARDS | Cards | 5 | Number of cards read for job | |
| JCLASS | JC | 1 or 8 | JES input job class. Default width expands to 8 if there are long class names in the MAS. | |
| MCLASS | MC | 2 | Message class of job | Х |
| SUBGROUP | SubGroup | 8 | Submittor group | Х |
| JOBACCT1 | JobAcct1 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 1 | Х |
| JOBACCT2 | JobAcct2 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 2 | Х |
| JOBACCT3 | JobAcct3 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 3 | Х |
| JOBACCT4 | JobAcct4 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 4 | Х |
| JOBACCT5 | JobAcct5 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 5 | |
| JOBCORR | JobCorrelator | 32 | User portion of the job correlator (JES2 only) | |
| DATETIMER | Rd-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that the job was read in. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the Rd-Date and Rd-Time columns. | |
| с о | | Date and time that execution began. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the St-Date and St-Time columns. | | |

| Table 65. Columns on the H Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| DATETIMEN | End-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution ended. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the End-Date and End-Time columns. | Х |
| BERTNUM | BERTNum | 7 | Number of BERTs used by this JOE (JES2 only) | |
| JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

Initiator panel (INIT)

The INIT panel allows you to display information about JES-managed and WLM-managed initiators.

Command keyword

Access the INIT panel with the **INIT** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 66 on page 81 allow you to customize the INIT display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

INIT (JES | WLM | ALL)

| Table 66. | INIT | Parameters |
|-----------|------|------------|
|-----------|------|------------|

| Parameter Description | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| JES | Displays JES-managed initiators. | | |
| WLM | Displays WLM-managed initiators. | | |
| ALL | Displays all initiators. This is the default. | | |

INIT command action characters

The action characters for the INIT command are shown in Table 67 on page 81.

| Table 67. INIT Command Action Characters | | |
|--|---|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |

| Table 67. INIT Command Action Characters (continued) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| D | Display information about an initiator. | | |
| DL | Display the long form of information about an initiator. | | |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Detail Device panel.) | | |
| JM | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Detail Memory panel.) | | |
| Ρ | Stop an initiator when the current job completes. (JES-managed initiators only.) | | |
| S | Start an initiator. | | |
| Z | Halt an initiator when the current job completes. This suspends, rather than stops, the initiator (JES2 only). | | |

Columns on the INIT panel The columns on the INIT panel are shown in <u>Table 68 on page 82</u>.

| Table 68. | Columns | on the | INIT | Panel |
|-----------|---------|----------|-------|-------|
| TUDIE 00. | Columns | UIL LILE | TINTI | runei |

| | Title (Diamlayrad) | \A/: d+b | Description |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| INTNAME | ID | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | Initiator ID (JES2) or group or class name (JES3). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 10 | Initiator status |
| ICLASS | Classes | 8 | JES2 initiator classes (JES2 only). Multi-character classes and groups shows as periods (.). |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name |
| STEPN | StepName | 8 | Job step name |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step name (JES2 only) |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID or work ID |
| JCLASS | С | 8 | JES input class at time job was selected for execution |
| ASID | ASID | 4 | Address space identifier |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier in hexadecimal |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of the owner of the active job |
| | | | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES member name (JES2) or the system on which the job is active under the class (JES3, resource type of INIT) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | JES level |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of the job |
| SRVCLASS | SrvClass | 8 | For JES-managed initiators, shows the service class of the active job. For WLM-managed initiators, shows the service class the initiator is running. |
| IMODE | Mode | 4 | Initiator mode (group rows only) |
| BARRIER | Barrier | 7 | Group scheduling barrier (JES3 only, group rows only) |
| DEFAULT | Default | 7 | Default group indicator (JES3 only) |
| DEFCNT | DefCount | 8 | Defined initiator count (JES3 only, group rows only) |
| ALLOCCNT | AllocCount | 10 | Allocated initiator count (JES3 only) |
| USECOUNT | UseCount | 8 | In-use initiator count (JES3 only) |
| ALLOC | Alloc | 5 | Allocation option (JES3 only, group rows only), which determines when the execution resources are to be allocated to the JES-managed group |
| UNALLOC | Unalloc | 7 | Unallocation indicator (JES3 only, group rows only) |
| GROUP | Group | 8 | Group name |
| RESTYPE | ResType | 7 | Resource type (group or class) |
| ICLASS1-8 | Class1-8 | 8 | JES2 initiator classes 1-8, including multi-character classes and groups (JES2 only) |
| INTNUM | IntNum | 6 | Initiator number (JES2 only) |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Notes on the table:

1. JNUM is not included in the default field list.

Input Queue panel (I)

The Input Queue panel allows you to display information about jobs that are on the JES input queue, or that are executing.

Command keyword

Access the I panel with the **I** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 69 on page 84 allow you to customize the I display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

I(class) (H|NH)

I with no parameters displays all jobs in all classes and the converter queue (but not TSO users or started tasks). The jobs displayed may be limited by your authorization and by settings for filters such as PREFIX or FILTER.

Consider the following examples:

- **IAC H** Displays jobs in classes A and C that are held.
- IA NH Displays jobs in class A that are not held.
- **I\$** Displays the input queue for all TSO users.

| Table 69. I Parameters | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| class | Limits the job classes. For JES2, type up to 7 one- character classes, with no blanks. Classes are A-Z and 0-9, plus special characters. For JES3, type one class, up to 7 characters. For more complex filters, use the FILTER command. | |
| | Note: Do not use blanks between I and the classes or between classes. | |
| | You can also use special characters for class (JES2 and JES3): | |
| | @ - jobs waiting to be transmitted to another node. | |
| | * - converter queue | |
| | # - started tasks | |
| | • \$ - TSO users | |
| | ! - hardcopy queue | |
| | Note: The hardcopy queue contains all jobs that have any type of output in the system. Accessing the hardcopy queue by using the I command allows you to find output for a job, whether it is on a held or nonheld JES output queue. You can also use the hardcopy queue to display output that has been printed but that remains in the JES spool. | |
| Н | Displays only held jobs. | |
| NH | Displays only jobs that are not held. | |

I command action characters

The action characters for the I command are shown in Table 70 on page 85.

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|---|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| ? | Display a list of the data sets for a job. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) |
| A | Release a held job. |
| C | Cancel a job. You can add: |
| | A - Job that is defined to Automatic Restart Manager (ARM) |
| | • D - And take a dump |
| | • DA - Job that is defined to ARM, and take a dump |
| | • DP - And take a dump but do not purge the job's output (JES3 only). |
| | • P - And print data sets ready for printing (JES3 only). |
| D | Display job information in the log. You can add: |
| | • E - Line, page, record, and card counts (JES3 only). |
| | • L - Long form (JES2 only). |
| | • M - Mains on which the job is eligible to run (JES3 only). |
| | MA - MDS allocate queue information (JES3 only). |
| | • ME - MDS error queue information (JES3 only). |
| | • MR - MDS restart queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MSS - MDS system select queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MSV - MDS system verify queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MU - MDS unavailable volumes information (JES3 only). |
| | P - Dependencies. |
| | • SD - DDNAMEs of all spool data sets that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | • SH - DDNAMEs of data sets in spool hold status that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | • SP - Spool partition name (JES3 only). |
| | • X - Extended (JES3 only). |

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| E | Process a job again. You can add (JES2 only): |
| | • C - Cancel and hold the job prior to execution |
| | S - After the current step completes |
| | • SH - After the current step completes, restart and hold |
| Н | Hold a job. |
| I | Display job delay information. |
| J | Start a job immediately. |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Device panel.) |
| JM | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Memory panel.) |
| JP | Display job dependencies. (Access the Job Dependency panel.) |
| JS | Display the job steps. (Access the Job Step panel.) |
| L | List output status of a job in the log. For JES3, this is job output in the writer queue. You can add: |
| | • B - SNA/NJE output (JES3 only). |
| | • H - Output on the hold queue (JES3 only). |
| | • T - TCP/IP job output (JES3 only). |
| Р | Cancel a job and purge its output. |
| PP | Cancel a protected job and purge its output (JES2 only). |
| Q | Display output descriptors for all of the data sets for an output group. |
| S | Browse the data sets for a job. You can add: |
| | B - Use ISPF Browse. |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. |
| | • V - Use ISPF View. |
| | • J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. |
| W | Cause job and message logs to spin. |
| Х | Print the check output. You can add: |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) |

I

Columns on the I panel The columns on the I panel are shown in <u>Table 71 on page 87</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID | |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space | |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number | |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job owner, or default values of +++ +++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF 1.9 and later | |
| JPRIO | Prty | 4 | JES2 input queue priority | |
| JCLASS | С | 1 or 8 | JES input class. Default width expands to 8 if there are long class names in the MAS. | |
| POS | Pos | 5 | Position within JES input queue class | |
| PRTDEST | PrtDest | 18 | JES print destination name | |
| ROUTE | Rmt | 5 | JES print routing. Remote number if routing is not local. (JES2 only) | |
| NODE | Node | 5 | JES print node (JES2 only) | |
| SYSAFF | SAff | 5 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system affinity (if any) | |
| ACTSYS | ASys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system ID (for logged-on users only) | |
| STATUS | Status | 17 | Status of job | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of job | |
| TGNUM | TGNum | 5 | Track groups used by job | |
| ТGРСТ | TGPct | 6 | Percentage of total track group usage | |
| ORIGNODE | OrigNode | 8 | Origin node name | |
| EXECNODE | ExecNode | 8 | Execution node name | |
| DEVID | Device | 18 | JES device name | |
| SRVCLS | SrvClass | 8 | Service class | |
| WLMPOS | WPos | 5 | Position on the WLM queue | |
| SCHENV | Scheduling-Env | 16 | Scheduling environment for the job | |
| DELAY | Dly | 3 | Indicator that job processing is delayed | |
| SSMODE | Mode | 4 | Subsystem managing the job (JES or WLM) | |
| ROOMN | RNum | 8 | JES job room number | Х |
| PNAME | Programmer-Name | 20 | JES programmer name field | Х |

Table 71, Columns on the I Panel

| Table 71. Columns | s on the I Panel (continu | ed) | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| ACCTN | Acct | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES account number field | Х |
| NOTIFY | Notify | 8 | TSO user ID from NOTIFY parameter on job card | Х |
| ISYSID | ISys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES input system ID | Х |
| TIMER | Rd-Time | 8 | Time that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| DATER | Rd-Date | 8 | Date that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| ESYSID | ESys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system ID | Х |
| TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| DATE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | Х |
| ICARDS | Cards | 5 | Number of cards read for job | Х |
| MCLASS | MC | 2 | MSGCLASS of job | Х |
| TSREC | Tot-Lines | 10 | Total number of spool records for job | Х |
| SPIN | Spin | 4 | Indicator of whether the job is eligible to be spun | |
| SUBGROUP | SubGroup | 8 | Submitter group | Х |
| PHASENAME | PhaseName | 20 | Name of the phase the job is in | |
| PHASE | Phase | 8 | Number of the phase the job is in | |
| JOBACCT1 | JobAcct1 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 1 | Х |
| JOBACCT2 | JobAcct2 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 2 | Х |
| JOBACCT3 | JobAcct3 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 3 | Х |
| JOBACCT4 | JobAcct4 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 4 | Х |
| JOBACCT5 | JobAcct5 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 5 | Х |
| SUBUSER | SubUser | 8 | Submitting user ID | |

| | s on the I Panel (continue | <i>.u)</i> | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|------------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| DELAYRSN | DelayRsn | 32 | Reason for the job delay (JES2 only). The width can be expanded to 127. | |
| JOBCORR | JobCorrelator | 32 | User portion of the job correlator (JES2 only) | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | ASID of the active job | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | ASID of the active job, in hexadecimal | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MVS system name where the job is executing | |
| JOBGROUP | JobGroup | 8 | Name of the job group associated with job (JES2 only) | |
| JOBGRPID | JobGrpId | 8 | JES2 job group job ID | |
| JOBSET | JobSet | 8 | Job set within the job group to which this job belongs (JES2 only) | |
| JGSTATUS | JGStatus | 8 | Status of the job within the dependency network (JES2 only) | |
| FLUSHACT | FlushAct | 8 | Flush action indicator (JES2 only) | |
| HOLDUNTIL | HoldUntil | 19 | HOLDUNTIL date and time (JES2 only) | |
| STARTBY | StartBy | 19 | STARTBY date and time (JES2 only) | |
| WITH | With | 19 | Name of the job or started task that the job must run with (on the same system) (JES2 only) | |
| DATETIMER | Rd-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that the job was read in. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the Rd-Date and Rd-Time columns. | Х |
| DATETIMEE | St-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution began. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the St-Date and St-Time columns. | Х |
| EMAIL | Email | 48 | Email address (JES2 only) | Х |
| BEFOREJOB | BeforeJob | 9 | Name of job that must run before this one (JES2 only) | |
| BEFOREJID | BeforeJID | 4 | JobID of job that must run before this one (JES2 only) | |
| AFTERJOB | AfterJob | 8 | Name of job that must run after this one (JES2 only) | |
| AFTERJID | AfterJID | 8 | JobID of job that must run after this one (JES2 only) | |
| SCHDELAY | SchDelay | 8 | Job delayed due to schedule hold or after (JES2 only) | |
| BERTNUM | BERTNum | 7 | Number of BERTs used by this job (JES2 only) | |
| JOENUM | JOENum | 6 | Number of JOEs used by this job (JES2 only) | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| JOEBERTNUM | JOEBERTs | 7 | Number of BERTs used for this job's JOEs (JES2 only) | |
| DUBIOUS | Dubious | 7 | NJE job flagged as dubious (yes or no) | |
| NETONHOLD | OrigNHold | 9 | Original number of job completions before this job can be released (JES2 only) | |
| NETCNHOLD | CurrNHold | 9 | Current number of job completions before this job can be released (JES2 only) | |
| NETNORM | Normal | 6 | Action to be taken when any predecessor job completes normally (D, F, or R) (JES2 only) | |
| NETABNORM | Abnormal | 6 | Action to be taken when any predecessor job completes abnormally (D, F, or R) (JES2 only) | |
| NETNRCMP | NrCmp | 5 | Network job normal completion (HOLD, NOHO, or FLSH) (JES2 only) | |
| NETABCMP | AbCmp | 5 | Network job abnormal completion (NOKP or KEEP) (JES2 only) | |
| NETOPHOLD | OpHold | 6 | Operator hold (YES or NO) (JES2 only) | |
| JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

JES Subsystem panel (JES)

The JES subsystem (JES) panel shows all known JES subsystems in the system.

Rows for JES2 primary subsystems or JES3 global subsystems are highlighted.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the subsystem name pattern.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **JES** command.

JES command action characters

The action characters for the JES command are shown in Table 72 on page 91.

| Table 72. JES Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display JES subsystem information (z/OS operator command). | |

Columns on the JES panel The columns on the JES panel are shown in <u>Table 73 on page 91</u>.

Table 73. Columns on the JES Subsystem Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| JESNAME | NAME | 4 | Subsystem name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| JESTYPE | Туре | 4 | JES subsystem type (JES2/JES3). |
| PRIMARY | Primary | 7 | Is JES2 Primary subsystem (YES/NO). |
| EMERGENCY | Emergency | 9 | Is JES2 emergency subsystem (YES/NO). |
| GLOBAL | Global | 6 | Is JES3 global subsystem (YES/NO). |
| MEMBER | Member | 8 | JES MAS member name. |
| NODE | OwnNode | 8 | JES Node name. |
| COMCAHR | ComChar | 8 | JES command prefix. |
| XCFGROUP | XCFGroup | 8 | JES MAS XCF group name. |
| STATUS | Status | 32 | Status of JES subsystem. |
| VERSION | Version | 8 | Version of JES. |
| SERVICE | Service | 7 | Service level of JES. |
| SSCT | SSCT | 8 | SSCT address of the subsystem. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name where console is active. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

JESInfo panel (JRI)

The JES Resource Information (JESINFO) panel allows authorized users to display JES2 resource usage.

Rows representing resource shortages are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the resource name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **JRI** command.

JRI command action characters

The action characters for the JRI command are shown in Table 74 on page 92.

| Table 74. JRI Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display resource information. | |
| DL | Display resource information (long format). | |

Columns on the JRI panel

The columns on the JRI panel are shown in Table 78 on page 94.

Table 75. Columns on the JESInfo Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Resource name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| RESSHORT | Shortage | 8 | Resource shortage (yes or no). |
| NPRIVSHORT | NPrivShortage | 13 | Non-privileged shortage (yes or no). |
| NPRIVMAX | NPrivMax | 8 | Non-privileged maximum. |
| NPRIVUSE | NPrivUse | 8 | Non-privileged in use. |
| NPRIVPCT | NPrivUse% | 9 | Non-privileged percentage used. |
| NPRIVEXH | NPrivExhaust | 12 | Non-privileged exhausted (yes or no). |
| WARNPCT | NPrivWarn% | 10 | Non-privileged warning percentage. |
| PRIVSUP | PrivSup | 7 | Privileged support (on or off). |
| RPRIVSUP | ResPrivSup | 10 | Resource privileged support (on or off). |
| PRIVMAX | PrivMax | 7 | Privileged maximum. |
| PRIVUSE | PrivUse | 7 | Privileged usage. |

| Table 75. Columns on the JESInfo Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| PRIVPCT | PrivUse% | 8 | Privileged usage percentage. | |
| EXHAUST | PrivExhaustTime | 19 | Timestamp of predicted privilege exhaustion. | |
| SMALLENV | SmallEnv | 8 | Small environment (yes or no). | |
| RESDESC | Description | 20 | Resource description. | |
| SAMPTIME | SampleTime | 19 | Timestamp when sample obtained. | |
| JESNAME | JESName | 7 | JES subsystem name. | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name. | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

JESInfo by Job panel (JRJ)

The JES Resource Information by job (JRJ) panel allows authorized users to to display JES2 resource usage and rates by job.

Rows representing resource shortages are highlighted.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts up to two parameters, as follows:

- Jobname [jobid]. The jobid is JOB, TSU, STC, J, T, or S followed b the job number.
- Jobname [job number].
- Job number.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **JRJ** command.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameter shown in Table 76 on page 94 allows you to customize the DEV display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
JRJ (COUNT|C|RATE|R)
```

COUNT or C displays job usage based on resource count, with the highest count listed first. This the default.

Consider the following examples:

- JRJ Displays the JESINFO job panel by resource and resource count.
- JRJ R Displays the JESINFO job panel by resource and resource rate.

| Table 76. JRJ Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| COUNT C | Displays job usage based on resource count, with the highest count listed first. This the default. | |
| RATE R | Displays job usage based on resource rate, with the highest rate listed first. | |

JRJ command action characters

The action characters for the JRJ command are shown in Table 77 on page 94.

| Table 77. JRJ Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| DLI | Display resource information. | |
| ST | Access Status Panel for job name. | |

Columns on the JRJ panel The columns on the JRJ panel are shown in <u>Table 78 on page 94</u>.

| Table 78. Columns on the JESInfo by Job Panel | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| JOBNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job ID. | |
| NAME | Resource | 8 | Resource name. | |
| USE | Usage | 5 | Resource usage. | |
| USEPCT | Usage% | 6 | Resource usage percentage. | |
| USERATE | UsageRate | 9 | Resource usage per minute. | |
| NPRIVMAX | NPrivMax | 8 | Non-privileged maximum. | |
| SAMPTIME | SampleTime | 19 | Timestamp when sample obtained. | |
| MEMBER | Member | 8 | Member name for active job. | |
| JESNAME | JESName | 7 | JES subsystem name. | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name. | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | |

| Table 78. Columns on the JESInfo by Job Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

JESPLEX panel (JP)

The JESPLEX (JP) panel allows you to display and control the members of a JES3 JESPLEX.

The JESPLEX (JP) panel simplifies the display and control of members in a JES3 JESPLEX. It is analogous to the JES2 MAS panel, and they share a common field list.

Command keyword

Access the JP panel with the **JP** command from any SDSF panel (JES3 only).

JP command action characters

The action characters for the JP command are shown in Table 79 on page 95.

| Table 79. JP Command Action Characters | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | | |
| С | Connect a member. | | |
| D | Display a member of the JESPLEX in the log. | | |
| DL | Display a member of the JESPLEX in the log, long form. | | |
| F | Flush jobs currently running on the main. | | |
| JS | Display the current status of JES3. | | |
| Р | Stop a member of the JESPLEX. | | |
| S | Start a member of the JESPLEX. | | |
| SM | Start the JES3 monitor. | | |
| V | Start scheduling jobs for the member. | | |
| VF | Stop scheduling jobs for the member. | | |
| ZM | Stop the JES3 monitor. | | |
| | | | |

Columns on the JP panel

The columns on the JP panel are shown in Table 80 on page 96.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Panel | Description |
|-------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | MAS, JP | Member name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 12 | MAS, JP | Member status |
| SYSID | SID | 3 | MAS | The system ID number |
| PREVCKPT | PrevCkpt | 8 | MAS | Number of seconds elapsed since the previous checkpoint (ss.hh format) |
| CKPTHOLD | Hold | 8 | MAS | Checkpoint hold in hundredths of seconds |
| ACTHOLD | ActHold | 8 | MAS | Actual checkpoint hold in hundredths of seconds |
| DORMANCY | Dormancy | 11 | MAS | Checkpoint dormancy (minimum,maximum). Format in hundredths of seconds. |
| ACTDORM | ActDorm | 7 | MAS | Actual checkpoint dormancy in hundredths of seconds |
| SYNCTOL | SyncTol | 7 | MAS | Checkpoint synchronization tolerance in seconds |
| SYSMODE | Ind | 3 | MAS | Independent mode |
| RSYSID | RSID | 4 | MAS | Name of member performing a \$ESYS |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MAS, JP | System name of the MVS image on which this JES system is active |
| VERSION | Version | 8 | MAS, JP | JES version the system is running |
| LASTCKPT | Last-Checkpoint | 22 | MAS | Last date and time checkpoint was taken |
| COMCHAR | C | 1 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | MAS, JP | Command character |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | MAS, JP | JES subsystem name |
| SLEVEL | SLevel | 6 | MAS, JP | JES service level |
| BOSS | Boss | 4 | MAS | Indicates if this member is a manager or "boss" of WLM service class queues |
| GLOBAL | Global | 6 | JP | JES3 Global member indicator |
| COMMAND | Command | 8 | MAS | Command in progress |
| ТҮРЕ | Start-Type | 18 | MAS, JP | Last start type for the member |
| DATEE | Start-Date-Time | 19 | MAS, JP | Date and time the member was started |
| LASTGCON | LastGCon-Date- Time | 18 | JP | Last time the global was contacted |

| Table 80. Columns on the MAS and JP Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|------------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Panel | Description |
| PTRACK | PrimTG | 6 | JP | Primary track group allocation |
| STRACK | SecTG | 6 | JP | Secondary track group allocation |
| WTOLIM | WTOLim | 6 | JP | WTO message limit |
| WTOINT | WTOInt | 6 | JP | WTO message interval |
| PCSALIM | PBufCSA | 7 | JP | Protected buffer CSA limit |
| PAUXLIM | PBufAux | 7 | JP | Protected buffer JES3 auxiliary limit |
| PFIXED | PBufFixed | 9 | JP | Fixed protected buffers |
| USRPAGE | UserPages | 9 | JP | User pages per open SYSOUT dataset |
| SELMNAME | SelectModeName | 14 | JP | Selection mode name |
| SPARTN | PartName | 8 | JP | Spool partition name |
| MSGPRF | MsgPrefix | 11 | JP | Message prefix |
| MSGDEST | MsgDest | 7 | JP | Message destination |
| CONSTAT | ConnStat | 13 | JP | Connect status |
| ATTSTAT | AttStat | 11 | JP | Attach status |
| CKPTLEV | CkptLevel | 9 | MAS, JP | JES2 checkpoint level (\$ACTIVATE level). |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | MAS, JP | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job Class panel (JC)

The Job Class (JC) panel allows you to display and control the job classes in the JES2 MAS or JES3 JESPLEX. It shows both JES and WLM managed classes.

Command keyword

Access the JC panel with the **JC** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

JC with no parameters displays all job classes. The parameter shown in <u>Table 81 on page 98</u> allows you to customize the JC display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

JC(classes)

Consider the following example:

• JCah - Displays job classes A and H.

| Table 81. JC Parameters | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| classes | A list of up to 6 classes (JES2), or one class (JES3), to include. For JES2, classes are one character, A- Z, 0-9, \$ (TSO users) or # (started tasks). Use the FILTER command for longer class names. | |
| | Note: Do not use blanks between JC and the classes or between classes. | |

JC command action characters

The action characters for the JC command are shown in Table 82 on page 98.

| Table 82. JC Command Action Characters | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| D | Display information about a job class in the logs and ULOG. | | |
| DC | Display status for the class in the logs and ULOG (JES3 only). | | |
| DG | Display status for the group in the logs and ULOG (JES3 only). | | |
| DL | Display job class information in long format (JES2 only) . | | |
| I | Member information. (Access the Job Class Members panel). JES3 only. | | |
| ST | Display the ST panel for all jobs in the class. For JES2, valid only when the job class is 1 character. | | |

Columns on the JC panel The columns on the JC panel are shown in <u>Table 83 on page 98</u>.

| Table 83. Columns on the JC Panel | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| JOBCL | CLASS | 8 | Job class. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JSTATUS | Status | 8 | Class status. | |
| MEMBER | Member | 8 | Member name (JES3 only). | |
| GROUP | Group | 8 | Group name. | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| JMODE | Mode | 4 | Manager of the class. |
| WAITCNT | Wait-Cnt | 8 | Number of jobs waiting for execution (non-WLM jobs only) (JES2 only). |
| XEQCNT | Xeq-Cnt | 8 | Number of active jobs. |
| HOLDCNT | Hold-Cnt | 8 | Number of held jobs (JES2 only). |
| JCODISP | ODisp | 13 | Output disposition for normal and abnormal end of the job (JES2 only). |
| QHELD | QHld | 4 | Job class hold indicator (JES2 only). |
| JHOLD | Hold | 4 | Job hold indicator (JES2 only). |
| ХВМ | ХВМ | 8 | Name of the execution batch monitor (XBM) procedure to be executed by jobs running in the class (JES2 only). |
| JCLIM | JCLim | 5 | Job class limit for the system (JES2 only). |
| TDEPTH | TDepth | 6 | Maximum job count for the class (JES3 only). This is analogous to the JCLim column for JES2. |
| JPGN | PGN | 3 | Default performance-group number (JES2 only). |
| JAUTH | Auth | 4 | MVS operator command groups that are to be executed (JES2 only). |
| BLP | BLP | 3 | Perform bypass label processing (JES2 only). |
| COMMAND | Command | 7 | Disposition of commands read from the input stream (JES2 only). |
| JLOG | Log | 3 | Job log indicator. |
| MSGLEVEL | MsgLV | 5 | Message level value (JES2 only). |
| ουτρυτ | Out | 3 | SYSOUT write indicator (JES2 only). |
| PROCLIB | PL | 2 | Default procedure library number (JES2 only). |
| PROMORT | PromoRt | 7 | STARTBY promotion rate (JES2 only). |
| REGION | Region | 6 | Default region size assigned to each job step (JES2 only). |
| SWA | SWA | 5 | Placement of SWA control blocks created for jobs, in relation to 16 megabytes in virtual storage (JES2 only). |
| TIME | Max-Time | 11 | Default for the maximum time that each job step may run (JES2 only). |
| ACCT | Acct | 4 | Requirement for the account number on a JCL JOB statement (JES2 only). |
| COPY | Сру | 3 | Queue jobs for output processing as though TYPRUN=COPY were specified on the JOB statement (JES2 only). |
| JOURNAL | Jrnl | 4 | Save job-related information in a job journal. |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| PGMRNAME | PgNm | 4 | Programmer name required on a JCL JOB statement (JES2 only). |
| RESTART | Rst | 3 | Requeue for execution jobs that had been executing before the IPL of the system was repeated and a JES2 warm start was performed. |
| SCAN | Scn | 3 | Queue jobs for output processing immediately after JCL conversion (JES2 only). |
| IEFUJP | UJP | 3 | Take the IEFUJP exit when a job is purged (JES2 only). |
| IEFUSO | USO | 3 | Take the IEFUSO installation exit when the SYSOUT limit is reached for a job (JES2 only). |
| TYPE6 | Тр6 | 3 | Produce type 6 SMF records (JES2 only). |
| TYPE26 | Тр26 | 4 | Produce type 26 SMF records (JES2 only). |
| CONDPURG | CPr | 3 | Conditionally purge system data sets in this time- sharing user class (JES2 only). |
| JMCLASS | MC | 2 | Message class for all time-sharing sessions (default logon message class for all TSO/E logons) (JES2 only). |
| SCHENJC | Scheduling-Env | 16 | Scheduling environment for the job (JES2 only). |
| JESLOG | JESLog | 13 | Spin options for the jobs' JES2 job log and message log. |
| XBMPROC | XBMProc | 8 | Procedure name for XBM/2 job (JES2 only). |
| DUPJOB | DupJob | 6 | Duplicate job names acceptable for this class (JES2 only). |
| SDEPTH | SDepth | 6 | Setup depth (JES3 only). |
| PARTNAM | PartName | 8 | Spool partition name (JES3 only). |
| PRITRK | PriTrk | 6 | Primary track group allocation (JES3 only). |
| SECTRK | SecTrk | 6 | Secondary track group allocation (JES3 only). |
| PRIO | Prio | 4 | Priority (JES3 only). |
| JOBRC | JobRC | 6 | Indicates whether the last (LASTRC) or max (MAXRC) step completion code is reported as the job completion code (JES2 only). |
| CLACTIVE | Active | 6 | Indicates if the class is currently active (JES2 only). |
| DSENQSHR | DSEnqShr | 8 | Indicates if JES should change data set enqueues to shared access when exclusive access is not required (JES2 only). |
| SYSSYM | SysSym | 8 | Indicates if system symbols are allowed in batch jobs. |
| GDGBIAS | GDGBias | 7 | GDG bias default (STEP or JOB). |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name for member (JES3 only). |

| Table 83. Columns on the JC Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| SELMODE | SelMode | 8 | Selection mode name (JES3 only). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Job Group panel (JG)

The Job Group panel allows you to view information about JES2 job groups, or execution zones. Execution zones are created when JCL is submitted that describes a relationship between a set of jobs.

Command keyword

Access the Job Group panel with the **JG** command from any SDSF panel. (JES2 only)

Customize the display with parameters

The parameter shown in Table 84 on page 101 allows you to customize the JG display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

JG (string)

JG with no parameters displays all job groups.

Consider the following example:

• **JG PAYROLL*** - Displays all job groups with names that begin with PAYROLL.

| Table 84. JG Parameters | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| string | A character string that limits the panel to job groups with names that match the string. The string can be up to 8 characters, including: | |
| | * - any character or string of characters. % - any single character. | |

JG command action characters

The action characters for the JG command are shown in Table 85 on page 101.

| Table 85. JG Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| A | Release the job group. |
| C | Cancel the job group. |
| СР | Cancel and purge the job group. |
| D | Display information in the log. You can add: |
| | E - Jobs in the group that encountered an error. J - Jobs associated with the group. L - Information about the group, long form. N - Network. P - Dependencies for the group. |
| Н | Hold the job group. |
| JP | Dependencies for the group (access the JP panel). |
| Р | Purge the job group. |
| S | Browse data sets associated with the step. You ca add: |
| | B - Browse using ISPF Browse. E - Browse using ISPF Edit. |
| | V - Use ISPF view. |
| | • J - Edit JCL for the entire job. |
| ST | Display details for the job group (access the ST panel). |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: |
| | C - Close the print file after printing (XC). D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). |
| ? | Display a list of data sets for a job. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) |

Columns on the JG panel The columns on the JG panel are shown in <u>Table 86 on page 102</u>.

| Table 86. Columns on the JG Panel | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| JOBGROUP | JOBGROUP | 8 | Job group name. It is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JOBGRPID | JobGrpID | 8 | Group ID – JobId(job number) of associated logging job for the group | |

| Table 86. Columns on the JG Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| OWNER | Owner | 8 | User ID of the owner of the job group | |
| STATUS | Status | 10 | Status of the job group | |
| CRETCODE | Current-CC | 10 | Completion code of the job group. | |
| SYSAFF | SAff | 5 | List of JES members (affinity mask) where jobs in the zone (group) can run | |
| SCHENV | Scheduling-Env | 16 | Scheduling environment where jobs in the group can run | |
| ONERR | OnError | 7 | Action to take when a job group is determined to be in error. | |
| ERRSTAT | ErrStat | 7 | Current error status | |
| ERRCOND | ErrorCond | 18 | Error condition | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label associated with the job group | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Job Tasks panel (JT)

The Job Tasks panel allows you to list the TCBs for an address space.

Command keyword

You access the Job Tasks panel using the JT action character from the DA or AS panel.

JT action characters

The action characters for JT are shown in Table 87 on page 103.

| Table 87. JT Action Characters | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the JT panel

The columns on the JT panel are shown in Table 88 on page 104.

| Table 88. Columns on the JT Panel | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| TCBADDR | TCB | 24 | TCB address formatted based on task level for as many levels that fit. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| RB | RB | 8 | RB address | |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 8 | RB type | |
| PROGRAM | Program | 8 | Module associated with TCB | |
| STORAGE | Storage | 7 | TCB storage in bytes | |
| FREESTOR | FreeStor | 8 | TCB free storage in bytes | |
| CPUTIME | CPU-Time | 10 | CPU time (seconds) | |
| ТСВСМР | ТСВСМР | 8 | TCB completion code | |
| TCBFLAGS | TCBFlags | 8 | TCB flags (TCBFLGS1 through TCBFLGS8) | |
| INTCOD | IntC | 4 | Interrupt code from RBINTCOD | |
| STCB | STCB | 8 | Secondary TCB address | |
| XSB | XSB | 8 | XSB address | |
| OPSW | OPSW | 17 | Old PSW from RB | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier in hexadecimal | |
| ТСВ | TCBPtr | 8 | TCB address (hexadecimal) | |
| LEVEL | Level | 5 | TCB or RB level | |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Job 0 (J0)

The Job 0 panel allows you to display information about JES3 job JOB0. It is available only in a JES3 environment. With this panel, you can work with data sets that were created by JES3.

Command keyword

Access the Job 0 panel with the **J0** command from any SDSF panel. (JES3 only)

JO command action characters

The action characters for the J0 command are shown in Table 89 on page 105.

| Table 89. J0 Command Action Characters | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| ? | Display a list of the data sets. | | |
| С | Purge a data set. | | |
| D | Display information in the SYSLOG. | | |
| н | Hold a data set. | | |
| 0 | Release a data set. | | |
| Р | Purge a data set. | | |
| Q | Display output descriptors for the data set. | | |
| Р | Purge the job group. | | |
| Х | Print a data set. You can add: | | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) | | |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) | | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) | | |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) | | |

Columns on the J0 panel The columns on the J0 panel are shown in <u>Table 90 on page 105</u>.

Table 90. Columns on the J0 Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NAME | DSPNAME | 8 | DSP that created the data. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| DSID | DSID | 4 | Data set ID number |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of SYSIN/SYSOUT owner, or default values of +++++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF 1.9 and later |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | JES3 output class |
| COPYCNT | CC | 2 | Data set copy count |
| PRMODE | PrMode | 8 | Data set process mode |
| BURST | Burst | 5 | Data set burst indicator |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output form number |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| FCBID | FCB | 4 | Output FCB ID |
| UCSID | UCS | 4 | Output UCS ID |
| WTRID | Wtr | 8 | External writer name |
| FLASHID | Flash | 5 | Output flash ID |
| FLASHC | FlashC | 6 | Flash copies |
| SEGID | SegID | 5 | Data set segment number |
| CHARS | Chars | 21 | Character arrangement table names |
| СРҮМОД | CpyMod | 8 | Copy modification module name |
| QUEUE | Queue | 5 | Queue the data set is on (TCP, BDT, HOLD, WTR) |
| DESTN | Dest | 18 | SYSOUT destination |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label |
| DSDATE | CrDate-CrTime | 19 | Data set creation date and time, or, if ***** N/A *****, the creation date and time were not available. |
| SPIN | Spin | 4 | Indicates whether this is a spin data set |
| SELECT | Sel | 3 | Indicates whether the data set is selectable |
| RECCNT | Rec-Cnt | 7 | Data set record count |
| PAGECNT | Page-Cnt | 8 | Data set page count. Blank if not page-mode data. |
| BYTECNT | Byte-Cnt | 8 | Data set byte count |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format |
| DDNAME | DDName | 8 | DD name |
| DSNAME | DSName | 44 | Data set name |
| STEPN | StepName | 8 | Job step that created the SYSOUT |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step that created the SYSOUT |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Lines panel (LI)

The Lines (LI) panel allows you to display information about JES lines and their associated transmitters and receivers.

Command keyword

Access the Lines panel with the **LI** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 91 on page 107 allow you to customize the JG display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
LINES (line-list)
LINE
LI
```

LI with no parameters displays all lines and their associated transmitters and receivers.

Consider the following examples:

• LI 1-3 6 - Displays lines 1, 2, 3, and 6.

• LINES SHORT - Displays information about all lines, but no transmitters or receivers.

| Table 91. LI Parameters | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| line-list | A line-list is made up of 1 to 4 of the following: |
| | • line-number - a line number (1-32767). |
| | line-number-range - a range of line numbers, specified by the first and last numbers in the range separated by a hyphen (e.g. 1-10). |
| SHORT S | Displays information about lines only. Transmitters and receivers are not displayed. |

Line numbers are valid only for JES2.

LI command action characters

The action characters for the LI command are shown in Table 92 on page 107.

| Table 92. LI Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| с | Cancel a transmitter or receiver (JES2) or line (JES3) | |
| D | Display the line, transmitter or receiver in the log. You can add: | |
| | • L - long form, for the line | |
| | S - status of the names of the BSC line (JES3 only). | |
| | • E - cumulative error statistics for the line (JES3 only). | |
| E | Restart the transmitter or receiver (JES2 only) or line. | |
| Ι | Interrupt the line. | |

| Table 92. LI Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| L | Fail the line DSP (JES3 only). | |
| LD | Fail the line DSP with a dump (JES3 only). | |
| Р | Drain the line, transmitter, or receiver (JES2 only). | |
| Q | Quiesce the line (JES2 only). | |
| S | Start the transmitter or receiver (JES2 only) or line. | |
| SL | Start the line with tracing (JES3 only). | |
| SNL | Start the line without tracing (JES3 only). | |
| SN | Start network communication (JES2 only). | |
| SNR | Start but prevent network jobs from being received (JES3 only). | |
| SR | Start and allow network jobs to be received (JES3 only). | |
| SRJP | Start RJP on the line (JES3 only). | |
| V | Vary online (JES3 only). | |
| VF | Vary offline (JES3 only). | |

Columns on the LI panel The columns on the LI panel are shown in <u>Table 93 on page 108</u>.

| Table 93. Columns on t | the LI Panel |
|------------------------|--------------|
|------------------------|--------------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| DEVNAME | DEVICE | 12 | Device name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Line status |
| UNIT | Unit | 5 | Line address or type |
| NNODE | Node | 8 | Node that the line is connected to |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID |
| JTYPE | ЈТуре | 5 | Type of address space |
| JNUM | JNum | 6 | JES job number |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of owner |
| RECPRT | Proc-Lines | 10 | Number of lines processed for the job. |
| RECCNT | Tot-Lines | 10 | Number of lines in the job. |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 4 | Type of line |
| LINELIM | Line-Limit | 13 | Line limit for the line (JES2 only) |
| PAGELIM | Page-Limit | 13 | Page limit for the line (JES2 only) |
| PRTWS | Work-Selection | 14 | Line work selection criteria (JES2 only) |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| SESSION | Session | 8 | Session name (JES2 only) |
| TOTERRS | Tot-Errs | 8 | Error count (JES2 only) |
| AUTODISC | ADisc | 5 | Line disconnect option |
| CODE | Code | 4 | BSC adaptor code |
| COMPRESS | Comp | 4 | BSC data compression option |
| APPLID | ApplID | 8 | Application name for NJE line (JES2 only) |
| DUPLEX | Duplex | 6 | BSC line mode |
| INTERFAC | Intf | 4 | BSC adapter interface |
| LINECCHR | LineCChr | 8 | BSC line control characters configuration (JES2 only) |
| LOG | Log | 3 | Message logging option (JES2 only) |
| REST | Rest | 4 | Resistance rating of line (JES2 only) |
| SPEED | Speed | 5 | Speed of the line |
| PTRACE | Tr | 3 | Trace I/O option |
| TRANSPAR | Transp | 6 | BSC transparency feature |
| PSWD | Password | 8 | Password |
| DISC | Discon | 9 | Disconnect status: NO, INTERRUPT, or QUIESCE (only for active lines). |
| RMTSHR | RmtShr | 6 | Indicates whether the line is allowed to be dedicated (JES2 only) |
| JRNUM | JRNum | 7 | Job receivers associated with the line, either a count or D, for default (JES2 only) |
| JTNUM | JTNum | 7 | Job transmitters associated with the line, either a count or D, for default (JES2 only) |
| SRNUM | SRNum | 7 | SYSOUT receivers associated with the line, either a count or D, for default (JES2 only) |
| STNUM | STNum | 7 | SYSOUT transmitters associated with the line, either a count or D, for default (JES2 only) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System Name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES2 level |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) |
| SOCKETN | SocketN | 8 | Socket name (JES2 only) |
| IPADDR | IPAddr | 24 | IP address (JES2 only) |
| IPNAME | IPName | 32 | IP name (JES2 only) |
| PORT | Port | 5 | TCP/IP port number (JES2 only) |

| Table 93. Columns on the LI Panel (continued) | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| PORTNAME | PortName | 8 | TCP/IP port name. Blank if a port number has been set explicitly. (JES2 only) |
| SECURE | Secure | 6 | Secure socket (JES2 only) |
| NSNAME | NSName | 8 | Network server name (JES2 only) |
| ANODE | ANode | 8 | Adjacent node (JES2 only) |
| LINELIML | Line-Lim-Lo | 11 | Line limit, minimum (JES2 only) |
| LINELIMH | Line-Lim-Hi | 11 | Line limit, maximum (JES2 only) |
| PAGELIML | Page-Lim-Lo | 11 | Page limit, minimum (JES2 only) |
| PAGELIMH | Page-Lim-Hi | 11 | Page limit, maximum (JES2 only) |
| CTRACE | CTr | 3 | Common tracing (JES2 only) |
| VTRACE | VTr | 3 | Verbose tracing (JES2 only) |
| JTRACE | JTr | 3 | JES tracing (JES2 only) |
| CONNECT | Connect | 7 | Connect line automatically (JES2 only) |
| СТІМЕ | Conn-Int | 10 | Connection interval in minutes (JES2 only) |
| RESTART | Restart | 8 | Restart line automatically (JES2 only) |
| RTIME | Rest-Int | 10 | Restart interval, in minutes (JES2 only) |
| SODISP | SODsp | 5 | Selection output disposition 1 (JES2 only) |
| SODISP2 | SODsp2 | 5 | Selection output disposition 2 (JES2 only) |
| SODISP3 | SODsp3 | 5 | Selection output disposition 3 (JES2 only) |
| SODISP4 | SODsp4 | 5 | Selection output disposition 4 (JES2 only) |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after the column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Notes on the table:

1. JNUM is not included in the default field list.

Link List panel (LNK)

The LnkLst (LNK) panel allows you to display the data sets in the active link list. The panel shows the data sets in the link list.

Command keyword

Access the Link List panel with the LNK command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The panel contains columns that show data set attributes. The attributes are obtained by SDSF by using catalog search and by reading the VTOC for the volume where the data set resides.

You can use the **SHORT** parameter to suppress the gathering of the data set information. When in **SHORT** mode, the columns are visible but they show blanks or zeros based on the formatting type.

The columns that are not retrieved in **SHORT** mode and display as blank or zeros based on column type are as follows:

- VolSer
- BlkSize
- Extent
- SMS
- LRecL
- DSOrg
- RecFm
- CrDate
- RefDate

The panel totals the extents for all data sets being shown. In **SHORT** mode, the extent count may be zero or reflect only data sets gathered from down-level systems. To indicate that the extent count may be different from what is expected, and that the panel is in **SHORT** mode, the EXT keyword in the title is shown as *EXT in **SHORT** mode.

The parameter usage is as follows:

LNK [S|SHORT]

LNK command action characters

The action characters for the LNK command are shown in Table 94 on page 111.

| Table 94. LNK Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display information. You can add: | |
| | N - display data set names | |
| SB | Browse (ISPF only). | |
| SE | Edit (ISPF only). | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |

Columns on the LNK panel

The columns on the LNK panel are shown in Table 95 on page 112.

| Table 95. Columns on the LNK Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name.This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number | |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial | |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Data set block size | |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of extents | |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator. YES if the data set is SMS managed. Otherwise, NO. | |
| APF | APF | 3 | APF indicator. YES if the data set is APF authorized. Otherwise, NO. | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization | |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format | |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date | |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last referenced date | |
| SETNAME | SetName | 16 | Link list set name | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Link Pack Area panel (LPA)

The LPA List (LPA) panel allows you to display the data sets in the LPA list.

Command keyword

Access the Link Pack Area panel with the LPA command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The panel contains columns that show data set attributes. The attributes are obtained by SDSF by using catalog search and by reading the VTOC for the volume where the data set resides.

You can use the **SHORT** parameter to suppress the gathering of the data set information. When in **SHORT** mode, the columns are visible but they show blanks or zeros based on the formatting type.

The columns that are not retrieved in **SHORT** mode and display as blank or zeros based on column type are as follows:

- VolSer
- BlkSize
- Extent
- SMS
- LRecL
- DSOrg
- RecFm
- CrDate
- RefDate

The panel totals the extents for all data sets being shown. In **SHORT** mode, the extent count may be zero or reflect only data sets gathered from down-level systems. To indicate that the extent count may be different from what is expected, and that the panel is in **SHORT** mode, the EXT keyword in the title is shown as *EXT in **SHORT** mode.

The parameter usage is as follows:

LPA [S|SHORT]

LPA command action characters

The action characters for the LPA command are shown in Table 96 on page 113.

| Table 96. LPA Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| SB | Browse (ISPF only). | |
| SE | Edit (ISPF only). | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |

Columns on the LPA panel

The columns on the LPA panel are shown in Table 97 on page 113.

| Table 97. Columns on the LPA Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number | |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial | |
| | | | | |

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| Table 97. Columns on the LPA Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Data set block size | |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of extents | |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator. YES if the data set is SMS managed. Otherwise, NO. | |
| APF | APF | 3 | APF indicator: YES if the data set is APF authorized. Otherwise, NO. | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization | |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format | |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date | |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last referenced date | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Link Pack Directory panel (LPD)

The Link Pack Directory (LPD) panel shows details of the modules in the link pack area.

Rows representing major names (non-alias names) are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the module name.

Command keyword

Г

Access the panel with the **LPD** command.

LPD command action characters

The action characters for the LPD command are shown in Table 98 on page 114.

| Table 98. LPD Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the LPD panel

The columns on the LPD panel are shown in Table 99 on page 115.

| Table 99. Columns on the Link Pack Directory Panel | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| MODNAME | MODNAME | 8 | Module name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| MAJOR | Major | 8 | Major name when name is an alias. | |
| MODEPA | EPA | 17 | Entry point address. | |
| MODLOADPT | LoadPt | 17 | Load point address. | |
| LOCATION | Location | 16 | Module location. | |
| MODSIZE | ModLen | 8 | Module length if available. | |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 7 | Link pack directory type. | |
| AUTHCOD | AC | 2 | Authorization code. | |
| AMODE | AM | 2 | Address mode (amode). | |
| APF | APF | 3 | APF authorization (yes or no). | |
| SEQ | Seq | 5 | Search sequence number. | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name. | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Multi-Access Spool panel (MAS)

The Multi-Access Spool (MAS) panel allows you to display and control the members of a JES2 MAS. The analogous JES3 JESPLEX panel simplifies the display and control of members in a JES3 JESPLEX.

Command keyword

Access the Multi-Access Spool panel with the MAS command from any SDSF panel. Under JES3 it is treated as a JESPLEX **JP** command.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 100 on page 116 allow you to customize the MAS display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

MAS ALL

MAS with no parameters displays only those members that are currently defined.

Consider the following example:

• MAS - Display only the defined members of the MAS.

| Table 100. MAS Parameters | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| ALL | Displays all members in the MAS, even those that are not currently defined. | |

MAS command action characters

The action characters for the MAS command are shown in Table 101 on page 116.

| Table 101. MAS Command Action Characters | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| D | Display a member of the MAS in the log. | | |
| E | Restart a member of the MAS. | | |
| ER | Reset a member of the MAS. | | |
| J | Display the current state of monitor subtasks. You can add: | | |
| | • D - Display monitor details. | | |
| | • H - Display resource history. | | |
| | • J - Display the current state of JES2. | | |
| | • S - Display the current status of JES2. | | |
| Р | Stop a member of the MAS. You can add: | | |
| | • A - Stop a member of the MAS (abend). | | |
| | Q - Stop a member of the MAS, ignoring cross- system activity. | | |
| | T - Stop a member of the MAS, ignoring active programs. | | |
| | • X - Stop scheduling of jobs for the member of the MAS. | | |
| PC | Stop conversion on a member of the MAS. JES2 only | | |
| S | Start a member of the MAS. | | |
| SC | Start conversion on a member of the MAS. JES2 only | | |
| SX | Start scheduling of jobs for a member of the MAS. | | |
| ZM | Stop the JES2 monitor. | | |

Columns on the MAS panel The columns on the MAS panel are shown in <u>Table 102 on page 117</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Panel | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | MAS, JP | Member name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 12 | MAS, JP | Member status |
| SYSID | SID | 3 | MAS | The system ID number |
| PREVCKPT | PrevCkpt | 8 | MAS | Number of seconds elapsed since the previous checkpoint (ss.hh format) |
| CKPTHOLD | Hold | 8 | MAS | Checkpoint hold in hundredths of seconds |
| ACTHOLD | ActHold | 8 | MAS | Actual checkpoint hold in hundredths of seconds |
| DORMANCY | Dormancy | 11 | MAS | Checkpoint dormancy (minimum,maximum). Format in hundredths of seconds. |
| ACTDORM | ActDorm | 7 | MAS | Actual checkpoint dormancy in hundredths of seconds |
| SYNCTOL | SyncTol | 7 | MAS | Checkpoint synchronization tolerance in seconds |
| SYSMODE | Ind | 3 | MAS | Independent mode |
| RSYSID | RSID | 4 | MAS | Name of member performing a \$ESYS |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MAS, JP | System name of the MVS image on which this JES system is active |
| VERSION | Version | 8 | MAS, JP | JES version the system is running |
| LASTCKPT | Last-Checkpoint | 22 | MAS | Last date and time checkpoint was taken |
| COMCHAR | C | 1 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | MAS, JP | Command character |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | MAS, JP | JES subsystem name |
| SLEVEL | SLevel | 6 | MAS, JP | JES service level |
| BOSS | Boss | 4 | MAS | Indicates if this member is a manager or "boss" of WLM service class queues |
| GLOBAL | Global | 6 | JP | JES3 Global member indicator |
| COMMAND | Command | 8 | MAS | Command in progress |
| ТҮРЕ | Start-Type | 18 | MAS, JP | Last start type for the member |
| DATEE | Start-Date-Time | 19 | MAS, JP | Date and time the member was started |

Table 102. Columns on the MAS and JP Panel

| Table 102. Columns on the MAS and JP Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------|------------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Panel | Description |
| LASTGCON | LastGCon-Date- Time | 18 | JP | Last time the global was contacted |
| PTRACK | PrimTG | 6 | JP | Primary track group allocation |
| STRACK | SecTG | 6 | JP | Secondary track group allocation |
| WTOLIM | WTOLim | 6 | JP | WTO message limit |
| WTOINT | WTOInt | 6 | JP | WTO message interval |
| PCSALIM | PBufCSA | 7 | JP | Protected buffer CSA limit |
| PAUXLIM | PBufAux | 7 | JP | Protected buffer JES3 auxiliary limit |
| PFIXED | PBufFixed | 9 | JP | Fixed protected buffers |
| USRPAGE | UserPages | 9 | JP | User pages per open SYSOUT dataset |
| SELMNAME | SelectModeName | 14 | JP | Selection mode name |
| SPARTN | PartName | 8 | JP | Spool partition name |
| MSGPRF | MsgPrefix | 11 | JP | Message prefix |
| MSGDEST | MsgDest | 7 | JP | Message destination |
| CONSTAT | ConnStat | 13 | JP | Connect status |
| ATTSTAT | AttStat | 11 | JP | Attach status |
| CKPTLEV | CkptLevel | 9 | MAS, JP | JES2 checkpoint level (\$ACTIVATE level). |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | MAS, JP | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Network Activity panel (NA)

The Network Activity (NA) panel allows you to show all TCP/IP activity in the system.

Command keyword

Access the NA panel with the **NA** command from any SDSF panel.

NA command action characters

The action characters for the NA command are shown in Table 103 on page 118.

| Table 103. NA Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |

| Table 103. NA Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display all connection information. | |
| DAL | Display all connection information, long form. | |
| DB | Display byte count information. | |
| DBL | Display byte count information, long form. | |
| DN | Display connection. | |
| DNL | Display connection, long form. | |
| DR | Display routing information. | |
| DRD | Display routing information, detailed. | |
| DRL | Display routing information, long form. | |
| DRDL | Display routing information, detailed, long form. | |

Columns on the NA panel The columns on the NA panel are shown in <u>Table 104 on page 119</u>.

Table 104. Columns on the NA Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Status |
| IPADDR | IPAddr | 24 | IP address |
| PORT | Port | 5 | Port number |
| INBUFSZ | InBufSz | 7 | Receive buffer size |
| OUTBUFSZ | OutBufSz | 8 | Send buffer size |
| EXCPCT | EXCP-Cnt | 8 | Number of requests |
| BYTESIN | BytesIn | 8 | Number of bytes received |
| BYTESOUT | BytesOut | 8 | Number of bytes sent |
| APPL | Appl | 8 | Application name |
| LUNAME | LUName | 8 | Logical unit name |
| CLIENT | Client | 8 | Client user ID |
| APPLDATA | ApplData | 40 | Application data |
| STACK | Stack | 8 | Stack name |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier (hexadecimal) |
| RESID | ResourceID | 10 | Resource ID |

| Table 104. Columns on the NA Panel (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| STIME | Start-Time | 19 | Connection start time |
| LASTTIME | Last-Time | 19 | Connection last activity time |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Network Connections panel (NC)

The Network Connection (NC) panel allows you to display information about networking connections to an adjacent node:

- SOCKET devices that represent a TCP/IP networking connection
- APPL devices that represent a SNA connection (JES2 only)
- Active BSC NJE lines
- Associated NJE transmitters and receivers

Command keyword

Access the Network Connections panel with the **NC** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 105 on page 120 allow you to customize the NC display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

NC SHORT

NC with no parameters displays network connections, transmitters and receivers.

Consider the following example:

• NC - Display network connections, transmitters and receivers.

| Table 105. NC Parameters | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| SHORT or S | Displays information about network connections only. Transmitters and receivers are not displayed. |

NC command action characters

The action characters for the NC command are shown in Table 106 on page 120.

| Table 106. NC Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |

| Table 106. NC Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| С | Cancel the connection (JES3 only). | |
| D | Display the network connection in the log. You can add: | |
| | • L - Display the line (JES2 only). | |
| E | Restart the network connection, transmitter or receiver (JES2 only). | |
| Р | Stop the transmitter or receiver (JES2 only). | |
| S | Start a transmitter or receiver (JES2 only). | |
| SN | Start network communication. | |

Columns on the NC panel The columns on the NC panel are shown in <u>Table 107 on page 121</u>.

Table 107. Columns on the NC Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| DEVNAME | DEVICE | 10 | Name of the connection, transmitter or receiver. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Device status |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 4 | Connection type (SNA, BSC, TCP) |
| ANODE | ANode | 8 | Adjacent node |
| JNAME | Jobname | 8 | Job name of job being processed |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID of job being processed |
| JTYPE | ЈТуре | 8 | Type of address space being processed |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job creator |
| RECPRT | Proc-Lines | 10 | Number of lines processed for the job |
| RECCNT | Tot-Lines | 10 | Number of lines in the job |
| LINE | Line | 5 | Number of line to use (JES2 only) |
| UNIT | Unit | 5 | Unit associated with line |
| JRNUM | JRNum | 5 | Job receiver count |
| JTNUM | JTNum | 5 | Job transmitter count |
| SRNUM | SRNum | 5 | SYSOUT receiver count |
| STNUM | STNum | 5 | SYSOUT transmitter count |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| CONNECT | Connect | 7 | Connect automatically (JES2 only) |
| СТІМЕ | Conn-Int | 8 | Connection interval (JES2 only) |
| PTRACE | Tr | 3 | Tracing (JES2 only) |
| CTRACE | CTr | 3 | Common tracing |
| JTRACE | JTr | 3 | JES tracing |
| VTRACE | VTr | 3 | Verbose tracing |
| LOGMODE | LogMode | 8 | Logon mode table entry (JES2 only) |
| REST | Rest | 5 | Resistance of the connection (JES2 only) |
| СОМРАСТ | Compact | 8 | Compaction table name (JES2 only) |
| IPADDR | IPAddr | 24 | IP address (JES2 only) |
| IPNAME | IPName | 32 | IP host name |
| PORT | Port | 5 | TCP/IP port number |
| PORTNAME | PortName | 16 | TCP/IP port name (JES2 only) |
| SECURE | Secure | 6 | Secure (TLS) connection |
| LOGON | Logon | 5 | Number of the associated LOGON device (JES2 only) |
| NETSRV | Netsrv | 5 | Number of the associated NETSRV device (JES2 only) |
| RELCONN | RelConn | 8 | Related connection name |
| SRVNAME | SrvName | 10 | Name of the associated server device |
| DSECLABEL | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the adjacent node (JES2 only) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES version and release |
| PRTWS | Work-Selection | 14 | Work selection criteria (JES2, transmitters and receivers) |
| LINELIM | Line-Limit | 13 | Line limit for selection (JES2, transmitters and receivers) |
| PAGELIM | Page-Limit | 13 | Page limit for selection (JES2, transmitters and receivers) |
| LINELIML | Line-Lim-Lo | 11 | Line limit, minimum (JES2 only) |
| LINELIMH | Line-Lim-Hi | 11 | Line limit, maximum (JES2 only) |
| PAGELIML | Page-Lim-Lo | 11 | Page limit, minimum (JES2 only) |
| PAGELIMH | Page-Lim-Hi | 11 | Page limit, maximum (JES2 only) |
| SODISP | SODsp | 5 | Selection output disposition (JES2 only) |
| SODISP2-4 | SODsp2-4 | 6 | Selection output disposition 2-4 (JES2 only) |

Table 107. Columns on the NC Panel (continued)

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Network Server panel (NS)

The Network Server (NS) panel allows you to display information about server-type networking devices on the node:

- NETSERV devices used to communicate between JES and TCP/IP
- LOGON devices used to communicate between JES2 and VTAM

Command keyword

Access the Network Server panel with the **NS** command from any SDSF panel.

NS command action characters

The action characters for the NS command are shown in Table 108 on page 123.

| Table 108. NS Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| С | Cancel a network server (JES3 only). | |
| D | Display the network server in the log. You can add: | |
| | A - For the application (JES2 only). Not valid for NETSRVs. | |
| | • L - Long form. Not valid for LOGONs. | |
| | S - For the socket (JES2 only). Not valid for LOGONs. | |
| E | Restart the network server. | |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Device panel.) | |
| ЈМ | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Memory panel.) | |

| Table 108. NS Command Action Characters (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| К | Cancel the network server address space. You can add: |
| | • D - Cancel the network server address space with a dump. |
| L | Fail the device DSP (JES3 only). You can add: |
| | • D - Fail the device DSP with a dump (JES3 only). |
| Р | Stop the device (JES2 only). |
| S | Start the device. |
| X | Invoke the network server DSP (JES3 only). |
| Z | Force the network server address space. |

Columns on the NS panel

The columns on the NS panel are shown in Table 109 on page 124.

| Table 109. Columns on the NS Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DEVNAME | DEVICE | 10 | Name of the network server. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Device status | |
| DSPNAME | DSPName | 8 | Dynamic support program name (JES3 only) | |
| APPL | Appl | 8 | Application name (JES2 only) | |
| SOCKET | Socket | 8 | Socket name (JES2 only) | |
| STACK | Stack | 8 | Name of the TCP/IP stack | |
| RESTART | Restart | 8 | Restart the device automatically (JES2 only) | |
| RTIME | Rest-Int | 10 | Restart interval (minutes) (JES2 only) | |
| PTRACE | Tr | 3 | Tracing (JES2 only) | |
| CTRACE | CTr | 3 | Common tracing | |
| VTRACE | VTr | 3 | Verbose tracing | |
| JTRACE | JTr | 3 | JES tracing | |
| LOG | Log | 3 | Log activity (JES2 only) | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | ASID of the network server | |
| SRVJOBNM | SrvJobNm | 8 | Job name of the network server address space | |
| PASSWORD | Password | 8 | Password (SET or NOTSET) (JES2 only) | |
| IPNAME | IPName | 32 | Local TCP/IP host name | |
| PORT | Port | 5 | Local TCP/IP port number | |
| PORTNAME | PortName | 16 | Local TCP/IP port name (JES2 only) | |

| Table 109. Columns on the NS Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| SECURE | Secure | 6 | Secure (TLS) socket | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) | |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name | |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES level | |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) | |
| NSECURE | NSecure | 10 | Netserv secure option (required, optional, use_socket) | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Nodes panel (NODE)

The Nodes (NODE) panel allows you to display information about JES nodes.

Command keyword

Access the Nodes panel with the **NO** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 110 on page 125 allow you to customize the NODE display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

```
NODES (node-list)
NODE
NO
```

г

NO with no parameters displays all nodes.

Consider the following example:

```
• NO 2-4 6 - Displays Nodes 2, 3, 4, and 6.
```

| Table 110. NODE Parameters | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| node-list | <i>node-list</i> is JES2 only and is made up of 1 to 4 of the following: |
| | • node-number - A node number (1-32767). |
| | node-number-range - A range of node numbers, specified by the first and last numbers in the range separated by a hyphen (for example, 1-10). |

NODE command action characters

The action characters for the NODE command are shown in Table 111 on page 126.

| Table 111. NODE Command Action Characters | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| A | Release jobs destined for this directly-attached node (JES3). | |
| D | Display information about a node in the log. You can add: | |
| | C - Display information about network connections for a node in the log (JES2 only). | |
| | L - Display lines defined to this node (JES3) or information about this node (JES2) in the log. | |
| | P - Display information about paths in the log (JES2 only). | |
| EL | Reset lines to the node (JES3 only). | |
| Н | Hold jobs destined for this directly-attached node (JES3 only). | |
| SN | Start node communication on a line. | |

Columns on the NODE panel The columns on the NODE panel are shown in <u>Table 112 on page 126</u>.

Table 112. Columns on the NO Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NUMBER | NUMBER | 5 | Node number (JES2 only). For JES2, this is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| NODENAME | NodeName | 8 | Node name. For JES3, this is the fixed field, and is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 21 | Node status, By default, this shows status for the first path. Increase the width (up to 43) to show the status for the second path. |
| AUTH | Authority | 17 | Authority of the node (JES2 only) |
| TRANS | Trans | 6 | What the local node transmits to the specified node (JES2 only) |
| RECV | Recv | 6 | What the local node receives from the specified node (JES2 only) |
| HOLD | Hold | 4 | Job hold indicator for the local node |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NETHOLD | NHold | 5 | Process inbound SYSOUT in NETDATA format (JES3 only) |
| PENCRYPT | PEn | 3 | Password encryption indicator (JES2 only) |
| ENDNODE | End | 3 | Eligibility for store-and-forward operations (JES2 only) |
| RESIST | Rest | 4 | Resistance rating of the connection (JES2 only) |
| SENTREST | SentRs | 6 | Whether the resistance from an adjacent node is used in calculating the resistance of an adjacent connection (JES2 only) |
| СОМРАСТ | Ср | 2 | Compaction table number for outbound compaction when communicating with this node (JES2 only) |
| LINE | Line | 4 | Line dedicated to the NJE session for with this application (JES2 only) |
| LNAME | LineName | 8 | Line dedicated to NJE for this node (JES3 only) |
| LOGMODE | LogMode | 8 | Logon mode table entry for this application (JES2 only) |
| PATHMGR | PMg | 3 | Indicator of whether NCC records relevant to the path manager should be sent to this node (JES2 only) |
| PRIVATE | Prv | 3 | Private indicator for the connection between this node and an adjacent node (JES2 only) |
| SUBNET | Subnet | 8 | Name of the subnet that should include this node (JES2 only) |
| NTRACE | Tr | 3 | Trace option (JES2 only) |
| VERIFYP | VerifyP | 8 | Password received from the node |
| SENDP | SendP | 8 | Password sent to the node |
| LOGON | Logon | 5 | Number of the local logon DCT (1-999) which should be use when specifying connections to the application. The default value of 0 indicates that the logon DCT defined with the lowest number is to be. (JES2 only) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | JES version and release |
| NETSRV | NetSrv | 6 | Network server number (JES2 only) |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) |
| MAXRETR | MaxRetries | 6 | Number of retries to attempt before ending the BSC NJE line (JES3 only) |
| РАТН | Path | 8 | Name of the adjacent node in the path (JES3 only) |
| ΡΤΥΡΕ | РТуре | 5 | Protocol type (JES3 only) |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| BDTNAME | BDTName | 8 | Bulk Data Transfer (BDT) ID (JES3 only) |
| PARTNAM | PartName | 8 | Name of the spool partition to which JES3 writes spool data for all jobs from that node (JES3 Only) |
| MAXLINES | MaxLines | 3 | Maximum number of lines for the node. (JES3 Only) |
| DIRECT | Direct | 6 | Specifies whether the node can be directly attached only |
| SSIGNON | SSignon | 7 | Specifies whether secure signon protocol is to be used |
| JTNUM | JTNum | 5 | Number of job transmitters associated with the TCP/IP node (JES3 only) |
| JRNUM | JRNum | 5 | Number of job receivers associated with the TCP/IP node (JES3 only) |
| STNUM | STNum | 5 | Number of SYSOUT transmitters associated with the TCP/IP node (JES3 only) |
| SRNUM | SRNum | 5 | Number of SYSOUT receivers associated with the TCP/IP node (JES3 only) |
| SECURE | Secure | 6 | Use secure (TLS) socket (JES3 only) |
| PWCNTL | PwCntl | 8 | Password encryption control (JES3 only) |
| XNAMEREQ | XNameReq | 8 | Specifies whether inbound SYSOUT can be held for processing by an external writer if no external writer name was supplied (JES3 only) |
| CONNECT | Connect | 7 | Automatically connect (JES2) or reconnect (JES3) |
| CTIME | Conn-int | 8 | Connection interval (minutes) |
| BUFSIZE | BufSz | 5 | Buffer size (JES3 only) |
| STREAM | Strm | 4 | Number of concurrent streams (JES3 only) |
| PRTDEF | PrtDef | 8 | Print class default for networking output received at the home node (JES3 only) |
| PRTTSO | PrtTSO | 8 | TSO data set default class for networking output received at the home node (JES3 only) |
| PRTXWTR | PrtXwtr | 8 | External writer data set default class for networking output received at the home node (JES3 only) |
| PUNDEF | PunDef | 8 | Punch class default for networking output received at the home node (JES3 only) |
| NETPR | NetPr | 5 | Number of logical network printers on the home node (JES3 only) |
| NETPU | NetPu | 5 | Number of logical network punches on the home node (JES3 only) |
| CTCNODE | CTC | 5 | Channel to channel node (JES3 only) |
| VFYPATH | VfyPath | 7 | Verify path (JES2 only) |

Table 112. Columns on the NO Panel (continued)

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

OMVS options panel (BPXO)

The OMVS options (BPXO) panel shows the Unix system services (USS) options that are in effect.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the USS option.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **BPXO** command. SDSF interprets an **OMVS** command as the output panel (O) with classes M, V, and S.

OMVS command action characters

The action characters for the OMVS command are shown in Table 113 on page 129.

| Table 113. OMVS Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| DO | Display OMVS options information. | |
| N | Set value to NOLIMIT for applicable options. The N action applies only to options that support the NOLIMIT value, which currently is | |
| | MAXFILESIZE. Issuing the N action against any other option will result in a not valid for type error. | |

Columns on the OMVS options panel

The columns on the OMVS options panel are shown in Table 114 on page 129.

Table 114. Columns on the OMVS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 16 | USS option name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| NUMVALUE | NumericValue | 12 | Option value when format is numeric |

| Table 114. Columns | Table 114. Columns on the OMVS Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------|---|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | |
| VALUE | Value | 32 | Option value when format is character (up to a maximum of 127 characters). For the MAXFILESIZE option, any value greater than 522248 indicates there is NOLIMIT. | | |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Additional status related to option. | | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name where console is active. | | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. | | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | | |

Output Queue panel (O)

The Output Queue panel allows you to display information about output for jobs, started tasks, and TSO users on any *nonheld* queue.

Command keyword

Access the Output Queue panel with the **0** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 115 on page 130 allow you to customize the O display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

O(classes) (form-number)

0 with no parameters displays information for all output data sets. The information displayed may be limited by your authorization and by settings for filters such as FILTER, PREFIX, and so on.

Consider the following examples:

- OJAB Displays output in classes J, A, and B.
- **OBK STD** Displays output in classes B and K, with a form number of STD.

| Table 115. O Parameters | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| classes | <i>classes</i> displays information about job output in specific output classes. Enter up to 7 classes, without blanks, including: |
| | @ - Output waiting to be transmitted to another node. If other classes are specified, the output must be in one of those classes (JES2 only). |
| form-number | <i>form-number</i> displays only data sets with this form number. The form number can be up to 8 characters long, including * (any string of characters) or % (any single character). |

O command action characters

I

The action characters for the O command are shown in Table 116 on page 131.

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|---|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| ? | Display a list of the data sets for an output group. |
| A | Release held output data sets. If the job has been held, it must be released from the Status panel (JES2 only). |
| C | Purge a job's output (do not cancel the job) (JES2 only). |
| Н | Hold output (JES2 only). |
| JS | Display the job steps. (Access the Job Step panel.) |
| L | List a job's output status in the log (JES2 only). You can add: |
| | • L - List output status in the log, long form (JES2 only). |
| Р | Purge output data sets (JES2 only). |
| Q | Display output descriptors for all of the data sets for an output group. |
| S | Display the data sets for an output group. You can add: |
| | • B - Use ISPF Browse. |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. |
| | • J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. |
| | • V - Use ISPF view. |
| | n - Number of the data set where browsing starts. |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC). |
| | • D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). |

Columns on the O panel The columns on the O panel are shown in <u>Table 117 on page 132</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID or work ID | |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of SYSIN/SYSOUT owner, or default values of ++++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF | |
| DPRIO | Prty | 4 | JES output group priority | |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | JES output class | |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output form number | |
| DESTN | Dest | 18 | JES print destination name | |
| RECCNT | Tot-Rec | 9 | Output total record count (lines). Blank for page-mode data. | |
| RECPRT | Prt-Rec | 9 | The number of lines printed. Blank for page- mode data. (JES2 only) | |
| PAGECNT | Tot-Page | 9 | Output page count. Blank if not for page- mode data. | |
| PAGEPRT | Prt-Page | 9 | Output pages printed. Blank if not for page- mode data. (JES2 only) | |
| DEVID | Device | 18 | Output device name (only if it is printing) | |
| STATUS | Status | 11 | JES job status. | |
| | | | JES2: | |
| | | | CANCEL canceled | |
| | | | • JHOLD Held | |
| | | | NOSLEC Not selectable for printing | |
| | | | OPER Operator hold | |
| | | | OPER,SYSTEM Operator and system hold | |
| | | | SYSTEM System hold | |
| | | | USER Found on user ID queue | |
| | | | JES3: | |
| | | | BDT SYSOUT is held on the BDT queue | |
| | | | TCP SYSOUT is held on the TCP queue | |
| | | | TSO SYSOUT is held for TSO | |
| | | | • XWTR SYSOUT is held for external writer | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of output group | 1 |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | System on which the output is printing (only if it is printing) (JES2 only) | |
| DEST | Rmt | 5 | JES2 print routing. Remote number if routing is not local. (JES2 only) | |
| NODE | Node | 5 | JES2 print node (JES2 only) | 1 |
| OGNAME | O-Grp-N | 8 | Output group name (JES2 only) | |
| OGID | OGID1 | 5 | Output group ID 1 (JES2 only) | |
| OGID2 | OGID2 | 5 | Output group ID 2 (JES2 only) | |
| JPRIO | JP | 2 | JES job priority | |
| FCBID | FCB | 4 | Output FCB ID | |
| UCSID | UCS | 4 | Output UCS ID (print train required) | |
| WTRID | Wtr | 8 | Output external writer name | |
| FLASHID | Flash | 5 | Output flash ID | |
| BURST | Burst | 5 | 3800 burst indicator | |
| PRMODE | PrMode | 8 | Printer process mode | |
| OUTDISP | ODisp | 5 | JES2 output disposition | |
| DSDATE | CrDate | 10 | Output creation date. Length can be changed to 19 to produce the date and time. (JES2 only) | |
| OHREASON | OHR | 3 | Output hold reason code | |
| OHRSNTXT | Output-Hold-Text | 37 | Output hold reason text | |
| OFFDEVS | Offs | 4 | List of offload devices for a job or output that has been offloaded (JES2 only) | |
| RETCODE | Max-RC | 10 | Return code information for the job. | |
| | | | blank - No completion information | |
| | | | ABENDUxxxx - Job abended or ABEND Sxxx | |
| | | | CANCELED - Job canceled | |
| | | | CC xxxx - Job ended normally | |
| | | | CC xxxx - Job ended by CC | |
| | | | CONV ABEND - Converter abended | |
| | | | JCL ERROR - JCL error | |
| | | | SEC ERROR - Security error | |
| | | | • SYS FAIL - System failure | |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space | |
| ROOMN | RNum | 8 | JES2 job room number | Х |
| PNAME | Programmer-Name | 20 | JES programmer name field | X |

| Table 117. Columns on the O Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--|---------------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| ACCTN | Acct | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES account number | Х |
| NOTIFY | Notify | 8 | TSO user ID from NOTIFY parameter on job card | Х |
| ISYSID | ISys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES input system ID | Х |
| TIMER | Rd-Time | 8 | Time that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| DATER | Rd-Date | 8 | Date that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| ESYSID | ESys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system ID | Х |
| TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| TIMEN | End-Time | 8 | Time that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | Х |
| DATEN | End-Date | 8 | Date that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | Х |
| ICARDS | Cards | 5 | Number of cards read for job | Х |
| JCLASS | JC | 1 or 8 | JES input job class. Default width expands to 8 if there are long class names in the MAS. | |
| MCLASS | MC | 2 | Message class of job | Х |
| SUBGROUP | SubGroup | 8 | Submitter group | Х |
| JOBACCT1 | JobAcct1 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 1 | Х |
| JOBACCT2 | JobAcct2 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 2 | Х |
| JOBACCT3 | JobAcct3 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 3 | Х |
| JOBACCT4 | JobAcct4 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 4 | Х |
| JOBACCT5 | JobAcct5 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 5 | Х |
| JOBCORR | JobCorrelator | 32 | User portion of the job correlator (JES2 only) | |

| Table 117. Columns on the O Panel (continued) | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| DATETIMER | Rd-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that the job was read in. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the Rd-Date and Rd-Time columns. | Х |
| DATETIMEE | St-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution began. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the St-Date and St-Time columns. | Х |
| DATETIMEN | End-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution ended. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the End-Date and End-Time columns. | Х |
| BERTNUM | BERTNum | 7 | Number of BERTs used by this JOE (JES2 only) | |
| JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

Page panel (PAG)

The Page data sets (PAG) panel allows you to display the page data sets. The panel shows the page data sets being used.

Command keyword

Access the Page panel with the **PAG** command from any SDSF panel.

PAG command action characters

The action characters for the PAG command are shown in Table 118 on page 135.

| Table 118. PAG Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

| Table 118. PAG Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| D | Display information. You can add: | |
| | • C - Display common page data sets. | |
| | • D - Display page deletes. | |
| | • L - Display local page data sets. | |
| | • P - Display PLPA page data sets. | |
| | S - Display storage class memory. | |

Columns on the PAG panel The columns on the PAG panel are shown in <u>Table 119 on page 136</u>.

Table 119. Columns on the PAG Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|--|--|
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 6 | Type of data set |
| SLOTS | Slots | 8 | Number of slots defined |
| USENUM | Used | 8 | Number of slots used |
| USEPCT | Use% | 4 | Percentage of total slots in use |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Data set status |
| VIO | VIO | 3 | VIO indicator. YES if data set eligible for VIO. |
| TOTERRS | IOError | 7 | Number of I/O errors |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Data set unit address. |
| DEVNAME | DevName | 8 | Data set device name. |
| CUNAME | CUName | 8 | Data set control unit name. |
| SUBCHAN | SubChanSet | 10 | Data set subchannel set. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after thi column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

PARMLIB panel (PARM)

The Parmlib (PARM) panel allows you to display the data sets in the parmlib. The panel shows the data sets in the parmlib concatenation.

Command keyword

Access the PARMLIB panel with the **PARM** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The panel contains columns that show data set attributes. The attributes are obtained by SDSF by using catalog search and by reading the VTOC for the volume where the data set resides.

You can use the **SHORT** parameter to suppress the gathering of the data set information. When in **SHORT** mode, the columns are visible but they show blanks or zeros based on the formatting type.

The columns that are not retrieved in **SHORT** mode and display as blank or zeros based on column type are as follows:

- VolSer
- BlkSize
- Extent
- SMS
- LRecL
- DSOrg
- RecFm
- CrDate
- RefDate

The panel totals the extents for all data sets being shown. In **SHORT** mode, the extent count may be zero or reflect only data sets gathered from down-level systems. To indicate that the extent count may be different from what is expected, and that the panel is in **SHORT** mode, the EXT keyword in the title is shown as *EXT in **SHORT** mode.

The parameter usage is as follows:

PARM [S|SHORT]

PARM command action characters

The action characters for the PARM command are shown in Table 120 on page 137.

| Table 120. PARM Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

| Table 120. PARM Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| D | Display information. You can add: • E - Display information, errors. | |
| SB | Browse (ISPF only) | |
| SE | Edit (ISPF only) | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |

Columns on the PARM panel

The columns on the PARM panel are shown in Table 121 on page 138.

| Table 121. Columns on the PARM Panel | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number | |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial | |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Data set block size | |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of extents | |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator. YES if the data set is SMS managed. Otherwise, NO. | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization | |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format | |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date | |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last referenced date | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Printer panel (PR)

The Printer panel allows you to display information about JES printers and jobs being printed. For JES2, it shows local and remote printers. For JES3, it shows local printers.

Command keyword

Access the Printer panel with the **PR** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 122 on page 139 allow you to customize the PR display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

PR (printer-list)

PR with no parameters displays information about all printers.

Consider the following examples:

- **PR 1 2 RMT** Displays information about local printers 1 and 2, and all remote printers for all remote locations.
- **PR R20-30** Displays information about printers at remote locations 20 through 30.

| Table 122. PR Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| printer-list | <i>printer-list</i> is up to four of the following, in any combination: | |
| | • number - A local printer ID (1 to 32767). | |
| | • number-range - A range of local printer IDs (1 to 32767). | |
| | • Rnumber - R followed by a remote location (1 to 32767). | |
| | Rnumber-range - R followed by a range of remote locations (1 to 32767). | |
| | LCL - All local printers. | |
| | RMT - All remote printers. | |

PR command action characters

The action characters for the PR command are shown in Table 123 on page 139.

| Table 123. PR Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| В | Backspace a printer. Optional (JES2) or required (JES3) parameters: |
| | • number - Number of pages (JES2 only). |
| | C - Most recent checkpoint. |
| | Cnumber - Before the most recent checkpoint (pages for JES2, lines for JES3) |
| | CnumberP - Pages before the most recent checkpoint (JES3 only). |
| | • D - Top of the current data set. |
| | • N - Last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). |
| | Nnumber - Lines before the last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). |
| | NnumberP - Pages before the last internally- noted checkpoint (JES3 only). |
| С | Purge output printing on a printer. |
| CG | Cancel only the output destined for this device for the current job (JES3 only). |
| CJ | Cancel all of the output of the appropriate type (PRT or PUN) for the current job. (JES3 only). |
| CP | Stop printer activity and determine the page or record position of a data set being processed (JES: only). |
| СТ | Stop the printer automatically once the current activity is canceled (JES3 only). |
| D | Display information. You can add: |
| | • L - Display the long form of the information. |
| E | Restart a printer. You can use one or more of these parameters (JES3 only): |
| | • A - Automatic mode. Mutually exclusive with M. |
| | • D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with X. |
| | • H - Suspend activity on the current data set and place it in hold status. |
| | • J - Requeue all data sets for the current job. |
| | • L - Reload FCB and UCS/CHARS buffer. |
| | • M - Manual mode. Mutually exclusive with A. |
| | • R - Request that it perform a scheduling pass. |
| | • T - End it automatically once the current job is rescheduled. |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with D. |

| Table 123. PR Command Action Characters (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| F | Forward space a printer. Optional (JES2) or required (JES3) parameters: | | |
| | number - Number of pages (JES2) or lines (JES3). | | |
| | C - Most recent checkpoint. | | |
| | Cnumber - From the most recent checkpoint (pages for JES2, lines for JES3) | | |
| | CnumberP - Pages from the most recent checkpoint (JES3 only). | | |
| | • D - Top of the current data set (JES2 only). | | |
| | • N - Last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). | | |
| | Nnumber - Lines frm the last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). | | |
| | • NnumberP - Pages from the last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). | | |
| I | Interrupt a printer (JES2 only). | | |
| К | Force termination of the FSS. | | |
| L | Fail the device (JES3 only). You can add: | | |
| | • D - Fail the device with a dump (JES3 only). | | |
| Ν | Print another copy of the output (JES2 only). | | |
| Р | Stop a printer (JES2 only). | | |
| S | Start a printer. You can add (JES3 only): | | |
| | • A - Automatic mode. Mutually exclusive with M. | | |
| | • D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with X. | | |
| | • M - Manual mode. Mutually exclusive with A. | | |
| | • T - End it when this request completes. | | |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with D. | | |
| V | Vary the printer online (JES3 only). | | |
| VF | Vary the printer offline (JES3 only). | | |
| Х | Invoke a writer (JES3 only). You can add: | | |
| | • D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with X. | | |
| | R - Suspend writer output until the device is available. | | |
| | • T - End it after the output is printed. | | |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with D. | | |
| Z | Halt an active printer (JES2 only). | | |

Columns on the PR panel The columns on the PR panel are shown in <u>Table 124 on page 142</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|-------|
| DEVNAME | PRINTER | 10 ¹ | Printer name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored in an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Printer status | |
| GROUP | Group | 9 | Device group (JES3 only) | |
| SFORMS | SForms | 8 | Printer selection form number | |
| SFORM2-8 | SForm2-8 | 8 | Printer selection form names (JES2 only) | |
| SCLASS | SClass | 15 | Printer output selection classes | |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name | Х |
| ЈИЛМ | JNum ² | 6 | JES job number | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID or work ID | X |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job owner, or default values of +++ +++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF | |
| RECCNT | Rec-Cnt | 7 | Number of line-mode records | |
| RECPRT | Rec-Prt | 7 | Number of line-mode records printed | |
| PAGECNT | Page-Cnt | 8 | Number of output pages | |
| PAGEPRT | Page-Prt | 8 | Number of output pages printed | |
| JPRIO | JP | 2 | JES job priority | |
| DPRIO | DP | 3 | Output data set priority | |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | JES output class | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of the output group | |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output form number | |
| FCBID | FCB | 4 | Output FCB ID | |
| UCSID | UCS | 4 | Output UCS ID (print train required) | |
| WTRID | Writer | 8 | Output special writer ID or data set ID (JES2 only) | |
| FLASHID | Flash | 5 | Output flash ID | |
| DESTN | Dest | 8 | JES print destination name (JES2 only) | |
| BURST | Burst | 5 | 3800 burst indicator | |
| SEP | Sep | 3 | Separator page between output groups (JES2 only) | |
| SEPDS | SepDS | 5 | Separator page between data sets | |
| PRMODE | PrMode | 8 | Printer process mode | |
| SFCBID | SFCB | 5 | Printer selection FCB ID | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| SUCSID | SUCS | 4 | Printer selection UCS ID | |
| SWTRID | SWriter | 8 | Printer selection writer ID (JES2 only) | |
| SFLASHID | SFlh | 5 | 3800 Printer selection flash ID | |
| PRTWS | Work-Selection | 40 | Printer work selection criteria | |
| SBURST | SBurst | 6 | 3800 output selection burst mode | |
| SPRMODE1 | SPrMode1 | 8 | Output selection process mode 1 | |
| SPRMODE2 | SPrMode2 | 8 | Output selection process mode 2 | |
| SPRMODE3 | SPrMode3 | 8 | Output selection process mode 3 | |
| SPRMODE4 | SPrMode4 | 8 | Output selection process mode 4 | |
| SDESTN1 | SDest1 | 8 | Printer selection destination name 1 (JES2 only) | |
| SDESTN2 | SDest2 | 8 | Printer selection destination name 2 (JES2 only) | |
| SDESTN3 | SDest3 | 8 | Printer selection destination name 3 (JES2 only) | |
| SDESTN4 | SDest4 | 8 | Printer selection destination name 4 (JES2 only) | |
| SJOBNAME | SJobName | 8 | Printer selection job name (JES2 only) | |
| SOWNER | SOwner | 8 | Printer selection creator ID. Use with the CREATOR work selection criteria. (JES2 only) | |
| SRANGE | SRange | 22 | Printer selection job number range (JES2 only) | |
| SEPMK | М | 3 | 3800 mark forms control | |
| NPRO | NPro | 4 | Nonprocess run-out time in seconds (FSS only). This column is not overtypeable when the printer is active. | |
| MODE | Mode | 4 | Control mode of printer (FSS only) | |
| CKPTLINE | CkptLine | 8 | Number of lines per logical page (JES2 only) | |
| CKPTREC | CkptRec | 7 | Number of logical records per checkpoint (JES3 only) | |
| CKPTPAGE | CkptPage | 8 | Number of logical pages per checkpoint | |
| CKPTSEC | CkptSec | 7 | Default checkpoint interval (3800-FSS) in seconds | |
| CKPTMODE | CkptMode | 8 | Checkpoint mode indicator (take checkpoints based on pages or seconds) | |
| CPYMOD | CpyMod | 7 | Copy modification module ID for the 3800 printer | |
| UNIT | Unit | 5 | Printer unit name | |
| PSEL | PSel | 4 | Preselection option (JES2 only) | |

| | ns on the PR Panel (conti | | Description | Delaw |
|-------------|---------------------------|-------|---|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| OGNAME | O-Grp-N | 8 | Output group name for the active job on the printer (JES2 only) | |
| LINELIM | Line-Limit | 21 | Printer line limit, <i>m-n</i> . An * indicates maximum value. (JES2 only) | |
| PAGELIM | Page-Limit | 21 | Printer page limit, <i>m-n</i> . Not shown for remote printers. (JES2 only) | |
| DEVFCB | DFCB | 5 | Device default FCB name or RESET | |
| PSETUP | Setup | 6 | Printer setup mode | |
| COPYMARK | CopyMark | 8 | Copymark indicator. Shown only for non- impact or FSS controlled printers. | _ |
| PAUSE | Pau | 3 | Pause mode. Not shown for remote printers. | |
| PSPACE | К | 1 | Printer spacing. Not shown for remote printers. (JES2 only) | |
| PTRACE | Tr | 3 | Printer tracing | |
| SEPCHARS | SepChar | 7 | Separator character value. Not shown for remote printers. (JES2 only) | |
| UCSVERFY | UCSV | 4 | UCS verification option. Not shown for remote printers. (JES2 only) | |
| DEST | Rmt ² | 5 | JES print routing (JES2 only) | |
| NODE | Node ² | 4 | JES print node (JES2 only) | |
| FSSNAME | FSSName | 8 | FSS defined for the printer | |
| FSSPROC | FSSProc | 8 | Name of the proc used to start the FSS | |
| FSATRACE | FSATrace | 8 | Internal rolling trace for an FSS printer (JES2 only) | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES member name (JES2 only) | |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name | |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | JES level | |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) | |
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space | |
| OGID1 | OGID1 | 5 | Output group ID1 for job on printer (JES2 only) | |
| OGID2 | OGID2 | 5 | Output group ID2 for job on printer (JES2 only) | _ |
| PTRANS | Trans | 8 | Data translation | |
| TRKCELL | TrkCell | 7 | De-spool the entire track cell (JES2 only) | |
| NEWPAGE | NewPage | 7 | Controls how a "skip to channel" is counted (JES2 only) | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------|---|-------|
| HONORTRC | HonorTRC | 8 | Honor TRC (table reference character) keyword in JCL (JES2 only) | |
| SVOL | SVol1 | 6 | Spool volumes for work selection (JES2 only) | |
| SVOL2 | SVol2 | 6 | Spool volume 2 for work selection (JES2 only) | |
| SVOL3 | SVol3 | 6 | Spool volume 3 for work selection (JES2 only) | |
| SVOL4 | SVol4 | 6 | Spool volume 4 for work selection (JES2 only) | |
| CHAR1 | Char1 | 5 | Character arrangement table 1 | |
| CHAR2 | Char2 | 5 | Character arrangement table 2 | |
| CHAR3 | Char3 | 5 | Character arrangement table 3 | |
| CHAR4 | Char4 | 5 | Character arrangement table 4 | |
| SASYSNM | FSASysNm | 8 | MVS system where FSA is active | |
| DSPNAME | DSPName | 7 | Dynamic support program name (JES3 only) | |
| DEVTYPE | DevType | 8 | Device type name (JES3 only) | |
| SDEST1 | SRout1 ² | 6 | Selection destination 1 (JES2 only) | |
| SDEST2 | SRout2 ² | 6 | Selection destination 2 (JES2 only) | |
| SDEST3 | SRout3 ² | 6 | Selection destination 3 (JES2 only) | |
| SDEST4 | SRout4 ² | 6 | Selection destination 4 (JES2 only) | |
| 5NODE1 | SNode1 ² | 6 | Selection node (JES2 only) | |
| SNODE2 | SNode2 ² | 6 | Selection node 2 (JES2 only) | |
| SNODE3 | SNode3 ² | 6 | Selection node 3 (JES2 only) | |
| SNODE4 | SNode4 ² | 6 | Selection node 4 (JES2 only) | |
| INELIML | Line-Lim-Lo | 12 | Printer line limit, minimum | |
| INELIMH | Line-Lim-Hi | 12 | Printer line limit, maximum | |
| PAGELIML | Page-Lim-Lo | 12 | Printer page limit, minimum | |
| PAGELIMH | Page-Lim-Hi | 12 | Printer page limit, maximum | |
| DGRPY | DGrpY | 5 | Device cannot process data sets that are destined for any local device (JES3 only) | |
| DYNAMIC | Dyn | 3 | Device can be started dynamically (JES3 only) | 1 |
| DPACTLOG | OpLog | 5 | Operator command actions will be logged in the output of the modified device using message IAT7066 or IAT7067 (FSS devices, JES3 only) | |
| CGS | CGS | 3 | Character generation storage (JES3 only) | |
| BURSTPAGE | В | 1 | Burst (JES3 only) | |
| PDEFAULT | PDefault | 8 | Defaults that should be applied, if not defined in the job's JCL (JES3 only) | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| COPIES | Copies | 6 | Copy count (JES3 only) | |
| CLEAR | СВ | 2 | Clear printer processing indicator (JES3 only) | |
| TRC | TRC | 3 | Table reference character (JES3 only) | |
| HFCB | HFCB | 4 | Use designated FCB until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| HCHARS | HChars | 6 | Use designated CHARS until status is changed (JES3 only) | 1 |
| HUCS | HUCS | 4 | Use designated UCS until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| НСРҮМОД | HCpyMod | 7 | Use designated Copy Mod until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| HFLASH | HFlash | 6 | Use designated Flash until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| HBURST | HBurst | 6 | Use designated Burst until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| HFORMS | HForms | 6 | Use designated Forms until status is changed (JES3 only) | |
| ASIS | AsIs | 4 | Send print data as is (JES2 only) | |
| CCTL | CCtl | 4 | Data carriage control stream | |
| СМРСТ | Cmpct | 4 | Compaction for SNA remote punches | |
| СОМР | Comp | 4 | Compression | |
| COMPAC | Compact | 8 | Compaction table name for SNA remote punches | |
| FCBLOAD | FCBI | 4 | JES will load FCB | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| SUSPEND | Sus | 3 | Suspend/interrupt capability (JES2 only) | |
| SELECT | Select | 8 | Send output to device type and subaddress | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Notes on the table follow.

¹ The width of the PRINTER column is 7 if the shortened format of device names has been specified.

² This column is not included in the default field list.

Proclib panel (PROC)

The Proclib (PROC) panel allows you to display the JES2 procedure library concatenation for the local JES2 member.

Command keyword

Access the Proclib panel with the **PROC** command from any SDSF panel. (JES2 only)

Customize the display with parameters

The panel contains columns that show data set attributes. The attributes are obtained by SDSF by using catalog search and by reading the VTOC for the volume where the data set resides.

You can use the **SHORT** parameter to suppress the gathering of the data set information. When in **SHORT** mode, the columns are visible but they show blanks or zeros based on the formatting type.

The columns that are not retrieved in **SHORT** mode and display as blank or zeros based on column type are as follows:

- VolSer
- BlkSize
- Extent
- SMS
- LRecL
- DSOrg
- RecFm
- CrDate
- RefDate

The panel totals the extents for all data sets being shown. In **SHORT** mode, the extent count may be zero or reflect only data sets gathered from down-level systems. To indicate that the extent count may be different from what is expected, and that the panel is in **SHORT** mode, the EXT keyword in the title is shown as *EXT in **SHORT** mode.

The parameter usage is as follows:

PROC [S|SHORT]

PROC command action characters

The action characters for the PROC command are shown in Table 125 on page 147.

| Table 125. PROC Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

| Table 125. PROC Command Action Characters (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Action Character Description | |
| D | Display proclib. You can add:D - Display proclib in debug mode. |
| SB | ISPF browse data sets. |
| SE | ISPF edit data sets. |
| SV | ISPF view data sets. |

Columns on the PROC panel The columns on the PROC panel are shown in <u>Table 126 on page 148</u>.

Table 126. Columns on the PROC Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| DDNAME | DDNAME | 8 | DDName of the data set. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number for data set in list |
| DSNAME | DSName | 44 | Data set name |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial |
| DEFVOL | DefVol | 6 | Defined volume serial |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Data set status |
| TSO | TSO | 3 | Proclib used for TSO (YES or NO) |
| STC | STC | 3 | Proclib used for started tasks (YES or NO) |
| STATIC | Static | 6 | Static allocation (YES or NO) |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Block size |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of data set extents |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator (YES or NO). YES if SMS managed. |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length for data set |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last reference date |
| SEQMAX | SeqMax | 6 | Maximum sequence number for data set in list |
| USECOUNT | UseCount | 8 | Concatenation use count |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after thi column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Processes panel (PS)

The Processes (PS) panel allows you to display information about z/OS UNIX System Services processes.

Command keyword

Access the Process panel with the **PS** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 127 on page 149 allow you to customize the PS display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

PS ALL|ACTIVE

PS with no parameters displays all z/OS UNIX System Services processes. This is the default.

Consider the following example:

• **PS** - Displays the Processes panel, showing all processes.

| Table 127. PS Parameters | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Description |
| ALL | <i>ALL</i> displays all z/OS UNIX System Services processes. This is the default. |
| ACTIVE | ACTIVE displays only active processes. |

PS command action characters

The action characters for the PS command are shown in Table 128 on page 149.

| Table 128. PS Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row. (ISPF only) | |
| С | Cancel the address space that owns the process. | |
| D | Display information about processes. | |
| К | Kill the process (SIGKILL). | |
| Т | Kill the process (SIGTERM). | |

Columns on the PS panel

The columns on the PS panel are shown in Table 129 on page 150.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| JOBNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job ID of the process |
| STATUS | Status | 32 | Status of the process |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of owner |
| STATE | State | 5 | State of the process or of most recently created thread (corresponds to d omvs display) |
| CPU | CPU-Time | 8 | Compute time in hundredths of seconds |
| PID | PID | 10 | Process ID |
| PPID | PPID | 10 | Parent process ID |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space id |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space id in hexadecimal |
| LATCHPID | LatchWaitPID | 12 | PID on which this process is waiting |
| COMMAND | Command | 40 | Command that created process |
| SERVER | ServerName | 32 | Server name |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 4 | Server type (only when the process is a server) |
| ACTFILES | ActFiles | 8 | Number of active files (only when the process is a server) |
| MAXFILES | MaxFiles | 8 | Maximum number of files (only when the process is server) |
| TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time process was started. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. |
| DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date process was started. In the SDSF task of z/ OSMF, this is replaced by the St-DateTime column. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name where process is executing |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of the process |
| DATETIMEE | St-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution began. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the St-Date and St-Tim columns. |
| ZIIPTIME | zIIP-Time | 9 | System and user compute time on zIIP. |
| RUID | RUID | 8 | Process real user ID. |
| EUID | EUID | 8 | Process effective user ID. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Values for State

| Table 130. Values for State | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Value | Description | |
| 1 | State is for a single thread process | |
| A | Message queue receive wait | |
| В | Message queue send wait | |
| С | Communication system kernel wait | |
| D | Semaphore operation wait | |
| E | Quiesce frozen | |
| F | File system kernel wait | |
| G | MVS pause wait | |
| Н | Process state is for multiple threads and pthread was used to create one of the threads. Process state is obtained from the initial pthread created task (IPT). | |
| I | Swapped out | |
| к | Other kernel wait (for example, pause or sigsuspend) | |
| L | Canceled, parent has performed wait, an still session or process group leader | |
| М | Process state is for multiple threads and pthread_create was not used to create any of the multiple threads. Process state is obtained from the most recently created thread. | |
| Р | Ptrace kernel wait | |
| Q | Quiesce termination wait | |
| R | Running (not kernel wait) | |
| S | Sleeping | |
| Т | Stopped | |
| W | Waiting for child (wait or waitpid callable service) | |
| х | Creating new process (fork callable service is running) | |
| Z | Canceled and parent has not performed wait (Z for zombie) | |

Scaling of data

When a value is too large to fit in the available SDSF scales the value using these abbreviations:

| Table 131. Scaling of data | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Value Description | |
| К | Kilo (hexadecimal scaling) |

| Table 131. Scaling of data (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Value | Description | |
| Т | Thousands (decimal scaling) or Tera (hexadecimal scaling | |
| М | Millions (decimal scaling) or Mega (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| В | Billions (decimal scaling) | |
| G | Giga (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| Р | Peta (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| КВ | Kilobytes | |
| МВ | Megabytes | |
| GB | Gigabytes | |
| ТВ | Terabytes | |
| РВ | Petabytes | |

Changing the width of the column, with the ARRANGE command, affects the scaling. When filtering on columns that use binary abbreviations (KB, MB, and so forth) you can enter either a number or a number with the abbreviation. For example, 4096 and 4MB are both valid with entering a filter. However, SDSF always displays the value as 4MB.

Punch panel (PUN)

The Punch panel allows you to display information about JES punches and jobs being punched.

Command keyword

Access the Punch panel with the **PUN** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 132 on page 153 allow you to customize the PUN display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

PUN punch-list

PUN with no parameters displays information about all punches.

Consider the following examples:

- **PUN 1 2 RMT** Displays information about local punches 1 and 2, and all remote punches for all remote locations.
- PUN R20-30 Displays information about punches at remote locations 20 through 30.

| Table 132. PUN Parameters | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| punch-list | <i>punch-list</i> is up to four of the following, in any combination: | |
| | • number - A local punch ID (1 to 32767). | |
| | number-range - A range of local punch IDs (1 to 32767). | |
| | • Rnumber - R followed by a remote location (1 to 32767). | |
| | Rnumber-range - R followed by a range of remote locations (1 to 32767). | |
| | LCL - All local punches. | |
| | • RMT - All remote punches. | |
| | Parameters with "number" are valid for JES2 only. | |

PUN command action characters The action characters for the PUN command are shown in <u>Table 133 on page 153</u>.

| Table 133. PUN Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row. (ISPF only) | |
| В | Backspace. Optional (JES2) or required (JES3) parameters include: | |
| | number of pages (JES2 only). | |
| | C - Most recent checkpoint. | |
| | C,number - Before the most recent checkpoint. (pages for JES2; lines for JES3) | |
| | D - Top of the current data set. | |
| | N - Internal checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| | Nnumber - Lines before the internal checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| | NnumberP - Pages before the internal checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| С | Purge output being processed by a punch. | |
| CG | Cancel only the output destined for this device for the current job (JES3 only). | |
| CJ | Cancel all of the output for the current job (JES3 only). | |

| Table 133. PUN Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| СТ | Stop the punch automatically once the current activity is canceled (JES3 only). | |
| D | Display information. You can add: | |
| | • L - Display information, long form. | |
| E | Restart a punch. You can add one or more of these parameters (JES3 only): | |
| | • A - Automatic mode. Not valid with M. | |
| | • D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Not valid with X. | |
| | • H - Hold the current data set. | |
| | J - Requeue all completed data sets for the current job. | |
| | • M - Manual mode. Not valid with A. | |
| | • R - Request that it perform a scheduling pass. | |
| | T - End it automatically once the current job is rescheduled. | |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Not valid with D. | |
| F | Forward space. Optional (JES2) or required (JES3) parameters: | |
| | • number - Number of pages (JES2 only). | |
| | C - Most recent checkpoint. | |
| | Cnumber - From the most recent checkpoint (pages for JES2, lines for JES3). Add P for pages for JES3. | |
| | • N - last internally-noted checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| | Nnumber - Lines from the internal checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| | NnumberP - Pages from the internal checkpoint (JES3 only). | |
| I | Interrupt the punch (JES2 only). | |
| L | Fail the punch DSP (JES3 only). You can add: | |
| | • D - Fail the punch DSP with a dump (JES3 only). | |
| N | Punch another copy of the output (JES2 only). | |
| Р | Stop (JES2 only). | |

| Table 133. PUN Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| S | Start. You can add one or more of these parameters (JES3 only): | |
| | • A - Automatic mode. Mutually exclusive with M. | |
| | D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with X. | |
| | • M - Manual mode. Mutually exclusive with A. | |
| | T - End it when this request completes. | |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with D. | |
| V | Vary online (JES3 only). | |
| VF | Vary offline (JES3 only). | |
| x | Invoke a punch writer (JES3 only). You can add one or more of these parameters: | |
| | • D - Turn on diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with X. | |
| | R - Suspend writer output until the device is available. | |
| | T - End it after the output is printed. | |
| | • X - Turn off diagnostic mode. Mutually exclusive with D. | |

Columns on the PUN panel The columns on the PUN panel are shown in <u>Table 134 on page 155</u>.

| Table 134. Columns on the PUN Panel | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| DEVNAME | PUNCH | 10 | Device name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Punch status |
| GROUP | Group | 8 | Device group name (JES3 only) |
| SFORMS | SForms | 8 | Selection form number |
| SFORM2 | SForm2 | 8 | Selection form number 2 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM3 | SForm3 | 8 | Selection form number 3 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM4 | SForm4 | 8 | Selection form number 4 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM5 | SForm5 | 8 | Selection form number 5 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM6 | SForm6 | 8 | Selection form number 6 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM7 | SForm7 | 8 | Selection form number 7 (JES2 only) |
| SFORM8 | SForm8 | 8 | Selection form number 8 (JES2 only) |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Active job name |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Active job ID |
| | | | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| JTYPE | Туре | 5 | Type of active address space |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | Active job number |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of owner |
| SCLASS | SClass | 15 | Output selection classes |
| RECCNT | Rec-Cnt | 7 | Number of line-mode records in the job |
| RECPRT | Rec-Prt | 7 | Number of line-mode records printed |
| PAGECNT | Page-Cnt | 8 | Output page count |
| PAGEPRT | Page-Prt | 8 | Output pages printed |
| SEP | Sep | 3 | Separator page between output groups (JES2 only) |
| SEPDS | SepDS | 5 | Separator page between data sets |
| CCTL | CCtl | 4 | Data carriage control stream |
| СМРСТ | Cmpct | 4 | Compaction for SNA remote punches |
| СОМР | Comp | 4 | Compression |
| COMPAC | Compact | 8 | Compaction table name for SNA remote punches |
| LUSH | Fls | 3 | Blank card after each data set |
| SWTRID | SWriter | 8 | Punch selection writer ID (JES2 only) |
| PRTWS | Work-Selection | 40 | Punch work selection criteria |
| SPRMODE1 | SPrMode1 | 8 | Output selection process mode 1 |
| SPRMODE2-4 | SPrMode2-4 | 8 | Output selection process modes 2-4 |
| SDESTN1 | SDest1 | 8 | Punch selection destination name 1 (JES2 only) |
| SDESTN2-4 | SDest2-4 | 8 | Punch selection destination names 2-4 (JES2 only) |
| SJOBNAME | SJobName | 8 | Selection job name (JES2 only) |
| SOWNER | SOwner | 8 | Selection creator ID (JES2 only) |
| SVOL | SVol | 6 | Selection volume (JES2 only) |
| SELECT | Select | 7 | Send Output To (remote punches only) |
| CKPTLINE | CkptLine | 8 | Number of lines per logical page (JES2 only) |
| CKPTPAGE | CkptPage | 8 | Number of logical pages per checkpoint (JES2 only) |
| CKPTREC | CkptRec | 3 | Number of records per checkpoint (JES3 only) |
| JNIT | Unit | 5 | Punch unit name |
| LINELIM | Line-Limit | 21 | Punch line limit (JES2 only) |
| SRANGE | SRange | 22 | Selection job number range (JES2 only) |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length of transmitted data (SNA only) |
| PSETUP | Setup | 6 | Setup option (JES2 only) |
| PAUSE | Pau | 3 | Pause mode |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| SUSPEND | Sus | 3 | Punch-interrupt feature option (BSC connection only, JES2 only) |
| PTRACE | Tr | 3 | Punch tracing |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES level |
| SECLABEL | Seclabel | 8 | Security label of the job on the device |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) |
| LINELIML | Line-Lim-Lo | 11 | Punch line limit, minimum |
| LINELIMH | Line-Lim-Hi | 11 | Punch line limit, maximum |
| SVOL2-4 | Svol2-4 | 6 | Selection volumes 2-4 (JES2 only) |
| OGNAME | O-Grp-N | 8 | Output group name (JES2 only) |
| OGID1 | OGid1 | 5 | Output group ID 1 (JES2 only) |
| OGID2 | OGid2 | 5 | Output group ID 2 (JES2 only) |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output forms |
| PRMODE | Prmode | 8 | Output process mode |
| WTRID | Writer | 8 | Output writer name (JES2 only) |
| DESTN | Dest | 8/18 | Output destination (JES2 only) |
| DPRIO | DP | 2 | Output priority |
| JPRIO | JP | 2 | Job priority |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | Output class |
| DEVTYPE | DevType | 8 | Device type (JES3 only) |
| DSPNAME | DSPName | 8 | Dynamic support program name (JES3 only) |
| HFORMS | HForms | 6 | Use designated forms until status is changed (JES3 only) |
| COPIES | Copies | 6 | Copy count (JES3 only) |
| DYNAMIC | Dyn | 3 | Start device dynamically (JES3 only) |
| DGRPY | DGrpY | 3 | Device cannot process data sets that are destined for any local device (JES3 only) |
| BURSTPAGE | В | 3 | Punch burst page at end of job (JES3 only) |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

Reader panel (RDR)

The Reader panel allows you to display information about JES readers and jobs being processed by readers.

Command keyword

Access the Reader panel with the RDR command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 135 on page 158 allow you to customize the RDR display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

RDR (reader-list)

Consider the following example:

- **RDR 1 2 RMT** Displays information about local readers 1 and 2, and all remote readers for all remote locations.
- RDR R20-30 Displays information about readers at remote locations 20 through 30.

| Table 135. RDR Parameters | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Parameter | Description |
| reader-list | <i>reader-list</i> is up to four of the following, in any combination: |
| | • number - A local reader ID (1 to 99). |
| | number-range - A range of local reader IDs (1 to 99). |
| | Rnumber - R followed by a remote location (1 to 32767). |
| | Rnumber-range - R followed by a range of remote locations (1 to 32767). |
| | • LCL - All local readers. |
| | • RMT - All remote readers. |
| | Parameters with "number" are valid for JES2 only. |

RDR command action characters

The action characters for the RDR command are shown in Table 136 on page 158.

| Table 136. RDR Command Action Characters | |
|--|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |

| Table 136. RDR Command Action C | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| C | Cancel. You can add one or more of these parameters (JES3 only): |
| | • H - Hold the control-card processor. |
| | • HN - Process jobs that are completely entered. |
| | • K - Leave hot readers allocated. |
| | • KN - Do not leave hot readers allocated. |
| | You cannot combine H and HN or K and KN. |
| D | Display the information. You can add: |
| | • L - Display the long form of information. |
| L | Fail the reader DSP (JES3 only). You can add: |
| | • D - Fail the reader DSP and take a dump (JES3 only). |
| Р | Stop (JES2 only). |
| S | Start. You can add one or more of the following parameters (JES3 only): |
| | • H - Hold the control-card processor. |
| | • HN - Process jobs after the batch is created. |
| | • K - Keep active once end-of-file is reached. |
| | • KN - Purge when end-of-file is reached. |
| | You cannot combine H and HN or K and KN. |
| V | Vary online (JES3 only). |
| VF | Vary offline (JES3 only). |
| X | Invoke card reader support (JES3 only). You can add one or more of these parameters: |
| | • C - Enable card image support. |
| | • H - Place the control-card processor in hold. |
| | • HN - Allow jobs to be processed. |
| | • K - Remain active after end-of-file is reached. |
| | • KN - Purge after end-of-file is reached. |
| | You cannot combine H and HN or K and KN. |
| Z | Halt (JES2 only). |

Columns on the RDR panel The columns on the RDR panel are shown in <u>Table 137 on page 160</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|--------|---|
| DEVNAME | READER | 10 | Device name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Reader status |
| GROUP | Group | 8 | Device group name (JES3 only) |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Active job ID (JES2 only) |
| JTYPE | Type ¹ | 5 | Type of active address space |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | Active job number (JES2 only) |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of owner |
| RECCNT | Rec-Cnt | 10 | Number of records in the job (JES2 only) |
| RECPRT | Rec-Proc | 10 | Number of records processed |
| RCLASS | С | 1 or 8 | Default execution class. Default width expands to 8 if there are long class names in the MAS. |
| RHOLD | Hold | 4 | Job held after JCL conversion (JES2 only) |
| RMCLASS | MC | 2 | Message class (JES2 only) |
| RPRTDST | PrtDest | 18 | Default destination for print output (JES2 only) |
| RPUNDST | PunDest | 18 | Default destination for punch output (JES2 only) |
| RSYSAFF | SAff | 5 | System affinity (JES2 only) |
| RAUTH | Authority | 13 | Authority of the reader (JES2 only) |
| PRIOINC | PI | 2 | Increment to selection priority (JES2 only) |
| PRIOLIM | PL | 2 | Maximum priority level that can be assigned to jobs. Any job's priority that exceeds this level is reduced to it. (JES2 only) |
| RUNIT | Unit | 5 | Reader unit name |
| XEQDEST | XeqDest | 18 | Default execution node (JES2 only) |
| RTRACE | Tr | 3 | Reader tracing (JES2 only) |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name (JES2 only) |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES level |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of the job on the reader (JES2 only) |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device (JES2 only) |
| DEVTYPE | DevType | 8 | Device type name (JES3 only) |
| DSPNAME | DSPName | 8 | Dynamic support program name (JES3 only) |
| ACCTREQ | AReq | 3 | Account number required on job card (JES3 only) |
| PNAMEREQ | PReq | 3 | Programmer name required on job card (JES3 only) |

| Table 137. Columns on the RDR Panel (continued) | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| SWA | SWA | 5 | SWA ABOVE or BELOW (JES3 only) |
| BLP | BLP | 3 | Bypass label processing label setting is respected (JES3 only) |
| RPRIO | DP | 2 | Default job priority (JES3 only) |
| RMLEVEL | ML | 2 | Default job message level (JES3 only) |
| RALEVEL | AL | 2 | Default allocation message level (JES3 only) |
| RTIME | Time | 10 | Default time limit (JES3 only) |
| RREGION | Region | 10 | Default region size (JES3 only) |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

Resource panel (RES)

The Resource (RES) panel allows you to display WLM resources.

Command keyword

To display resources in the MAS or sysplex, access the panel with the **RES** command. To display resources for a scheduling environment, access the panel with the **R** action character from the SE panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 138 on page 161 allow you to customize the RES display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

RES (MAS|ALL)

Consider the following example:

• **RES MAS** - Displays resources for all systems in the MAS.

| Table 138. RES Parameters | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| MAS | Displays resources for all systems in the MAS. It is the default for JES2; under JES3, it is treated as ALL. |
| ALL | Displays resources for all systems in the sysplex. This the default for JES3. |

RES command action characters

The action characters for the RES command are shown in Table 139 on page 162.

| Table 139. RES Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display resources in the Log. This issues the MVS D command. | |

Columns on the RES panel

The columns on the RES panel are shown in Table 140 on page 162.

| Table 140. Columns on the RES Panel | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| RESOURCE | RESOURCE | 16 | Resource name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| REQSTATE | ReqState | 8 | Required state of the resource for the scheduling environment. Displayed only if the panel is accessed with the R action character. |
| SYS1 to SYS32 | Resolved from the actual names of the systems | 8 | Status of the resource on the system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Resource Monitor (RM) panel

The Resource Monitor (RM) panel allows you to display information about JES2 resources such as JOEs, JQEs and BERTs.

Command keyword

Access the Resource Monitor panel with the **RM** command from any SDSF panel (JES2 only).

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 141 on page 163 allow you to customize the RES display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

RM (ALL|number-of-intervals)

RM with no parameters displays the current interval.

Consider the following example:

• RM 3 - Displays the most recent 3 intervals.

| Table 141. RM Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| ALL | Displays all intervals. | |
| number-of-intervals | Specifies the number of intervals to be displayed, including the most recent. JES2 maintains up to 72 intervals. | |

RM command action characters

The action characters for the RM command are shown in Table 142 on page 163.

| Table 142. RM Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display information about the resource. | |

Columns on the RM panel

The columns on the RM panel are shown in Table 143 on page 163.

| Table 143. | Columns o | on the RM | Panel |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| RESNAME | RESOURCE | 8 | JES2 resource name | |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name | |
| STATUS | Status | 10 | Resource status | Х |
| LIMIT | Limit | 6 | Limit for the resource | Х |
| USENUM | InUse | 6 | Number in use | Х |
| USEPCT | InUse% | 6 | Percentage in use | Х |
| WARNPCT | Warn% | 5 | Warning threshold (percentage) | Х |
| INTAVG | IntAvg | 6 | Average amount in use for the interval | Х |
| INTHIGH | IntHigh | 7 | Highest amount in use for the interval | Х |
| INTLOW | IntLow | 6 | Lowest amount in use for the interval | Х |
| OVERWARN | OverWarn% | 9 | Amount in use above the warning threshold (percentage) | Х |
| TIMEE | Time | 8 | Time that the interval began | Х |
| DATEE | Date | 8 | Date that the interval began | Х |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| | | | | |

| Table 143. Colum | ns on the RM Panel (cont | inued) | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES2 subsystem name | |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | z/OS JES2 level | |
| DESCRIPT | Description | 20 | Descriptive resource name | |
| STMT | Statement | 16 | Resource limit statement | |
| KEYWORD | Keyword | 20 | Resource limit keyword | |
| SCOPE | Scope | 7 | Resource scope (local or JESPLEX). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Resource Monitor Alerts panel (RMA)

The Job Resource Monitor Alerts (RMA) panel shows resource alert, notice, and track messages. These messages are issued when JES2 detects problems related to resources.

The RMA panel requires use of the SDSFAUX address space for data gathering and is available only when running JES2.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown.. The command accepts a single parameter for the message-type pattern.

Command keyword

Access the RMA panel with the RMA command from any SDSF panel (JES2 only).

Customize the display with parameters

The parameter shown in Table 144 on page 164 allows you to customize the RMA display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

RMA (NOTICE|N|ALERT|A|TRACK|T)

RMA with no parameters shows all notices, alerts, and tracks.

Consider the following examples:

- RMA N Displays outstanding notices only.
- **RMA** Displays all outstanding notices, alerts, and tracks.

| Table 144. RMA Parameters | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Parameter | Description |
| NOTICE N | Displays only notice messages. |
| ALERT A | Displays only alert messages. |
| TRACK T | Displays only track messages. |

RMA command action characters

The action characters for the RMA command are shown in Table 145 on page 165.

| Table 145. RMA Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| J | Display the current state of monitor subtasks. | |
| JD | Display monitor details. | |
| ЈН | Display resource history. | |
| JJ | Display the current state of JES2. | |
| JS | Display the current status of JES2. | |

Columns on the RMA panel The columns on the RMA panel are shown in <u>Table 146 on page 165</u>.

Table 146. Columns on the RMA Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ТҮРЕ | ТҮРЕ | 7 | Message type (alert, notice, or track). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| MEMBER | Member | 8 | JES2 member name. |
| MSGLINE1 | MessageLine1 | 71 | Message line 1. |
| MSGLINE1 | MessageLine2 | 71 | Message line 2. |
| MSGLINE3 | MessageLine3 | 71 | Message line 3. |
| MSGLINE4 | MessageLine4 | 71 | Message line 4. |
| MSGTIME | MessageTime | 19 | Timestamp when alert recognized. |
| CRITICAL | Critical | 8 | Notice is critical (yes, no, or blank). |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES subsystem name. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MVS system name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Search panel (SRCH)

The SRCH panel shows the results of a member search from a dataset list. The resulting table shows all data sets containing that member pattern.

Note: SRCH provides a different capability from the SEARCH command. SRCH implements a member search using a data set list, whereas SEARCH searches the SDSF help and tutorial.

Command keyword

Access the Search panel with the **SRCH** command from the APF, JDD, LNK, LPA, PARM, or PROC panels.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 147 on page 166 allow you to customize the SRCH display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SRCH member-pattern [F | NF | ALL]

Consider the following example:

• SRCH IEA* - Displays the SRCH results for member pattern IEA*.

| Table 147. SRCH Parameters | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| member-pattern | Searches for matching members in the dataset list. Can include * (any string of characters) or % (any single character). | |
| F | Lists only those data sets where the member pattern was found. | |
| NF | Lists only those data sets where the member pattern was not found. | |
| ALL | Lists all data sets searched. This is the default. You can change the default with the SET SRCH command. | |

Setting the SRCH default

Use the SET SRCH command to set SRCH command defaults.

For example, the **SET SRCH F** command sets the default action to show only data sets where the member pattern was found. If you then enter **SRCH** member-name **(blank)**, it is equivalent to **SRCH** member-name **F**.

If you issue the **SET SRCH** command from within the SRCH panel, exit the SRCH panel and access it again for the **SET SRCH** command to take effect.

The value of **SET SRCH** is saved across SDSF sessions when running under ISPF.

You can also access the SET SRCH command default from the pull-down menu **Options** > **Browse and Print** > **Set default SRCH option** option.

| Table 148. SET SRCH Parameters | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| | Sets the default to list only those data sets where the member pattern was found. | |

| Table 148. SET SRCH Parameters (continued) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| NF | Sets the default to list only those data sets where the member pattern was not found. | |
| ALL | Sets the default to list all data sets searched. This is the default. | |
| ? | Displays the current setting. | |

SRCH command action characters

The action characters for the SRCH command are shown in Table 149 on page 167.

| Table 149. SRCH Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| SB | Browse (ISPF only). | |
| SE | Edit (ISPF only). | |
| SV | ISPF View. | |

Columns on the SRCH panel

The columns on the SRCH panel are shown in Table 150 on page 167.

| | • | | · - | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Table 150. Columns on the SRCH Panel | | | | |
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DSNAME | DSNAME | 13-44 (Varies based on longest name.) | Data set name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number | |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial | |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | Data set or member status | |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization | |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Data set block size | |
| EXTENT | Extent | 6 | Number of extents | |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator: YES if data set is SMS managed. Otherwise, NO. | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| | | | | |

| Table 150. Columns on the SRCH Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format | |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 8 | Data set creation date | |
| REFDATE | RefDate | 8 | Data set last referenced date | |
| SYSNAME | Sysname | 8 | System name | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Scheduling Environment panel (SE)

The Scheduling Environment (SE) panel allows you to display the Scheduling Environments in the MAS or the sysplex.

Command keyword

Access the Scheduling Environment panel with the SE command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 151 on page 168 allow you to customize the SE display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SE (MAS|ALL)

Consider the following example:

• SE ALL - Displays scheduling environments for all systems in the sysplex.

| Table 151. SE Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| MAS | Displays scheduling environments for all systems in the MAS. It is the default for JES2; under JES3, it is treated as ALL. | |
| ALL | Displays scheduling environments for all systems in the sysplex. This the default for JES3. | |

SE command action characters

The action characters for the SE command are shown in Table 152 on page 168.

| Table 152. SE Command Action Characters | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |

| Table 152. SE Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display scheduling environments in the log. This issues the MVS D command. | |
| R | Display resources for a scheduling environment. | |
| ST | Display the ST panel for all jobs requiring the scheduling environment. | |

Columns on the SE panel

The columns on the SE panel are shown in Table 153 on page 169.

Table 153. Columns on the SE Panel

| Column Name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| SCHENV | SCHEDULING-ENV | 16 | Scheduling environment name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| DESCRIPT | Description | 32 | Description of scheduling environment |
| SYSTEMS | Systems | 60 | Systems with the scheduling environment available |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

SMS Storage Groups panel (SMSG)

The SMS Storage Groups (SMSG) panel allows you to display SMS storage groups in the system.

Command keyword

Access the SMSG panel with the SMSG command from any SDSF panel.

SMSG command action characters

The action characters for the SMSG command are shown in Table 154 on page 169.

| Table 154. SMSG Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |

| Table 154. SMSG Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display information. | |
| DL | Display volumes in storage group. | |
| L | List volumes in storage group. (Access SMSV panel.) | |
| VD | Disable storage group from allocating or accessing new data sets. | |
| VDN | Disable storage group from allocating new data sets. | |
| VE | Enable a storage group. | |
| VQ | Quiesce a storage group. | |
| VQN | Quiesce a storage group for new data sets. | |
| VS | Update space statistics for the storage group. | |

Columns on the SMSG panel The columns on the SMSG panel are shown in <u>Table 155 on page 170</u>.

Table 155. Columns on the SMSG Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| STORGRP | NAME | 8 | Storage group name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 16 | Storage group type |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | SMS status |
| TOTAL | TotalMB | 7 | Total space in megabytes (MB) |
| USEDPCT | Used% | 5 | Space used percentage |
| FREE | FreeMB | 6 | Free space in megabytes (MB) |
| LFREE | LargestFreeMB | 13 | Largest free extent in megabytes (MB) |
| NUMVOL | Volume | 6 | Number of volumes in storage group |
| NUMONLINE | Online | 6 | Number of volumes online |
| NUMOFFLINE | Offline | 7 | Number of volumes offline |
| NUMENABLE | Enabled | 7 | Number of volumes enabled |
| NUMDISABLE | Disabled | 8 | Number of volumes disabled |
| NUMQUIESCE | Quiesced | 8 | Number of volumes quiesced |
| USERID | LastUser | 8 | Last user to modify storage group definition |
| CHGDATE | Change-Date-Time | 19 | Timestamp of last change to definition |
| DESC | Description | 120 | Description |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| | | | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

SMS Volumes panel (SMSV)

The SMS Volumes (SMSV) panel allows you to display SMS volumes in the system.

Command keyword

Access the SMSV panel with the SMSV command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameter shown in Table 156 on page 171 allows you to customize the SMSV display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SMSV(storage-group)

SMSV with no parameters shows all volumes and storage groups.

Consider the following examples:

- **SMSV** groupname Displays volumes in the storage group.
- SMSV Displays all volumes and storage groups.

| Table 156. SMSV Parameters | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter Description | | |
| storage-group | Limits the panel to volumes in the storage group. | |

SMSG command action characters

The action characters for the SMSG command are shown in Table 157 on page 171.

| Table 157. SMSV Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display information. | |
| DC | Display coupling facility cache structures for volume. | |
| DS | Display storage group status. | |

| Table 157. SMSV Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| DSL | Display volumes in storage group. | |
| VD | Disable a volume from allocating or accessing data sets. | |
| VDN | Disable a volume from allocating new data sets. | |
| VE | Enable a volume. | |
| VQ | Quiesce a volume. | |
| VQN | Quiesce a volume for new data sets. | |
| VS | Update space statistics for the volume. | |

Columns on the SMSV panel

The columns on the SMSV panel are shown in Table 158 on page 172.

| Table 158. | Columns | on the | SMSV | Panel |
|------------|---------|--------|------|-------|
|------------|---------|--------|------|-------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| VOLSER | VOLSER | 6 | Volume serial. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 16 | Volume status |
| TOTAL | TotalMB | 7 | Total space in megabytes (MB) |
| USEDPCT | Used% | 5 | Space used percentage |
| FREE | FreeMB | 6 | Free space in megabytes (MB) |
| LFREE | LargestFreeMB | 13 | Largest free extent in megabytes (MB) |
| DEVSTAT | Device-Status | 16 | MVS status |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Unit address if known |
| STORGRP | StorGrp | 8 | Storage group |
| USERID | LastUser | 8 | Last user to update storage group definition |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Spool Offload panel (SO)

The Spool Offload (SO) panel allows you to display information about JES2 spool offloaders and their associated transmitters and receivers.

Command keyword

Access the Spool Offload panel with the **SO** command from any SDSF panel (JES2 only).

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 159 on page 173 allow you to customize the SO display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SO (offload-list)

SO without any parameters displays information about all the spool offloaders, transmitters and receivers defined to your system.

Consider the following example:

• SO SHORT - Displays information about all JES2 spool offloaders, but no transmitters or receivers.

| Table 159. SO Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| offload-list | <i>reader-list</i> is up to four of the following, in any combination: | |
| | • number - A local reader ID (1 to 99). | |
| | number-range - A range of local reader IDs (1 to 99). | |
| | • Rnumber - R followed by a remote location (1 to 32767). | |
| | • Rnumber-range - R followed by a range of remote locations (1 to 32767). | |
| | • LCL - All local readers. | |
| | • RMT - All remote readers. | |
| | Parameters with "number" are valid for JES2 only. | |
| SHORT | Displays information about all JES2 spool offloaders, but no transmitters or receivers. | |

SO command action characters

The action characters for the SO command are shown in Table 160 on page 173.

| Table 160. SO Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| С | Cancel a transmitter or receiver. | |
| D | Display an offloader, transmitter, or receiver in the log. | |
| E | Restart a transmitter. | |
| Р | Drain an offloader, transmitter, or receiver. | |

| Table 160. SO Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| S Start a transmitter or receiver. | | |
| SR Start an offloader to receive jobs and SYSOL | | |
| ST | Start an offloader to transmit jobs and SYSOUT. | |

Columns on the SO panel The columns on the SO panel are shown in <u>Table 161 on page 174</u>.

Table 161. Columns on the SO Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|--------------------|-------|---|
| DEVNAME | DEVICE | 8 | Device name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 9 | Device status |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 8 | Device type |
| JNAME | Jobname | 8 | Active jobname |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Active JES2 job ID |
| JTYPE | JType ¹ | 5 | Type of active address space |
| JNUM | JNum ² | 6 | Active JES2 job number |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of owner |
| LINELIM | Line-Limit | 21 | Selection line limit |
| PAGELIM | Page-Limit | 21 | Selection page limit |
| RECPRT | Proc-Lines | 10 | Number of lines processed for the job. |
| RECCNT | Tot-Lines | 10 | Number of lines in the job. |
| SCLASS | SClass | 15 | Selection classes. Multi-character classes and groups shows as periods (.). |
| SOWNER | SOwner | 8 | Selection owner |
| SHOLD | SHold | 5 | Selection hold value |
| SJOBNAME | SJobName | 8 | Selection jobname |
| SRANGE | SRange | 22 | Selection job number range |
| SDESTN1 | SDest1 | 18 | Selection destination name |
| SSAFF | SSAff | 5 | Selection system affinity |
| SDISP | SDisp | 6 | Selection disposition |
| SVOL | SVol | 6 | Selection volume |
| SBURST | SBurst | 6 | Selection burst value |
| SFCBID | SFCB | 4 | Selection FCB |
| SFLASHID | SFlh | 4 | Selection flash |
| SFORMS | SForms | 8 | Selection forms name |
| SFORM2 | SForm2 | 8 | Selection forms name 2 |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| SFORM3 | SForm3 | 8 | Selection forms name 3 |
| SFORM4 | SForm4 | 8 | Selection forms name 4 |
| SFORM5 | SForm5 | 8 | Selection forms name 5 |
| SFORM6 | SForm6 | 8 | Selection forms name 6 |
| SFORM7 | SForm7 | 8 | Selection forms name 7 |
| SFORM8 | SForm8 | 8 | Selection forms name 8 |
| SPRMODE1 | SPrMode | 8 | Selection process mode |
| SODISP | SODsp | 5 | Selection output disposition |
| SODISP2 | SODsp2 | 5 | Selection output disposition 2 |
| SODISP3 | SODsp3 | 5 | Selection output disposition 3 |
| SODISP4 | SODsp4 | 5 | Selection output disposition 4 |
| SWTRID | SWriter | 8 | Selection writer name |
| SUCSID | SUCS | 4 | Selection UCS |
| PRTWS | Work-Selection | 40 | Work selection criteria |
| NOTIFY | Notify | 6 | Notification option |
| ODSNAME | DSName | 44 | Data set name |
| SSRVCLS | SSrvClass | 9 | Selection service class value for the job receiver or job transmitter |
| SSCHENV | SScheduling-Env | 16 | Selection scheduling environment value for the job receiver or job transmitter |
| MBURST | MBurst | 6 | Modification of the burst value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MDEST | MDest | 18 | Modification of the destination value, for post- execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MFCB | MFCB | 4 | Modification of the FCB value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MFLASH | MFlh | 4 | Modification of the flash value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MFORMS | MForms | 8 | Modification of the forms value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MHOLD | MHold | 5 | Modification of the hold value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| MSCLASS | MClass | 8 | Modification of the class value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MODISP | MODsp | 5 | Modification of the output disposition value, for post- execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MPRMODE | MPrMode | 8 | Modification of the process mode value, for post- execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MSAFF | MSAff | 5 | Modification of the system affinity value, for post- execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MUCS | MUCS | 4 | Modification of the universal character set (UCS) name value, for post-execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| MWRITER | MWriter | 8 | Modification of the writer name value, for post- execution jobs and output data sets that are selected for reloading, assigned during the reload process. |
| LABEL | Label | 5 | Label |
| PROTECT | Prot | 4 | Protect option |
| RETENT | RtPd | 4 | Retention |
| ARCHIVE | Archive | 7 | Archive option |
| VALIDAT | Validate | 8 | Validation option |
| UNIT | Unit | 14 | Unit |
| VOLS | Vols | 4 | Volume count (1-255) to be used for the offload data set |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| DSYSID | SysID | 5 | JES2 member name |
| JESNAME | JESN | 4 | JES2 subsystem name |
| JESLEVEL | JESLevel | 8 | JES2 level |
| DEVSECLB | DSecLabel | 9 | Security label of the device |
| CRTIME | CRTime | 7 | Indicates whether to restore or reset the original creation time of the output. |
| LINELIML | Line-Lim-Lo | 11 | Line limit, minimum |
| LINELIMH | Line-Lim-Hi | 11 | Line limit, maximum |
| PAGELIML | Page-Lim-Lo | 11 | Page limit, minimum |
| PAGELIMH | Page-Lim-Hi | 11 | Page limit, maximum |
| SCLASS1-8 | SClass1-8 | 8 | Selection classes 1-8, including multi-character classes and groups (job transmitters and receivers) |

| Table 161. | Columns c | on the SO | Panel | (continued) |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------------|
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Notes on the table:

- 1. JType is not included in the default field list.
- 2. JNum is not included in the default field list.

Spool Volumes panel (SP)

The Spool Volumes (SP) panel allows you to display information about JES spool volumes.

Command keyword

Access the Spool Volumes panel with the **SP** command from any SDSF panel.

SP command action characters

The action characters for the SP command are shown in Table 162 on page 177.

| Table 162. SP Command Action Characters | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| A | Release the spool data set and all jobs that have data on spool for scheduling (JES3 only). | |
| D | Display the status of a spool volume. | |
| DL | Display the long form of status. For JES3, valid only for partitions. | |
| н | Hold the spool data set and further scheduling for jobs with data on the data set (JES3 only). You can add: | |
| | C - Hold the spool data set and cancel all jobs using it (JES3 only). | |
| | P - Hold the spool data set and hold further scheduling of jobs with data on it. Cancel jobs active on the main and using the data set. | |
| J | Display all jobs using the spool volume. | |

| Table 162. SP Command Action Characters (continued) | |
|---|---|
| Action Character | Description |
| Р | Drain a spool volume. You can add: |
| | C - Drain a spool volume and cancel all jobs that have used it (JES2 only). |
| S | Start a spool volume, adding or reactivating it to the spool configuration (JES2 only). |
| U | Resume allocating space on the spool data set (JES3 only). |
| Z | Halt a spool volume, deallocating it after active work completes its current phase of processing (JES2 only). |

Columns on the SO panel The columns on the SO panel are shown in <u>Table 163 on page 178</u>.

Table 163. Columns on the SP Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| DEVNAME | NAME | 6 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | Spool volume name (JES2) or DDNAME (JES3). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 (JES2) 12 (JES3) | Spool status (active, starting, halting, draining, inactive) or partition status |
| ТGРСТ | TGPct | 5 | Spool utilization |
| TGNUM | TGNum | 5 | Total track groups |
| TGUSE | TGUse | 5 | Track groups in use |
| COMMAND | Command | 8 | Command being processed (start, format, drain, halt) (JES2 only) |
| SPSYSAF | SAff | 5 | System affinity (JES2 only) |
| EXTENT | Ext | 3 | Extent number, in hexadecimal |
| CYLLO | LoCyl | 8 | Low cylinder |
| TRKLO | LoTrk | 16 | Absolute low track number, in hexadecimal |
| HEADLO | LoHead | 8 | Low head |
| CYLHI | HiCyl | 8 | High cylinder |
| TRKHI | HiTrk | 16 | Absolute high track number, in hexadecimal |
| HEADHI | HiHead | 8 | High head |
| TCYL | TrkPerCyl | 9 | Tracks per cylinder |
| TREC | RecPerTrk | 9 | Records per track |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| TGTRK | TrkPerTG | 8 | Tracks per track group |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 9 | Spool type (PARTITION or EXTENT) |
| PARTNAME | PartName | 8 | Partition name (JES3 only) |
| OVFNAME | OverFNam | 8 | Overflow partition name (JES3 only) |
| OVALLOW | OverAllow | 9 | Indicates if overflow from this partition to another partition is allowed (JES3 only) |
| OVOCCUR | OverOccur | 9 | Indicates if overflow from this partition to another partition occurred (JES3 only) |
| ΟVINTO | OverInto | 3 | Indicates if overflow into this partition from another partition is allowed (JES3 only) |
| PTRACKS | PTracks | 8 | Total tracks in the partition |
| PTRACKU | PTrackU | 8 | Tracks in use in the partition |
| DTRACKS | DTracks | 8 | Total tracks in the data set |
| DTRACKU | DTrackU | 8 | Tracks in use in the data set |
| DEFAULT | Default | 7 | Default partition indicator (JES3 only) |
| STUNTED | Stunted | 7 | Extent is stunted (JES2 only) |
| STT | STT | 3 | Single track table indicator (JES3 only) |
| MARGPCT | MargPct | 7 | Marginal SLIM threshold percentage – shown only on the row for the partition (JES3 only) |
| MARGEXC | MargExc | 7 | Marginal threshold exceeded (JES3 only) |
| MINPCT | MinPct | 6 | Minimal SLIM threshold percentage (JES3 only) |
| MINEXC | MinExc | 3 | Marginal threshold exceeded (JES3 only) |
| DATASET | DataSetName | 44 | Data set name |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Actual volume serial upon which this spool extent resides (JES2 only) |
| SELECT | Sel | 3 | Indicates if work is selectable on this volume (JES2 only) |
| RESERVED | Res | 3 | Indicates whether this volume is reserved (active but not allocatable) (JES2 only) |
| LGFREE | LgFree | 6 | Largest number of contiguous free tracks (JES2 only) |
| HIGHTRK | HiUsed | 6 | Highest used track on the volume (JES2 only) |
| СОМРРСТ | Comp% | 5 | Percentage complete of the current action against the volume (JES2 only) |
| PHASE | Phase | 12 | Migration phase (JES2 only) |
| MIGSYS | MigSys | 6 | JES2 member performing the spool migration (JES2 only) |
| TARGET | Target | 8 | Volume name in JES2 where this extent is migrating to or has migrated to (JES2 only) |

Table 163. Columns on the SP Panel (continued)

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| MIGVOL | MigVol | 6 | Volume to which this extent is migrating (JES2 only) |
| MIGDSN | MigDSName | 44 | Data set name to which this extent is migrating (JES2 only) |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Status panel (ST)

The Status panel allows you to display information about jobs, started tasks, and TSO users on the JES queues.

Command keyword

Access the Status panel with the **ST** command from any SDSF panel.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 164 on page 181 allow you to customize the ST display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

ST(classes) (string)

ST with no parameters displays all jobs. The information displayed may be limited by your authorization and by settings for SDSF filters such as FILTER and PREFIX.

Consider the following examples:

- STabc Displays all jobs in classes A, B, and C.
- ST jb* Displays all jobs whose names begin with jb.

| Table 164. ST Parameters | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| classes | Limits the job classes. For JES2, type up to 6 one- character classes. For jobs in execution, use A-Z or 0-9. For JES3, type one class, up to 6 characters. For more complex filters, use the FILTER command. You can use the following special characters: |
| | • * - Converter queue. |
| | # - Started tasks in execution. |
| | + - Output queue. |
| | • ? - Purge queue. |
| | • = - Spin queue. |
| | @ - Jobs waiting to be transmitted to another queue. |
| | • \$ - TSO users in execution. |
| | • ! - Hard-copy queue. |
| | Input queue. |
| |) - Receiver queue. |
| | / - Setup queue. |
| string | A character string that limits the panel to jobs whose names match the character string. The string can be up to 8 characters, including: |
| | * - To represent any character or string of characters. |
| | • % - To represent any single character. |

ST command action characters

The action characters for the ST command are shown in Table 165 on page 181.

| Table 165. ST Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| ? | Display a list of the data sets for a job. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) |
| А | Release a held job. |

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|---|
| C | Cancel a job. For JES3, also process output data sets. You can add: |
| | A - Job that is defined to Automatic Restart Manager (ARM). |
| | • D - And take a dump. |
| | DA - Job that is defined to ARM, and take a dump. |
| | • DP - And take a dump but do not purge the job's output (JES3 only). |
| | P - And print data sets ready for printing (JES3 only). |
| D | Display job information in the log. You can add: |
| | • E - Line, page, record, and card counts (JES3 only). |
| | • L - Long form (JES2 only). |
| | M - Mains on which the job is eligible to run (JES3 only). |
| | • MA - MDS allocate queue information (JES3 only). |
| | • ME - MDS error queue information (JES3 only). |
| | • MR - MDS restart queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MSS - MDS system select queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MSV - MDS system verify queue information (JES3 only). |
| | MU - MDS unavailable volumes information (JES3 only). |
| | P - Dependencies. |
| | • SD - DDNAMEs of all spool data sets that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | SH - DDNAMEs of data sets in spool hold status that contain data (JES3 only). |
| | • SP - Spool partition name (JES3 only). |
| | • X - Extended (JES3 only). |
| E | Process a job again. You can add (JES2 only): |
| | • C - Cancel and hold the job prior to execution. |
| | • S - After the current step completes. |
| | • SH - After the current step completes, restart and hold . |
| Н | Hold a job. |
| I | Display job delay information. |
| J | Start a job immediately. |

| Table 165. ST Command Action Cho | aracters (continued) |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| JD | Display the job's use of devices. (Access the Job Device panel.) |
| JM | Display the job's use of memory. (Access the Job Memory panel.) |
| JP | Display the job's dependencies. (Access the Job Dependency panel.) |
| L | List output status of a job in the log. For JES3, this is job output in the writer queue. You can add: |
| | • B - SNA/NJE output (JES3 only). |
| | • H - Output on the hold queue (JES3 only). |
| | • L - Long form (JES2 only). |
| | • T - TCP/IP job output (JES3 only). |
| 0 | Release held output for printing (JES2 only). |
| Р | Cancel a job and purge its output. |
| PO | Purge output (JES2 only). |
| PP | Cancel a protected job and purge its output (JES2 only). |
| Q | Display output descriptors for all of the data sets for an output group. |
| S | Browse the data sets for a job. You can add: |
| | B - Use ISPF Browse. |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. |
| | V - Use ISPF View |
| | • J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. |
| W | Cause job and message logs to spin. |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC). |
| | • D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). |

Columns on the ST panel The columns on the ST panel are shown in <u>Table 166 on page 183</u>.

| Table 166. Columns on t | he ST Panel |
|-------------------------|-------------|
|-------------------------|-------------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| JNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
| JTYPE | Туре | 4 | Type of address space | |
| JNUM | JNum ¹ | 6 | JES job number | |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | JES job ID | |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of job owner, or default values of +++ +++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF | |
| JPRIO | Prty | 4 | JES job queue priority | |
| QUEUE | Queue | 10 | JES queue name for job | |
| JCLASS | С | 8 | JES input class | |
| POS | Pos | 5 | Position in JES queue | |
| SYSAFF | SAff | 5 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system affinity (if any) | |
| ACTSYS | ASys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES active system ID (if job active) | |
| STATUS | Status | 17 | Status of job | |
| PRTDEST | PrtDest | 18 | JES print destination name | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of job | |
| TGNUM | TGNum | 5 | Track groups used by a job | |
| ТGРСТ | TGPct | 6 | Percentage of total track group usage | |
| ORIGNODE | OrigNode | 8 | Origin node name | |
| EXECNODE | ExecNode | 8 | Execution node name | |
| DEVID | Device | 18 | JES device name | |
| RETCODE | Max-RC | 10 | Return code information for the job. | |
| | | | blank - No completion information ABENDUxxxx - Job abended or ABEND Sxxx CANCELED - Job canceled CC xxxx - Job ended normally CC xxxx - Job ended by CC CONV ABEND - Converter abended JCL ERROR - JCL error SEC ERROR - Security error SYS FAIL - System failure | : |
| SRVCLS | SrvClass | 8 | Service class | |
| WLMPOS | WPos | 5 | Position on the WLM queue | |
| SCHENV | Scheduling-Env | 16 | Scheduling environment for the job | |
| DELAY | Dly | 3 | Indicator that job processing is delayed | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|---------------|
| SSMODE | Mode | 4 | Subsystem managing the job (JES or WLM) | |
| ROOMN | RNum | 8 | JES job room number | X |
| PNAME | Programmer-Name | 20 | JES programmer name | X |
| ACCTN | Acct | | JES account number | <u>х</u> |
| ACCIN | ACCI | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES account number | ^ |
| NOTIFY | Notify | 8 | TSO user ID from NOTIFY parameter on job card | Х |
| ISYSID | ISys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES input system ID | Х |
| TIMER | Rd-Time | 8 | Time that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| DATER | Rd-Date | 8 | Date that the job was read in. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the Rd-DateTime column. | Х |
| ESYSID | ESys | 4 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | JES execution system ID | х |
| TIMEE | St-Time | 8 | Time that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| DATEE | St-Date | 8 | Date that execution began. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the St- DateTime column. | JES3 only. |
| TIMEN | End-Time | 8 | Time that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | X |
| DATEN | End-Date | 8 | Date that execution ended. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the End- DateTime column. | х |
| ICARDS | Cards | 5 | Number of cards read for job | Х |
| MCLASS | MC | 2 | MSGCLASS of job | Х |
| TSREC | Tot-Lines | 10 | Total number of spool records for job | Х |
| OFFDEVS | Offs | 4 | List of offload devices for a job or output that has been offloaded (JES2 only) | |
| SPIN | Spin | 4 | Indicator of whether the job is eligible to be spun | |
| SUBGROUP | SubGroup | 8 | Submitter group | Х |
| PHASENAME | PhaseName | 20 | Name of the phase the job is in | |
| PHASE | Phase | 8 | Number of the phase the job is in | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------|--|-------|
| JOBACCT1 | JobAcct1 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 1 | X |
| JOBACCT2 | JobAcct2 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 2 | X |
| JOBACCT3 | JobAcct3 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 3 | X |
| JOBACCT4 | JobAcct4 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 4 | X |
| JOBACCT5 | JobAcct5 ¹ | 20 | Job accounting field 5 | X |
| SUBUSER | SubUser | 8 | C | X |
| | | | Submitting user ID | ^ |
| DELAYRSN | DelayRsn | 32 | Reason for the job delay (JES2 only). The width can be expanded to 127. | |
| JOBCORR | JobCorrelator | 32 | User portion of the job correlator (JES2 only) | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | ASID of the active job | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | ASID of the active job, in hexadecimal | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MVS system name where the job is executing | |
| DATETIMER | Rd-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that the job was read in. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the Rd-Date and Rd-Time columns. | Х |
| DATETIMEE | St-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution began. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the St-Date and St-Time columns. | Х |
| DATETIMEN | End-DateTime | 19 | Date and time that execution ended. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the End-Date and End-Time columns. | X |
| JOBGROUP | JobGroup | 8 | Name of the job group associated with job (JES2 only) | |
| JOBGRPID | JobGrpID | 8 | JES2 job group job ID (JES2 only) | |
| JOBSET | JobSet | 8 | Job set within the job group to which this job belongs (JES2 only) | |
| JGSTATUS | JGStatus | 8 | Status of the job within the dependency network (JES2 only) | |
| FLUSHACT | FlushAct | 8 | Flush action indicator (JES2 only) | |
| HOLDUNTIL | HoldUntil | 19 | HOLDUNTIL date and time (JES2 only) | |
| STARTBY | StartBy | 19 | STARTBY date and time (JES2 only) | |
| WITH | With | 19 | Name of the job or started task that the job must run with (on the same system) (JES2 only) | |
| EMAIL | EMail | 48 | Email address (JES2 only) | Х |
| BEFOREJOB | BeforeJob | 9 | Name of job that must run before this one (JES2 only) | |

| Column name | ns on the ST Panel (conti Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|--|-------|--|-------|
| BEFOREJID | BeforeJID | 4 | JobID of job that must run before this one (JES2 only) | Detay |
| AFTERJOB | AfterJob | 8 | Name of job that must run after this one (JES2 only) | |
| AFTERJID | AfterJID | 8 | JobID of job that must run after this one (JES2 only) | |
| SCHDELAY | SchDelay | 8 | Job delayed due to schedule hold or after (JES2 only) | |
| BERTNUM | BERTNum | 7 | Number of BERTs used by this job (JES2 only) | |
| JOENUM | JOENum | 6 | Number of JOEs used by this job (JES2 only) | |
| JOEBERTNUM | JOEBERTS | 7 | Number of BERTs used for this job's JOEs (JES2 only) | |
| DUBIOUS | Dubious | 7 | NJE job flagged as dubious (yes or no) | |
| NETONHOLD | OrigNHold | 9 | Original number of job completions before this job can be released (JES2 only) | |
| NETCNHOLD | CurrNHold | 9 | Current number of job completions before this job can be released (JES2 only) | |
| NETNORM | Normal | 6 | Action to be taken when any predecessor job completes normally (D, F, or R) (JES2 only) | |
| NETABNORM | Abnormal | 6 | Action to be taken when any predecessor job completes abnormally (D, F, or R) (JES2 only) | |
| NETNRCMP | NrCmp | 5 | Network job normal completion (HOLD, NOHO, or FLSH) (JES2 only) | |
| NETABCMP | AbCmp | 5 | Network job abnormal completion (NOKP or KEEP) (JES2 only) | |
| NETOPHOLD | OpHold | 6 | Operator hold (YES or NO) (JES2 only) | |
| JOBCRDATE | JobCrDate | 19 | Job creation date (JES2 only). | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Scaling of data

г

When a value is too large to fit in the available space SDSF scales the value using these abbreviations:

| Table 167. Scaling of data | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Value | Description |
| К | Kilo (hexadecimal scaling) |
| Т | Thousands (decimal scaling) or Tera (hexadecimal scaling |

| Table 167. Scaling of data (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Value | Description | |
| М | Millions (decimal scaling) or Mega (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| В | Billions (decimal scaling) | |
| G | Giga (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| Р | Peta (hexadecimal scaling) | |
| КВ | Kilobytes | |
| МВ | Megabytes | |
| GB | Gigabytes | |
| ТВ | Terabytes | |
| РВ | Petabytes | |

Changing the width of the column, with the ARRANGE command, affects the scaling. When filtering on columns that use binary abbreviations (KB, MB, and so forth) you can enter either a number or a number with the abbreviation. For example, 4096 and 4MB are both valid with entering a filter. However, SDSF always displays the value as 4MB.

Notes on the table:

1. This column is not included in the default field list.

Subsystem panel (SSI)

The Subsystem (SSI) panel allows you to display the subsystems defined to the system. Both dynamic and non-dynamic subsystems are shown.

Command keyword

Г

Access the SSI panel with the SSI command from any SDSF panel.

SSI command action characters

The action characters for the SSI command are shown in Table 168 on page 188.

| Table 168. SSI Command Action Ch | Table 168. SSI Command Action Characters | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | | |
| A | Activate subsystem. | | |
| D | Display information. | | |
| DA | Display information about all subsystems. | | |
| DO | Display operator information. | | |

| Table 168. SSI Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| н | Deactivate subsystem. | |
| PF Delete subsystem (force). | | |

Columns on the SSI panel The columns on the SSI panel are shown in <u>Table 169 on page 189</u>.

Table 169. Columns on the SSI Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 4 | Subsystem name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| NAMEX | NameX | 8 | Subsystem name in hexadecimal |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 8 | Subsystem type (JES2 or JES3) |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Subsystem status (active or inactive) |
| PRIMARY | Primary | 7 | Primary subsystem (yes or no) |
| DYNAMIC | Dynamic | 7 | Dynamic subsystem (yes or no) |
| SETSSI | SetSSI | 6 | Subsystem responds to SETSSI (yes or no) |
| EVENTRTN | EventRtn | 8 | Event routine indicator (yes or no) |
| SSCT | SSCT | 8 | Address of subsystem control table (SSCT) |
| SSCTSUSE | SSCTSUSE | 8 | Contents of SSCTSUSE field |
| SSCTSUS2 | SSCTSUS2 | 8 | Contents of SSCTSUS2 field |
| SSVT | SSVT | 8 | Address of subsystem vector table (SSVT) |
| FC04 | FC04 | 4 | Function code 04 active (yes or no) |
| FC08 | FC08 | 4 | Function code 08 active (yes or no) |
| FC09 | FC09 | 4 | Function code 09 active (yes or no) |
| FC10 | FC10 | 4 | Function code 10 active (yes or no) |
| FC14 | FC14 | 4 | Function code 14 active (yes or no) |
| FC50 | FC50 | 4 | Function code 50 active (yes or no) |
| FC54 | FC54 | 4 | Function code 54 active (yes or no) |
| FC58 | FC58 | 8 | Function code 58 active (yes or no) |
| FC78 | FC78 | 8 | Function code 78 active (yes or no) |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

System Symbols panel (SYM)

The System Symbols panel (SYM) allows you to display the system dynamic and static symbols.

System symbols are elements that allow systems to share parmlib definitions while retaining unique values in those definitions. System symbols act like variables in a program; they can take on different values, based on the input to the program.

By default, the SYM panel is sorted by the system and symbol names. You can change the sort order with the SORT command.

The value of a static symbol is typically assigned through parmlib. In contrast, the value of a dynamic symbol is assigned by the system at the time the symbol is evaluated. For example, time and date symbols evaluate to the current time and date. The SYM panel shows the values of dynamic symbols at the time the panel is generated as an example of the value format. Jobs that reference a dynamic symbol may contain a different value when the symbol is evaluated.

Command keyword

Access the SYM panel with the SYM command from any SDSF panel.

SYM command action characters

The action characters for the SYM command are shown in Table 170 on page 190

Note: Action characters on the SYM panel generate commands to display the symbols in the syslog. Because dynamic symbols are not supported by operator commands, issuing an action against a dynamic symbol results in the message NOT VALID FOR TYPE.

| Table 170. SYM command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display symbol. | |
| DL | Display all symbols. | |

Columns on the SYM panel

The columns on the DA panel are shown in Table 171 on page 190.

| Table 171. | . Columns d | on the S | ystem S | ymbols |
|------------|-------------|----------|---------|--------|
|------------|-------------|----------|---------|--------|

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| SYMBOL | SYMBOL | 16 | Symbol name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| VALUE | Value | 44 | Symbol value. For dynamic symbols, it is the current value. |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 8 | Symbol type (static or dynamic) |

| Table 171. Columns on the System Symbols (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Operating system level | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

System panel (SYS)

The System Panel (SYS) allows you to display information about systems in the sysplex such as CPU busy, storage utilization, and IPL information.

Command keyword

Access the System panel with the **SYS** command from any SDSF panel.

SYS command action characters

The action characters for the SYS command are shown in Table 172 on page 191.

| Table 172. SYS Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display IPL information. | |
| DAA | Display all address spaces. | |
| DAL | Display address space list. | |
| DALO | Display allocation options. | |
| DC | Display consoles. | |
| DCEE | Display language environment options. | |
| DD | Display dump information. | |
| DEM | Display EMCS consoles. | |
| DG | Display GRS information. | |
| DI | Display IOS information. | |
| DIQP | Display IQP options. | |
| DLL | Display LLA information. | |
| | | |

| Table 172. SYS Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| DLO | Display system logger information. | |
| DLR | Display LOGREC information. | |
| DM | Display configuration. | |
| DMP | Display MPF. | |
| DO | Display OMVS options. | |
| DP | Display product registration. | |
| DPCD | Display PCIE device information. | |
| DPCI | Display PCIE options. | |
| DSF | Display SMF status. | |
| DSL | Display SLIP information. | |
| DSM | Display SMS information. | |
| DSY | Display system symbols. | |
| DT | Display time. | |
| DTO | Display TSO options. | |
| DTR | Display trace. | |
| DTS | Display TSO address spaces. | |
| DW | Display WLM information. | |
| DX | Display XCF sysplex information. | |

Columns on the SYS panel The columns on the SYS panel are shown in <u>Table 173 on page 192</u>.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|--------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | wiutii | Description |
| SYSNAME | SYSNAME | 8 | System name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 3 | Operating system level |
| CPUPR | CPU% | 4 | CPU percent busy for the system |
| SIO | SIO | 8 | Start I/O rate EXCPs per second |
| AUXPCT | Aux% | 4 | Auxiliary storage percentage used |
| CSAPCT | CSA% | 4 | Common storage area percentage used |
| SQAPCT | SQA% | 4 | System queue area percentage used |
| ECSAPCT | ECSA% | 5 | Extended common area percentage used |
| ESQAPCT | ESQA% | 5 | Extended system queue area percentage used |
| UIC | UIC | 5 | High unreferenced interval count |
| SPOOLPCT | Spool% | 6 | Spool utilization for primary JES |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| CADSPCT | CADS% | 5 | Common Access Dataspace percentage used of maximum defined |
| PAGERATE | PageRate | 8 | Paging rate |
| REAL | Real | 8 | Number of real storage frames online |
| REALAFC | RealAFC | 8 | Real storage available frame count |
| REALAFCB | RealAFCB | 8 | Real storage available frame count below 16MB line |
| FIXPCT | Fix% | 4 | Percentage of real storage frames that are fixed |
| FIXBPCT | FixB% | 5 | Percentage of real storage frames that are fixed below the 16MB line |
| MAXASID | MaxASID | 7 | Maximum number of address spaces |
| FREEASID | FreeASID | 8 | Number of free address spaces |
| BADASID | BadASID | 7 | Number of non-reusable address spaces |
| STCNUM | STC | 6 | Number of active started tasks |
| TSUNUM | TSU | 6 | Number of active TSO users |
| JOBNUM | Job | 6 | Number of active batch jobs |
| WTORNUM | WTOR | 4 | Number of outstanding WTORs |
| SYSPLEX | Sysplex | 8 | Sysplex name |
| LPAR | LPAR | 8 | LPAR name |
| VMUSER | VMUser | 8 | VM user ID |
| JESNAME | JES | 4 | Job entry subsystem name |
| JESNODE | JESNode | 8 | JES node name |
| SMF | SMF | 4 | SMF system ID |
| IPLVOL | IPLVol | 6 | IPL volume serial |
| IPLUNIT | IPLUnit | 7 | IPL unit address |
| IPLDATE | IPLDate | 19 | IPL date |
| IPLTYPE | IPLType | 7 | IPL type |
| IPLDAYS | IPLDays | 7 | Number of days since last IPL |
| LOADPARM | LoadParm | 8 | Load parameter |
| CVTVERID | CVTVERID | 16 | CVT version ID associated with system |
| LOADDSN | LoadDSName | 44 | LOAD <i>xx</i> data set name |
| LOADUNIT | LoadUnit | 8 | LOAD <i>xx</i> unit address |
| IEASYS | IEASYS | 16 | IEASYSxx parameters for the system |
| IEASYM | IEASYM | 16 | IEASYMxx parameters for the system |
| GRS | GRS | 4 | GRS mode |
| HWNAME | HWName | 8 | Hardware name |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| CPC | | 30 | Central Processor Complex node descriptor |
| MSU | MSU | 8 | MSU rating for processor |
| SYSMSU | SysMSU | 8 | MSU rating for image |
| AVGMSU | AvgMSU | 8 | Four hour rolling MSU for system |
| CPUNUM | #CPU | 4 | Number of online CPUs |
| ZAAPNUM | #ZAAP | 5 | Number of online zAAP processors |
| ZIIPNUM | #ZIIP | 5 | Number of online zIIP processors |
| OSCONFIG | OSConfig | 8 | Operating system configuration |
| EDT | EDT | 3 | Eligible device table ID |
| NUCLST | NUCLST | 6 | NUCLST <i>xx</i> member |
| IEANUC | IEANUC | 6 | IEANUC <i>xx</i> member |
| IODFDSN | IODFDSName | 44 | IODF data set name |
| IODFDATE | IODFDate | 19 | Date and time IODF last changed |
| CATDSN | CatDSName | 44 | Master catalog data set name |
| CATVOL | CatVol | 6 | Master catalog volume serial |
| MLA | MLA | 3 | Multi-level alias setting for system |
| САТТҮРЕ | CatType | 7 | Master catalog type |
| NETID | NetID | 8 | VTAM network ID |
| SSCP | SSCP | 17 | VTAM SSCP name |
| STATDATE | StatDate | 19 | Date and time statistics collected |
| IPLCUNIT | IPLCurr | 7 | IPL unit address (current) |
| IODFUNIT | IODFUnit | 8 | IODF unit address (original) |
| IODFCUNIT | IODFCurr | 8 | IODF unit address (current) |
| JESTYPE | JESType | 7 | JES type for primary JES (JES2 or JES3). |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after thi column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |
| TZOFFSET | TimeZoneOfs | 11 | Timezone offset from UTC. |

System Requests panel (SR)

The System Requests (SR) panel allows you to display information about reply and action messages.

Command keyword

Access the System Request panel with the **SR** command from any SDSF panel.

If AMRF is not active, the panel shows only reply messages. This is controlled by the AMRF parameter in PARMLIB member CONSOLxx.

Customize the display with parameters

The parameters shown in Table 174 on page 195 allow you to customize the SR display.

The parameter usage is as follows:

SR (parameters)

SR with no parameters displays all reply and action messages. This is the default.

Consider the following example:

• SR M - Displays only messages with a tape or DASD pool routing code.

| Table 174. SR Parameters | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Parameter | Description | |
| ALL | Displays all reply and action messages. This is the default. | |
| ACTIONS A | Displays action messages. | |
| СЕМ | Displays critical eventual action messages. | |
| EM | Displays eventual action messages. | |
| IM | Displays immediate action messages. | |
| MOUNTS M | Displays DASD and tape mount messages. SDSF considers a message to be a mount if it has tape or DASD pool routing codes. | |
| REPLIES R RM | Displays reply messages. | |

SR command action characters

The action characters for the SR command are shown in Table 175 on page 195.

| Table 175. SR Command Action Characters | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| AI | Ignore auto reply for the message. | |
| С | Remove an action message. | |
| D | Display a message in the logs or ULOG. | |
| R(command) | Reply to the message. R by itself displays a pop-up on which you can complete the command. | |

Columns on the SR panel

The columns on the SR panel are shown in Table 176 on page 196.

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| REPLYID | REPLYID | 7 | Reply ID. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | Originating system name |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Name of the issuing job |
| MSGTEXT | Message-Text | 127 | Message text |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | ID of the issuing job |
| DATEE | Date | 8 | Date the message was issued |
| TIMEE | Time | 8 | Time the message was issued |
| CONSOLE | Console | 8 | Target console |
| ROUTECD | RouteCd | 7 | First 28 routing codes |
| DESC | Desc | 4 | Descriptor codes |
| MSGTYPE | Туре | 6 | Message type |
| QUEUE | Queue | 5 | Queue the message is on |
| AUTOREPLY | AutoReply | 9 | Automatic reply indicator |
| AUTODELAY | AutoRDelay | 10 | Message delay time until the automatic reply is done, in seconds |
| AUTOTIME | AutoReplyTime | 19 | Date and time when auto reply will be done |
| AUTOTEXT | AutoReplyText | 16 | Automatic reply text |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Table 176. Columns on the SR Panel

Virtual Storage Map panel (VMAP)

The Virtual Storage Map (VMAP) panel allows you to display the virtual storage map for the system. The map shows the starting and ending virtual addresses for each type of storage area in the system.

Command keyword

Access the VMAP panel with the VMAP command from any SDSF panel.

VMAP command action characters

The action characters for the VMAP command are shown in Table 177 on page 196.

| Table 177. VMAP Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |

| Table 177. VMAP Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the VMAP panel

The columns on the VMAP panel are shown in Table 178 on page 197.

Table 178. Columns on the VMAP Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 16 | Storage area name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| START | Start-Address | 17 | Starting address of area |
| END | End-Address | 17 | Ending address of area |
| SIZE | Size | 6 | Size of area (bytes) |
| ALLOC | Alloc | 5 | Size of allocated area (bytes) |
| ALLOCPCT | Alloc% | 6 | Percentage of area that is allocated |
| ALLOCHWM | HWM | 6 | Allocated storage high water mark |
| ALLOCHWMPC | HWM% | 4 | High water mark percentage |
| SEQ | Seq | 3 | Sequence number of area |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

WLM Policy panel (WLM)

The WLM policy (WLM) panel shows details about the current WLM policy.

No rows on this panel are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the WLM attribute name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **WLM** command.

WLM command action characters

The action characters for the WLM command are shown in Table 179 on page 198.

| Table 179. WLM Command Action Characters | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the WLM panel

The columns on the WLM panel are shown in 'Table 180 on page 198.

Table 180. Columns on the WLM Policy Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 32 | WLM policy attribute name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| VALUE | Value | 32 | Policy attribute value. |
| DATEVALUE | DateValue | 19 | Policy attribute date value. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

WLM Report Class panel (REPC)

The WLM report class (REPC) panel shows details about all report classes defined in the current WLM policy.

All rows on this panel are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the report class name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **REPC** command.

REPC command action characters

The action characters for the REPC command are shown in Table 181 on page 198.

| Table 181. REPC Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |

| Table 181. REPC Command Action Characters (continued) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the REPC panel

The columns on the REPC panel are shown in Table 182 on page 199.

Table 182. Columns on the WLM Report Class Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Report class name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| DESC | Description | 32 | Report class description. |
| POLNAME | Policy | 8 | Policy name in effect. |
| POLDESC | PolicyDescription | 32 | Policy description. |
| POLACTDATE | PolicyActDate | 19 | Policy activation timestamp |
| CRUSER | CrUser | 8 | Userid creating policydefinition. |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition created. |
| UPDUSER | UpdUser | 8 | Userid last updating policy definition. |
| UPDDATE | UpdDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition was last updated. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | .System name. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |
| TENANT | Tenant | 6 | Tenant report class (yes or no). |
| TENANTNAME | TenantName | 10 | Associated tenant resource group. |

WLM Resource Group panel (RGRP)

The WLM resource group (RGRP) panel shows details about all resource groups defined in the current WLM policy.

All rows on this panel are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the resource group name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **RGRP** command.

RGRP command action characters

The action characters for the RGRP command are shown in Table 183 on page 200.

| Table 183. RGRP Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the RGRP panel

The columns on the RGRP panel are shown in Table 184 on page 200.

Table 184. Columns on the WLM Resource Group Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Resource group name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| DESC | Description | 32 | Resource group description. |
| POLNAME | Policy | 8 | Policy name in effect. |
| MINSU | MinSU | 8 | Minimum unweighted CPU service units per second. |
| MAXSU | MaxSU | 8 | Maximum unweighted CPU service units per second. |
| MINLPARPCT | MinLPAR% | 8 | Minimum percentage of LPAR share. |
| MAXLPARPCT | MaxLPAR% | 8 | Maximum percentage of LPAR share. |
| MINCPUPCT | MinCPU% | 7 | Minimum percentage of single CPU capacity. |
| МАХСРИРСТ | MaxCPU% | 7 | Maximum percentage of single CPU capacity. |
| MEMLIMIT | MemLimit | 8 | Maximum memory limit (bytes). |
| POLDESC | PolicyDescription | 32 | Policy description. |
| POLACTDATE | PolicyActDate | 19 | Policy activation timestamp |
| CRUSER | CrUser | 8 | Userid creating policy definition. |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition created. |
| UPDUSER | UpdUser | 8 | Userid last updating policy definition. |
| UPDDATE | UpdDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition was last updated. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | .System name. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |

| Table 184. Columns on the WLM Resource Group Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |
| TENANT | Tenant | 6 | Tenant resource group (yes or no). | |
| INCLSPEC | InclSpec | 8 | Include specialty processor (yes or no). | |
| TENANTID | TenantID | 8 | Tenant ID. | |
| TENANTNAME | TenantName | 32 | Tenant name. | |
| SOLUTIONID | SolutionID | 60 | Solution ID. | |

WLM Service Classes panel (SRVC)

The WLM service classes (SRVC) panel shows details about all service classes defined in the current WLM policy.

Rows for service classes with an importance level greater than zero are highlighted.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the service class name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **SRVC** command.

SRVC command action characters

The action characters for the SRVC command are shown in Table 185 on page 201.

| Table 185. SRVC Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |

Columns on the SRVC panel

The columns on the SRVC panel are shown in Table 186 on page 201.

Table 186. Columns on the WLM Service Classes Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Service class name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |

| Table 186. Columns on the WLM Service Classes Panel (continued) | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| RESGROUP | ResGroup | 8 | Resource group. |
| PERIOD | Per | 3 | Period number. |
| DESC | Description | 32 | Service class description. |
| DURATION | Duration | 8 | Period duration in service units or zero for last period. |
| IMPORTANCE | Imp | 3 | Importance level in range 1 (most important) to 5. |
| CPUCRIT | CPUCrit | 7 | CPU critical indicator (yes or no). |
| STORPROT | StorProt | 8 | Storage protection indicator (yes or no). |
| IOPRIO | IOPrio | 7 | I/O priority group (normal or high). |
| HONORPRIO | HonorPrio | 9 | Honor priority (default or no). |
| MAXPERIOD | MaxPer | 6 | Maximum number of periods. |
| WORKLOAD | WorkLoad | 8 | Workload name. |
| GOAL | Goal | 40 | Service class goal. |
| TRANSS | TranSSUse | 9 | Used by any transaction subsystem type (yes or no). |
| ASIDSS | AddrSpcSSUse | 12 | Used by any address space subsystem type (yes or no). |
| ENCSS | EncSSUse | 8 | Used by any enclave subsystem type (yes or no). |
| SYSH | SysHUse | 7 | Used in non-MVS logical partitions (yes or no). |
| CRUSER | CrUser | 8 | Userid creating service class definition. |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 19 | Timestamp when service class definition created. |
| UPDUSER | UpdUser | 8 | Userid last updating service class definition. |
| UPDDATE | UpdDate | 19 | Timestamp when service class definition last updated. |
| POLNAME | Policy | 8 | Policy name in effect. |
| POLDESC | PolicyDescription | 32 | Policy description. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

WLM Workload panel (WKLD)

The WLM workload (WKLD) panel shows details about all workloads defined in the current WLM policy.

All rows on this panel are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the pattern of the workload name.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **WKLD** command.

WKLD command action characters

The action characters for the WKLD command are shown in Table 187 on page 203.

| Table 187. WKLD Command Action Characters | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |

Columns on the WKLD panel

The columns on the WKLD panel are shown in Table 188 on page 203.

Table 188. Columns on the WLM Workload Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Workload name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| DESC | Description | 32 | Workload description. |
| POLNAME | Policy | 8 | Policy name in effect. |
| POLDESC | PolicyDescription | 32 | Policy description. |
| POLACTDATE | PolicyActDate | 19 | Policy activation timestamp |
| CRUSER | CrUser | 8 | Userid creating policy definition. |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition created. |
| UPDUSER | UpdUser | 8 | Userid last updating policy definition. |
| UPDDATE | UpdDate | 19 | Timestamp when policy definition was last updated. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | .System name. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

XCF Members and Groups panel (XCFM)

The XCF members and groups (XCFM) panel lists the XCF groups and members defined in the sysplex. Rows representing active members are highlighted. You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts two parameters: the first is a group name pattern, and the second is a member name pattern.

Command keyword

Access the panel with the **XCFM** command.

XCFM command action characters

The action characters for the XCFM command are shown in Table 189 on page 204.

| Table 189. XCFM Command Action Characters | | |
|---|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display member. | |
| DA | Display all members for group. | |
| DG | Display group. | |

Columns on the XCFM panel

The columns on the XCFM panel are shown in Table 190 on page 204.

| Table 190. Columns on the XCF Members and Groups Panel | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| NAME | NAME | 8 | XCF group name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| MEMBER | Member | 16 | XCF member name. |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Owning job name. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name. |
| STALLED | Stalled | 7 | Member stalled (yes or no). |
| SENDCNT | Sends | 8 | Send count. |
| RECVCNT | Receives | 8 | Receive count. |
| FUNCTION | Function | 24 | Member function. |
| CANRECV | CanRecv | 7 | IXCJOIN can receive setting (yes or no). |
| CANREPLY | CanReply | 8 | IXCJOIN can reply setting (yes or no). |
| GT61KMSG | GT61KMsg | 8 | IXCJOING GT61KMSG settings (yes or no). |
| CRITICAL | Critical | 8 | Member critical designation (yes or no). |
| MEMASSOC | MemAssoc | 9 | Member association (task, jobstep, or addrspace). |

| Table 190. Columns on the XCF Members and Groups Panel (continued) | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| TERMLEVEL | TermLevel | 9 | Termination level (memassoc, addrspace, or system). |
| INTERVAL | Interval | 8 | IXCJOIN interval (0.01 seconds). |
| STATDATE | StatusDate | 19 | Last change to status timestamp. |
| DEFDATE | JoinedDate | 19 | Member joined timestamp. |
| DEACTDATE | DeactDate | 19 | Timestamp when member became failed or quiesced. |
| USERDATA | UserData | 8 | User data. |
| USERSTATE | UserState | 64 | User state. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Chapter 3. SDSF panels available only from other panels

The panels in this section do not appear on the SDSF main panel and are available only by using action characters from other panels.

Health Check History panel (CKH)

The Health Check History (CKH) panel shows information about instances of a check selected from the CK panel. The CKH panel allows you to display all of the instances of a check that were recorded in the logstream during the life of the IBM Health Checker for z/OS address space.

Checks recorded in the logstream before the IBM Health Checker for z/OS address space was last restarted are not included on the CKH panel.

Action character keyword

Access the CKH panel with the L action character from the CK panel.

CKH action characters

The action characters for CKH are shown in Table 191 on page 207.

| Table 191. CKH Action Characters | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| S | Browse (access SDSF's Output Dataset Panel.) | |
| SB | Browse using ISPF Browse. | |
| SE | Browse using ISPF Edit. | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |
| X | Print the check output. You can add: | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC) | |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC) | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC) | |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC) | |

Columns on the CKH panel

The columns on the CKH panel are shown in Table 192 on page 208.

| Table 192. Columns on the CKH Panel | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| COUNT | Count | 17 | Count of this instance of the check |
| OWNER | CheckOwner | 16 | Check owner |
| STATUS | Status | 18 | Check status |
| RESULT | Result | 6 | Result code from the check |
| DIAG1 | Diag1 | 8 | Diagnostic data from check, word 1 |
| DIAG2 | Diag2 | 8 | Diagnostic data from check, word 2 |
| DATEE | Start-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time the check started (YYYY.DDD HH:MM:SS) |
| DATEN | End-Date-Time | 19 | Date and time the check ended (YYYY.DDD HH:MM:SS) |
| SYSPLEX | Sysplex | 8 | Sysplex name for the sysplex on which the check ran |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name for the system on which the check ran |
| NAME | Name | 32 | Check name |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

JES Checkpoint panel (CKPT)

The JES checkpoint (CKPT) panel is a secondary panel that shows all known JES checkpoints for a specific JES subsystem.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the member name pattern.

Action character keyword

Access the CKPT panel with the **JC** action character from the JES panel.

CKPT action characters

Г

The action characters for CKPT are shown in Table 193 on page 208.

| Table 193. CKPT Action Characters | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |

| Table 193. CKPT Action Characters (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| | Display JES checkpoint definition (z/OS operator command). |

Columns on the CKPT panel The columns on the CKPT panel are shown in <u>Table 194 on page 209</u>.

Table 194. Columns on the CKPT Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | Checkpoint file name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SIZE | Size | 8 | Checkpoint size in bytes. |
| SIZEPCT | Size% | 5 | Percentage size used. |
| SIZEUSED | Size% | 8 | Checkpoint size used in bytes. |
| SIZETRK | SizeTrk | 8 | Checkpoint size in tracks if CF=NO. |
| INUSE | InUse | 5 | Whether or not checkpoint is in use (YES/NO). |
| CF | CF | 3 | Whether or not checkpoint is in coupling facility. |
| MODE | Mode | 6 | Checkpoint mode (DUPLEX/DUAL). |
| DUPLEX | Duplex | 6 | Whether or not duplex is active (YES/NO). |
| VOLATILE | Volatile | 8 | Whether or not duplex is volatile (YES/NO). |
| OPVERIFY | OpVerify | 8 | Whether or not to use operators in checkpoint reconfiguration (YES/NO). |
| САР | Capacity | 8 | Checkpoint capacity in bytes. |
| САРРСТ | Cap % | 4 | Percentage capacity used. |
| CAPUSED | CapUsed | 8 | Checkpoint capacity used in bytes. |
| CAPPAGE | CapPage | 8 | Checkpoint capacity in 4K pages. |
| STRNAME | StrName | 16 | Checkpoint CF structure name (if CF=YES). |
| DSNAME | DataSetName | 44 | Checkpoint dataset name (if CF=NO). |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | DASD volume serial (if CF=NO). |
| JESNAME | JESName | 4 | JES subsystem name. |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name where console is active. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job Class Members panel (JCM)

The Job Class Members (JCM) panel is a secondary panel that shows the member and controlling class associated with a JES3 class.

You can use the fast path select (S) and filter commands to customize the rows being shown. The command accepts a single parameter for the member name pattern.

Action character keyword

Access the JCM panel with the I action character from the JC panel in the JES3 environment. (The I action is not valid in the SDSF Java or z/OSMF environments.)

JCM action characters

The action characters for JCM are shown in Table 195 on page 210.

Table 195. JCM Action Characters

| Action Character | Description | |
|------------------|--|--|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| D | Display information about a job class in the log. | |

Columns on the JCM panel

The columns on the JCM panel are shown in Table 196 on page 210.

| Table 196. Columns | Table 196. Columns on the JCM Panel | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | |
| MEMBER | MEMBER | 8 | Member for controlling class. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. Control characters are translated to periods. | | |
| JOBCL | CtlClass | 8 | Controlling class name. | | |
| MLIMMAX | MLimMax | 7 | Maximum number of jobs that can run in the controlling class. | | |
| MLIMCUR | MLimCur | 7 | Current number of jobs running in controlling class. | | |
| SELMODE | SelMode | 8 | Selection mode name. | | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MVS system name for membe. | | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | | |

Job Data Set panel (JDS)

The Job Data Set (JDS) panel allows you to list and display information about the SYSOUT data sets for a job, started task, or TSO user.

Action character keyword

Access the JDS panel with the ? action character from the DA, I, ST, H and O panels.

When the JDS panel is accessed from the DA, I, or ST panel, the values for all the columns are obtained from the spool data set. When the JDS panel is accessed from the H or O panel, the values for some columns are obtained from in-storage control blocks.

JDS action characters

The action characters for JDS are shown in Table 197 on page 211.

| Table 197. JDS Action Characters | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| 1 | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| С | Purge an output data set. |
| Н | Hold an output data set. |
| 0 | Release an output data set. |
| Р | Purge an output data set. |
| Q | Display output descriptors for the data set. |
| S | Display line-mode data set or data sets. You can add: |
| | B - Use ISPF Browse. |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. |
| | • J - Use ISPF Edit to edit the JCL. |
| SV | ISPF view. |
| V | View a job's page-mode data sets using GDDM. |
| W | Spin the data set (JES2 only). You must have accessed JDS from DA, I or ST. The job must be active and the data set must be open and spinable (see the W column). |

| Table 197. JDS Action Characters (continued) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC). | |
| | • D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). | |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). | |

Columns on the JDS panel The columns on the JDS panel are shown in <u>Table 198 on page 212</u>.

Table 198. Columns on the JDS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| DDNAME | DDNAME | 8 | DD name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| STEPN | StepName | 8 | Job step name | |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step name | |
| DSID | DSID | 4 | Data set ID number | |
| OWNERID | Owner | 8 | User ID of SYSIN/SYSOUT owner, or default values of +++++++ or ???????, if user ID not defined to RACF 1.9 and later | |
| OCLASS | С | 1 | JES output class | |
| DESTN | Dest | 18 | JES print destination name | |
| RECCNT | Rec-Cnt | 7 | Data set record count | |
| PAGECNT | Page-Cnt | 8 | Data set page count. Blanks if not page-mode data. | |
| BYTECNT | Byte-Cnt | 8 | Data set byte count | |
| COPYCNT | CC | 2 | Data set copy count | |
| DEST | Rmt | 5 | JES2 print routing. Remote number if routing is not local (JES2 only). | |
| NODE | Node | 5 | JES2 print node (JES2 only) | |
| OGNAME | O-Grp-N | 8 | Output group name (JES2 only) | |
| SECLABEL | SecLabel | 8 | Security label of data sets | |
| PRMODE | PrMode | 8 | Data set process mode | |
| BURST | Burst | 5 | Data set burst indicator | |
| DSDATE | CrDate-CrTime | 19 | Data set creation date and time, or, if ***** N/A *****, the creation date and time were not available. | |
| FORMS | Forms | 8 | Output form number | |
| FCBID | FCB | 4 | Output FCB ID | |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
| UCSID | UCS | 4 | Output UCS ID | |
| WTRID | Wtr | 8 | Output special writer ID or data set ID | 1 |
| FLASHID | Flash | 5 | Output flash ID | 1 |
| FLASHC | FlashC | 6 | Flash count | |
| SEGID | SegID | 5 | Data set segment number | |
| DSNAME | DSName | 44 | Output data set name | |
| CHARS | Chars | 20 | Character arrangement table names | |
| СРҮМОД | CpyMod | 6 (JES2) 8 (JES3) | Copy modification module name | |
| CPYMODFT | CpyModFT | 8 | Copy modification table reference character (JES2 only) | |
| PAGEDEF | PageDef | 7 | Library member used by PSF to specify print characteristics such as page width | Х |
| FORMDEF | FormDef | 7 | Library member used by PSF to specify print characteristics such as overlays | Х |
| ODTITLE | Title | 20 | Report title to be printed on separator pages . This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODNAME | Name | 20 | Name to be printed on separator pages . This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODBLDG | Building | 10 | Building identification to be printed on separator pages . This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODDEPT | Department | 10 | Department identification to be printed on separator pages . This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODROOM | Room | 10 | Room identification to be printed on separator pages. This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODADDR | Address-Line1 | 20 | Address to be printed on separator pages . This column can be expanded to 60 | Х |
| ODADDR2 | Address-Line2 | 20 | Output address line 2. This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODADDR3 | Address-Line3 | 20 | Output address line 3. This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| ODADDR4 | Address-Line4 | 20 | Output address line 4. This column can be expanded to 60. | Х |
| OUTBIN | OutBn | 5 | Output bin | Х |
| COMSETUP | ComSetup | 8 | Setup options for microfiche printers | Х |
| FORMLEN | FormLen | 10 | Form length | Х |
| COLORMAP | ColorMap | 8 | AFP resource for the data set containing color translation information | Х |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| INTRAY | ITy | 3 | Paper source | X |
| OVERLAYB | OverlayB | 8 | Overlay for the back of each sheet | X |
| OVERLAYE | OverlayE | 8 | Overlay for the front of each sheet | X |
| OFFSETXB | OffsetXB | 13 | Offset in the x direction from the page origin for the back of each page | X |
| OFFSETXF | OffsetXF | 13 | Offset in the x direction from the page origin for the front of each page | Х |
| OFFSETYB | OffsetYB | 13 | Offset in the y direction from the page origin for the back of each page | Х |
| OFFSETYF | OffsetYF | 13 | Offset in the y direction from the page origin for the front of each page | Х |
| PORTNO | Port | 5 | Number of the TCP/IP port where the FSS connects to the printer | Х |
| ODNOTIFY | Notify | 17 | Print complete notification message | Х |
| ODUSRLIB | UserLib | 44 | Libraries containing Advanced Function Printing (AFP) resources to be used by Print Services (PSF) when processing SYSOUT data sets. | Х |
| USERDATA | UserData1 | 60 | User data. Access values 2-16 by typing + alone in the column. | Х |
| AFPPARMS | AFPParms | 54 | Names a data set that contains the parameters to be used by the AFPPrint Distributor | Х |
| QUEUE | Queue | 5 | Names the JES3 queue the data set is on (TCP, BDT, HOLD, WTR) (JES3 only) | |
| SPIN | Spin | 4 | Indicates whether this is a spin data set | |
| SELECT | Sel | 3 | Indicates whether the data set is selectable | |
| ТР | TP | 3 | Indicates whether SYSOUT was created by a transaction program. | |
| TPJNAME | TPJName | 8 | Job name of the transaction program that created the data set | |
| TPJOBID | TPJobID | 8 | Job ID of the transaction program that created the data set | |
| ТРАССТ | TPAcct | 8 | Account number of the transaction program | |
| TPTIMER | TRd-Time | 8 | Start time for entry of the transaction program. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the TRd-DateTime column. | |
| TPDATER | TRd-Date | 8 | Start date for entry of the transaction program. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the TRd-DateTime column. | |

| Table 198. Columr | ns on the JDS Panel (con | tinued) | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| TPTIMEE | TSt-Time | 8 | Start time for execution of the transaction program. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the TSt-DateTime column. | |
| TPDATEE | TSt-Date | 8 | Start date for execution of the transaction program. In the SDSF task of z/OSMF, this is replaced by the TSt-DateTime column. | |
| RECFM | RecFm | 5 | Record format | 1 |
| SPINNABLE | W | 3 | Indicates if the data set is open and spinnable (JES2 only) | |
| OCOPYCNT | OCopyCnt | 8 | Copy count specified with COPYCNT. Used by InfoPrint printers. | Х |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| TPDATETIMER | TRd-DateTime | 19 | Start date and time for entry of the transaction program. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the TRd-Date and TRd-Time columns. | |
| TPDATETIMEE | TSt-DateTime | 19 | Start date and time for execution of the transaction program. This column is displayed only with the SDSF task of z/OSMF. It combines the information in the TSt-Date and TSt-Time columns. | |
| STEPNUM | StepNum | 5 | Step number (JES2 only) | 1 |
| OUTDISP | ODisp | 5 | JES output disposition (JES3 only) | |
| COPYGRP | CopyGroups | 32 | Number of copies of each page to be printed | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |
| NCOMPSIZE | NCompByteSize | 13 | Data set byte size before compression (JES2 only) | |
| COMPSIZE | CompByteSize | 12 | Data set byte size after compression (JES2 only) | |
| СОМРРСТ | Comp% | 6 | Data set compression percentage (JES2 only, values exceeding 100% indicate growth) | |

Job Delay panel (JY)

The Job Delay panel allows you to view reasons why a job might be delayed. SDSF gathers information from WLM and from RMF, if it is available.

Action character keyword

Access the JY panel with the **JY** action character from the DA panel.

JY action characters

The action characters for JY are shown in Table 199 on page 216.

| Table 199. JY Action Characters | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the JY panel

The columns on the JY panel are shown in Table 200 on page 216.

| Table 200. Columns on the JY Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| DESC | ТҮРЕ | 32 | Delay description. It is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | |
| SOURCE | Src | 3 | Source of this sample information (WLM or RMF) | |
| SAMP | Samples | 7 | Number of samples in the interval that correspond to this delay | |
| PERCENT | Percent | 7 | Percent of samples in the interval that correspond to this delay | |
| INTERVAL | Interval | 8 | Sampling interval for WLM delays (milliseconds) | |
| MINTIME | MinTime | 8 | Length of RMF sampling interval in seconds | |
| FIRSTSMP | First-Sample | 19 | Time stamp of the first sample in the interval | |
| LASTSAMP | Last-Sample | 19 | Time stamp of the last sample in the interval | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Job Dependency panel (JP)

The Job Dependency panel allows you to view:

- For a selected job group, all of the dependencies within the group.
- For a selected job:
 - Jobs on which it is dependent.
 - Jobs that have dependencies on it.

The panel shows the conditions for each dependency.

Action character keyword

Access JP panel with the **JP** action character from the JG panel (job groups), and the I and ST panels (jobs).

JP action characters

The action characters for JP are shown in Table 201 on page 217.

| Table 201. JP Action Characters | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20 (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |

Columns on the JP panel

The columns on the JP panel are shown in Table 202 on page 217.

Table 202. Columns on the Job Dependency Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| JOBNAME | JOBNAME | 8 | Job name. It is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job ID |
| DEPEND | Dependency | 10 | Type of dependency the job has with the job or jobset |
| DJOBNAME | DJobName | 8 | Name of the job on which this job is dependent |
| DJOBID | DJobID | 8 | ID of the job on which this job is dependent |
| TIME | Time | 19 | Date and time associated with a HOLDUNTIL or STARTBY dependency |
| WHEN | When | 64 | Condition tested for the dependency |
| ACTION | Action | 7 | Action taken when the condition is met |
| OTHERWISE | Otherwise | 9 | Action taken when the condition is not met |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Status of the dependency |

Table 202. Columns on the Job Dependency Panel (continued)

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job DDName panel (JDDN)

The Job DDName (JDDN) panel is a secondary panel that shows the data set allocations associated with a job. It is similar to the Job Device (JDD) panel, except that only allocations are shown. That is, there are no rows for TCP/IP connections or coupling facility structures.

You can use the **SRCH** command to find members within the data sets and use action characters to browse or edit the listed data sets. (Browse is not supported for JES, subsystem, or file system data sets.)

Action character keyword

Access the JDDN panel with JDD action character from the DA, I, ST, INIT, or NS panels.

JDD action characters

The action characters for JDDN are shown in Table 203 on page 218.

| Table 203. JDDN Action Characters | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| SB | Display data set using ISPF browse. | |
| SE | Display data set using ISPF edit. | |
| SV | Display data set using ISPF view. | |

Columns on the JDDN panel

The columns on the JDDN panel are shown in <u>Table 204 on page 218</u>.

Table 204. Columns on the JDDN Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| NAME | NAME | 8 | DDNAME. It is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |

| Table 204. Columns | s on the JDDN Panel (conti | nued) | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| SEQUENCE | Seq | 3 | DD allocation sequence. |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Status. |
| DSNAME | DataSetName | 54 | Data set name or path name. |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial. |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Unit address. Only the first one is displayed. For subsystem data sets, displays the subsystem name. 'HFS' or 'SMS' may be displayed for applicable data sets as well. |
| UNITCT | UnitCt | 6 | Unit count. |
| RECFM | RecFM | 5 | Record format. |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length. |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 7 | Block size. |
| DISP1 | Disp1 | 5 | Disposition status (OLD, NEW, SHR, MOD). |
| DISP2 | Disp2 | 7 | Normal termination disposition (KEEP, DELETE, PASS, CATLG, UNCATLG). |
| DISP3 | Disp3 | 7 | Abnormal termination disposition (KEEP, DELETE, PASS, CATLG, UNCATLG). |
| EXCPCT | EXCP-Cnt | 8 | Number of requests. |
| OPEN | Open | 5 | Open count. |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization. |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator: YES if data set is SMS managed. |
| CONNECT | ConnectTime | 11 | Device connect time in milliseconds. |
| AVGCONN | AvgConnTime | 11 | Average device connect time in milliseconds. |
| APF | APF | 3 | APF indicator (yes, no, or blank if not a loadlib data set). |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | MVS system name. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job Device panel (JD)

The Job Device panel allows you to display information about devices that a job is using: DD allocations, coupling facility (CF) connections, and TCP/IP connections.

Action character keyword

Access the Job Device panel with the **JD** action character on the AS, DA, I, INIT, NS and ST panels.

JD action characters

The action characters for JD are shown in Table 205 on page 220.

| Action Character | Description |
|------------------|--|
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| Doption | Display information in the log. For CF type, you can add: |
| | C - Display coupling facility. |
| | • P - Display XCF policy. |
| | • S - Display CF structure. |
| | For IP type, you can add: |
| | • A - Display all connection information. |
| | AL - Display all connection information, long form. |
| | • B - Display byte count information. |
| | • BL - Display byte count information, long form. |
| | • N - Display connection. |
| | NL - Display connection, long form. |
| | • R - Display routing information. |
| | • RD - Display routing information, detailed. |
| | DRL - Display routing information, long form. |
| | RDL - Display routing information, detailed, long form. |

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Table 205. JD Action Characters

Columns on the JD panel

The columns on the JD panel are shown in Table 206 on page 220.

| Table 206. Columns on the JD Panel | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | |
| NAME | NAME | 16 | DDNAME, CF connection name, or TCP/IP server name. It is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | | |
| SEQUENCE | Seq | 3 | DD allocation sequence (DDs only) | | |
| ТҮРЕ | Туре | 4 | Type of row item (DD, IP or CF) | | |
| STATUS | Status | 8 | Current status | | |
| DSNAME | DataSetName | 54 | Data set name (or path name) (DDs only) | | |
| STRNAME | StrName | 8 | CF structure name (CFs only) | | |
| | | | | | |

| Table 206. Columns on the JD Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| VOLSER | VolSer | 6 | Volume serial or CF name (CFs and DDs only) | |
| UNIT | Unit | 4 | Unit address. Only the first one is displayed. For subsystem data sets, displays the subsystem name. 'DMY', 'HFS' or 'SMS' may be displayed for applicable data sets as well. | |
| UNITCT | UnitCt | 6 | Unit count | |
| IPADDR | IPAddr | 24 | IP address. IP address and Port are the local address for connections with a status of 'Listen' and the remote address for other status values. (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| PORT | Port | 5 | Port. IP address and Port are the local address for connections with a status of 'Listen' and the remote address for other status values. (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| RECFM | RecFM | 5 | Record format | |
| LRECL | LRecL | 5 | Logical record length | |
| BLKSIZE | BlkSize | 5 | Block size | |
| INBUFSZ | InBufSz | 5 | Receive buffer size (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| OUTBUFSZ | OutBufSz | 8 | Send buffer size (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| DISP1 | Disp1 | 5 | Disposition status (OLD, NEW, SHR, MOD) (DDs only) | |
| DISP2 | Disp2 | 5 | Normal termination disposition (KEEP, DELETE, PASS, CATLG, UNCATLG) (DDs only) | |
| DISP3 | Disp3 | 5 | Abnormal termination disposition (KEEP, DELETE, PASS, CATLG, UNCATLG) (DDs only) | |
| EXCPCT | EXCP-Cnt | 5 | Number of requests (e.g. EXCPs or bytes, for TCP/IP connections) (DDs only and TCP/IP connections only) | |
| BYTESIN | BytesIn | 8 | Number of bytes received on connection (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| BYTESOUT | BytesOut | 8 | Number of bytes sent on connection (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| OPEN | Open | 5 | Open count (DDs only) | |
| POLICY | Policy | 8 | CF policy name (CFs only) | |
| STIME | Start-Time | 19 | Connection start time (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| LASTIME | Last-Time | 19 | Connection last activity time (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| RESID | ResourceId | 19 | Resource ID (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| STACK | Stack | 8 | Stack name (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| APPL | Appl | 8 | TELNET target application name (TCP/IP connections only) | |
| LUNAME | LUName | 8 | TELNET client LU name (TCP/IP connections only) | |

| Table 206. Columns | Table 206. Columns on the JD Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------|---|--|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | | |
| CLIENT | Client | 8 | TELNET client user ID (TCP/IP connections only) | | |
| APPLDATA | ApplData | 40 | Application data associated with the request (TCP/IP connections only) | | |
| DSORG | DSOrg | 5 | Data set organization (requires SDSFAUX) | | |
| SMS | SMS | 3 | SMS indicator: YES if data set is SMS managed (requires SDSFAUX) | | |
| CONNECT | ConnectTime | 11 | Device connect time in milliseconds (requires SDSFAUX) | | |
| AVGCONN | AvgConnTime | 11 | Average device connect time in milliseconds (requires SDSFAUX) | | |
| CONDISP | ConDisp | 6 | Connection disposition (keep or delete) | | |
| CONSTATE | ConState | 18 | Connection state (active, failed-persistent, disconnecting, failing) | | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | | |

Job Memory panel (JM)

The JM panel allows you to view the system memory being used by a job.

Action character keyword

Access the JM panel with the **JM** action character on the AS, DA, I, INIT, NS and ST panels.

JM action characters

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The action characters for JM are shown in Table 207 on page 222.

| Table 207. JM Action Characters | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| + | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |

Columns on the JM panel

The columns on the JM panel are shown in Table 208 on page 223.

| Table 208. Column | s on the JM Panel | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| ТҮРЕ | TYPE | 8 | Type of storage (for example, Private or LSQA). This is a fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| SUBPOOL | SP | 3 | Subpool number |
| KEY | Key | 3 | Storage key |
| FIXED | Fix | 4 | The default page-fix status of the subpool (YES, NO, or DREF) |
| FPROT | FP | 4 | The default fetch-protect status of the subpool (YES or NO) |
| TOTAL | Total | 8 | Total amount of allocated storage with the specified characteristics (Type/SP/Key) |
| TOTAL24 | Total-24 | 8 | Total 24-bit storage |
| TOTAL31 | Total-31 | 8 | Total 31-bit storage |
| TOTAL64 | Total-64 | 8 | Total 64-bit storage |
| COUNT | Count | 8 | Total number of allocated storage segments with the specified characteristics |
| LARGEST | LargestA | 8 | Size of the largest segment of allocated storage with the specified storage characteristics |
| LARGESTF | LargestF | 8 | Size of the largest segment of free storage with the specified storage characteristics |
| FRAG | Frag | 8 | Total number of allocated and free storage segments |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job Memory Objects panel (JMO)

The Job Memory Objects (JMO) panel is a secondary panel that shows all memory objects allocated for an address space. Rows that represent fetch-protected objects are highlighted.

Action character keyword

Access the JMO panel with the **JMO** action character from the DA or AS panels.

JMO action characters

The action characters for JMO are shown in Table 209 on page 223.

| Table 209. JMO Action Characters | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |

| Table 209. J | | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Action Chara | Action Character | | Description |
| = | | | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| + | | | Expand the NP column. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | | | Run a REXX exec (ISPF only). |
| / | | | Show column values for row (ISPF only). |
| The columns | t he JMO panel on the JMO panel are show | wn in <u>Table</u> | 210 on page 224. |
| Table 210. Columns | | | |
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
| ТҮРЕ | TYPE | 7 | Memory object type (private or common). This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. Control characters are translated to periods. |
| START | Start-Address | 17 | Starting address of object. |
| END | End-Address | 17 | Ending address of object. |
| SIZE | Size | 6 | Object size (bytes). |
| KEY | Кеу | 3 | Storage key. |
| GUARD | Guard | 10 | Guard area definition (none, default, or nondefault). |
| FPROT | FProt | 5 | Fetch protected (yes or no). |
| SHARED | Shared | 6 | Shared (yes or no). |
| LARGE | Large | 5 | Object backed by large pages (yes or no). |
| CRDATE | CrDate | 19 | Object creation timestamp. |
| CRRETADR | PgmRetAddr | 17 | Return address of program creating object. |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name. |
| JOBID | JobID | 8 | Job ID. |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space ID. |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space ID (hexadecimal). |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name. |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of the operating system. |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Job Module panel (JC)

The Job Module panel allows you to list the loaded modules for an address space.

Command keyword

You access the Job Module panel using the JC action character from the DA or AS panel.

JC action characters

The action characters for JC are shown in Table 211 on page 225.

| Table 211. JC Action Characters | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Action Character | Description |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) |

Columns on the JC panel

The columns on the JC panel are shown in Table 212 on page 225.

Table 212. Columns on the Job Module Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| MODNAME | MODULE | 8 | Module name. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. |
| MAJOR | Major | 8 | Major name if module is an alias |
| MODEPA | EPA | 8 | Module entry point address |
| MODLEN | ModLen | 8 | Module length (if known) |
| SUBPOOL | SP | 3 | Storage subpool for module |
| ТСВ | ТСВ | 8 | TCB address of the module |
| PROGRAM | Program | 8 | TCB program associated with the module |
| JPAQ | JPAQ | 4 | Indicates whether module is in the job pack area |
| LPDE | LPDE | 4 | Indicates whether module is in the link pack directory entry |
| USECOUNT | Use | 3 | Current use count for module |
| SYSUSE | SysUse | 6 | System use count for module |
| AUTHCOD | AC | 2 | Authorization code for module |
| AMODE | AM | 2 | Addressing mode (AMODE) |
| RMODE | RM | 2 | Residency mode (RMODE) |
| APF | APF | 3 | APF indicator (yes or no) |
| RENT | Rent | 4 | Reenterable indicator (yes or no) |
| REUS | Reus | 4 | Reusable indicator (yes or no) |
| CDATTR | Attr | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 1 in hexadecimal. |
| CDATTR2 | Attr2 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 2 in hexadecimal. |

| Table 212. Columns on the Job Module Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|--|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | |
| CDATTR3 | Attr3 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 3 in hexadecimal. | |
| CDATTR4 | Attr4 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 4 in hexadecimal. | |
| JNAME | JobName | 8 | Job name | |
| ASID | ASID | 5 | Address space identifier | |
| ASIDX | ASIDX | 5 | Address space identifier in hexadecimal | |
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | System name | |
| SYSLEVEL | SysLevel | 25 | Level of operating system | |
| CDATTR3 | Attr3 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 3 in hexadecimal. | |
| CDATTR4 | Attr4 | 5 | CSVINFO attribute byte 4 in hexadecimal. | |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after this column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. | |

Job Step panel (JS)

The Job Step panel allows you to view information about the job steps for a job.

Action character keyword

Access the Job Step panel with the **JS** action character on the DA, H, I, O and ST panels.

JS action characters

The action characters for JS are shown in Table 213 on page 226.

| Table 213. JS Action Characters | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Action Character | Description | |
| // | Block repeat; type // on the first row and another // on the last row to be processed. | |
| = | Repeat previous action character or overtype. | |
| +(n) | Expand the NP column; n is 4-20. (Use RESET to reset.) | |
| %(exec) | Run a REXX exec. (ISPF only) | |
| / | Show column values for row (ISPF only). | |
| S | Browse data sets associated with the step. | |
| SB | Browse using ISPF Browse. | |
| SE | Browse using ISPF Edit. | |
| SJ | Edit JCL for the entire job. | |
| Sn | Start browsing with data set number n. | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |

| Table 213. JS Action Characters (continued) | |
|---|--|
| Action Character Description | |
| х | Print data sets. You can add: |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC). |
| | • D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). |

Columns on the JS panel The columns on the JS panel are shown in <u>Table 214 on page 227</u>.

Table 214. Columns on the JS Panel

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|---|
| STEPNAME | STEPNAME | 8 | Step name (fixed field) |
| PROCS | ProcStep | 8 | Procedure step name |
| PGMNAME | Pgm-Name | 8 | Program name |
| RETCODE | Step-CC | 10 | Step completion code |
| STEPNUM | StepNum | 5 | Step number |
| ABENDRSN | AbendRsn | 8 | Abend reason |
| ELAPSED | Elapsed | 11 | Elapsed time for the step (SMF) |
| CPUTIME | CPU-Time | 11 | Total CPU time used by this step (SMF) |
| SRBTIME | SRB-Time | 11 | Total SRB time used by this step (SMF) |
| EXCP | EXCP-Cnt | 10 | Total EXCP count (SMF) |
| CONN | Conn | 11 | Total device connect time (SMF) |
| SERV | Serv | 10 | Total service units (SMF) |
| WORKLOAD | Workload | 8 | Workload name (SMF) |
| PAGE | Page | 10 | Number of pages paged in/out from auxiliary storage (SMF) |
| SWAP | Swap | 10 | Pages swapped in from auxiliary storage to central (SMF) |
| VIO | VIO | 10 | Number of VIO page-ins and page-outs for this step (SMF) |
| SWAPS | Swaps | 10 | Number of address space swap sequences (SMF) |
| REGION | Region | 8 | REGION for this step (SMF) |
| REGIONU | Rgn-Used | 8 | Amount of private storage used (high-water mark) (SMF) |
| MEMLIMIT | MemLimit | 8 | MEMLIMIT for this step (SMF) |
| MEMLIMU | MLim-Used | 9 | Amount of 64-bit private storage used (high-water mark) (SMF) |

| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description |
|-------------|-------------------|-------|--|
| SYSNAME | SysName | 8 | The system name of the system on which the step ran |
| BEGINTME | Step-Begin | 22 | Step Begin Time |
| ENDTIME | Step-End | 22 | Step End time |
| ZIIPTIME | zIIP-Time | 9 | Total time spent on zIIP (SMF) |
| ZIIPCPTM | zICP-Time | 9 | Eligible zIIP time spent on CP (SMF) |
| ZIIPNTIM | zIIP-NTime | 10 | Normalized zIIP time (SMF) |
| HICPUPCT | HiCPU% | 6 | Largest percentage of CPU time used by any task in this address space, rounded to the nearest integer, as reported by interval records associated with this step |
| HICPUPGM | HiCPUPgm | 8 | Program name associated with the HiCPU% value |
| тіотнwм | TIOTHWM | 7 | High water mark for TIOT entries used (bytes, SMF) |
| TIOTUSED | TIOTUsed | 8 | Current TIOT space used for entries (bytes). Applie only to interval records (SMF). |
| TIOTAVAIL | TIOTAvail | 9 | Size of TIOT available for entries (bytes, SMF). |
| ISFEND | .END | 4 | End of list marker. All columns that appear after thi column will be hidden. Ignored if specified on the ISFFLD macro in ISFPARMS. The title and width cannot be changed using the FLDENT statement or through the ARRANGE command. |

Output Data Set panel (S)

The Output Data Set panel allows you to browse data, such as a job's output data sets. It displays output formatted for a line-mode printer.

Action character keyword

Access the Output Data Set panel with the **S** action character from the DA, I, O, H, ST, JG, and JS panels.

When used to browse a job's output data set, the panel also displays the JES2 job log, JCL for the job, and any job-related messages.

To view output formatted for a page printer, use the V action character. To invoke ISPF Browse or Edit, use the SB and SE action characters.

To display just the JCL for the job, use the SJ action character. You can change and resubmit the JCL from the display; changes you make to the data are not saved. The job must have executed on your node or not yet executed. Jobs that have been off-loaded and re-loaded after execution are treated as jobs that are executed on another node. SJ is valid for jobs only.

Output Descriptors panel (OD)

The Output Descriptors Panel allows you to display JES output descriptors.

Action character keyword

Access the Output Descriptors panel with the **Q** action character from the DA, H, I, JDS, O, and ST panels.

In a JES2 environment, columns can be overtyped only if you accessed the OD panel from the O or H panel, or from a JDS panel that was accessed from the O or H panel. When you overtype a column on the OD panel, the change applies to all data sets for that group. In a JES3 environment, columns can be overtyped only if you accessed the OD panel from the DA, I or ST panels, and the data set must be closed.

Q action characters

The action characters for Q are shown in Table 215 on page 229.

| Table 215. Q Action Characters | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Action Character Description | | |
| E | Erase an output descriptor. The E action is always valid under JES3, and under JES2 when the Output Descriptors panel was accessed from the : | |
| | • Output Queue panel. | |
| | Held Output Queue panel. | |
| | Job Data Set panel if it was accessed from the Output Queue panel or the Held Output Queue panel. | |
| S | Display line-mode data sets. (Access the Output Data Set panel.) You can add: | |
| | B - Use ISPF Browse. | |
| | • E - Use ISPF Edit. | |
| SV | ISPF view. | |
| V | View page-mode data sets using GDDM. | |
| Х | Print output data sets. You can add: | |
| | • C - Close the print file after printing (XC). | |
| | D - Display the Open Print Data Set panel (XD or XDC). | |
| | • F - Display the Open Print File panel (XF or XFC). | |
| | • S - Display the Open Print panel (XS or XSC). | |
| ? | Display a list of data sets. (Access the Job Data Set panel.) | |

Columns on the OD panel

The columns on the OD panel are shown in Table 216 on page 229.

| Table 216. Columns on the OD Panel | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| DDNAME | DDNAME | 8 | DDname of the data set. This is the fixed field. It is ignored if coded on an FLD statement or ISFFLD macro. | Х |
| PAGEDEF | PageDef | 6 | Library member used by PSF to specify print characteristics such as page width | Х |

| Table 216. Columns on the OD Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| FORMDEF | FormDef | 6 | Library member used by PSF to specify print characteristics such as overlays | Х |
| ODTITLE | Title | 60 | Report title to be printed on new separator pages | Х |
| ODNAME | Name | 60 | Name to be printed on separator pages | Х |
| ODBLDG | Building | 60 | Building location to be printed on separator pages | Х |
| ODDEPT | Department | 60 | Department to be printed on separator pages | Х |
| ODROOM | Room | 60 | Room to be printed on separator pages | Х |
| ODADDR | Address | 60 | Address to be printed on separator pages. There can be 1 to 4 lines, each with a maximum length of 60. | Х |
| OUTBIN | OutBin | 5 | Output bin | Х |
| COMSETUP | ComSetup | 8 | Setup options for microfiche printers | Х |
| FORMLEN | FormLen | 10 | Form length | Х |
| COLORMAP | ColorMap | 8 | AFP resource for the data set containing color translation information | Х |
| INTRAY | InTray | 3 | Paper source | Х |
| OVERLAYB | OverlayB | 8 | Overlay for the back of each sheet | Х |
| OVERLAYF | OverlayF | 8 | Overlay for the front of each sheet | Х |
| OFFSETXB | OffsetXB | 13 | Offset in the x direction from the page origin for the back of each page | Х |
| OFFSETXF | OffsetXF | 13 | Offset in the x direction from the page origin for the front of each page | Х |
| OFFSETYB | OffsetYB | 13 | Offset in the y direction from the page origin for the back of each page | Х |
| OFFSETYF | OffsetYF | 13 | Offset in the y direction from the page origin for the front of each page | Х |
| PORTNO | PortNo | 6 | Number of the TCP/IP port where the FSS connects to the printer | Х |
| ODNOTIFY | Notify | 17 | Print complete notification message. There can be 1 to 4 user IDs, each with a maximum length of 17. | Х |
| ODUSRLIB | UserLib | 44 | Libraries containing Advanced Function Printing (AFP) resources to be used by Print Services (PSF) when processing SYSOUT data sets. | Х |
| | | | There can be 1 to 8 library names, each with a maximum length of 44. | |
| RETAINS | RetainS | 8 | Retain time for successful transmissions | Х |

| Table 216. Columns on the OD Panel (continued) | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|---|-------|
| Column name | Title (Displayed) | Width | Description | Delay |
| RETAINF | RetainF | 8 | Retain time for unsuccesful attempts | Х |
| RETRYL | RetryL | 5 | Maximum number of retries | Х |
| RETRYT | RetryT | 8 | Time between retries | Х |
| PRINTO | PrtOptns | 16 | Entry in the PrintWay options data set | Х |
| PRINTQ | PrtQueue | 60 | Print queue name. There can be 2 lines for this column, each with a maximum length of 60 characters. | Х |
| IPDEST | IP Destination | 60 | IP address or TCP/IP name. There can be 2 lines for this column, each with a maximum length of 60 characters. | Х |
| USERDATA | UserData | 60 | User data. There can be 16 lines, each with a maximum length of 60. | Х |
| AFPPARMS | AFPParms | 54 | Names a data set that contains the parameters to be used by the AFPPrint Distributor | Х |
| OCOPYCNT | OCopyCnt | 10 | Copy count specified with COPYCNT. Used by InfoPrint printers. | Х |
| | | | | |

Chapter 4. Using SDSF in batch

Using batch processing, you can issue often-repeated SDSF commands by creating a list of the commands as control statements. In the list, you specify the SDSF panel you wish to use and the operation you wish to perform on it.

The recommended approach is to invoke SDSF using the REXX programming language, which provides more power and flexibility. See <u>Chapter 5</u>, "Using SDSF with the REXX programming language," on page 241.

Invoking SDSF in batch

Invoke SDSF on an EXEC statement with one of two program names:

- SDSF, which supports commands and action characters.
- ISFAFD, which supports commands, action characters, and overtyping of fields on tabular and other panels, such as the print panels.

Follow the EXEC statement with an ISFIN DD for batch input, and an ISFOUT DD for the batch output.

For example, a batch job to invoke program name ISFAFD might use these statements:

```
// EXEC PGM=ISFAFD
//ISFOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ISFIN DD *
```

The DCB attributes for ISFIN are RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, and the BLKSIZE is any multiple of 80. The DCB attribute for ISFOUT is RECFM=FBA. The LRECL is the screen width + 1, and the BLKSIZE is any multiple of the LRECL.

To change screen width and depth of the batch output, use PARM= '++*xxxx*, *yyyy* ', following the program name, where *xxxx* is the depth of the screen (number of lines) and *yyyy* is the width (number of characters). For example, to set the depth to 32 and the width to 1000, use:

```
// EXEC PGM=SDSF,PARM='++32,1000'
//ISFOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//ISFIN DD *
```

If you do not use the PARM statement, the width defaults to 132 and the depth to 60. The maximum for width and depth is 9999.

You can change the name of the SDSF server when invoking SDSF in batch. In the following example, the server name is SDSFT.

// EXEC PGM=SDSF,PARM='SERVER(SDSFT)'

If you add the server name when invoking SDSF in batch, you cannot combine it with changes to the dimensions of the screen.

A return code of 0016 when SDSF is invoked in batch indicates that the user could not be placed in any of the groups defined with ISFPARMS. See for a description of ISFPARMS.

Specifying that SDSF should process JES2

When you invoke SDSF with either program name SDSF or ISFAFD, SDSF determines whether to process JES2 or JES3. You can request that SDSF not do that determination and process JES2. For this purpose, use the alternate program name SDSF2 or ISFAFD2.

Using program name SDSF

SDSF panels and commands

To access a panel and display its contents, use the panel command and ++ALL. For example, to select the H panel and display its contents, use:

H ++ALL

When ++ALL is specified, anything else on the card is ignored.

```
To move around on the panel, you can use scroll commands (RIGHT, LEFT, UP, DOWN, TOP, BOTTOM).
```

Use any SDSF command as you would enter it on the command line, following the syntax described in the online help. The maximum length of a command is 42 characters: only the first 42 characters of each record in ISFIN will be processed. Note that you cannot use commands that require ISPF, such as commands that display pop-ups.

Action characters

To use an action character, code ++*action-character* in your batch job.

To prevent a confirmation pop-up from being displayed for destructive action characters, use the SET CONFIRM OFF command.

You must do a successful FIND prior to issuing an action character. This protects you from issuing an action character against the wrong row.

To allow for an unsuccessful FIND, you should follow each action character with a RESET command, which clears pending action characters. For example, to find job jobxyz on the O panel, browse it with the S action character and issue a RESET in case the job is not found, you would use:

```
O
FIND 'jobxyz'
++S
RESET
```

Using program name ISFAFD

When you invoke SDSF with program name ISFAFD, it works the same as when you invoke it with program name SDSF, with these differences:

- · Action characters do not require a successful FIND
- · Overtypes and PF keys are supported
- The contents of a panel are not updated until you explicitly refresh the panel. You do this with the AFD REFRESH command.
- Attribute bytes (used to define characteristics of fields such as color and conditioning for input) are present on the SDSF panels. These attribute bytes are translated out when you invoke SDSF with program name SDSF.

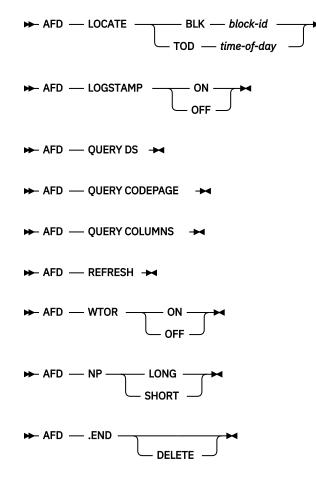
Commands

With program name ISFAFD, you can use the SDSF commands as you would with program name SDSF. You can also use the AFD command, which is described on page "AFD command" on page 234.

AFD command

Use the AFD command when running SDSF in batch mode with program name ISFAFD.

The syntax of the command is shown below.



LOGSTAMP

controls the addition of a log stamp prefix for each record in the OPERLOG or SYSLOG when printing the log with SDSF's PRINT function. The logstamp is added only when printing to a ddname (for example, PRINT FILE). LOGSTAMP ON causes the log stamp prefix to be added; LOGSTAMP OFF causes the log stamp prefix to not be added. The log stamp of the OPERLOG is a 32-byte prefix. The log stamp varies with the type of log being processed, that is, OPERLOG or SYSLOG.

The log stamp is described in Table 217 on page 235.

| Word | SYSLOG | OPERLOG |
|------|--|--|
| 1-2 | STCKE for record | Local TOD value returned by IXGBRWSE |
| 3-4 | Job key and data set key | Block ID returned by IXGBRWSE |
| 5 | Relative record number within data set | Relative record number within block |
| 6 | 1. Byte 1: level 2. Bytes 2–4: reserved | 1. Byte 1: level 2. Bytes 2–4: reserved |

Table 217. Contents of the Log Stamp

| Word | SYSLOG | OPERLOG |
|------|----------|----------------------|
| 7 | Reserved | 1. Byte 1: Control |
| | | 2. Byte 2: Color |
| | | 3. Byte 3: Highlight |
| | | 4. Byte 4: Intensity |
| 8 | Reserved | Reserved |

LOCATE BLK block-id

scrolls the OPERLOG to the first record in the log block identified by *block-id*. *block-id* is 16 hexadecimal digits.

LOCATE TOD time-of-day

scrolls the OPERLOG to the first record for the time of day identified by *time-of-day*. *time-of-day* is 16 hexadecimal digits.

QUERY DS

displays information about the current data set or log on the message line. The information includes record count, record length, and carriage control. For SYSLOG and OPERLOG, the information also includes the length of the logstamp. (The record count is not displayed for the SYSLOG or OPERLOG panel. In cases where the record length is not available to SDSF, SDSF uses the maximum record length for the job plus 1, or if that is unknown, the screen width plus 1.) This command is valid only on browse panels.

QUERY CODEPAGE

displays the code page that is in use on the message line. If the installation has defined its own code page in ISFPARMS, rather than naming one in the ISFTR macro or TRTAB statement, the code page value is displayed as N/A.

QUERY COLUMNS

displays information about the columns on the current tabular panel, using the message lines. The format is as follows:

- Overtypeable columns: 'title'=(0,length)
- Overtypeable columns with related columns: 'title'=(0,length, number-of-values)
- Non-overtypeable columns: 'title'=(N)

REFRESH

requests that SDSF refresh the current display.

WTOR

controls the display of WTORs at the bottom of the Log panel. WTOR ON turns on the display of WTORs on the Log panel. SDSF shows those WTORs defined for the user by the ACTION command or the ACTION parameter of ISFPARMS. WTOR OFF turns off the display of WTORs on the Log panel.

NP

controls the width of the NP column.

NP LONG sets the NP column on all tabular panels to the extended width, which is 10 characters on the PR display and the PUN display, and 5 characters on all other displays.

NP SHORT sets the NP column to the standard width.

.END

assigns a label, .END, to the current top line of the SYSLOG or OPERLOG. .END overrides the ending line value when printing the SYSLOG or OPERLOG with the PRINT command.

Use the DELETE keyword to delete a previously assigned label.

Note: You can also temporarily extend the NP column on a single tabular panel by typing a + in the NP column. Then, to reset the NP column, use the RESET command.

Examples

• AFD WTOR OFF

This command turns off the display of WTORs at the bottom of the Log panel.

• AFD QUERY DS

Entered when the current panel is the SYSLOG, this command displays information about the SYSLOG on the message line, for example:

AFD QUERY DS LRECL=130,LSLEN=32,CCTL=NONE

• AFD LOCATE BLK 1A45B3218C32D862

This command scrolls the OPERLOG panel to the first record for the log block with an ID of X'1A45B3218C32D862'.

• AFD NP LONG

This command sets the width of the NP column on all SDSF tabular displays to the extended width.

• AFD QUERY CODEPAGE

This command displays the code page in use on the message line, for example:

AFD QUERY CODEPAGE=CP00037

• AFD .END

This command assigns the label .END to the current top line of the SYSLOG or OPERLOG. To use this label with PRINT, you could then:

1. Scroll the log so that the current top line is the line with which you want to begin printing.

2. Issue PRINT * 99999999

SDSF would then print from the current top line to the line that was previously marked with .END.

PF keys

With program name ISFAFD, you can use selected PF keys by coding ++AFD PF*xx*, where *xx* is the 2-digit PF key number. For example, to perform a repeat-find, you would code:

++AFD PF05

The PF keys you can use are:

PF03

End the current panel

PF05

Repeat the previous FIND

Action characters

The syntax for action characters is the same as for program name SDSF: see <u>"Action characters" on page</u> 234. However, because a successful FIND is not required, the action character will always be issued against the top row on the panel. To avoid issuing action characters against the wrong row, you might want to first set filters to be sure that only the appropriate row or rows is displayed.

The block action character (//) is not valid with program name ISFAFD.

Overtypeable fields

You can overtype columns on tabular panels and on other SDSF panels, such as panels for printing.

Overtyping columns on tabular panels

You can overtype columns on any tabular panel except OD. The syntax for overtyping columns on tabular panels is the column title followed by = and the new value, all within <>. Enclose the column title and value in single quotation marks.

For example, on the O display, to change the forms for job JFROSTA to STD, change the destination to KGNVMC.JFROST, and refresh the screen, you would use:

0 FIND 'JFROSTA' ++<'FORM'='STD'><'DEST'='KGNVMC.JFROST'> AFD REFRESH

You can abbreviate column titles to the shortest title that is unique for the display. If you want the overtypes to be continued on the next card, use a trailing comma.

Where it is valid when using SDSF interactively, you can combine an action character and overtypes; the action character must precede the overtypes. For example, on the H display, to release job SMOSES with the O action character, change the class to A, and refresh the screen, you would use:

H FIND 'SMOSES' ++O<'C'='A'>AFD REFRESH

Although you cannot overtype output descriptors on the OD panel, you can overtype most of them on the JDS panel. The JDS panel supports only the first value for output descriptors with multiple values (such as ADDRESS and NOTIFY). To modify the other values for these fields, overtype the first value with a +, then specify the values on the Overtype Extension pop-up. To erase an output descriptor on the JDS panel, type a comma (,) in the field.

Overtyping fields on other panels

You can overtype fields on any other panels that do not require ISPF, such as the print panels, the system command extension pop-up, and the Overtype Extension pop-up.

The syntax for providing values on other types of SDSF panels is similar to the syntax for overtyping fields on tabular panels, except that no column name is used, only =*value*, within <>. The values are positional; in other words, the first value supplied goes into the first field on the panel, the second value supplied goes into the second field on the panel, and so on. On panels with a command line (for example, the print panels), the command line is not counted as an input field.

Note: When processing overtypes on other panels, the order of the fields on the panel may change from release to release. As a result, your input may need to be modified to support the new panel format.

Note: The recommended approach is to invoke SDSF using the REXX programming language, which provides more power and flexibility. See <u>Chapter 5</u>, "Using SDSF with the REXX programming language," on page 241.

Use ++AFD END or ++AFD PF03 to end processing of the panel.

For example, on the Open Print panel, to specify H as the class and 3 as the number of copies (the first and second fields) you would use:

```
PRINT S
++<='H'><='3'>
++AFD PF03
```

To skip a field on the panel, specify < > with no enclosed text. For example, on the Open Print panel, to specify H as the class and STD as the forms (the first and third fields), you would use:

```
PRINT S
++<='H'>< ><='STD'>
++AFD PF03
```

To blank a field, specify <=' '> (a blank enclosed in single quotation marks).

When entering a data set name on the Open Print Data Set panel, enclose it in three sets of single quotes to indicate that it is a fully qualified name. Enclose the data set name in one set of single quotes if you want the TSO prefix to be added.

Notes on using program name ISFAFD

• You can use a trailing comma as a continuation character, so that you can continue overtypes across several cards. The continuation character is required when overtypes that must be processed together (for example, values on a print panel) are specified on multiple cards. To enter a data set name, member name, and disposition on the Open Print Data Set panel, you could use:

```
PRINT D
++<='droyek.sdsfdata.december'>,
<='report'>,
<='old'>
++AFD PF03
```

- You can include blank lines, or comments, enclosed in /* */ on separate lines; they will be ignored when the input is processed.
- To avoid an error message (AFD CURSOR *row, column*) set SET CURSOR to OFF, so that the cursor always returns to the command line.

Security and SDSF in batch

To protect use of SDSF in batch you control which group of users a user is assigned to. You do this either through SAF or ISFPARMS. SAF is recommended because it is dynamic and because it allows you to assign users to the same group regardless of the environment from which they invoke SDSF (interactive, batch, REXX or Java[™]).

Using SAF

To use SAF for determining group membership, you assign a name to the group. SDSF then checks the SAF resource GROUP.group-name.server-name. This is explained in detail in <u>z/OS SDSF Operation and</u> Customization.

Using ISFPARMS

You can use parameters in the ISFGRP macro or GROUP statement to determine group membership. These allow you to control membership based on user ID, logon procedure, terminal name, or TSO authority.

When an SDSF batch session is started, it establishes the following values for these criteria:

User ID

Set to the user ID from the ACEE (accessor environment element), provided it contains a valid user ID **OR** Set to the job name minus the last character.

Logon proc name

Set to BATCH for program name SDSF, and AFD for program name ISFAFD.

Terminal name

Set to BATCH for program name SDSF, and the LU name for program name ISFAFD.

TSOAUTH for ISFGRP

Set to JCL authority.

So, for example, to restrict a group from running SDSF in batch, you could code an XLPROC keyword on ISFGRP to exclude the logon procedure name BATCH. Similarly, you could code an ILPROC keyword to assign batch jobs to a specific ISFGRP.

Figure 2 on page 240 contains sample ISFPARMS statements to assign SDSF batch jobs to the group ISFBATCH.

| ISFSPROG ISFOPER ISFUSER ISFBATCH | ISFPMAC ISFGRP TSOAUTH=(JCL,OPER,ACCT), ISFGRP TSOAUTH=(JCL,OPER), ISFGRP TSOAUTH=(JCL),,XLPROC=BATCH ISFGRP TSOAUTH=(JCL),,ILPROC=BATCH |
|--|--|
| BATCH | ISFNTBL BATCH,1 |
| | |

Figure 2. Sample ISFPARMS to Restrict Batch

Chapter 5. Using SDSF with the REXX programming language

This topic describes how to access SDSF data and function with the REXX programming language, and how to protect the use of SDSF through REXX.

Using SDSF with REXX provides a simpler and more powerful alternative to using SDSF in batch, which is described in Chapter 4, "Using SDSF in batch," on page 233.

Table 218 on page 241 outlines how to access SDSF function with REXX.

Table 218. Using SDSF with REXX

| Use: | For more information: | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| isfcalls() | "Adding the SDSF host command environment with ISFCALLS" on page 247 | | |
| ISFEXEC | "Issuing commands with ISFEXEC" on page 248 | | |
| ISFACT | "Issuing action characters and modifying columns with ISFACT" on page 256 | | |
| ISFBROWSE or ISFACT and special variables | "Browsing output" on page 262 | | |
| ISFACT and special variables | "Printing output" on page 266 | | |
| ISFLOG | "Browsing the system log with ISFLOG" on page 271 | | |
| ISFSLASH | "Issuing system commands with ISFSLASH" on page 275 | | |
| Special REXX variables | "Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278 | | |
| isfreset() | "Dropping special variables with ISFRESET" on page 281 | | |
| isfquery() | "Invoking a REXX exec with an action character" on page 281 | | |
| % action character | "Invoking a REXX exec with an action character" on page 281 | | |
| RGEN command | "Generating an exec using RGEN" on page 243 | | |
| | isfcalls() ISFEXEC ISFACT ISFACT and special variables ISFACT and special variables ISFLOG ISFSLASH Special REXX variables isfreset() isfquery() % action character | | |

For examples of REXX execs, refer to "Examples of REXX execs" on page 303.

You must be authorized to use SDSF with REXX and you must be authorized to the SDSF functions that you invoke from REXX. In some cases, invoking an SDSF function from REXX when you are not authorized to the function will cause the exect to fail and the invocation of SDSF to end.

System programmers should be sure to define ISFPARMS group membership so that SDSF users have the proper authorization when invoking SDSF with REXX. For more information, see <u>"Security and REXX" on</u> page 328

Other sources of information

In addition to this information, you may want to refer to these other sources for information about using REXX with SDSF:

• REXXHELP. Type this command (or REXXH for short) on any command line when using SDSF under ISPF. In addition to examples and usage information, the online help for REXX also includes links to descriptions of commands, action characters and overtypable columns and column values, which is not included in this information.

To search SDSF's help, including the help for REXX, use the SEARCH command. You can type SEARCH followed by up to four words on the SDSF command line when using SDSF under ISPF.

If you are not already familiar with SDSF, you should begin with the SDSF help. To display a brief, interactive tutorial, use the TUTOR command.

- ISPF models that you can download from the Internet. In addition to the same examples as are included in this information, the models help with the syntax of REXX commands such as ISFEXEC and ISFACT. See the SDSF page at http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/features/sdsf/.
- Implementing REXX Support in SDSF, SG24-7419-00. This Redbook includes more complete and sophisticated examples than those in this information. The following is a brief table of contents:
 - Chapter 1. Issuing a system command
 - Chapter 2. Copying SYSOUT to a PDS
 - Chapter 3. Bulk job update processor
 - Chapter 4. SDSF support for the COBOL language
 - Chapter 5. Searching for a message in SYSLOG
 - Chapter 6. Viewing SYSLOG
 - Chapter 7. Reviewing execution of a job
 - Chapter 8. Remote control from other systems
 - Chapter 9. JOB schedule and control
 - Chapter 10. SDSF data in graphics
 - Chapter 11. Extended uses
 - Appendix A. REXX variables for SDSF host commands
 - Appendix B. Additional material

Programming practices

Be aware that many of the things you work with in a REXX exec, such as the list of columns on an SDSF panel, the contents of the title line of a panel, and the contents of responses to SDSF commands such as WHO, may change over time. You should design your REXX execs to minimize the impact of those changes. For example, rather than making assumptions about the contents of a panel, you can query special REXX variables that SDSF provides.

Following these guidelines for variable names will reduce the potential for conflicts between REXX variables you create and special and column variables used by SDSF:

- Do not use variable names that begin with ISF or SDSF. SDSF reserves those prefixes for the names of special REXX variables.
- Use the PREFIX option of the ISFEXEC and ISFACT commands to force unique variable names. See the description of options in "Issuing panel commands with ISFEXEC" on page 249 for more information.

- Isolate SDSF environment calls to a REXX procedure to limit the scope of the variable names.
- When referencing a panel command that contains embedded blanks or special characters (such as on ISFEXEC and ISFACT), enclose the command in single quotes. When referencing the PARM panel on ISFACT, enclose the panel name in single quotes so that it is not interpreted as the PARM keyword of ISFACT.

Remember that SDSF may add special variables and columns with a new release or service, so that even if you do not currently have a conflict with variable names, one could occur in the future. To reduce your risk, always specify the columns to be returned using the ISFCOLS special variable.

SDSF/REXX debug mode

SDSF provides several facilities to assist you in debugging SDSF/REXX scripts. In verbose mode, messages are issued for each REXX variable that is retrieved or set. The **WHO** command generates responses that include the SDSF group to which the user is mapped.

To simplify debugging, SDSF includes the special ddname ISFRXDBG that you can allocate to dummy data sets before accessing SDSF to automatically enable the debug facilities. The advantage of using ISFRXDBG is that you do not need to modify your scripts.

When the ISFRXDBG ddname is allocated, SDSF takes the following actions:

- Forces the VERBOSE option on host commands.
- Internally issues a **WHO** command to create user related REXX variables. The **WHO** response is also generated as messages added to the *ISFMSG2* stem variable.
- Writes messages contained in the *ISFMSG2* stem variable to the output stream in a format similar to the REXX Say statement.
- Internally issues a **TRACE ALL** command to enable trace when the ISFTRACE ddname is allocated.

You can allocate ISFRXDBG to a dummy data set in TSO using a command similar to the following

alloc fi(isfrxdbg) dummy reus

Or, you can allocate ISFRXDBG in batch using a JCL statement similar to the following:

//ISFRXDBG DD DUMMY

Generating an exec using RGEN

Before you begin

You must be using SDSF under ISPF.

About this task

You can use the RGEN command to generate a REXX exec that reflects the current context. RGEN from any panel generates an exec that can navigate to the current panel. The exec includes the statements you need to add the SDSF host command environment and to access the current panel, as well as special variables for things like filtering. The exec may also include suggested logic for additional function. The generated exec is displayed using ISPF Edit.

Procedure

You might use RGEN as follows:

- 1. Display the tabular panel (DA, ST, PR, JDS and so on) or log panel (SYSLOG, OPERLOG, ULOG) that you want to work with.
- 2. Issue the RGEN command from the command line.

SDSF generates the appropriate exec and displays it using ISPF Edit. Consider the following example from the ST panel. The display includes special temporary lines that are visible in ISPF Edit but are not actually included in the exec. To remove those lines, use the RESET command.

```
SDSF EDIT
          RGEN TS5536.RS86.SPFTEMP1.CNTL
                                                  Columns 00001 00072
000002 Arg debug
000003
==MSG>
         Important: Copy this generated exec from temporary dataset
         TS5536.RS86.SPFTEMP1.CNTL
==MSG>
==MSG>
         and edit that copy to prevent your changes from being lost.
==MSG>
000005 *
000006 * SDSF RGEN Generated EXEC
000007 *
        This exec was generated by the SDSF RGEN command on Thursday 2017/05/04 at 12:06:25.52.
000008 *
000009 *
000010 *
000011 *
         5650-Z0S
         SDSF level = z/0S 02.03.00 (HQX77B0)
000012 *
000013 *
=====
         Use this exec as a starting point for writing your own execs.
======
_____
         The RGEN command generates an exec that accesses the current
======
         panel and shows how to use special variables.
```

```
000029 /*-----*/
 000030 /* Configure environment with special variables */
 000031 /*-----
                                    ----*/
 =NOTE= Tip: You must be authorized to the corresponding command
 =NOTE=
              to set the variable.
 =NOTE=
 =NOTE= Tip: Not all variables may be needed in your exec.
 =NOTE=
000032 isfprefix='' /* Corresponds to PREFIX command */
000033 isfowner='*' /* Corresponds to OWNER command */
000034 isfsysname='' /* Corresponds to SYSNAME command */
 000035
000035

000036 isfdest=' ' || , /* Dest name 1 */

000037 ' ' || , /* Dest name 2 */

000038 ' ' || , /* Dest name 3 */

000039 ' ' / Dest name 4 */
 000039
                                   /* Dest name 4 */
 000040
 000041
 000042 /* Access the ST panel */
 000043 Address SDSF "ISFEXEC 'ST' (" verbose ")"
000044 lrc=rc
 000045
```

```
=NOTE= Tip: Always check the return code after each request.
000046 call msgrtn "ISFEXEC 'ST'" /* List messages */
000047 if lrc<>0 then /* If command failed */
 000048
           Say "** ISFEXEC failed with rc="lrc"."
          do
 000049
 000050
             exit 20
 000051
          end
 000052
 =NOTE= Tip: The special variable sdsfocols is a word delimited
=NOTE= list of column names returned on the request.
000053 call colsrtn isfrows "." sdsfocols /* List all rows and columns */
 000054
 000055
 =NOTE= Tip: All SDSF/REXX execs must finish with the following statement:
 000056 rc=isfcalls('OFF')
 000057
 000058 Exit 0
 000059
 000060
 000062 *
 000063 * NAME =
000064 * msgrtn
000065 *
```

```
000066 * FUNCTION =
000067 * List all messages in the isfmsg and isfmsg2. variables
000068 *
000069 * INPUT =
000070 *
         req - Request being processed
000071 *
000072 * EXPOSED VARIABLES =
000073 * isfmsg - Short message
000074 * isfmsg2. - Numbered messages
000075 *
000076 * OUTPUT =
000077 * Messages written to terminal
000078 *
000080 msgrtn: Procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
000081 Arg req
000082
000083 /*-----*/
000084 /* Process numbered messages */
000085 /*-----*/
```

```
=NOTE=
=NOTE= Tip: The isfmsg2. stem contains numbered messages
        associated with the request and isfmsg2.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow.
=NOTE=
=NOTE=
000087 do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
000088 Say isfmsg2.ix
000089 end
000090
000091 if isfmsg<>"" then /* If short message present */
000092 do
000093
         Say "** Short message associated with the request is:" isfmsg
000094
        end
000095
000096 return
000097
000098
000100 *
000101 * NAME =
000102 *
        colsrtn
000103 *
```

```
000104 * FUNCTION =
000105 *
          List all rows and their column values
000106 *
000107 * INPUT =
000108 * numrows - number of rows to process
         pfx - column variable prefix or "." if none
ocols - word delimited column names to process
 000109 *
000110 *
000111 *
000112 * EXPOSED VARIABLES =
 000113 *
          None
000114 *
000115 * OUTPUT =
000116 *
          Responses written to terminal
000117 *
 000119 colsrtn:
000120 Arg numrows pfx ocols
000121 Say "Number of rows to process: " numrows
000122
 000123 do rowix=1 to numrows /* Loop for all rows */
        Say "Now processing row" rowix '
000124
                                      "...
000125
       do colix=1 to words(ocols) /* Loop for all columns */
000126
000127
000128
           if pfx="." then /* If no prefix */
            pfx=""
000129
000130
000131
           varname=pfx||word(ocols,colix)||'.'||rowix
000132
          Say " Column" varname '=' value(varname)
nd /* For all columns */
000133
        end
000134
000135 end /* For all rows */
000136
000137 return
```

3. Copy the exec to a data set using the CREATE command.

Copying the exec before you begin making any updates ensures that none of your changes are lost.

4. Modify the exec to suit your needs.

Exec basics

Procedure

In a very simple REXX exec, you might do the following:

1. Add the SDSF host command environment.

```
rc=isfcalls('ON')
```

2. Access a panel with "ISFEXEC *panel-command*". This creates stem variables for each row and column on that panel. To access the Status panel, you could use:

```
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
```

3. Find the job you want to work with by examining the JNAME stem variables created for the JOBNAME column. (You refer to columns not by their titles, but by the same names that you would use in defining a field list in ISFPARMS. See *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.)

```
do ix=1 to JNAME.0 /* Loop for all rows returned */
if pos("RJONES",JNAME.ix) = 1 then
```

4. Take an action or modify a value for the job with "ISFACT operands".

operands is made up of:

• The panel command that you used previously with ISFEXEC

- A TOKEN.*number* variable that was created by the ISFEXEC command and identifies the row that represents the job
- Parameters that define the action or modification. In this example, you supply the P action character in the NP column to cancel the job.

Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP P)"

5. Delete the host command environment (after closing the do loop).

end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')

What to do next

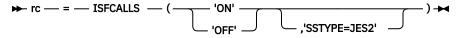
Of course, in an actual exec, you would have more complex logic and error checking. This would require the use of special REXX variables to do things like examine messages issued, filter rows on the panel, and define the columns to include. For more examples, see "Examples of REXX execs" on page 303.

Adding the SDSF host command environment with ISFCALLS

Using SDSF with REXX requires that you add a host command environment prior to any other SDSF host environment commands. The host command environment is what allows you to use Address SDSF on the ISFEXEC and ISFACT commands. You add the host command environment with the ISFCALLS() function.

You should delete the host command environment, again using ISFCALLS, prior to the termination of the exec.

The syntax of the ISFCALLS() function is:



ON

adds the SDSF host command environment

OFF

deletes the SDSF host command environment

SSTYPE=JES2

requests that SDSF process JES2 rather than determining whether to process JES2 or JES3.

Result codes

The ISFCALLS() function sets the following result codes:

00

Function completed successfully

01

Host command environment query failed, environment not added

02

03

Host command environment delete failed

Host command environment add failed

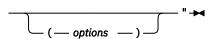
04

Options syntax error, or options not defined

Issuing commands with ISFEXEC

You issue commands with the ISFEXEC host command as follows:

► Address SDSF — " — ISFEXEC — sdsf-command



sdsf-command

is a supported SDSF command, including any parameters. If the command contains special characters or blanks, enclose it in single quotation marks. The supported commands are:

- The commands that access SDSF tabular panels (for example, DA and ST). For more information, see "Issuing panel commands with ISFEXEC" on page 249.
- The WHO and QUERY commands. For more information, see <u>"Issuing WHO and QUERY commands</u> with ISFEXEC" on page 255.
- The slash (/) command, which allows you to enter system commands. Although this is supported, the recommended method for issuing system commands is with ISFSLASH. For more information, see <u>"Issuing system commands with ISFSLASH" on page 275</u> or <u>"Issuing system commands with ISFEXEC"</u> on page 256.

Commands entered with the ISFEXEC command generally have a maximum length, including any parameters, of 42 characters (the same as the command input area when using SDSF interactively). Slash (/) commands entered with the ISFEXEC command can have operands up to 126 characters long.

Note that for function associated with other SDSF commands, such as filtering and setting options, you use special variables rather than ISFEXEC. See <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function"</u> on page 278.

For a complete list of the SDSF commands, see <u>"SDSF commands reference" on page 284</u>. For the syntax of the commands, see the online help.

options

is an optional list of options for the command. The closing parenthesis is optional. The options that you use depend on the type of the command you issue, and are explained in the topics that follow. The following option is of general use as you develop a REXX exec:

VERBOSE

adds diagnostic messages to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.

Examples of using ISFEXEC

The following examples illustrate how to issue a command with ISFEXEC. For more complete examples, see "Examples of REXX execs" on page 303.

- 1. Issue the DA command and create variables for the DA panel, both the primary and alternate field lists, except delayed-access columns.
 - Address SDSF "ISFEXEC DA"

This creates variables for each column.

• Address SDSF "ISFEXEC DA (COMPACT)"

This creates the SDSFROW stem variable for the data.

2. Issue the CK command with the ALL parameter and create variables for the CK panel.

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC CK ALL"

3. Issue the ST command and create variables for the alternate field list.

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST (ALTERNATE)"

Note: Delayed-access columns are not included. These require the DELAYED option.

4. Issue the ST command and create variables for the alternate field list, including delayed-access columns.

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST (ALTERNATE DELAYED)"

5. Issue the O command, with filters for class A and forms 1234.

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC OA 1234"

6. Issue the WHO command.

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC WHO"

Return codes for ISFEXEC

After the ISFEXEC host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred in parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFEXEC command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Messages

Messages issued in response to a command or special variable are available in these special variables:

ISFMSG

contains the SDSF short message

ISFMSG2

is a stem variable that contains SDSF numbered messages. ISFMSG2.0 contains the number of stem variables that follow.

Issuing panel commands with ISFEXEC

You can issue the commands that access SDSF tabular panels with ISFEXEC. Tabular panels display data in rows and columns.

For information on non-tabular panels, see:

- "Browsing the system log with ISFLOG" on page 271
- The discussion of the ISFULOG special variable in <u>"Issuing system commands with ISFSLASH" on page</u> <u>275</u>.

Controlling the columns included on panels

By default, tabular panels accessed with REXX include the columns in both the primary and alternate field lists defined in ISFPARMS, except any "delayed-access" columns. You can control the columns that are included on SDSF panels as described in Table 219 on page 250. Limiting the columns that are included limits the columns for which SDSF creates REXX variables. Limiting the columns to just those that are required can make the exec process more quickly.

Table 219. Controlling the Columns on SDSF Panels

| To Specify: | Use: | Default: | For More Information: |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|---|
| Primary, alternate or merged field list | Options on ISFEXEC | Merged | "Options for panel commands" on page 250 |
| Delayed-access columns | Option on ISFEXEC | Not included | "Options for panel commands" on page 250 |
| List of columns by column name | ISFCOLS variable | | "Special variables for panels and panel commands" on page 253 |

Options for panel commands

You can use the following options with panel commands on ISFEXEC. Combine the options if necessary. For example, you could specify both ALTERNATE and DELAYED to include delayed-access columns that are in the alternate field list. Note that by default, the primary and alternate field lists are both included. That is, if you specify both PRIMARY and ALTERNATE, or neither PRIMARY nor ALTERNATE, the primary and alternate field lists are merged.

ALTERNATE

requests the alternate field list. For a discussion of primary and alternate field lists, see <u>z/OS SDSF</u> Operation and Customization .

COMPACT

specifies that column data for each row be returned in the SDSFROW stem variable, rather than in a separate stem variable for each column. This can dramatically reduce the number of variables, and therefore the amount of storage, required to satisfy a request for a panel. For more information, refer to "Panel data returned" on page 251.

DELAYED

specifies that delayed-access columns be included. Delayed-access columns require I/O to retrieve the data. If you do not include this option, delayed-access columns are omitted. Omitting delayed-access columns may improve performance. For information on which columns are delayed-access, see

- z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization
- The COLSHELP command in SDSF

NOMODIFY

specifies that row tokens for use in modifying rows should not be returned. Use this to improve performance if you will not be modifying any values.

PRIMARY

requests the primary field list.

If you specify both PRIMARY and ALTERNATE, or neither PRIMARY nor ALTERNATE, the primary and alternate field lists are merged. For a discussion of primary and alternate field lists, see <u>z/OS SDSF</u> <u>Operation and Customization</u>.

PREFIX value

specifies a prefix, value, to be added to the beginning of:

- Column name variables
- Token variables

• Variables with names that begin with SDSF, such as SDSFROW.

The prefix is not added to the beginning of other special variable names.

Use PREFIX when you want to ensure that variable names do not conflict, for example, when accessing a secondary panel with an action character from another panel. The default is no prefix. The prefix can be up to 24 characters long, and should not begin with ISF.

VERBOSE

adds diagnostic messages to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.

Panel data returned

SDSF panel data is the same in the REXX environment as in the interactive environment, with a few exceptions. For details, refer to <u>"Data formats - differences between REXX and interactive SDSF" on page</u> 253.

The panel data is returned as follows:

- The contents of the title line are returned in the ISFTLINE special variable. The title line includes the name of the panel and, in some cases, additional information. For a description of the contents of the title line for an SDSF panel, see the help for fields for the panel.
- Column names and column titles are returned in the related special variables ISFCOLS and ISFTITLES. Refer to "Special variables for panels and panel commands" on page 253 for more information.
- Column data is returned:
 - In stem variables for each column. This is the default.
 - In the SDSFROW stem variable, if you specified the COMPACT option.

Column data: stem variables for each column

By default, column data is returned in stem variables in this format: *column-name.row-number*, where:

column-name

is the name of the column. The first column returned is always the fixed field. The column name is different than the column title that is displayed when using SDSF interactively. It is the same name that is used in the FLD statements in ISFPARMS. For more information:

- Refer to z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization for a list of column names and titles
- When running SDSF under ISPF, issue the COLSHELP command. COLSHELP provides column names, titles, descriptions and information about values.
- SDSF online help, for column titles, plus information about values for overtypeable and other columns.

If you specify a prefix with the PREFIX option, the column-name variable begins with the prefix. For an example, see "List job data sets" on page 307.

row-number

is the row number.

The value for stem variable number 0 is a count of the number of variables returned. This count is the same for all columns. It is also in special variable ISFROWS.

For overtypeable columns with related values, a sub-stem is added to the row number to indicate the number of the related value, as follows:

column-name.row-number.value-number

So, for example, the SFORMS column in the PR panel has values SFORMS.1.0 (which contains a count of the values) and SFORMS.1.1 through SFORMS.1.8. The value in SFORMS.1.2 is displayed in column SFORM2.

The following example shows data returned in the stem variables for each column.

```
JNAME.0=45
JOBID.0=45
OWNERID.0=45
.
remaining 0 variables
.
JNAME.1=BURDINE3
JOBID.1=JOB04922
OWNERID.1=BURDINE
.
remaining variables
.
```

This example shows data for a column with related values, the SFORMS column on the Printer panel.

```
SFORMS.1=STD
SFORMS.1.1=STD (This the same value as is in SFORMS.1)
SFORMS.1.2=NAR
SFORMS.1.3=REC
.
```

Column data: SDSFROW stem variable

If you specify the COMPACT option, SDSF returns the panel data in the SDSFROW stem variable, rather than in stem variables for each column.

Use the SDSFROW stem variable with these special variables:

ISFCOLS

Lists the columns that were processed, in this format: column-name column-name...

SDSFCOLSTART

Lists the starting position of each of the columns returned in ISFCOLS, in this format: *column-start column-start*...

SDSFCOLLEN

Lists the length of each of the columns returned in ISFCOLS, in this format: *column-length column-length...*

SDSFCOLCOUNT

Is the number of values associated with the column

For example, the first word in the ISFCOLS variable contains the name of the first column. The first word in the SDSFCOLSTART variable contains the start of that column data in the SDSFROW variable, and the first word in the SDSFCOLLEN variable contains the length of that column data in the SDSFROW variable.

The following example shows the data returned in the SDSFROW stem variable:

```
sdsfrow.0=45
sdsfrow.1=BURDINE3 JOB04922 BURDINE 15 EXECUTION
SY1 LOCAL
1 0.03 LOCAL LOCAL
1 0.03 LOCAL LOCAL
0 NO JES NO EXECUTING
14 JOB
39 0027 SY1
.
remaining variables
```

The following example shows the data returned in the ISFCOLS, SDSFCOLSTART and SDSFCOLSTART variables:

The special variables that begin with SDSF, such as SDSFROW, SDSFCOLSTART and SDSFCOLSTART, are all affected by the PREFIX option.

For an example of using these special variables, refer to "Access an SDSF panel" on page 304.

Identifying each row

Tokens to identify each row are returned in the TOKEN stem variable. For example, variable TOKEN.2 contains a string that identifies row two on the panel being processed.

If you specify a prefix with the PREFIX option, the name of the stem variable containing tokens begins with the prefix. For example, if the prefix is JDS_, the name of the stem variable is JDS_TOKEN.

Use the token as input to the ISFACT command when taking an action or modifying a value for that row. See "Issuing action characters and modifying columns with ISFACT" on page 256 for more information.

Data formats - differences between REXX and interactive SDSF

SDSF panel data is the same in the REXX environment as in the interactive environment, with a few exceptions.

- Numbers:
 - Do not include commas.
 - Are never scaled, as they are not restricted by column widths. They never include scaling characters such as T or M. However, some values are formatted with units. For example, values in the MemLimit column on the DA panel are formatted with MB, PB and so on.
 - Are formatted as three asterisks in cases of invalid or overflow data that would be displayed as all asterisks when SDSF is used interactively.
- Dates and times:
 - If formatted by SDSF, are in yyyy.ddd format (dates) and either hh:mm:ss or hh:mm:ss.th format (times). To convert them to a different format, you can use the REXX date() function.
 - Are formatted as N/A in cases of invalid dates that would be displayed as N/A embedded in asterisks when SDSF is used interactively.

Special variables for panels and panel commands

There are a number of special variables that are useful when working with panels and panel commands. Where the variable corresponds to an SDSF command that you would use when using SDSF interactively, the parameters for the variable are the same as for the command, with the exception that the ? parameter is not supported in REXX. Substitute the variable for the command, for example:

Command: PREFIX NEIL* Variable: isfprefix="neil*"

For more information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278</u> and <u>"Special variables reference" on page 292</u>. For the syntax of SDSF commands, see the online help.

For panels that you access with an action character from another panel (referred to as secondary panels), you use different special variables than the ones described in this topic. Refer to <u>"Special variables for</u> secondary panels" on page 260.

For some variables with names that begin with ISF, there are corresponding variables with names that begin with SDSF. These perform the same function, but are affected by the PREFIX option, so that their names include the prefix that you specify. In addition, if one or more secondary panels exists, these variables apply to the last secondary panel, rather than the panel that was accessed with a command. In the list that follows, these variable names are shown after the names that begin with ISF.

Use these special variables when working with panels and panel commands:

ISFACTIONS

specifies whether the action characters for the current panel should be returned in the ISFRESP stem variable. The values in the ISFRESP variable are in this format: ACTION=*action*, where *action* is the action character or the action character and a description, depending on the option specified on ISFACTIONS. See the SET ACTION command in the online help for the valid options. See <u>"List action characters" on page 320</u> for an example.

ISFAPPC

specifies whether transaction data should be included on the panel. See the APPC command in the online help. (JES2 only)

ISFCOLS / SDSFICOLS (input) and SDSFOCOLS (output)

Input: Specifies the set of columns for which SDSF should create variables, in this format:

'column-name column-name...'

The column names are different than the column titles that are displayed when using SDSF interactively. They are the names used in the FLD statements in ISFPARMS. For a list of column names, see <u>z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization</u>, or, when running SDSF under ISPF, issue the COLSHELP command.

Each column name you specify must exist in the current field list. Any name specified in the ISFCOLS variable that is not in the current field list will be ignored. The order of the columns is not significant. See "Controlling the columns included on panels" on page 250 for more information.

The fixed field (the first column on each SDSF panel when using SDSF interactively) is optional, since it will always be included regardless of the setting of ISFCOLS.

If the ISFCOLS variable is not defined, SDSF creates variables for each column in the field list that is not delayed-access, including the fixed field.

Output: Lists the columns that were processed, in this format:

column-name column-name...

The names are separated by a blank. The fixed field is always listed first.

When working with a secondary panel (a panel accessed with an action character) use the ISFCOLS2 variable. See "Special variables for secondary panels" on page 260 for more information.

ISFCOLUMNGROUPS / SDSFCOLUMNGROUPS

contains a list of column grouping information for the columns listed in the ISFCOLS variable. The group values are a way of categorizing SDSF columns. The values are: NONE, ACCT (accounting), ACTIVITY, ADVANCED, GENERAL, INPUT, JES2, JES3, OUTPUT (printer), OUTPUN (punch), PERF (performance), PRINTING, RUNTIME, SECURITY, SCHED (scheduling), SELECT, STATUS and STATWLM (workload management status).

ISFDCOLS / SDSFDCOLS

contains a list of the delayed-access columns that were returned and for which SDSF should create variables, in this format:

column-name column-name...

When working with a secondary panel (a panel accessed with an action character) use the ISFDCOLS2 variable. See "Special variables for secondary panels" on page 260 for more information.

Unlike ISFCOLS, ISFDCOLS is an output-only variable.

ISFDISPLAY

contains the filtering and sorting criteria, for example,

PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=* SYSNAME=SYS1

See the SET DISPLAY command in the online help.

ISFDISPLAYMODE

sets the format of the ISFDISPLAY special variable. See the SET DISPLAY command in the online help. The OFF parameter is not valid in REXX.

ISFRCOLS / SDSFRCOLS

contains the list of columns that have related values. For information on modifying related values, see "Modifying related fields" on page 257.

ISFROWS

contains the number of rows created for a tabular panel. (This is also found in the zero stem of the column variables, for example, JNAME.0.)

ISFSORT / SDSFSORT

specifies the sort criteria (up to 10 columns, with ascending or descending order). Use column names rather than column titles. Assigning the value to null (isfsort="") sorts the panel using the fixed field (the first column). See the SORT command in the online help for the syntax.

ISFTIMEOUT

specifies the response timeout value for sysplex requests. See the SET TIMEOUT command in the online help.

ISFTITLES / SDSFTITLES

contains the column titles for the columns on the panel. The titles are listed in the same order as the column names in the ISFCOLS variable. The titles are enclosed in single quotation marks and separated by blanks.

When working with a secondary panel, accessed with an action character, use the ISFTITLES2 variable. See "Special variables for secondary panels" on page 260 for more information.

ISFTLINE

contains the title line from the tabular panel being processed.

ISFUCOLS / SDSFUCOLS

contains the list of modifiable columns for the panel. All modifiable columns are included, regardless of whether the user is authorized to modify them.

When working with a secondary panel, accessed with an action character, use the ISFUCOLS2 variable. See "Special variables for secondary panels" on page 260 for more information.

ROWACTIVE

is a stem variable that indicates whether the object (for example, the job or the printer) is active. The value is either Y (active) or N (inactive). ROWACTIVE.0 contains a count of the number of stem variables that follow.

SDSFROW

contains the panel data, when you specified the COMPACT option. For details, refer to <u>"Panel data</u> returned" on page 251.

SDSFCOLSTART

contains the start of the column, for use with SDSFROW. For details, refer to <u>"Panel data returned" on</u> page 251.

SDSFCOLLEN

contains the length of the data for the column, for use with SDSFROW. For details, refer to <u>"Panel data</u> returned" on page 251.

SDSFCOLCOUNT

contains the number of values associated with the column

Issuing WHO and QUERY commands with ISFEXEC

You can issue the WHO and QUERY commands with ISFEXEC:

• WHO provides information about the user and the environment

• QUERY lists SDSF data such as the commands for which you are authorized.

Responses are returned in the ISFRESP stem variable. For the WHO command, the responses are in *keyword=value* format, for example, USERID=RJONES. For more information on using special REXX variables, see "Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278.

For a description of the WHO and QUERY commands, see the online help.

For an example, see "Issue the WHO command" on page 325.

Issuing system commands with ISFEXEC

Although using ISFSLASH is the recommended method, you can use ISFEXEC to issue slash (/) commands.

To preserve lowercase and special characters in the command text, enclose it in single quotation marks, being sure that the quotation marks are passed to SDSF and not removed by REXX, for example:

Address SDSF "ISFEXEC '/f test,''abc'''

The W and I prefix parameters of the slash (/) command are not supported. Use the WAIT and INTERNAL options instead. See "Options for slash (/) commands" on page 276 for more information.

For a description of special variables to use with slash (/) commands, see <u>"Special variables for slash (/)</u> commands" on page 276.

For information on using ISFSLASH, see "Issuing system commands with ISFSLASH" on page 275.

Issuing action characters and modifying columns with ISFACT

You invoke SDSF action characters and modify column values using the ISFACT host environment command, as follows:

► Address SDSF 'ISFACT command Token — PARM — (— parms —) →

Token

```
► TOKEN — ( _____ (stem-name ) _____ ) →
```

command

is the command for the panel. It must be the same SDSF command, including any parameters, that was previously entered with the ISFEXEC command. When referencing the PARM panel, enclose PARM in single quotes to avoid ambiguity with the PARM option.

stem-name

is the name of a stem variable that identifies the rows to be acted upon. The stem variable contains one or more row tokens previously set by ISFEXEC or ISFACT in the returned TOKEN. stem variable and must correspond to the panel accessed with *command*. The tokens must not be folded to upper case or enclosed in single quotation marks. For more information on tokens, see <u>"Using tokens" on</u> page 258. The variable *stem-name* should:

- End with a period, to allow the commands to be put into compound variables
- · Not begin with the characters ISF
- Be no longer than 128 characters

The 0 variable in the stem must contain a count of the number of variables in the stem.

token-list

is one or more tokens that identifies the row to be acted upon, in the format 'token1', 'token2', ...,'tokenN'. Each token was previously set by ISFEXEC or ISFACT in the returned TOKEN. stem variable and must correspond to the panel accessed with *command*. Enclose the token in single quotation marks that are not removed by REXX.

For more information, see "Using tokens" on page 258.

parms

is the list of parameters that specifies the action characters and modifications, in the form:

column1 value1 column2 value2 ... columnN valueN

where

column1, column2, columnN

are either:

- NP, when issuing an action character
- column names, when modifying values. The column names are different than the titles that are displayed when using SDSF interactively. They are the same names that you use on FLD statements in ISFPARMS. For a list of column names, see <u>z/OS SDSF Operation and</u> *Customization*, or, when running SDSF under ISPF, issue the COLSHELP command.

The column must be in the current field list for the panel; use column-related options on the ISFACT command, such as ALTERNATE, if necessary. For more information, see <u>"Controlling the</u> columns included on panels" on page 250.

If you name a column multiple times, SDSF processes only the last one.

value1, value2, valueN

are either:

- an action character, when the column is NP. The SDSF action characters are described in the online help. Most of the action characters are supported with REXX. <u>Table 224 on page 289</u> shows the exceptions. The action characters for browsing and printing output have special restrictions and requirements. See <u>"Browsing output" on page 262</u> and <u>"Printing output" on page 266</u>.
- a value, when modifying a value in a column other than NP. If the value contains special characters, you must enclose it in quotation marks. Lowercase characters are folded to upper case, even if they are enclosed in quotation marks.

The fields that can be modified, or overtyped, are described in the help for each panel.

For information on modifying sets of related fields, see "Modifying related fields" on page 257.

The resulting command cannot exceed the maximum allowed by z/OS.

options

is an optional list of options. See <u>"Options for action characters and overtypeable fields" on page 259</u> for more information.

Modifying related fields

When working with sets of related fields, such as the four selection destinations on the Printer panel, add a plus (+) before the column name to indicate that the value is in addition to any other values for the same column. Use this syntax for each value. When using SDSF interactively, you work with related fields through the overtype extension pop-up, which you access by typing the + character in the overtypeable column.

For example, PARM(SDESTN1 D1 +SDESTN1 D2 +SDESTN1 D3) indicates that the SDESTN1 column is to be modified with the values D1,D2,D3.

SDSF accepts a + sign for the first column in the set of columns, for example, PARM(+SDESTN1 D1 +SDESTN1 D2). This is equivalent to PARM(SDESTN1 D1 +SDESTN1 D2). However, subsequently specifying the first column in the set without a + sign resets the values. For example, PARM(SDESTN1 D1 +SDESTN1 D2 SDESTN1 D11) would result in the column being modified with the single value D11. This is because SDSF processes the last occurrence of the column name. Since the last occurrence does not have the + sign, it is interpreted as a complete replacement.

If the same column is specified more than once, the last occurrence is used for the action except when the + sign is used with the column name.

Special variables ISFRCOLS and ISFRCOL2 contain lists of columns with related fields for the current panel and a secondary panel, respectively.

Using tokens

A token consists of a variable-length string that may contain special characters. You must not modify it.

A token cannot be shared by different users. The user who references a token with a host command must be the same user who created it.

When a token references a secondary panel (such as JDS), all subsequent tokens must also refer to the secondary panel using the same row from the primary panel.

Tokens represent jobs at the time that they are generated and are intended to be used soon after they are generated, rather than saved for later use. If the row to be acted upon no longer exists when the host command is issued, SDSF considers the row token invalid. You should not change the associated panel, for example, by changing filtering.

The format of tokens may change incompatibly with service or new releases of SDSF.

Examples of using ISFACT

The following examples illustrate how to issue an action character and modify a column, after having first issued the appropriate panel command with ISFEXEC. For more complete examples, see <u>"Examples of</u> REXX execs" on page 303.

1. Issue the P action character for row 4 on the H panel.

Address SDSF "ISFACT H TOKEN('"TOKEN.4"') PARM(NP P)"

2. Issue the P action character for rows 1 and 2 on the H panel.

Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.1"','"TOKEN.2"') PARM(NP P)"

3. Issue the P action character for the row the number of which is represented by variable *ix* on the H panel.

```
Address SDSF "ISFACT H TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP P)"
```

4. Modify the priority of multiple jobs.

Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN((TOKEN.)) PARM(JPRIO 10)"

For this type of usage, you would use command parameters or special variables to limit the panel to just those jobs you want to modify. For a complete example, see <u>"Modify a value for a set of jobs" on</u> page 309.

5. Issue the P action character for rows that are identified by tokens in the stem variable JSTEM.

Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN((JSTEM.)) PARM(NP P)"

For this type of usage, you would use logic to set the values in the stem variable JSTEM. to the tokens, in stem variable TOKEN., for those jobs you want to modify. For a complete example, see <u>"Modify a</u> value for a set of jobs" on page 309.

6. For row 2 on the O panel, modify the class to A and the forms to 1234.

Address SDSF "ISFACT 0 TOKEN('"TOKEN.2"') PARM(OCLASS A FORMS 1234)"

7. Allocate all data sets in the job represented by row 5 on the ST panel.

Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.5"') PARM(NP SA)"

Return codes for ISFACT

After the ISFACT host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred in parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFACT command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Options for action characters and overtypeable fields

You can use the following options with ISFACT. Options related to field lists and columns apply to panels that you access with action characters, such as JDS.

ALTERNATE

requests the alternate field list. For a discussion of primary and alternate field lists, see z/OS SDSFOperation and Customization.

ALTERNATE2

requests the alternate field list for the secondary panel

COMPACT

specifies that column data for each row be returned in the SDSFROW stem variable, rather than in a separate stem variable for each column. For more information, refer to <u>"Panel data returned" on page</u> 251.

Note that when working with a panel that you accessed with an action character, you use special variables ISFCOLS2 and ISFTITLES2 rather than ISFCOLS and ISFTITLES. For more information, refer to <u>"Special variables for secondary panels" on page 260</u>.

DELAYED

specifies that delayed-access columns be included. Delayed-access columns require I/O to retrieve the data. If you do not include this option, delayed-access columns are omitted. Omitting delayed-access columns may improve performance. For information on which columns are delayed-access, see

- z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization
- The COLSHELP command in SDSF

DELAYED2

specifies that delayed-access columns be included on the secondary panel

NOMODIFY2

specifies that row tokens for use in modifying rows should not be returned on the secondary panel. Use this to improve performance if you will not be modifying any values.

PRIMARY

requests the primary field list.

If you specify both PRIMARY and ALTERNATE, or neither PRIMARY nor ALTERNATE, the primary and alternate field lists are merged. For a discussion of primary and alternate field lists, see <u>z/OS SDSF</u> Operation and Customization.

PRIMARY2

requests the primary field list for a secondary panel.

If you specify both PRIMARY2 and ALTERNATE2, or neither PRIMARY2 nor ALTERNATE2, the primary and alternate field lists are merged, and all the column variables for the panel are available.

PREFIX value

specifies a prefix, value, to be added to the beginning of:

- Column name variables
- Token variables
- Variables with names that begin with SDSF, such as SDSFROW.

The prefix is not added to the beginning of other special variable names.

Use PREFIX when you want to ensure that variable names do not conflict, for example, when accessing a secondary panel with an action character from another panel. The default is no prefix. The prefix can be up to 24 characters long, and should not begin with ISF.

VERBOSE

adds diagnostic messages to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.

WAIT

specifies that SDSF should wait the full delay interval before retrieving responses to a comand. This option is strongly recommended to ensure the responses are accessible in the ISFULOG special variable. The delay interval is specified with the ISFDELAY variable.

Special variables for secondary panels

Secondary panels are accessed with action characters from other panels. For example, when you use the ? action character from the Status panel to access the Job Data Set (JDS) panel, JDS is a secondary panel. For secondary panels, ISFACT returns column and row data in the same way that ISFEXEC does. See "Panel data returned" on page 251 for more information.

Many of the special variables for panels that you access with commands have corresponding special variables for secondary panels. The names of the special variables for secondary panels end with a 2. For example, ISFCOLS applies to primary panels, and ISFCOLS2 applies to secondary panels. In addition, there is another set of variables with names beginning with SDSF that perform the same function, but are affected by the PREFIX option, so that their names include the prefix that you specify. When there is a secondary panel or a sequence of secondary panels (for example, JDS accessed from JS accessed from ST) the SDSFxxxx and ISFxxxx2 variables apply to the last panel (JDS, in the example).

In the following list of special variables, the variable name that begin with ISF is followed by the name that begins with SDSF, when one exists.

ISFACTIONS

specifies whether the action characters for the current panel should be returned in the ISFRESP stem variable. The values in the ISFRESP variable are in this format: ACTION=*action*, where *action* is the action character or the action character and a description, depending on the option specified on ISFACTIONS. See the SET ACTION command for the valid options. See <u>"List action characters" on page 320</u> for an example.

ISFAPPC

specifies whether transaction data should be included on the panel. See the APPC command.

ISFCOLS2 / SDSFICOLS (input) and SDSFOCOLS (output)

Input: Specifies the set of columns on the secondary panel for which SDSF should create variables, in this format:

'column-name column-name...'

The column names are different than the column titles that are displayed when using SDSF interactively. They are the names used in the FLD statements in ISFPARMS. For a list of column names, see *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*, or, when running SDSF under ISPF, issue the COLSHELP command.

Each column name you specify must exist in the current field list. Any name specified in the ISFCOLS2 variable that is not in the current field list will be ignored.

The fixed field (the first column on each SDSF panel when using SDSF interactively) is optional, since it will always be included regardless of the setting of ISFCOLS2.

If the ISFCOLS2 variable is not defined, SDSF creates variables for each column on the secondary panel that is in the field list and is not delayed-access, including the fixed field.

Output: Lists the columns on the secondary panel that were processed, in this format:

column-name column-name...

The names are separated by a blank. The fixed field is always listed first.

Note: the column names do not include the prefix.

ISFDCOLS2 / SDSFDCOLS

contains the list of delayed-access columns for the secondary panel, in this format:

column-name column-name...

ISFDISPLAY

contains the filtering and sorting criteria, for example,

PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=* SYSNAME=SYS1

See the SET DISPLAY command.

ISFDISPLAYMODE

sets the format of the ISFDISPLAY special variable. See the SET DISPLAY command in the online help. The OFF parameter is not valid in REXX.

ISFFILTER2 / SDSFFILTER

specifies filter criteria to be applied to the returned variables. Use column names rather than column titles. See the FILTER command in the online help.

ISFRCOLS2 / SDSFRCOLS

contains the list of related fields (such as Address-Line1 through 4) for the secondary panel, in this format:

column-name column-name...

ISFROWS2

contains the number of rows created for the secondary panel. (This is also found in the column variables, for example, DDNAME.0.)

ISFSORT2 / SDSFSORT

specifies the sort criteria (up to 10 columns, with ascending or descending order). Use column names rather than column titles. Assigning the value to null sorts the panel using the fixed field (the first column). See the SORT command for other syntax.

ISFTIMEOUT

specifies the response timeout value for sysplex requests. See the SET TIMEOUT command. (JES2 only)

ISFTITLES2 / SDSFTITLES

contains the column titles for the secondary panel. The titles are listed in the same order as the column names in the ISFCOLS2 variable. Each title is enclosed in single quotation marks and separated by a blank.

ISFTLINE

contains the title line from the tabular panel being processed

ISFUCOLS2 / SDSFUCOLS

contains the list of modifiable columns for the secondary panel. All modifiable columns are included, regardless of whether the user is authorized to modify them.

ISFULOG

is a stem variable that contains the command echo and responses for system commands generated by action characters, including SAF authorization messages (if supported by the external security manager). Use the WAIT option on the ISFACT command to ensure that the command responses are available in the ISFULOG stem variable.

For more information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on</u> page 278 and "Special variables reference" on page 292.

Browsing output

To browse the output of jobs and checks, you use a combination of host commands, action characters and special REXX variables. For details, refer to the appropriate topic:

- <u>"Browsing output with ISFBROWSE" on page 262</u>. You can use this approach to browse the output of jobs and checks. The output data is returned in the ISFLINE stem variable.
- <u>"Browsing jobs with an external utility" on page 265</u>. You can use this approach to browse job output. You allocate the output data sets with special REXX-only action characters, then browse the data sets using EXECIO or a similar utility.
- "Browsing checks with the S action character" on page 266. You can use this approach to browse the output of checks. The output data is returned in the ISFLINE stem variable.

Browsing output with ISFBROWSE

You can browse the output of jobs and checks using the ISFBROWSE host command, as follows:

► Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE sdsf-command TOKEN (token)



sdsf-command

is the command for the panel. It must be the same SDSF command, including any parameters, that was previously entered with the ISFEXEC command.

token

is a token that identifies the row to be acted upon. The token was previously set by ISFEXEC or ISFACT and must correspond to the panel accessed with *sdsf-command*. Enclose the token in single quotation marks that are not removed by REXX.

For more information, see "Using tokens" on page 258.

options

is an optional list of options. The closing parenthesis is optional.

JCL

Browse just the JCL (jobs only)

NOCLOSE

Leave the data set open for subsequent requests, to avoid the overhead of closing, unallocating, re-allocating, and re-opening the data set. To undo the allocations, use ISFBROWSE without NOCLOSE and set special variable ISFSTARTLINETOKEN.

VERBOSE

Add diagnostic messages to stem variable isfmsg2. The messages describe each variable created by SDSF. This can be useful for troubleshooting as you develop REXX execs.

Examples of using ISFBROWSE

The following examples show ISFBROWSE commands you would use after having first issued the appropriate panel command with ISFEXEC. For more complete examples, see <u>"Examples of REXX execs"</u> on page 303.

1. Browse the output for a check on the CK panel. The number of the row is represented by ix.

Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE CK TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"')"

2. Browse just the JCL for a job on the ST panel. The number of the row is represented by x.

Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.x"') (JCL)"

3. Browse the output for a job on the DA panel. Leave the data sets open for subsequent browse requests. The number of the row is represented by ix.

Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE DA TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') (NOCLOSE)"

Special variables for use with the ISFBROWSE command

There are a number of special variables that you can use with the ISFBROWSE command. For information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278</u> and "Special variables reference" on page 292.

Several of the special variables provide function that corresponds to scrolling through the data, including repositioning to the next or previous data set. For example, you might specify a number of lines that you want to retrieve with each browse request, using ISFLINELIM, then use logic and other special variables to advance through the data, as shown below:

```
isflinelim = 500
    do until isfnextlinetoken=''
    Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE ST "TOKEN('"token.x"')"
    /******************/
    /* Loop through the lines */
    /*********************/
    do ix=1 to isfline.0
        say isfline.ix
        end
        isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
end
```

Use these special variables with the ISFBROWSE command:

ISFDUPDS

controls whether duplicate SYSOUT data sets are included. Values are ON and OFF.

ISFFIRSTLINEDSID

is the data set identifier of the data set associated with the first line that was returned.

ISFFIRSTLINERECNO

is the record number within the data set of the first line that was returned.

ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN

is a token corresponding to the first line of the data that was returned.

ISFINPUT

controls whether SYSIN data sets are included. Values are ON and OFF.

ISFLASTLINEDSID

is the data set identifier of the data set associated with the last line that was returned.

ISFLASTLINERECNO

is the record number within the data set of the last line that was returned.

ISFNEXTLINETOKEN

is a token corresponding to the next unread line of the data that was returned. It is null when an endof-file condition is encountered.

ISFLINE

contains the data that is returned. It is a stem variable. ISFLINE.0 contains the number of variables.

ISFLINELIM

limits the number of ISFLINE stem variables that may be created. The valid values are 0-99999999. A value of zero indicates no limit.

ISFSTARTLINETOKEN

specifies the starting line for the data to be returned. Assign a value by setting the variable to either the ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN or ISFNEXTLINETOKEN special variable.

Use these special variables with the ISFBROWSE command for find and scroll functions:

ISFFIND

contains a string to be found, up to 255 characters. The find operation is not sensitive to case. Use this with a value of FINDNEXT or FINDPREV in the ISFSCROLLTYPE special variable.

ISFFINDENDCOL

specifies the column by which the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable must end. It must be less than ISFFINDSTARTCOL.

ISFFINDLIM

specifies the maximum number of lines to search for the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable. Valid values are 1000 through 9999999.

ISFFINDSTARTCOL

specifies the column in which the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable must start.

ISFSCROLL

is used to reposition the first line of data that is returned.

- For repositioning a number of lines, specify an integer to be used as an offset from the value in the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable. Then, specify a value of UP or DOWN for the ISFSCROLLTYPE special variable. If ISFSTARTLINETOKEN is not specified, the offset is applied to the top of the data set.
- For repositioning to another data set, specify a number to be used as the number of data sets and specify a value of NEXT or PREV for the ISFSCROLLTYPE special variable. The data returned begins with the first line of the data set. ISFSCROLL defaults to 1 and can be omitted when you specify ISFSCROLLTYPE with NEXT or PREV.

ISFSCROLLTYPE

is used to reposition the first line of data that is returned. Specify one of these values:

UP or DOWN

is used with the value in the ISFSCROLL special variable to reposition a number of lines. DOWN is the default.

NEXT or PREV

is used with the value in the ISFSCROLL special variable to reposition a number of data sets.

TOP

specifies that the first record returned is the first record of the data. This is the default.

BOT

requests the bottom, or most recent, data. The last line returned is the last line of data. The first line returned is a function of the value of the ISFLINELIM special variable. For example, if you use BOT with a value of 100 for ISFLINELIM, the last 100 lines of data are returned.

FINDNEXT

is used with the value in the ISFFIND special variable to reposition to the next line that contains that string. If the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable is not specified, the search begins with the top line.

FINDPREV

is used with the value in the ISFFIND special variable to reposition to the previous line that contains that string. If the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable is not specified, the search begins with the top line, wraps to the bottom and then searches from there.

Return codes for ISFBROWSE

After the ISFBROWSE host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred in parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFBROWSE command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Browsing jobs with an external utility

To browse job output from the DA, H, I, JDS, O and ST panels using EXECIO or similar utility, you first allocate the output data sets with special REXX-only action characters. The action characters are:

SA

Allocate all data sets associated with the item. On the DA, I or ST panels, this will be all data sets in the job. On the O and H panels, it will be all data sets in the output group. On the JDS panel, it will be a single data set.

SJA

Allocate the JCL data set

The following special variables describe the results of the allocation that you use with EXECIO or a similar utility:

ISFDDNAME

is a stem variable that contains the system-generated DDNAME returned by allocation that is referenced on EXECIO or other utility. It is not the application specified DDNAME that is contained in the DDNAME.x stem variable returned by ISFACT. ISFDDNAME.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow.

ISFDSNAME

is a stem variable that contains the application-specified data set name that has been allocated by SDSF. The variables have a one-to-one correspondence with the variables in ISFDDNAME. Thus, the REXX caller can associate the data set being processed with the system generated DDNAME that has been allocated. ISFDSNAME.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow.

ISFLRECL

is a stem variable that contains the logical record length for the allocated data set and corresponds to the DDNAME listed in ISFDDNAME. ISFLRECL.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow.

ISFRECFM

is a stem variable that contains the record format for the allocated data set and corresponds to the DDNAME listed in ISFDDNAME. ISFRECFM.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow.

You can also use these special variables:

ISFDUPDS

controls whether duplicate SYSOUT data sets are included.

ISFINPUT

controls whether SYSIN data sets are included.

Usage notes

- SDSF allocates SYSOUT data sets using the FREE=CLOSE attribute. This causes the system to free the allocation when the data set is closed by the application. If an application causes a data set to be allocated but does not open it, it should free the allocation explicitly. Failure to free the data sets may result in the allocation limit being reached and further allocations being rejected.
- The REXX caller should also ensure that the DYNAMNBR JCL keyword is set to a high enough limit to accommodate all of the expected allocations done by the exec.
- You can use the FINIS option of EXECIO to close the data set when EXECIO completes.

Browsing checks with the S action character

To browse check output from the CK or CKH panel, you can use the S action character on the ISFACT command, along with the following special variable:

ISFLINE

is a stem variable that contains lines of data in response to a browse request. ISFLINE.0 contains the number of stem variables that follow.

Examples of browsing output

See <u>"Browse job output with EXECIO" on page 310</u> and <u>"Browse check output from the CK panel" on page 316</u>.

Printing output

To print the output of jobs and checks through REXX, you use a combination of the X action character, with ISFACT, and special REXX variables. The PRINT command is not supported in the REXX environment.

The forms of the X action character are:

X and XC

Print all data sets using default settings; XC closes the print file after printing.

XS and XSC

Print all data sets to SYSOUT using attributes specified in special variables; XSC closes the print file after printing.

The special variables define the attributes of the SYSOUT print file. They correspond to the fields on the Open Print pop-up. The special variables are:

| Variable | Purpose |
|------------------|--|
| ISFPRTCCASA | How SDSF handles carriage control for printing: |
| | ON |
| | Always insert ASA carriage control characters |
| | OFF |
| | Handle carriage control based on the record format of the data set bring printed: |
| | If the record format includes A, then the print function uses ASA (ANSI) carriage control. |
| | If the record format includes M, then the print function uses machine carriage control. |
| | Otherwise, SDSF removes carriage control characters if they are present in the source. |
| ISFPRTCLASS | SYSOUT class |
| ISFPRTCOPIES | Copies class |
| ISFPRTDEST | Destination |
| ISFPRTFCB | FCB |
| ISFPRTFORMDEF | FORMDEF |
| ISFPRTFORMS | Forms |
| ISFPRTLRECL | Logical record length |
| ISFPRTOUTDESNAME | Output descriptor name to be used when creating the file |
| ISFPRTPAGEDEF | PAGEDEF |
| ISFPRTPRTMODE | Process mode |
| ISFPRTRECFM | Record format |
| ISFPRTSOURCEATTS | Whether to use attributes of the source for printing |
| ISFPRTUCS | UCS |
| ISFPRTWRITER | Writer name |

XD and **XDC**

Print all data sets to a data set using attributes specified in special variables; XDC closes the print file after printing.

The special variables name attributes of the data set. They correspond to the fields on the Open Print Data Set pop-up.

| Table 221. Special REA | Table 221. Special REXX variables for Printing to a Data Set | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---------|--|--|--|
| Variable | Purpose | Default | | | |
| ISFPRTCCASA | How SDSF handles carriage control for printing. For details, refer to the description of ISFPRTCCASA in <u>Table 220 on page 267</u> . | | | | |
| ISFPRTBLKSIZE | Block size for new data sets | 0 | | | |
| ISFPRTDATACLAS | Data class for new data sets | | | | |

Table 221. Special REXX Variables for Printing to a Data Set

| Variable | Purpose | Default |
|-----------------|---|--|
| ISFPRTDIRBLKS | Number of directory blocks for new data sets | |
| ISFPRTDISP | Allocation disposition for data sets | |
| ISFPRTDSNAME | Data set name. If the name is not enclosed in quotation mark, the name begins with the current user ID. | |
| ISFPRTDSNTYPE | Data set name type: | A partitioned or |
| | LIBRARY or LIB allocates a partitioned data set extended (PDSE) | sequential data set is allocated based on the data set characteristics that |
| | PDS | are provided. |
| | allocates a partitioned data set | |
| | allocates a large format data set | |
| | EXTREQ indicates that an extended sequential data set is required | |
| | EXTPREF indicates that an extended sequential data set is preferred | |
| | BASIC indicates that neither an extended nor a large format data set is to be allocated. | |
| ISFPRTEXTATTR | Extended attributes option: | Based on the data |
| | NO The data set cannot have extended attributes and reside in EAS | type |
| | OPT The data set can have extended attributes and reside in EAS. | |
| ISFPRTLRECL | LRECL for new data sets | 0000240 |
| ISFPRTMEMBER | Member name | |
| ISFPRTMGMTCLAS | Management class for new data sets | |
| ISFPRTPRIMARY | Primary space allocation for new data sets | 00000500 |
| ISFPRTRECFM | Record format | VBA |
| ISFPRTSECONDARY | Secondary space allocation for new data sets | 00000500 |
| ISFPRTSPACETYPE | Space units for allocating for new data sets | BLKS |
| ISFPRTSTORCLAS | Storage class for new data sets | |
| ISFPRTUNIT | Unit for new data sets | |
| | | |

XF and XFC

Print all data sets to a file (DDNAME) using attributes specified in special variables; XFC closes the print file after printing. The special variables name attributes of the file.

| Table 222. Special Variab | Table 222. Special Variables for Printing to a File | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Variable | Purpose | | |
| ISFPRTDDNAME | DDNAME | | |

In the event of an error, such as the data being invalid or missing, SDSF issues a message that is available in the ISFMSG2 stem variable. In addition, the ISFMSG variable may contain a short error message.

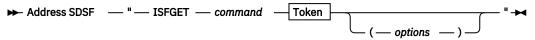
Note that the print data set is always closed after the request regardless of whether the X action character includes the C option. This is because all SDSF requests are independent; the print data set is closed when SDSF terminates.

Examples of printing

See "Print to SYSOUT" on page 319.

Getting all of the values for a single row

You can request all of the column values for a specific row using the ISFGET host environment command, as follows:



Token

► TOKEN — ("" — token — "") →

command

is the command for the panel. It must be the same SDSF command, including any parameters, that was previously entered with the ISFEXEC command.

token

identifies the row to be acted upon. The token was previously set by ISFEXEC or ISFACT for the panel accessed with *command*. Enclose the token in single quotation marks. For more information on tokens, see "Using tokens" on page 258.

option

is an optional list of options for the command. The closing parenthesis is optional. The options that you use depend on the type of the command you issue, and are explained in the topics that follow.

Return codes for ISFGET

After the ISFGET host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFGET command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Data returned for ISFGET

When you use an action character to access a secondary panel, such as JDS, ISFGET returns column and row data in the same way that ISFEXEC does. See <u>"Panel data returned" on page 251</u> for more information.

Options for getting all of the values for a row

You can use the following options with ISFGET:

ALTERNATE

requests the alternate field list for the panel

ALTERNATE2

requests the alternate field list for the secondary panel

COMPACT

specifies that column data for each row be returned in the SDSFROW stem variable, rather than in a separate stem variable for each column. This can dramatically reduce the number of variables, and therefore the amount of storage, required to satisfy a request for a panel. For more information, refer to "Panel data returned" on page 251.

DELAYED

specifies that delayed-access columns be included on the panel

DELAYED2

specifies that delayed-access columns be included on the secondary panel

NOMODIFY2

specifies that row tokens for use in modifying rows should not be returned on the secondary panel. Use this to improve performance if you will not be modifying any values.

PRIMARY

requests the primary field list.

If you specify both PRIMARY and ALTERNATE, or neither PRIMARY nor ALTERNATE, the primary and alternate field lists are merged, and all the column variables for the panel are available.

PRIMARY2

requests the primary field list for a secondary panel.

If you specify both PRIMARY2 and ALTERNATE2, or neither PRIMARY2 nor ALTERNATE2, the primary and alternate field lists are merged, and all the column variables for the panel are available.

PREFIX value

specifies a prefix for column name and TOKEN variables that are created; use this to ensure that variable names do not conflict. The prefix can be up to 24 characters long, and should not begin with ISF.

VERBOSE

adds diagnostic messages to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.

Special variables with ISFGET

For information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page</u> 278 and "Special variables reference" on page 292.

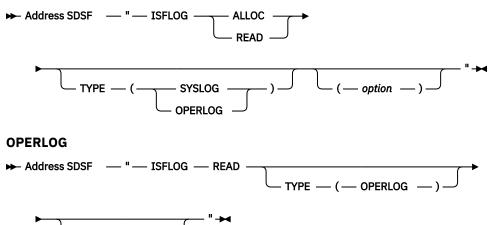
Browsing the system log with ISFLOG

You browse both the single-system SYSLOG and the sysplex-wide OPERLOG using the ISFLOG host environment command.

When used with the SYSLOG, the ISFLOG command processes the JES logical log.

The syntax of the ISFLOG command is as follows:

SYSLOG



ALLOC

(--- option ---)

indicates that the logical SYSLOG is to be allocated for use with a utility such as EXECIO. The allocation is done with the FREE=CLOSE option so that the file is automatically de-allocated when closed.

Use ALLOC with these special stem variables:

- · ISFDDNAME contains the ddname that is returned
- · ISFDSNAME contains the data set name that is returned

READ

indicates that the system log is to be read. The records are returned in the ISFLINE stem variable. ISFLINE.0 contains the number of variables.

By default, SDSF retrieves the records for the current day. You can customize the results with these special variables:

- ISFLINELIM sets a limit on the number of variables created.
- ISFLOGSTARTTIME, ISFLOGSTARTDATE, ISFLOGSTOPTIME and ISFLOGSTOPDATE define the date and time range for the records. Use them to ensure that your date and time range is reasonable, so that an excessive number of variables is not created.

Note: Due to the precision of this field, positioning within the log will be approximate.

When these special variables are used, SDSF positions the SYSLOG as near as possible to the requested record. However, due to the precision used for time stamps and the time the record is actually written to SYSLOG, it is possible that this may be several lines away from the desired record.

• Variables that allow you to simulate scrolling through the data. These include ISFSCROLL, ISFSCROLLYPE, ISFNEXTLINETOKEN and ISFSTARTLINETOKEN.

For details on the special variables, refer to <u>"Special variables for use with the ISFLOG command" on</u> page 272.

TYPE(SYSLOG | OPERLOG)

is optional and names the type of system log to be used:

SYSLOG

specifies the single-system SYSLOG. Use the special variable ISFSYSID to indicate the member to be processed.

OPERLOG

specifies the sysplex-wide OPERLOG.

option

is optional. See "Options for the ISFLOG command" on page 272.

Use the special variable ISFSYSID to indicate the member to be processed.

Examples of using ISFLOG

The following examples illustrate how to use the ISFLOG command.

1. Allocate the logical SYSLOG for use with EXECIO.

Address SDSF "ISFLOG ALLOC TYPE(SYSLOG)"

2. Read the logical SYSLOG into the ISFLINE special variable.

Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG)"

3. Read the OPERLOG into the ISFLINE special variable.

Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(OPERLOG)"

4. Read the logical SYSLOG into the ISFLINE special variable and the WTORS into the ISFWTOR special variable.

Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG) (WTOR)"

See also <u>"Work with the last 24 hours of SYSLOG" on page 321</u> and <u>"Work with the current day of the system log" on page 322</u>.

Options for the ISFLOG command

VERBOSE

adds diagnostic messages to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.

WTOR

causes any WTORs to be returned in the ISFWTOR. stem variable.

Special variables for use with the ISFLOG command

There are a number of special variables that you can use with the ISFLOG command. For information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278</u> and <u>"Special variables reference"</u> on page 292.

Several of the special variables provide function that corresponds to scrolling through the data. For example, you might specify a number of lines that you want to retrieve with each browse request, using ISFLINELIM, then use logic and other special variables to advance through the data, as shown below:

```
isflinelim = 500
    do until isfnextlinetoken=''
    Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG)"
    /********************************/
    /* Loop through the lines /
    /***********************/
    do ix=1 to isfline.0
        say isfline.ix
        end
        isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
end
```

Use these special variables with the ISFLOG command:

ISFCOLOR

is a stem variable containing a single-character abbreviation for the color for each line. The possible values come from first letter of these colors: Red, Green, Blue, White, Yellow, Turquoise, Pink. OPERLOG only.

ISFDATE

specifies the date format, including the separator character, for special variables that take a date as input. It accepts any format valid with the SET DATE command. See the SET DATE command in the online help for the valid formats.

ISFDESCODE

is a stem variable containing the descriptor codes for each line. When there are multiple descriptor codes, they are turned in a list, separated by blanks. OPERLOG only.

ISFFIRSTLINEDATE

is the date associated with the first line that was returned.

ISFFIRSTLINEDSID

is the data set identifier of the data set associated with the first line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFFIRSTLINEJOBID

is the job ID associated with the first line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFFIRSTLINERECNO

is the record number within the data set of the first line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFFIRSTLINETIME

is the time associated with the first line that was returned.

ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN

is a token corresponding to the first line of the data that was returned.

ISFHIGHLIGHT

is a stem variable containing a single-character abbreviation for the highlighting for each line. The possible values come from the first letter of these highlight values: Blink, Reverse, Underline and None. OPERLOG only.

ISFINTENSITY

is a stem variable containing a single-character abbreviation for the intensity for each line. The possible values come from the first letter of these intensities: High and Low. OPERLOG only.

ISFLASTLINEDATE

is the date associated with the last line that was returned.

ISFLASTLINEDSID

is the data set identifier of the data set associated with the last line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFLASTLINEJOBID

is the job ID associated with the last line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFLASTLINERECNO

is the record number within the data set of the last line that was returned. SYSLOG only.

ISFLASTLINETIME

is the time associated with the last line that was returned.

ISFLINE

contains the data that is returned. It is a stem variable. ISFLINE.0 contains the number of variables.

ISFLINELIM

limits the number of ISFLINE stem variables that may be created. The valid values are 0-99999999. A value of zero indicates no limit.

ISFLOGSTARTDATE

specifies the starting date for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in the current date format (see the ISFDATE special variable) or *yyyy.ddd*. Leading zeros are not required. It must be less than the ending date. The default is the current day. Due to the precision of these fields, positioning within the log will be approximate.

ISFLOGSTARTTIME

specifies the starting time for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in *hh:mm:ss.th* format. Only *hh:mm* is required. Leading zeros are not required. This is the local time corresponding to the first record to be returned. It must be less than the ending time. The default is 00:00:00.00. Due to the precision of these fields, positioning within the log will be approximate.

ISFLOGSTOPDATE

specifies the ending date for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in the current date format (see the ISFDATE special variable) or *yyyy.ddd*. Leading zeros are not required. The default is the current day. Due to the precision of these fields, positioning within the log will be approximate.

ISFLOGSTOPTIME

specifies the ending time for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in *hh:mm:ss.th* format. Only *hh:mm* is required. Leading zeros are not required. This is the local time corresponding to the last record to be returned. The default is 23:59:59.99. Due to the precision of these fields, positioning within the log will be approximate.

ISFNEXTLINETOKEN

is a token corresponding to the next unread line of the data that was returned. It is null when an endof-file condition is encountered.

ISFSTARTLINETOKEN

specifies the starting line for the data to be returned. Assign a value by setting the variable to either the ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN or ISFNEXTLINETOKEN special variable.

ISFSYSID

with the SYSLOG, names the member to be processed by the ISFLOG command. See the SYSID command in the online help.

ISFWTOR

is a stem variable that contains the WTORs, if requested with the WTOR option. ISFWTOR.0 contains the number of variables.

Use these special variables with the ISFLOG command for find and scroll functions:

ISFFIND

contains a string to be found, up to 255 characters. The find operation is not sensitive to case. Use this with a value of FINDNEXT or FINDPREV in the ISFSCROLLTYPE special variable.

ISFFINDENDCOL

specifies the column by which the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable must end. It must be less than ISFFINDSTARTCOL.

ISFFINDLIM

specifies the maximum number of lines to search for the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable. Valid values are 1000 through 9999999.

ISFFINDSTARTCOL

specifies the column in which the string specified with the ISFFIND special variable must start.

ISFSCROLL

is used to reposition the first line of data that is returned. Specify an integer to be used as an offset from the value in the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable. Then, specify a value of UP or DOWN for the ISFSCROLLTYPE special variable. If ISFSTARTLINETOKEN is not specified, the offset is applied to the top of the data set.

ISFSCROLLTYPE

is used to reposition the first line of data that is returned. Specify one of these values:

UP or DOWN

is used with the value in the ISFSCROLL special variable. DOWN is the default.

TOP

specifies that the first record returned is the first record of the data. This is the default.

BOT

requests the bottom, or most recent, data. The last line returned is the last line of data. The first line returned is a function of the value of the ISFLINELIM special variable. For example, if you use BOT with a value of 100 for ISFLINELIM, the last 100 lines of data are returned.

FINDNEXT

is used with the value in the ISFFIND special variable to reposition to the next line that contains that string. If the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable is not specified, the search begins with the top line.

FINDPREV

is used with the value in the ISFFIND special variable to reposition to the previous line that contains that string. If the ISFSTARTLINETOKEN special variable is not specified, the search begins with the top line, wraps to the bottom and then searches from there.

Return codes for ISFLOG

After the ISFLOG host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

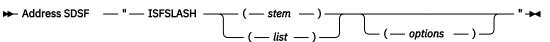
24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFLOG command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Issuing system commands with ISFSLASH

You issue system commands using the ISFSLASH host environment command as follows:



stem

is the name of a stem variable containing the list of system commands to be issued. The 0 variable of the stem must contain a count of the variables in the stem. The variable *stem* should:

- End in a period, to allow the commands to be put into compound variables
- Be enclosed in parentheses, to indicate that it is a stem variable
- Be 1 to 128 characters long
- · Not start with the characters ISF

list

is a list of one or more system commands to be issued, separated by a blank or a comma.

Enclose a command in single quotation marks, whether you are issuing it directly through ISFSLASH or using a stem variable, if the command:

- · Contains special characters or embedded blanks
- Requires mixed case. Although SDSF preserves the case of the command text, Consoles folds the text to uppercase in issuing the command, unless it is enclosed in single quotation marks.

The W and I prefix parameters of the slash (/) command are not supported. Use the WAIT and INTERNAL options instead. See "Options for slash (/) commands" on page 276 for more information.

The system commands can be up to 126 characters in length (the maximum length allowed by Consoles).

Examples of using ISFSLASH

The following examples illustrate how to issue a command with ISFSLASH.

1. Issue a single command. Wait the full delay interval (specified with variable ISFDELAY) for responses, rather than returning when the first response is received.

```
isfdelay="5"
Address SDSF ISFSLASH "$da (WAIT)"
```

2. Issue a single command using a stem variable.

```
cmd.0=1
cmd.1='d r,1'
Address SDSF ISFSLASH "(cmd.)"
```

3. Issue multiple commands. Because the commands contain blanks, enclose them in single quotation marks.

Address SDSF ISFSLASH "\$da , 'd a,l' 'd t'"

4. Issue multiple commands using a stem variable. SDSF will wait the full delay interval for the response.

```
mycmd.0=2
mycmd.1='$DA'
mycmd.2='d t'
isfdelay="5"
Address SDSF ISFSLASH "("mycmd.") (WAIT)"
```

See also "Issue system commands using ISFSLASH" on page 320.

Options for slash (/) commands

INTERNAL

specifies that console ID 0 (INTERNAL) should be used to issue the command

WAIT

specifies that SDSF should wait the full delay interval before retrieving responses. This option is strongly recommended to ensure the responses are accessible in the ISFULOG special variable. The delay interval is specified with the ISFDELAY variable.

Special variables for slash (/) commands

Use special variables to set options such as the delay limit and the console name. Where the variable is associated with an SDSF command, the parameters for the variable are the same as for the command, with the exception that the ? parameter is not supported in REXX. Substitute the variable for the command, for example:

Command: SET DELAY 5 Variable: isfdelay="5" For the syntax of commands, see the online help. For information on special REXX variables, see <u>"Using</u> special variables to invoke SDSF function" on page 278 and "Special variables reference" on page 292.

ISFCMDLIM

limits the number of commands that may be issued through ISFSLASH. The limit is a value from 0-99999999 where 0 means no limit. The default is 0. If the number of stem variables exceeds the limit, all commands up to and including the limit are issued.

ISFCONMOD

controls console name modification. By default it is on, which means that, when SDSF needs to activate an extended console and the default console name is already in use, SDSF attempts to activate a new console with a modified name. For more information, refer to the SET CONMOD command in the online help and *z*/OS SDSF Operation and Customization.

If you run a REXX exec while using SDSF interactively, you should not disable console modification, to avoid an activation failure caused by the required console already being in use.

ISFCONS

specifies a name for the extended console for the user session log (ISFULOG stem variable). Refer to the SET CONSOLE command in the online help for more information.

If you run a REXX exec while using SDSF interactively and you have disabled console modification, you should specify a unique console name with ISFCONS, to avoid an activation failure caused by the required console already being in use.

ISFDELAY

specifies the response delay limit for system commands. Specify ISFDELAY="timeout-value", where *timeout-value* specifies the default timeout value (in seconds) for which SDSF will wait for message responses to the slash / command. The timeout value must be in the range of 0 to 9999 seconds, where 0 indicates that SDSF will neither wait nor display message responses on the message line.

The message responses are still written to the user session log. The default timeout value is 1 second. SDSF waits until the timeout value has passed or the first response is received.

ISFULOG

is a stem variable that contains the MVS system command echo and any responses generated during the session, including SAF authorization messages (if supported by the external security manager). ISFULOG.0 contains a count of the number of stem variables that follow.

For more information, see "Issuing commands with ISFEXEC" on page 248.

Return codes for ISFSLASH

After the ISFSLASH host environment command completes, a return code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

00

The request completed successfully.

04

The request completed successfully but not all functions were performed.

08

An incorrect or invalid parameter was specified for an option or command.

12

A syntax error occurred in parsing a host environment command.

16

The user is not authorized to invoke SDSF.

20

A request failed due to an environmental error.

24

Insufficient storage was available to complete a request.

Note that a return code of 0 indicates that SDSF successfully processed the ISFEXEC command. It does not indicate that specific functions were authorized or that commands were executed. Check the ISFMSG and ISFMSG2 variables to determine if a request completed. See <u>"Messages" on page 249</u> for more information.

Using special variables to invoke SDSF function

Much of the function that SDSF commands provide when you use SDSF interactively is supported in the REXX environment by special REXX variables.

The special variables use the following format:

► variable-name — =' — parameters — ' →

The parameters for the variable are the same as for the associated command, with the exception that the ? parameter is not supported in REXX. The values of special variables are not saved across sessions (or invocations) in the REXX environment. The special variable names that begin with SDSF are affected by the PREFIX option of ISFEXEC or ISFACT, but no others are affected.

Special variable names are not case-sensitive.

Values specified with special variables do not have the 42–character (or, in the case of slash commands, 126–character) limit that commands entered with ISFEXEC have.

Where the variable is associated with an SDSF command, the parameters for the variable are the same as for the command, with the exception that the ? parameter is not supported in REXX. Substitute the variable for the command, for example:

Command: PREFIX RJONES* Variable: isfprefix="RJONES*"

For the syntax of commands, see the online help. For a complete list of special REXX variables, see "Special variables reference" on page 292.

To drop SDSF special variables (that is, unassign the variables and restore them to their original undefined state) use the ISFRESET() function. The option to use with ISFRESET corresponds to the variable type (Input, InOut or Output), indicated in the table. The variables for printing are all type Input. For more information, see "Dropping special variables with ISFRESET" on page 281.

The variables are grouped here by command type:

- "SDSF command" on page 278
- "Filter commands" on page 279
- "Options commands" on page 279
- "Trace commands" on page 280

SDSF command

Use the following special variables for function that is equivalent to the parameters on the SDSF command.

ISFSERVER

Obsolete as of z/OS V2R3. Only a single SDSF address space can be active at a time.

ISFJESNAME

names the JES2 subsystem to process. See the JESNAME parameter in *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization* .

ISFJES3NAME

names the JES3 subsystem to process. See the JES3NAME parameter in <u>z/OS SDSF Operation and</u> <u>Customization</u>.

Filter commands

Use the following special variables for function that is equivalent to the filter commands.

For some variables with names that begin with ISF, there are corresponding variables with names that begin with SDSF. These perform the same function, but are affected by the PREFIX option, so that their names include the prefix that you specify. In addition, if one or more secondary panels exists, these variables apply to the last secondary panel, rather than the panel that was accessed with a command. In the list that follows, these variable names are shown after the names that begin with ISF.

ISFDEST

specifies up to four destinations to be used for filtering. Each destination can be up to the maximum acceptable length for a destination. See the DEST command in the online help for syntax, but note these differences:

- The length of the value specified with ISFDEST can exceed the 42-character limit of the DEST command
- When specifying multiple destinations with ISFDEST, separate the destinations with a blank. Do not use the + operand used with the command.

ISFFILTER / SDSFFILTER

specifies filter criteria to be applied to the returned variables. Use the column names rather than the column titles. See the FILTER command in the online help. Use ISFFILTERMODE to specify the AND or OR relationship between filters.

ISFFILTERMODE / SDSFFILTERMODE

specifies a relationship between filters, both within a column and between columns. The relationship can be either AND or OR.

ISFINPUT

controls whether SYSIN data sets are returned. See the INPUT command in the online help.

ISFOWNER

specifies the owner to be used to limit the returned variables. See the OWNER command in the online help.

ISFPREFIX

specifies the job name to be used to limit the returned variables. See the PREFIX command in the online help.

ISFSYSNAME

specifies the system to be used to limit sysplex requests. See the SYSNAME command in the online help.

Options commands

Use the following special variables for function that is equivalent to the options commands, such as the SET commands.

ISFACTIONS

specifies whether the action characters for the current panel should be returned in the ISFRESP stem variable. The values in the ISFRESP variable are in this format: ACTION=*action*, where *action* is the action character or the action character and a description, depending on the option specified on ISFACTIONS. See the SET ACTION command in the online help for the valid options. See <u>"List action characters" on page 320</u> for an example.

ISFCKLIM

specifies the limit for the number of instances of a check to be shown on the CKH panel.

ISFCONMOD

controls console name modification. By default it is on, which means that, when SDSF needs to activate an extended console and the default console name is already in use, SDSF attempts to activate a new console with a modified name. For more information, refer to the SET CONMOD command in the online help and *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

If you run a REXX exec while using SDSF interactively, you should not disable console modification, to avoid an activation failure caused by the required console already being in use.

ISFCONS

specifies a name for the extended console for the user session log (ISFULOG stem variable). Refer to the SET CONSOLE command in the online help for more information.

If you run a REXX exec while using SDSF interactively and you have disabled console modification, you should specify a unique console name with ISFCONS, to avoid an activation failure caused by the required console already being in use.

ISFDATE

specifies the date format, including the separator character, for special variables used with the ISFLOG command that take a date as input. See the SET DATE command in the online help for the valid formats.

ISFDELAY

specifies the timeout for command responses. See the SET DELAY command in the online help.

ISFDISPLAY

contains the filtering and sorting criteria, for example,

PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=* SYSNAME=

See the SET DISPLAY command in the online help.

ISFDISPLAYMODE

sets the format of the ISFDISPLAY special variable. See the SET DISPLAY command in the online help. The OFF parameter is not valid in REXX.

ISFDUPDS

controls whether duplicate SYSOUT data sets are included.

ISFINPUT

controls whether SYSIN data sets are returned. See the INPUT command in the online help.

ISFSCHARS

specifies generic and placeholder characters used for pattern matching. See the SET SCHARS command in the online help.

ISFTIMEOUT

specifies the timeout interval for sysplex data. See the SET TIMEOUT command in the online help.

Trace commands

Use the following special variables for function that is equivalent to the SET SECTRACE command.

ISFSECTRACE

specifies an option to be used when enabling SDSF security trace

ISFMSG2

contains security trace messages, if you specified ISFSECTRACE ON

ISFULOG

contains security trace messages, if you specified ISFSECTRACE WTP

For more information, refer to z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization .

Use the following special variables for function that is equivalent to the TRACE command.

ISFTRACE

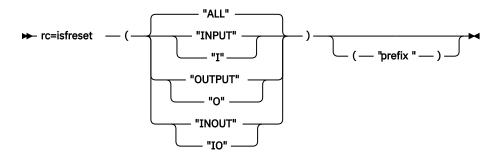
specifies a trace option to be used when enabling SDSF trace

ISFTRMASK

specifies a trace mask to be used when enabling SDSF trace

Dropping special variables with ISFRESET

You drop special variables using the ISFRESET() function. This unassigns the variables and restores them to their original undefined state. The syntax of ISFRESET is as follows:



ALL

all special variables. ALL is the default.

INPUT or I

all input special variables.

OUTPUT or **O**

all output special variables.

INOUT or **IO**

all input/output special variables.

prefix

is the prefix for the special variables that are to be dropped. Only special variables with that prefix for the specified type are dropped.

ISFRESET does not require access to SDSF and so no authorization is required to use it. ISFRESET is not dependent on ISFCALLS and can be issued at any point in the exec. However, it is most useful when issued prior to an Address SDSF command.

For a complete list of special variables, refer to "Special variables reference" on page 292.

Result codes for ISFRESET

After the ISFRESET completes, a result code is set in the REXX variable RC. The values are:

0

The request completed successfully.

1

Environment error (for example, REXX is not running).

2

Syntax error occurred, for example, invalid parameter.

Invoking a REXX exec with an action character

Use the % action character to invoke a REXX exec from a tabular panel. The syntax is:

%(exec-name user-arguments)

Under ISPF, % by itself, or with a trailing +, displays a pop-up on which you can type the exec name and arguments. The pop-up preserves the case of the arguments. You can expand the NP column with +n, where n is 4-20.

% is not valid on the OD panel or from the command line.

The exec must be in a data set that is allocated to DDNAME SYSEXEC or SYSPROC.

When creating an exec to be run with the % action character, you use the same statements and special variables as you do for an exec that runs outside of SDSF. However, there are some key differences. For example, an exec to used with the % action character doesn't need an ISFEXEC statement to access the current panel, and it obtains the row token as an argument, rather than in the TOKEN. stem variable.

Execs generated by the RGEN command are intended to be run outside of SDSF, and not with the % action character.

Arguments

All execs invoked with the % action character are passed fixed arguments:

- 1. Current panel name (such as ST or DA)
- 2. Primary panel name (needed if the current panel is a secondary panel, accessed with an action character)
- 3. Token of the row for which you issued the % action character
- 4. Command that accessed the primary panel, including parameters as character hex because the argument may contain embedded blanks. Use the REXX built-in function x2c to restore to the original value.
- 5. Open left parenthesis

The panel names for primary panels are the command names (for example ST or DA). For panels that can accessed only with action characters, the names are the same as those used with COLSHELP:

CDE

Job Module

СКН

Check History

JD

Job Device

JDP

Job Dependency

JDS

Job Data Set

JM

Job Memory

JS

Job Step

JY

Job Delay

тсв

Job Tasks

JMO

Job memory objects

JCM

Job class members

JDDN

Job DDNames

СКРТ

JES checkpoint

You pass additional arguments to the exec by typing them following the exec name, for example:

NP JOBNAME JobID %myexec x y SRB21FLI JOB17391 This invokes exec myexec against the row, with user arguments x and y, passed as a string. The exec must parse the string to obtain x and y.

Querying the environment

You can use isfquery to query the environment and return the associated REXX special variables. The syntax is isfquery("option"), where option is:

none

Test if the environment allows special variables to be provided. Code this is rc=isfquery(), with no value in the parentheses. rc=0 indicates the environment allows special variables to be provided.

ALL

All special variables

INIT

Special variables for SDSF settings, such as filters: ISFDEST, ISFJESNAME, ISFOWNER, ISFPREFIX, ISFSERVER

variable,variable,...

List of special variables. Enclose each in quotation marks, for example, "ISFPREFIX", "ISFOWNER"

WHO

Special variables corresponding to the WHO command:

ISFGLOBAL JES3 global

ISFGLOBALREL Global level

ISFGRPINDEX

Group index

ISFGRPNAME Group name

ISFISPFREL ISPF level

JES name

ISFJESREL JES level

JES type

ISFJES3NAME JES3 name

ISFMEMBER

JES member

ISFMVSREL

MVS level

ISFPROCNAME

Logon procedure

ISFREL

SDSF level

ISFRMFREL

RMF/DA

ISFSECLABEL

Security label

ISFSERVER

Obsolete as of z/OS V2R3. Only a single SDSF address space can be active at a time.

ISFSYSPLEX

Sysplex name

ISFSYSTEM

System name

ISFTERMINAL

Terminal ID

ISFUSERID

User ID

For a complete example, refer to "Invoking an exec with the % action character" on page 326.

SDSF with **REXX** reference

This topic describes the REXX support for SDSF function.

SDSF commands reference

The SDSF commands and their use in REXX are described in <u>Table 223 on page 284</u>. For the syntax of the commands, see the online help. For quick access to command syntax, use this SEARCH command from the SDSF command line:

SEARCH 'FORMAT: command-name'

where *command-name* is the command name, for example, DA or PREFIX.

Table 223. SDSF Commands and REXX

| Command | Purpose | Use on ISFEXEC | Use on ISFACT | REXX Variable | Notes |
|---------|---|-------------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| / | Issue MVS command | Yes | No | | The preferred method is to use ISFSLASH. |
| ? | Switch between primary and alternate field lists | No | No | | Not supported in REXX. See the PRIMARY, ALTERNATE and DELAYED options of the ISFEXEC command and the PRIMARY2, ALTERNATE2 and DELAYED2 options of the ISFACT command. |
| ? | Display output data set information from browse | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| ABEND | Force SDSF abend | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| ACTION | Control WTORs displayed on the SYSLOG | No | No | | |
| AFD | Invoke SDSF with program ISFAFD | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| APF | Display the APF panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| APPC | Control the display of transaction data | No | No | ISFAPPC | |

Table 223. SDSF Commands and REXX (continued) Use on Use on Purpose **ISFEXEC ISFACT REXX Variable** Notes Command ARRANGE Control the order of Not supported in REXX No No panel columns AS Display the AS panel Yes Yes Invoke BookManager® BOOK No No Not supported in REXX воттом ISFSCROLL, Scroll to the bottom No No Supported for browse only ISFSCROLLTYPE CFC Display the CFC panel Yes Yes CFS Display the CFS panel Yes Yes CK Display the CK panel Yes Yes COLS Display the scale line No No Not supported in REXX CSR Display the CSR panel Yes Yes DA Display the DA panel Yes Yes DEST Specify destinations for No The length of the value can No ISFDEST filtering exceed the 42-character limit of the DEST command. When specifying multiple destinations (up to 4), separate them with a blank. Do not use the + operand. DEV Display the DEV panel Yes Yes DOWN Scroll down No ISFSCROLL, Supported only for No **ISFSCROLLTYPE** browsing with ISFBROWSE and ISFLOG. DYNX Display the DYNX panel Yes Yes ENC Display the ENC panel Yes Yes ENQ Display the ENQ panel Yes Yes END Return to the previous No No Not supported in REXX panel Filter data FILTER No No ISFFILTER. There is no limit to the number of filters you can ISFFILTER2, ISFFILTERMODE. set with ISFFILTER or **ISFFILTER2.** Supported for SDSFFILTER, SDSFFILTERMODE tabular panels. FIND Find a string No No ISFFIND Supported only for browsing with ISFBROWSE and ISFLOG **FINDLIM** Set the number of lines No ISFFINDLIM No Supported only for to search browsing with ISFBROWSE and ISFLOG

| Use on Use on | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Command | Purpose | ISFEXEC | USE ON ISFACT | REXX Variable | Notes |
| FS | Display the FS panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| GT | Display the GT panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| Н | Display the H panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| I | Display the I panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| INIT | Display the INIT panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| INPUT | Control inclusion of input data sets in browse | No | No | ISFINPUT | |
| JC | Display the JC panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| JG | Display the JG panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| JP | Display the JP panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| JO | Display the J0 panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| LEFT | Scroll left | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| LI | Display the LINES panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| LNK | Display the LNK panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| LPA | Display the LPA panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| LOCATE | Locate a line or column | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| LOG | Display the SYSLOG and Operlog | No | No | | Use the ISFLOG command |
| LOGLIM | Limit the Operlog | No | No | | |
| MAS | Display the MAS panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| NA | Display the NA panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| NC | Display the NC panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| NEXT | Skip to the next data set | No | No | ISFSCROLL, ISFSCROLLTYPE | Use with ISFBROWSE |
| NO | Display the NODES panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| NS | Display the NS panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| 0 | Display the O panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| OWNER | Limit the jobs by owner | No | No | ISFOWNER | |
| PAG | Display the PAG panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| PARM | Display the PARM panel. Enclose PARM in single quotes when using ISFACT. | Yes | Yes | | |
| PANELID | Display panel ID | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |

Table 223. SDSF Commands and REXX (continued)

| Command | Purpose | Use on ISFEXEC | Use on ISFACT | REXX Variable | Notes |
|----------------|---|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| PR | Display the PR panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| PREFIX | Filter jobs by name | No | No | ISFPREFIX | |
| PREV | Skip to the previous data set | No | No | ISFSCROLL, ISFSCROLLTYPE | Use with ISFBROWSE |
| PRINT | Print data or the screen | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| PROC | Display the PROC panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| PS | Display the PS panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| PUN | Display the PUN panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| QUERY | List SDSF data | Yes | No | | Responses returned in ISFRESP stem |
| RDR | Display the RDR panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| RES | Display the RES panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| RESET | Clear pending actions | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| RIGHT | Scroll right | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| RM | Display the RM panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| RSYS | Limit WTORs on SYSLOG by system | No | No | | |
| SE | Display the SE panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SELECT | Display selected rows | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET ACTION | Display action characters | No | No | ISFACTIONS | |
| SET BROWSE | Set default browse action character | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET CKLIM | Set limit for instances on the CKH panel | No | No | ISFCKLIM | |
| SET CMODE | Set mode for sysplex communications | No | No | ISFCMODE | |
| SET CONFIRM | Set confirmation of destructive actions | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET CONMOD | Set the modification of the extended console name | No | No | ISFCONMOD | |
| SET CONSOLE | Specify extended console | No | No | ISFCONS | |
| SET CSORT | Control cursor-sensitive sort | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET CURSOR | Set cursor placement | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET DATE | Set date format | No | No | ISFDATE | |

Table 223. SDSF Commands and REXX (continued)

| Command | Purpose | Use on ISFEXEC | Use on ISFACT | REXX Variable | Notes |
|-----------------|--|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| SET DELAY | Set timeout value | No | No | ISFDELAY | |
| SET DISPLAY | Set display of values | No | No | ISFDISPLAY | |
| SET DUPDS | Set display of duplicate SYSOUT data sets when browsing or printing job data sets | No | No | ISFDUPDS | Duplicate SYSOUT data sets are displayed by default |
| SET LANGUAGE | Set language for help | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET LOG | Set default Log panel | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET PRTCCASA | Set how SDSF handles carriage control for printing | No | No | ISFPRTCCASA | |
| SET SCHARS | Set wildcard characters | No | No | ISFSCHARS | |
| SET SCREEN | Set colors | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET SHELF | Set default bookshelf | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SET TIMEOUT | Set timeout for SYSPLEX function | No | No | ISFTIMEOUT | |
| SMSG | Display the SMSG panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SMSV | Display the SMSV panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SNAPSHOT | Saves table data | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| SO | Display the SO panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SORT | Sort a tabular panel | No | No | ISFSORT, ISFSORT2, SDSFSORT | |
| SP | Display the SP panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SR | Display the SR panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SSI | Display the SSI panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| ST | Display the ST panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SYM | Display the SYM panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SYS | Display the SYS panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| SYSID | Assign a SYSID for SYSLOG | No | No | ISFSYSID | |
| SYSNAME | Limit data by system | No | No | ISFSYSNAME | |
| ТОР | Scroll to the top | No | No | ISFSCROLL, ISFSCROLLTYPE | Supported for browse only |
| TRACE | Enable SDSF tracing | No | No | ISFTRACE ISFTRMASK | |

Table 223. SDSF Commands and REXX (continued)

| Command | Purpose | Use on ISFEXEC | Use on ISFACT | REXX Variable | Notes |
|---------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| TUTOR | Invoke the SDSF tutorial | No | No | | Not supported in REXX |
| ULOG | Display the ULOG panel | No | No | ISFULOG stem variable | Use the WAIT option on the ISFACT command to ensure that the command responses are available in the ISFULOG stem variable. |
| UP | Scroll up | No | No | ISFSCROLL, ISFSCROLLTYPE | Supported only for browsing with ISFBROWSE and ISFLOG |
| VMAP | Display the VMAP panel | Yes | Yes | | |
| WHO | List environmental data | Yes | No | | Responses returned in ISFRESP stem variables |

Action character reference

The action characters that are available when you use SDSF interactively are available when you use SDSF with REXX. The exceptions are described in <u>Table 224 on page 289</u>. For information about the available action characters, see the online help.

| Table 224. Action Characters No | t Supported with REXX | |
|--|---|---|
| Panel | Not supported | Comments |
| APF | /, //, =, + | |
| AS | /, //, =, + | |
| CFC | /, //, =, + | |
| CFS | /, //, =, + | |
| CK (checks for IBM Health Checker for z/OS) | /, //, =, +, SB, SBI, SBO, SE, SEI, SEI | Results for S (browse) are returned in the ISFLINE stem variable. For more information, see <u>"Browsing</u> checks with the S action character" on page 266. |
| CKH (history of a check) | /, //, =, + | Results for S (browse) are returned in the ISFLINE stem variable. For more information, see <u>"Browsing</u> checks with the S action character" on page 266. |
| CSR | /, //, =, + | |
| DA (active jobs) | /, //, =, +, N, Q, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command. For more information, see <u>"Browsing output" on page 262</u> . |
| DEV | /, //, =, + | |
| DYNX | /, //, =, + | |

| Panel | Not supported | Comments |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| ENC (WLM enclaves) | /, //, =, +, I | |
| ENQ | /, //, =, + | |
| FS | /, //, =, + | |
| GT | /, //, =, + | |
| H (held output queue) | /, //, =, +, Q, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command For more information, see <u>"Browsing output" on page 262</u> . |
| I (input queue) | /, //, =, +, I, Q, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command For more information, see "Browsing output" on page 262. |
| INIT (initiators) | /, //, =, + | |
| JC (job classes) | /, //, =, + | |
| JD (job devices) | /, //, =, + | |
| JDS (job data sets) | /, //, =, +, Q, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command For more information, see <u>"Browsing output" on page 262</u> . |
| JG (job group) | /, //, =, +, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command For more information, see "Browsing output" on page 262. |
| JC | /, //, =, + | |
| JT | /, //, =, + | |
| LNK | /, //, =, + | |
| LPA | /, //, =, + | |
| JM (job memory) | /, //, =, + | |
| JP (members in the JESPLEX) | /, //, =, + | |
| JS (job steps) | /, //, =, +, S, SB, SE, SJ | |
| JY (job delays) | /, //, =, + | |
| JO (JES3 job 0) | /, //, =, +, S, SB, SE | Use the ISFBROWSE command. |
| LI (lines) | /, //, =, + | |
| MAS (members in the MAS) | /, //, =, + | |
| NA | /, //, =, + | |
| NC (network connections) | /, //, =, + | |

| Panel | Not supported | Comments |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| NO (nodes) | /, //, =, + | |
| NS (network servers) | /, //, =, + | |
| O (output Queue) | /, //, =, +, Q, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE commanc For more information, see "Browsing output" on page 262. |
| PAG | /, //, =, + | |
| PARM | /, //, =, + | |
| PR (printers) | /, //, =, + | |
| PROC | /, //, =, + | |
| PS (z/OS Unix processes) | /, //, =, + | |
| PUN (punches) | /, //, =, + | |
| RDR (readers) | /, //, =, + | |
| RES (WLM Resources) | /, //, =, + | |
| RM (JES2 resources) | /, //, =, + | |
| SE (WLM scheduling environments) | /, //, =, + | |
| SMSG | /, //, =, + | |
| SMSV | /, //, =, + | |
| SO (spool offloaders) | /, //, =, + | |
| SP (spool volumes) | /, //, =, + | |
| SR (system requests) | /, //, =, +, R with no command | |
| SSI | /, //, =, + | |
| ST (status of all jobs) | /, //, =, +, Q, I, S, SB, SE, SJ | For browse, use SA (browse allocate) and SJA (browse allocate JCL) or the ISFBROWSE command For more information, see "Browsing output" on page 262. |
| SYM | /, //, =, + | |
| SYS | /, //, =, + | |
| VMAP | /, //, =, + | |
| EMCS | /, //, =, + | |
| OMVS | /, //, =, + | |
| LPD | /, //, =, + | |
| XCFM | /, //, =, + | |
| ENQD | /, //, =, + | |

| | Table 224. Action Characters Not Su | pported with REXX (continued) | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| - | Panel | Not supported | Comments |
| 1 | JES | /, //, =, + | |
| Ī | СКРТ | /, //, =, + | |
| | JCM | /, //, =, + | |
| 1 | REPC | /, //, =, + | |
| I | RGRP | /, //, =, + | |
| I | RMA | /, //, =, + | |
| | SRVC | /, //, =, + | |
| I | WKLD | /, //, =, + | |
| | WLM | /, //, =, + | |
| | ЈМО | /, //, =, + | |
| 1 | JDDN | /, //, =, +, SB, SE, SV | |

Special variables reference

Table 225 on page 292 shows the special REXX variables, with the exception of the variables for printing, which are shown in <u>"Printing output" on page 266</u>.

Table 225. Special REXX Variables

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|------------|--------|-----------------------|---|--|
| ISFACTIONS | Input | SET ACTION | Controls the display of action characters for current panel | Action characters and optional descriptions are returned in the ISFRESP stem variables. |
| ISFAPPC | Input | APPC | Controls the display of APPC transactions | |
| ISFCMDLIM | Input | Slash (/) | Limits the number of commands that may be issued through ISFSLASH | |
| ISFCKLIM | Input | SET CKLIM | Sets the maximum number of instances of a check to display on the CKH panel | |
| ISFCMODE | Input | SET CMODE | Sets the mode for sysplex communication | |
| ISFCOLOR | Output | | Stem variable containing the color of each line. The possible values are the first letters of the colors Red, Green, Blue, White, Yellow, Turquoise, Pink. | OPERLOG only |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|-----------------|--------|-----------------------|--|--|
| ISFCOLS | InOut | | Input: sets the list of columns to be returned | Limits the columns (and so the variables) that are |
| | | | Output: contains list of columns that are returned | created |
| ISFCOLS2 | InOut | | Input: sets the list of columns to be returned for a secondary panel | Limits the columns (and so the variables) that are created |
| | | | Output: contains the list of columns that are returned for a secondary panel | |
| ISFCOLUMNGROUPS | Output | | Lists column grouping information for the columns listed in the ISFCOLS variable. | |
| ISFCONMOD | Input | SET CONMOD | Controls the automatic modification of the extended console name when SDSF needs to activate a console (for issuing system commands and for the ULOG) and the default console name is in use | |
| ISFCONS | Input | SET CONSOLE | Sets the console name | If you have disabled console modification, you should change the console name when running a REXX exec while running SDSF interactively, to avoid an activation failure because the console is already in use. |
| ISFDATE | Input | SET DATE | Sets the date format for input on special variables | Does not affect the date format for returned stem variables |
| ISFDCOLS | Output | | Contains the list of delayed access columns for the panel | |
| ISFDCOLS2 | Output | | Contains the list of delayed access columns for the secondary panel | |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| ISFDDNAME | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the system-generated DDNAME of an allocated SYSOUT data set. ISFDDNAME.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow. | Set in response to a browse allocation action character, such as SA and SJA |
| ISFDELAY | Input | SET DELAY | Sets the response delay limit for system commands | |
| ISFDESCODE | | | Stem variable containing the descriptor codes for each line. When there are multiple descriptor codes, they are returned in a list, separated by blanks. | OPERLOG only |
| ISFDEST | Input | DEST | Sets the destinations to be used for filtering | Allows up to four destinations, with each being up to the maximum acceptable length for a destination |
| ISFDIAG | Output | | Intended for use by IBM service personnel | See <u>"Diagnosing errors in a</u> REXX exec" on page 328. |
| ISFDISPLAY | Output | | Contains the SET DISPLAY response for tabular panels | |
| ISFDISPLAYMODE | Input | SET DISPLAY | Sets the format of the ISFDISPLAY special variable | The value OFF is not valid with REXX. |
| ISFDSNAME | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the application-specified data set name (that is, the data set name as shown on the Job Data Set panel). Corresponds to the DDNAME listed in ISFDDNAME. The variables have a one-to-one correspondence with the ISFDDNAME stem variables. ISFDSNAME.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow. | Set in response to a browse allocation action character, such as SA and SJA |
| ISFDUPDS | Input | SET DUPDS | Controls whether duplicate SYSOUT data sets are included when browsing or printing | |
| ISFFILTER | Input | FILTER | Sets filter criteria | Use column names rather than column titles. Supported with tabular panels. |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|---|---|
| ISFFILTER2 | Input | FILTER | Sets filter criteria for a secondary panel | Use column names rather than column titles. |
| ISFFILTERMODE | Input | FILTER | Sets the relationship between filters | |
| ISFFILTERMODE2 | Input | FILTER | Sets the relationship between filters for a secondary panel | |
| ISFFIND | Input | FIND | String to be found (up to 255 characters). | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFFINDENDCOL | Input | FIND | Column in which the string specified with ISFFIND must end. | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFFINDLIM | Input | FINDLIM | Maximum number of lines to search for the string specified with ISFFIND. 1000 to 9999999. | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFFINDSTARTCOL | Input | FIND | Column in which the string specified with ISFFIND must start. | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFFIRSTLINEDATE | Output | | Date associated with the first line that was returned. | Use when browsing the log. |
| ISFFIRSTLINEDSID | Output | | Data set identifier of the data set associated with the first line that was returned. | Use when browsing. Not valid with OPERLOG. |
| ISFFIRSTLINEJOBID | Output | | Job ID associated with the first line that was returned. | Use when browsing the SYSLOG. |
| ISFFIRSTLINERECNO | Output | | Record number within the data set of the first line that was returned. | Use when browsing. Not valid with OPERLOG. |
| ISFFIRSTLINETIME | Output | | Time associated with the first line that was returned. | Use when browsing the log. |
| ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN | Output | | Token corresponding to the first line of the data that was returned. | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFHIGHLIGHT | Output | | Stem variable containing the highlighting of each line. The possible values are the first letters of Blink, Reverse, Underline and None. | OPERLOG only |
| ISFINPUT | Input | INPUT | Controls which data sets will be returned | |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| ISFINTENSITY | Output | | Stem variable containing the intensity of each line. The possible values are the first letters of High and Low. | OPERLOG only |
| ISFJESNAME | Input | | Sets the JES subsystem to be processed | Equivalent to the value specified on the JESNAME option of the SDSF command (JES2 only). |
| ISFJES3NAME | Input | | Sets the JES subsystem to be processed | Equivalent to the value specified on the JES3NAME option of the SDSF command (JES3 only). |
| ISFLASTLINEDATE | Output | | Date associated with the last line that was returned. | Use when browsing the log. |
| ISFLASTLINEDSID | Output | | Data set identifier of the data set associated with the last line that was returned. | Use when browsing. Not valid with OPERLOG. |
| ISFLASTLINEJOBID | Output | | Job ID associated with the last line that was returned. | Use when browsing the SYSLOG. |
| ISFLASTLINERECNO | Output | | Record number within the data set of the last line that was returned. | Use when browsing. Not valid with OPERLOG. |
| ISFLASTLINETIME | Output | | Time associated with the last line that was returned. | Use when browsing the log. |
| ISFLINE | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the result of a browse request. ISFLINE.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow. | Use when browsing the log or a check. |
| ISFLINELIM | Input | | Limits the number of ISFLINE stem variables that may be created. The valid range is 0-999999999. A value of zero indicates no limit. | If the variable is not defined or null, there is no limit. |
| ISFLOGSTARTTIME | Input | | Specifies the starting time for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in hh:mm:ss.th format. Only hh:mm is required. This is the local time corresponding to the first record to be returned. | If the variable is not defined or the value is null, the starting time is 00:00:00.00. |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| ISFLOGSTARTDATE | Input | | Specifies the starting date for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in the current date format or either of these formats: yyyy.ddd or yy.ddd. | The default is the current day. |
| ISFLOGSTOPTIME | Input | | Specifies the ending time for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in hh:mm:ss.th format. Only hh:mm is required. This is the local time corresponding to the last record to be returned. | If the variable is not defined or the value is null, the ending time is 23:59:59.99. |
| ISFLOGSTOPDATE | Input | | Specifies the ending date for records returned by the ISFLOG command, in the current date format or either of these formats: yyyy.ddd or yy.ddd. | The default is the current day. |
| ISFLRECL | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the logical record length for the allocated data set and corresponds to the DDNAME listed in ISFDNAME. ISFLRECL.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow. | |
| ISFMSG | Output | | Contains the SDSF short message, if any, set on the completion of each request | Check at the completion of each request. |
| ISFMSG2 | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that is set to any numbered messages that may have been issued in response to the request. ISFMSG2.0 contains the count of message variables that follow. | Check at the completion of each request. |
| | | | The message variables contain the oldest message first. | |
| ISFNEXTLINETOKEN | Output | | Token corresponding to the next unread line of the data. It is null when an end-of-file condition is encountered. | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|----------------|-------|-----------------------|--|---|
| ISFOWNER | Input | OWNER | Sets the owner to be used for filtering | Use the default SDSF generic characters unless you change them with the ISFSCHARS variable. |
| ISFPREFIX | Input | PREFIX | Sets the job name prefix to be used for filtering | Uses the default SDSF generic characters unless you change them with the ISFSCHARS variable. |
| ISFPRTBLKSIZE | Input | | Block size for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTCCASA | Input | SET PRTCCASA | Sets how SDSF handles carriage control for printing | Use with ISFPRTRECFM. |
| ISFPRTCLASS | Input | | SYSOUT class | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTCOPIES | Input | | Copies class | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDATACLAS | Input | | Data class for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDDNAME | Input | | DDNAME | Use with XF and XFC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDEST | Input | | Destination | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDIRBLKS | Input | | Number of directory blocks for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDISP | Input | | Allocation disposition for data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTDSNAME | Input | | Data set name. If the name is not enclosed in quotation mark, the name begins with the current user ID. | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTFCB | Input | | FCB | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTFORMDEF | Input | | FORMDEF | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTFORMS | Input | | Forms | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTLRECL | Input | | Logical record length | Use with XD, XDC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTMEMBER | Input | | Member name | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTMGMTCLAS | Input | | Management class for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| ISFPRTOUTDESNAME | Input | | Output descriptor name to be used when creating the file | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTPAGEDEF | Input | | PAGEDEF | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTPRIMARY | Input | | Primary space allocation for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTPRTMODE | Input | | Process mode | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTRECFM | Input | | Record format | Use with XD, XDC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTSECONDARY | Input | | Secondary space allocation for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTSOURCEATTS | Input | | Whether to use attributes of the source for printing | Use with the XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTSPACETYPE | Input | | Space units for allocating for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTSTORCLAS | Input | | Storage class for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTUCS | Input | | UCS | Use with X, XC, XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFPRTUNIT | Input | | Unit for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTVOLSER | Input | | Volume serial for new data sets | Use with XD and XDC action characters. |
| ISFPRTWRITER | Input | | Writer name | Use with the XS and XSC action characters. |
| ISFRCOLS | Output | | Contains a list of columns with related fields | Related fields are sets of related columns, such as SFORMS and SFORM2-8 on the Printer panel. |
| ISFRCOLS2 | Output | | Contains a list of columns with related fields for a secondary panel | |
| ISFRECFM | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the record format for the allocated data set and corresponds to the DDNAME listed in ISFDDNAME. ISFRECFM.0 contains a count of the number of variables that follow. | |

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| ISFRESP | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains responses from commands. ISFRESP.0 contains the count of the response variables that follow. | Commands such as WHO use the ISFRESP stem variables to provide the command response. |
| ISFROWS | Output | | Contains the number of rows created by a request for a tabular panel | Equivalent to the zero stem for each of the column variables |
| ISFROWS2 | Output | | Contains the number of rows created by a request for a secondary panel | Equivalent to the zero stem for each of the column variables |
| ISFSCHARS | Input | SET SCHARS | Sets the generic and placeholder characters to be used in pattern matching | |
| ISFSCROLL | Input | Scrolling commands | Repositions the first line of data that is returned | Use when browsing with ISFBROWSE or ISFLOG. |
| ISFSCROLLTYPE | Input | Scrolling commands | Repositions the first line of data that is returned | Use with ISFSCROLL. |
| ISFSECTRACE | Input | SET SECTRACE | Controls tracing of SDSF security | Use with ISFMSG2 or ISFULOG. |
| ISFSERVER | Input | | Obsolete as of z/OS V2R3. Only a single SDSF address space can be active at a time. | Corresponds to the SERVER option on the SDSF command |
| ISFSORT | Input | SORT | Sets the sort criteria | Use the column names instead of the column titles. To sort using the fixed field, assign the value to null. |
| ISFSORT2 | Input | SORT | Sets the sort criteria for a secondary panel | Use the column names instead of the column titles. To sort using the fixed field, assign the value to null. |
| ISFSTARTLINETOKEN | Input | | Starting line for the data to be returned. | Specify this value by setting the variable to either ISFFIRSTLINETOKEN or ISFNEXTLINETOKEN. |
| ISFSYSID | Input | SYSID | Specifies the member to be processed by the ISFLOG command | |

| Table 225. Special RE | Table 225. Special REXX Variables (continued) | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments | | |
| ISFSYSNAME | Input | SYSNAME | Sets the system name to be used for filtering sysplex requests | Use the default SDSF generic characters unless you have changed them with the ISFSCHARS variable. | | |
| ISFTIMEOUT | Input | SET TIMEOUT | Sets the response timeout value for sysplex requests | JES2 only | | |
| ISFTITLES | Output | | Contains the column titles associated with the variables that are returned | The titles are listed in the same order as the column names in the ISFCOLS variable. Titles are enclosed by single quotation marks and separated by blanks. | | |
| ISFTITLES2 | Output | | Contains the column titles associated with the variables that are returned for the secondary panel | The titles are listed in the same order as the column names in the ISFCOLS2 variable. Titles are enclosed by single quotation marks and separated by blanks. | | |
| ISFTLINE | Output | | Contains the title line from the tabular panel | The title line frequently contains dynamic data related to the panel being accessed. The format of the data may vary and is subject to change at any time. | | |
| ISFTRACE | Input | TRACE | Sets the trace option to be used when enabling SDSF trace | This variable is intended to be used for the trace option since two trace commands are necessary to enable tracing. However, any operand acceptable to the trace command will be accepted for this variable. | | |
| ISFTRMASK | Input | TRACE | Sets the trace mask to be used when enabling SDSF trace | This variable is intended to be used for a trace mask since two trace commands are necessary to enable tracing: one to enable trace and the other for the mask. However, any non-blank operand acceptable to the trace command will be accepted for this variable. This variable is ignored if the value is null. | | |

Table 225. Special REXX Variables (continued) Associated Variable Command Description Comments Type ISFUCOLS Contains the list of Contains the columns Output modifiable columns for the defined as modifiable, but panel you may not necessarily be authorized to modify them. Authorization is not determined until you attempt to modify a column. ISFUCOLS2 Output Contains the list of Contains the columns modifiable columns for the defined as modifiable, but secondary panel you may not necessarily be authorized to modify them. Authorization is not determined until you attempt to modify a column. ISFULOG Stem variable that contains The ISFULOG stem Output, Stem the MVS system command variables are formatted in echo and any responses the same manner as the generated during the ULOG panel. session, including SAF Use the WAIT option on the authorization messages. ISFACT command to The ISFULOG.0 stem ensure that the command variable contains a count of responses are available in the variables that follow. the ISFULOG stem variable. ROWACTIVE Stem variable that indicates Output, Stem whether the object (for example, the job or the printer) is active. The value is either Y (active) or N (inactive). ROWACTIVE.0 contains a count of the number of stem variables that follow. SDSFCOLLEN Output Contains the lengths of column data in SDSFROW SDSFCOLCOUNT Contains the number of Output values associated with the column SDSFCOLSTART Output Contains the starting positions of column data in **SDSFROW SDSFCOLUMNGROUPS** Output Lists column grouping Like ISFCOLUMNGROUPS. information for the columns but affected by the PREFIX option and applies to the last secondary panel, if any

| Variable | Туре | Associated Command | Description | Comments |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| SDSFDCOLS | Output | | Contains the list of delayed columns for the panel | Like ISFDCOLS, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFFILTER | Input | | Sets filter criteria | Like ISFFILTER, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFFILTERMODE | Input | | Sets the relationship between filters | Like ISFFILTERMODE, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFICOLS | Input | | Sets the list of columns to be returned | Like ISFCOLS, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFOCOLS | Output | | Contains list of columns that are returned | Like ISFCOLS, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFRCOLS | Output | | Contains the list of columns witih related fields for the panel | Like ISFRCOLS, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFROW | Output, Stem | | Stem variable that contains the data when you use the COMPACT option when accessing a panel | |
| SDSFSORT | Input | | Sets the sort criteria | Like ISFSORT, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFTITLES | Output | | Contains the column titles associated with the variables that are returned | Like ISFTITLES, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |
| SDSFUCOLS | Output | | Contains the list of modifiable columns for the panel | Like ISFUCOLS, but affected by the PREFIX option, and applies to the last secondary panel, if any |

Examples of REXX execs

Note: Use the RGEN X command to display a list of examples that you can select and open in ISPF Edit.

The examples in this topic contain just the SDSF-specific portions of the execs.

For information about other examples, see <u>"Other sources of information" on page 242</u>.

Access an SDSF panel

1. Access the ST panel, creating variables for each column, then list the column variables.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/* Access the ST panel */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
if rc<>0 then
  Exit rc
      /* Get fixed field name from first word */
/* of isfcols special variable
fixedField = word(isfcols,1)
Say "Number of rows returned:" isfrows
        /* Process all rows */
do ix=1 to isfrows
  Say "Now processing job:" value(fixedField"."ix)
/* List all columns for row */
  do jx=1 to words(isfcols)
    col = word(isfcols,jx)
Say " Column" col"."ix "has the value:" value(col"."ix)
  end
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
```

2. Use the ISFCOLS special variable to limit the columns to Job Name and Owner, then access the ST panel. Add the following statement to the exec in example 1, prior to the ISFEXEC command.

ISFCOLS = 'JNAME OWNERID'

3. Access the ST panel using the COMPACT option, creating the SDSFROW stem variable for panel data, then list the column data.

Cancel a job

Cancel all jobs with a certain job name using the P action character. First, access the ST panel to create the row variables for each job and the associated tokens. Loop through the rows, checking the job name for each in the JNAME variables. When the desired job name is found, use the ISFACT command to issue the P action character.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
       /* Set the jobname prefix and owner */
 isfprefix="**"
 isfowner="*"
      /* Access the ST panel. A TOKEN variable is */
      /* created for each row which is subsequently */
      /* needed to perform actions
 Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
 lrc=rc
 call msgrtn /* List any error messages */
 if lrc<>0 then
   exit 20
      /* Find all jobs starting with RJONES and cancel them */
 numrows=isfrows
 do ix=1 to numrows
                           /* Loop for all rows returned */
  if pos("RJONES", JNAME.ix) = 1 then /* If this is desired row */
   do
      /* Issue the P action character for the job
                                                              */
      /* identified by the token variable. Note
                                                              */
      /* the token must be enclosed in single quotes */
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP P)"
      lrc=rc
      call msgrtn
      if lrc<>0 then
        exit 20
   end
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
Exit
      /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
    if isfmsg<>"" then
   Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
/* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
   /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
 end
 return
```

Cancel a set of jobs

After setting the special variables isfprefix and isfowner to limit the jobs returned, use ISFEXEC to access the ST panel. Then use ISFACT to issue the P action character for all of the jobs returned.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/* Set the jobname prefix and owner */
isfprefix="ctest*"
isfowner="weber'
     /* Access the ST panel. A TOKEN variable is */
/* created for each row which is subsequently */
/* needed to perform actions
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
                                                                    */
lrc=rc
call msgrtn /* List any error messages */
if lrc<>0 then
  exit 20
/* The tokens have already been assigned to the TOKEN stem */
/* by ISFEXEC. TOKEN.0 has the count of tokens. All rows */
/* returned by ISFEXEC will be canceled with the single */
/* invocation of ISFACT.
                                                                                  */
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN((TOKEN.)) PARM(NP P)"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
 exit 20
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
Exit
         /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
if isfmsg<>"" then
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
/* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
         /* error messages
   do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
   Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
   end
  return
```

List job data sets

Access the O panel to create the row variables and the associated tokens. Loop through the rows, checking the job name (JNAME) variables. When the desired job name is found, use the ISFACT command to issue the ? action character. Then, loop through the rows to list the data sets.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
      /* Access the ST panel. A TOKEN variable is */
/* created for each row which is subsequently */
 /* needed to perform actions
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
 lrc=rc
 call msgrtn /* List any error messages */
 if lrc<>0 then
    exit 20
      /* Find a job starting with RJONES and list data sets */
 numrows=isfrows
 do ix=1 to numrows /* Loop for all rows returned */
  if pos("RJONES",JNAME.ix) = 1 then /* If this is desired row */
    do
       /* Issue the ? action character for the job
                                                                */
       /* identified by the token variable. Note
                                                                */
       /* the token must be enclosed in single quotes */
       /* Use the prefix option to ensure unique
                                                                */
       /* variables are created, beginning with JDS_ */
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP ?)",
"("prefix JDS_
       lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
       if lrc<>0 then
         exit 20
       do jx=1 to JDS_DDNAME.0 /* loop for all rows returned */
         say "DDNAME is " JDS_DDNAME.jx
       end
       lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
           exit 20
    end
 end
  rc=isfcalls('OFF')
  Exit
       /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
/* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
if isfmsg<>"" then
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
      /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
      /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Modify values in columns

Modify a value

Using ISFEXEC, access the O panel. Then, for jobs with a particular owner (RJONES), use ISFACT to change the class to A and forms to 1234.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
    /* Access the O display */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC O"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
  exit 20
 /* Find all jobs owned by RJONES */ do ix=1 to OWNERID.0
  if OWNERID.ix = "RJONES" then /* If this is desired row */
    do
      /* Issue the action against the row identified by */
      /* the token. The PARM contains the column name */
      /* to be modified and the data to use.
Address SDSF "ISFACT O TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"')",
"PARM(OCLASS A FORMS 1234)"
                                                              */
       lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
       if lrc<>0 then
         exit 20
    end
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
exit
     /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
     /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
     /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Modify a set of values

When a column has a set of related values, you use a +column syntax on the ISFACT statement to show that you are supplying multiple values. This example shows the ISFACT statement to supply multiple values for SDESTN1 on the PR column. You could use it with an exec like the one in the first example. Note that if you queried the contents of the columns, SDESTN1 would contain only the first value. The second value would be in SDESTN2.

```
Address "SDSF ISFACT PR TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"')",
"PARM(SDESTN1 D1 +SDESTN1 D2)"
```

Modify a value for a set of jobs

After setting the special variables isfprefix and isfowner to limit the jobs returned, use ISFEXEC to access the ST panel. Then use ISFACT to change the priority of those jobs to 10.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls("on")
isfprefix="**"
isfowner="ken"
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
if rc=0 then
   do
      /* The tokens have already been assigned to the TOKEN stem
/* by ISFEXEC. TOKEN.0 has the count of tokens. All rows
/* returned by ISFEXEC will be changed with the single
                                                                                                          */
                                                                                                          */
*/
      /* invocation of ISFACT.
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN((token.)) PARM(JPRIO 10)"
                                                                                                          */
      /* List messages returned by ISFACT */
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
Say isfmsg2.ix
      end
      /* List returned command responses */
do ix=1 to isfulog.0
Say isfulog.ix
      end
  end
 rc=isfcalls("off")
```

Browse job output with EXECIO

Using ISFEXEC, access the ST panel to create the row variables for jobs. Then, for each job with a name that matches a desired string (RJONES1), use ISFACT to issue the SA action character. SA allocates the job data sets and sets the ISFDDNAME special variable to the DDNAME for each data set that has been allocated. Use the ISFDDNAME variable as input on the EXECIO command and list the contents of the data sets.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/* Access the ST display */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
   exit 20
/* Loop for all RJONES jobs */
do ix=1 to JNAME.0
    if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" then
      do
         /* Issue the SA action against the row to */
         /* allocate all data sets in the job. */
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP SA)"
         lrc=rc
         call msgrtn
         if lrc<>0 then
           exit 20
         /* The data set name for each allocated data */
/* set is contained in the isfdsname stem. The */
         /* ddname returned by allocation is contained
                                                                               */
         /* in the isfddname stem.
                                                                                 */
         Say "Number of data sets allocated:" value(isfdsname".0")
        /* Read the records from each data set and list them */
do jx=1 to isfddname.0
Say "Now reading" isfdsname.jx
"EXECIO * DISKR" isfddname.jx "(STEM line. FINIS"
            Say " Lines read:" line.0
            do kx = 1 to line.0
Say " line."kx "is:" line.kx
            end
         end
     end
 end
 rc=isfcalls('OFF')
 exit
       /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
if isfmsg<>"" then
    Sour "isfmsg is " is form
  Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
/* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
       /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse job output with ISFBROWSE (basic)

Using ISFEXEC, access the ST panel to create the row variables for jobs. Then, for each job with a name that matches a desired string (RJONES), use the ISFBROWSE command to display the output for that job.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls("on")
   /************************
   /* Access the ST display */
   /*********************************
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
 exit 20
   /********************************/
   /* Loop for all RJONES jobs */
   do ix=1 to JNAME.0
 if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" then
  do
      Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE ST TOKEN('"token.ix"')"
      call msgrtn
      if rc>4 then
        exit 20
         /*********************************
         /* Loop through the lines */
         /****************************/
      do jx=1 to isfline.0
      say isfline.jx
      end
  end
end
rc=isfcalls("off")
exit
   /* Subroutine to list error messages */
   msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
   /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
    if isfmsg<>"" then
 Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
   /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
   /* error messages
                                           *1
   do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
 Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse job output with ISFBROWSE

From the ST panel, for each job with the name RJONES, use the ISFBROWSE command to display the output. Use the isflinelim variable to limit the number of REXX variables returned by SDSF. Set the isfstartlinetoken variable to the returned value isfnextlinetoken, to allow the browse to continue with the next line in the display.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls("on")
   /**********************/
   /* Access the ST display */
   /***********************/
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
 exit 20
   /****************************/
   /* Loop for all RJONES jobs */
   do ix=1 to JNAME.0
    if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" then
  do
    isflinelim = 500
    do until isfnextlinetoken=''
      Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE ST TOKEN('"token.ix"')"
if rc>4 then
       do
         call msgrtn
         exit 20
       end
         /****************************/
         /* Loop through the lines */
         do jx=1 to isfline.0
      say isfline.jx
      end
         /********************************/
         /* Set start for next browse */
         isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
    end
  end
end
rc=isfcalls("off")
exit
   /* Subroutine to list error messages */
    msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
   /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
   if isfmsg<>"" then
 Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
   /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional messages
                                           *
   do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
   Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse a single data set with EXECIO

Using ISFEXEC, access the ST panel to create the row variables for jobs. Then, find an active job named RJONES. Use ISFACT to issue the ? action character and list the job's data sets, adding the prefix option to ensure that you create unique variables. Find the message log data set, allocate it, and read it using EXECIO.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
     /* Access the ST display */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST'
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
  exit 20
/* Loop for all running RJONES jobs */ do ix=1 to JNAME.0
  if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" & ,
    QUEUE.ix = "EXECUTION" & ,
      ACTSYS.ix <> "" then
    do
       /* Issue the ? (JDS) action against the */
       /* row to list the data sets in the job. */
Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP ?)" ,
           "( prefix jds_"
       lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
       if lrc<>0 then
         exit 20
       /* Find the JESMSGLG data set and allocate it */
        /* using the SA action character
       do jx=1 to jds_DDNAME.0
          if jds_DDNAME.jx = "JESMSGLG" then
            dō
              Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"jds_TOKEN.jx"')" ,
                 "PARM(NP SA)"
              lrc=rc
              call msgrtn
              if lrc<>0 then
                 exit 20
               /* Read the records from the data set and list them. */
               /* The ddname for each allocated data set will be in */
              /* the isfddname stem. Since the SA action was done */
              /* from JDS, only one data set will be allocated.
do kx=1 to isfddname.0
                                                                               */
                 Say "Now reading" isfdsname.kx
"EXECIO * DISKR" isfddname.kx "(STEM line. FINIS"
                 Say " Lines read:" line.0
                 do lx = 1 to line.0
Say " line."lx "is:" line.lx
                 end
              end
            end
       end
    end
 end
 rc=isfcalls('OFF')
 exit
      /* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
if isfmsg<>"" then
    Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
      /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
      /* error messages
 do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse a single data set with ISFBROWSE

Using ISFEXEC, access the ST panel to create the row variables for jobs. Then, find an active job named RJONES. Use ISFACT to issue the ? action character and list the job's data sets, adding the prefix option to ensure that you create unique variables. Find the message log data set, and read it using ISFBROWSE.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
    /**********************************
    /* Access the ST display */
    /**************************/
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
 exit 20
   /* Loop for all running RJONES jobs */
   /*****
do ix=1 to JNAME.0
 if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" & ,
    QUEUE.ix = "EXECUTION" & ,
    ACTSYS.ix <> "" then
   do
     /* Issue the ? (JDS) action against the \ */ /* row to list the data sets in the job. */
     Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP ?)" ,
       "( prefix jds_'
     lrc=rc
     call msgrtn
     if lrc<>0 then
      exit 20
     /* Find the JESMSGLG data set and read it */
/* using ISFBROWSE. Use isflinelim to limit */
     /* the number of REXX variables returned.
                                           */
     isflinelim=500
     do jx=1 to jds_DDNAME.0
      if jds_DDNAME.jx = "JESMSGLG" then
        do
         /* Read the records from the data set.
         total_lines = 0
          do until isfnextlinetoken=''
            Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE ST TOKEN('"jds_TOKEN.jx"')"
            do kx=1 to isfline.0
               Say "Line" total_lines+kx "is:" isfline.kx
            end
            total_lines = total_lines + isfline.0
               /********************************/
               /* Set start for next browse */
               isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
          end
          Say " Lines read: " total_lines
        end
     end
   end
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
exit
```

Browse check output from the CK panel

Using ISFEXEC, access the CK panel with the E parameter, which requests only exception checks. For the RACF_GRS_RNL check on SY1, which found an exception, use ISFACT to issue the S action to browse the check. Browsing a check causes the ISFLINE special variable stem variables to be created. List the contents of ISFLINE.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/* Access the CK panel and filter by exceptions */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC CK E"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
  exit 20
found=0
      /* Find the RACF_GRS_RNL check that is running on SY1 */
do ix=1 to NAME.0 while found=0
    if NAME.ix = "RACF_GRS_RNL" & SYSNAME.ix = "SY1" then
     do
       found=1
        /* Issue the S action against the check. This will */
       /* return the check output in the isfline stem. */
Address SDSF "ISFACT CK TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP S)"
       lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
        if lrc<>0 then
         exit 20
       /* List each line of check output */
do jx=1 to isfline.0
         Say "Check line" jx":" isfline.jx
        end
     end
end
 if found=0 then
 say "Check not found"
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
exit
/* Subroutine to list error messages */
msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
/* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
if isfmsg<>"" then
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
      /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
      /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse check output from the CK panel using ISFBROWSE

Using ISFEXEC, access the CK panel with E parameter, which requests only exception checks. For the RACF_GRS_RNL check on SY1, use ISFBROWSE to browse the check. Browsing a check causes the ISFLINE special variable stem variables to be created. List the contents of ISFLINE.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
   /* Access the CK panel and filter by exceptions */
   Address SDSF "ISFEXEC CK E"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
 exit 20
found=0
   /* Find the RACF_GRS_RNL check that is running on SY1 */
   do ix=1 to NAME.0 while found=0
    if NAME.ix = "RACF_GRS_RNL" & SYSNAME.ix = "SY1" then
  do
   found=1
   /* Issue ISFBROWSE against the check. This will
                                   */
   /* return the check output in the isfline stem.
                                   */
   Address SDSF "ISFBROWSE CK TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"')"
   lrc=rc
   call msgrtn
   if lrc<>0 then
    exit 20
   /* List each line of check output */
   do jx=1 to isfline.0
    Say "Check line" jx":" isfline.jx
   end
  end
end
if found=0 then
say "Check not found"
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
exit
   /* Subroutine to list error messages */
   msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
   /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
   if isfmsg<>"" then
 Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
   /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
   /* error messages
                                   */
   do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
 Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Browse check output from the CKH panel

Use ISFEXEC to access the CK panel, then, for a check with owner IBMSDSF, use ISFACT to display the history. From the history, for any instance with a non-zero result (an exception), use ISFACT to browse the check output.

```
/* REXX */
isfcklim = 999
isfcklim = 999 /* set the limit of checks returned to 999 */
rc=isfcalls("on")
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC CK"
define the formation of the set o
      do ix=1 to name.0 /* Loop for all checks */
  if pos("IBMSDSF",owner.ix) > 0 then /* If desired check */
                         do
                                   Address SDSF "ISFACT CK PARM(NP L) TOKEN('"token.ix"') (PREFIX",
" CK_)"
                                    do jx=1 to ck_name.0
                                              if ck_result.jx <> 0 then
                                                           do
                                                                      Address SDSF "ISFACT CK PARM(NP S) TOKEN('"ck_token.jx"')",
"(PREFIX CKH_)"
                                                                     say "Now processing check" ck_name.jx " Run " ck_count.jx
do mx = 1 to isfline.0
    say isfline.mx
                                                                      end /* done with history text */
                                                           end
                                   end
                       end
 end
 rc=isfcalls("off")
```

Print to SYSOUT

Using ISFEXEC, access the ST panel. Then, prior to printing, set SYSOUT-related special variables to control the attributes of the output SYSOUT file (class, copies, dest, and forms). Using ISFACT, issue the XSC action character against the desired row (row 1) to print all data sets represented by that row. XSC prints to SYSOUT and closes the print file after printing.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/* Access the ST panel */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC ST"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn
if lrc<>0 then
  exit 20
     /* Assign the special variables that correspond to */ /* the attributes of the print file. Unassigned \, */
      /* variables will use defaults.
                                                              */
isfprtclass="U"
isfprtcopies="2"
isfprtdest="ken"
isfprtformdef="ffff"
isfprtforms="8888"
isfprtpagedef="pppp"
isfprtprmode="pmode"
     /* Issue an XSC action against the row to be printed */
do ix=1 to JNAME.0
  if JNAME.ix = "RJONES" then
    do
      Address SDSF "ISFACT ST TOKEN('"TOKEN.ix"') PARM(NP XSC)"
      lrc=rc
       call msgrtn
      if lrc<>0 then
         exit 20
    end
end
exit
     /* Subroutine to list error messages */
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
/* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
      /* error messages
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

List action characters

Set the ISFACTIONS special variable to ON, which causes the action characters to be returned in the ISFRESP variables. Then access the ST panel, and list the valid action characters for that panel.

Issue system commands using ISFSLASH

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
mycmd.0=3
mycmd.1="$DSPL"
mycmd.2="$D JOBQ,JM=S*"
mycmd.3="$D I"
Address SDSF ISFSLASH "("mycmd.") (WAIT)"
/* List any error messages */
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
Say "isfmsg2.0 is:" isfmsg2.0
if datatype(isfmsg2.0) = "NUM" then
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
```

Work with the last 24 hours of SYSLOG

Use special variables and the REXX DATE and TIME functions to specify the member to process, the date format, date range, and the limit for the number of records in the stem variable ISFLINE. Then use the ISFLOG command to read the SYSLOG to ISFLINE.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
 isfsysid="sy2"
                                                                 /* Member to process */
isfdate="mmddyyyy /"
currday=date("C")
                                                                /* Date format for special variables */
currday=dute('C')
currday=currday=1 /* yesterday */
isflogstartdate=date("U",currday,"C") /* yesterday in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstarttime=time("N") /* current time */
isflogstoptime=time("N") /* current date in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstoptime=time("N") /* current time */
isflinelim=10000
Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG)"
 do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
    say isfmsg2.ix
end
do ix=1 to isfline.0
say isfline.ix
                                                              /* Process the returned variables */
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
```

Work with the current day of the system log

Use the ISFLOG command to read the system log for the current day to the ISFLINE stem variable. This example is for the SYSLOG. To work with the OPERLOG, you would specify TYPE(OPERLOG) with the ISFLOG command.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
isflinelim=100000
Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG)"
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
say isfmsg2.ix
end
do ix=1 to isfline.0 /* Process the returned variables */
say isfline.ix
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
```

Find a message in the system log

Use the ISFLOG command to read the system log. Use the ISFFIND and ISFSCROLLTYPE special variables to find message \$HASP100.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
                   /* Member to process */
/* Date format for special variables */
isfsysid="sy1"
isfdate="mmddyyyy /"
currday=date("C")
currday=currday=2 /* yesterday */
isflogstartdate=date("U",currday,"C") /* yesterday in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstarttime=time("N") /* current time */
isflogstopdate=date("U") /* current date in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstoptime=time("N") /* current time */
isffind = '$HASP100'
isffindlim = 9999999
isfscrolltype = 'FINDNEXT'
isflinelim = 1
do until isfnextlinetoken=''
  Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(SYSLOG)"
  lrc=rc
  if lrc>4 then
    do
     call msgrtn
     exit 20
    end
  do ix=1 to isfline.0
                          /* Process the returned variables */
    say isfline.ix
  end
  /* Continue reading SYSLOG where we left off */
  isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
end
rc=isfcalls("off")
exit
    /* Subroutine to list error messages */
    msgrtn: procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
    /* The isfmsg variable contains a short message */
    if isfmsg <> "" then
Say "isfmsg is:" isfmsg
    /* The isfmsg2 stem contains additional descriptive */
    /* error messages
    do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
   Say "isfmsg2."ix "is:" isfmsg2.ix
end
return
```

Work with the last 24 hours of OPERLOG

This example shows reading the last 24 hours of OPERLOG. Use special variables and the REXX DATE and TIME functions to specify the member to process, the date format, date range, and the limit for the number of records in the stem variable ISFLINE. Then use the ISFLOG command to read the SYSLOG to ISFLINE. Print a subset of messages which were either highlighted, have descriptor code 12, or colored in red when they were issued.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
isfsysid="sy2" /* Member to process */
isfdate="mmddyyyy /" /* Date format for special variables */
currday=date("C")
isflogstartdate=date("U",currday,"C") /* yesterday in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstarttime=time("N") /* current time */
isflogstopdate=date("U") /* current date in mm/dd/yy */
isflogstoptime=time("N") /* current time */
isflogstoptime=time("N") /* current time */
currday=currday-1
                                 /* yesterday */
isflinelim=1000
do until isfnextlinetoken=''
    Address SDSF "ISFLOG READ TYPE(OPERLOG)"
    do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
      say isfmsg2.ix
    end
    do ix=1 to isfline.0
                                       /* Process the returned variables */
      desccodematch = 0
      do jx=1 to words(isfdesccode.ix)
          if word(isfdesccode.ix,jx)='12' then desccodematch=1
      end
      if isfhighlight.ix = 'h' |, /* if hilighted */
isfcolor.ix = 'r' |, /* if red */
desccodematch = 1 then
            say isfline.ix
    end
    /* Continue reading OPERLOG where we left off */
    isfstartlinetoken = isfnextlinetoken
end
rc=isfcalls("off")
```

Issue the WHO command

Issue the WHO command and echo back the response.

```
/* REXX */
rc=isfcalls('ON')
    /* Issue the WHO command */
Address SDSF "ISFEXEC WHO"
    /* The responses are returned in the isfresp stem */
do ix=1 to isfresp.0
    Say "isfresp."ix "is:" isfresp.ix
end
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
exit
```

Invoking an exec with the % action character

This example shows an exec that can be invoked with the % action character.

```
/* REXX */
/* REXX */
Parse Arg pSDSFParms "(" pUserParms
Parse var pSDSFParms pCurrentPanel pPrimaryPanel pRowToken pPrimaryCmd .
Say "Current panel is:" pCurrentPanel
Say "Primary panel is:" pPrimaryPanel
primaryCmd=x2c(pPrimaryCmd) /* Restore original command and parms */
Say "Primary command is:" primaryCmd
Say "User arguments are:" pUserParms
trace o
/*----*/
/* Check for debug mode */
/*----*/
verbose=""
do ix=1 to words(pUserParms)
 if translate(word(pUserParms,ix))="DEBUG" then
   verbose="verbose
end
/*----*/
/* Determine if exec invoked under SDSF */
/*----*/
rc=isfquery()
if rc&ltsym;&gtsym;0 then
  do
   Say "** SDSF environment does not exist, exec ending."
    Exit 20
  end
rc=isfcalls('ON')
/*----*/
/* Initialize SDSF special variables */
/*----*/
rc=isfquery("INIT")
Say "isfprefix was set to:" isfprefix
Say "isfowner was set to:" isfowner
Say "isfdest was set to:" isfdest
/*----*/
/* Retrieve the column values for the row being processed \star/
                                        *************************
/*-----
Address SDSF "ISFGET" pPrimaryPanel "TOKEN('"pRowToken"')"
" (" verbose ")"
lrc=rc
call msgrtn "ISFGET"
if lrc&ltsym;&gtsym;0 then
 Exit 20
/*----*/
/* List all column values for the row */
/*----*/
if pCurrentPanel&ltsym;&gtsym;pPrimaryPanel then /* If on secondary */
 numrows=isfrows2
else
 numrows=isfrows
call colsrtn numrows . sdsfocols
rc=isfcalls('OFF')
Exit 0
*
\star NAME =
* msgrtn
*
* FUNCTION =
```

```
* List all messages in the isfmsg and isfmsg2. variables
* INPUT =
   req - Request being processed
*
*
* EXPOSED VARIABLES =
  isfmsg - Short message
isfmsg2. - Numbered messages
*
*
* OUTPUT =
   Messages written to terminal
*
msgrtn: Procedure expose isfmsg isfmsg2.
Arg req
/*----*/
/* Process numbered messages */
/*----*/
Say "** Numbered messages associated with" req "follow ..."
do ix=1 to isfmsg2.0
  Say isfmsg2.ix
end
if isfmsg&ltsym;&gtsym;"" then
                             /* If short message present */
  do
    Say "** Short message associated with the request is:" isfmsg
  end
return
*
* NAME =
  colsrtn
*
* FUNCTION =
*
   List all rows and their column values
* INPUT =
   numrows - number of rows to process
pfx - column variable prefix or "." if none
*
*
   ocols - word delimited column names to process
*
* EXPOSED VARIABLES =
*
   None
*
* OUTPUT =
*
   Responses written to terminal
colsrtn:
Arg numrows pfx ocols
Say "Number of rows to process: " numrows
do rowix=1 to numrows /* Loop for all rows */
  Say "Now processing row" rowix "..."
  do colix=1 to words(ocols) /* Loop for all columns */
    if pfx="." then /* If no prefix */
pfx=""
    varname=pfx||word(ocols,colix)||'.'||rowix
   Say " Column" varname '=' value(varname)
nd __/* For all columns */
  end
end /* For all rows
*/
return
```

System REXX and SDSF

If you invoke SDSF's REXX using System REXX, you need to be aware of the following:

- You must set up the ISFJESNAME variable to identify the JES2 subsystem, or the ISFJES3NAME variable to identify the JES3 subsystem.
- You must be authorized to invoke SDSF functions from REXX, as described in <u>"Security and REXX" on</u> page 328.

For more information on System REXX (SYSREXX), see z/OS MVS System Commands.

Security and REXX

Using SDSF function from a REXX exec is protected just as using SDSF interactively is protected, with the same SAF resources and ISFPARMS parameters. Where special REXX variables correspond to SDSF commands, the authorization for those special variables is the same as for the associated command. In some cases, using a special variable when you are not authorized to the associated command will cause the exec to fail and the invocation of SDSF to end.

Determining which group in ISFPARMS a user is assigned to

To control which group in ISFPARMS a user is assigned to, you can use either SAF or ISFPARMS. Using SAF is the recommended approach, as it is more dynamic and allows you to assign users to the same group regardless of the environment from which they invoke SDSF (interactive, batch, REXX or Java).

The WHO command displays the group to which you are assigned.

Using SAF

To determine group membership, SDSF checks the SAF resource GROUP.group-name.server-name in the SDSF class. This is explained in detail in *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

Using ISFPARMS

You can use parameters in the GROUP statement or ISFGRP macro to determine group membership. These allow you to control membership based on user ID, logon procedure, terminal name, or TSO authority. See *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization* for more information.

When you use SDSF's REXX support, special values are assigned as follows:

Logon proc name

Set to REXX.

TSO authority

Set to JCL authority.

Terminal name

Derived from SAF or TSO based on the current environment.

Diagnosing errors in a REXX exec

To diagnose errors in a REXX exec:

- Examine the contents of the special variables that contain the SDSF messages, ISFMSG and ISFMSG2. ISFMSG2 is a stem variable.
- If the SDSF messages do not provide enough information to resolve the errors, try adding the VERBOSE option to the ISFEXEC and ISFACT host commands, then examining the contents of the ISFMSG2 stem variable. VERBOSE causes diagnostic messages to be added to the ISFMSG2 stem variable. The messages describe each row variable created by SDSF.
- For problems related to security, use the ISFSECTRACE special variable along with the contents of the ISFMSG2 or ISFULOG variables. For more information, refer to *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.
- For problems associated with authorization to system commands, see the contents of the ISFULOG special variable, which includes SAF authorization messages. Note that SAF authorization messages will

not be preceded by the system command. That is because SDSF checks the SAF resource for the command in advance and does not issue the command if the user is not authorized to it.

- If you need to call IBM for service, prepare documentation by printing the contents of these special variables:
 - ISFMSG and ISFMSG2
 - ISFDIAG. This variable is intended for use by IBM service personnel. It contains internal reason codes associated with a request.

If IBM requests that you run a trace, include the following special variables in your exec prior to the ISFEXEC or ISFACT commands:

isftrace="ON"
isftrmask="ALL"

You must be authorized to the TRACE command to use these variables.

If jobs that you expect to see are missing from a panel, or you are not authorized to function that you expect to be authorized to, the problem may be with the group in ISFPARMS that you are being assigned to. To see if you are being assigned to a different group when you use SDSF REXX than when you use SDSF interactively, issue the WHO command from a REXX exec and from the command line, and compare the values for group index. If you believe you are being assigned to the wrong group, contact your security administrator. Security and SDSF REXX is described in "Security and REXX" on page 328.

Chapter 6. Using SDSF with the Java programming language

This topic provides an overview of accessing SDSF function with the Java programming language, and describes how to protect the use of SDSF through Java.

Using SDSF with Java allows you to create Java applications that exploit SDSF function. It provides a more powerful alternative to using SDSF in batch, which is described in <u>Chapter 4</u>, "Using SDSF in batch," <u>on page 233</u>, and complements SDSF's support for REXX, which is described in <u>Chapter 5</u>, "Using SDSF with the REXX programming language," on page 241.

You must be authorized to use SDSF from Java and you must be authorized to the SDSF functions that you invoke from Java.

System programmers should define ISFPARMS group membership to ensure that SDSF users have the proper authorization when invoking SDSF with Java. For more information, see <u>"Security and Java" on</u> page 340.

Where to look for information

The principal source of information for using Java with SDSF is the Javadoc supplied with SDSF. To use the Javadoc:

- 1. Download the isfjcallDoc.jar file, in binary, to an empty directory on your workstation. By default, this file is installed into /usr/include/java_classes/isfjcallDoc.jar.
- 2. If you have the Java SDK installed, use this command:

jar -xf isfjcallDoc.jar

Otherwise, use another utility to unzip the file.

3. Navigate to the index.html file and open it with a Web browser. Once the index.html file is displayed, links allow you to navigate to specific classes or topics, such as:

Overview

Display an overview to using SDSF with Java

Package

Display a list of classes

Tree

Display a hierarchical view of classes

Index

Display an index to the Javadoc

See the following for further information.

- Using SDSF, including descriptions of panels, action characters, overtypeable columns and commands: refer to SDSF's online help. For a brief introduction, see *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.
- Columns on SDSF panels: to display a list of columns and other column attributes, use the COLSHELP command. The columns are also described in *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

Simplifying systems management with SDSF Java

With the SDSF Java API, you can access SDSF panel data and function through a Java program.

Accessing panels and panel data: Each of the panels that you work with when using SDSF interactively (DA, O, PR and so on) has an associated Java interface that describes the returned data and the available methods. Panel data is represented by lists, with each element in a list corresponding to a row on the panel. You access column data within a list element by referencing column values by column name.

Processing system log and issuing commands: You can retrieve records from the system log (SYSLOG) and the sysplex-wide log (OPERLOG), and search for specific messages or events. You can also issue freeform system commands and receive their responses in a manner similar to using the SDSF slash (/) command.

Retrieving job output: You can retrieve records from the output data sets for a job and search for specific messages or return codes.

Taking action: You use methods to perform functions similar to action characters and overtypeable fields, for example, to cancel a job or change the print destination for job output.

Filtering data: For best performance, you should limit the data that a request returns to the minimum that is required. You do this with request settings, which allow you to specify things like:

• Filters of various kinds.

Note: SDSF filtering is not available when processing the SYSLOG or OPERLOG using the Java API. The application must perform its own filtering.

- The list of columns to process. Specify columns by column name.
- Whether to include columns with delayed access. Because gathering the data for these columns can take a significant amount of time, they are not included unless you request them explicitly.

Viewing results: You can access messages and return codes that describe the completion of a request through a results object. SDSF messages and system messages, if any, issued in response to commands are contained in lists, with each element corresponding to a message. Return codes from SDSF functions are available both in the results object and as return codes on most methods.

Controlling access: Standard SDSF authorization checking occurs for all requests and for attempts to modify the row represented by a returned object.

Enabling your application to use SDSF Java

Your application must make the SDSF Java classes and libraries accessible to it. To do this, add the SDSF JAR file to the CLASSPATH and modify your application LIBPATH. The syntax for doing this varies based on how your application is invoked.

CLASSPATH: The SDSF JAR file (**isfjcall.jar**) must be included on the CLASSPATH. The CLASSPATH can be included on the Java command (using the -cp keyword) that invokes your application, or through the CLASSPATH environment variable. For example, to invoke an application from the z/OS Unix System Services (z/OS Unix) shell, you might have the following statement:

export CLASSPATH=/usr/include/java_classes/isfjcall.jar:\$CLASSPATH

LIBPATH: The LIBPATH references a path containing the SDSF native library. There is one library for 31bit Java and one for 64-bit Java. You must point to the appropriate library based on the version of Java you are running.

This example assumes SDSF has been installed in the default directories and 31-bit Java is being used:

export LIBPATH=/usr/lib/java_runtime:\$LIBPATH

If you are using 64-bit Java, the LIBPATH would be similar to the following:

export LIBPATH=/usr/lib/java_runtime64:\$LIBPATH

Note that the LIBPATH references a path and not a specific file, whereas the CLASSPATH references a specific JAR file.

JAVA LEVEL: SDSF requires any of the following Java levels or higher:

- IBM 31-bit SDK for z/OS, Java Technology Edition, V8
- IBM 64-bit SDK for z/OS, Java Technology Edition, V8

To access Java, update your PATH environment variable to point to the level of Java you need (either 31bit or 64-bit). Assuming Java has been installed in the default path, you would use a command similar to the following for 31-bit Java:

export PATH=/usr/lpp/java/J8.0/bin:\$PATH

If you are using 64-bit Java, the PATH would be similar to the following:

export PATH=/usr/lpp/java/J8.0_64/bin:\$PATH

Installation verification

You can use the ISFAbout class to verify that SDSF Java has been configured correctly. It produces a report that includes the service levels of the SDSF Java classes and other information about the runtime environment. A successful run of ISFAbout shows that your classpath and libpath are acceptable to SDSF and that SDSF can be used to retrieve data.

To run ISFAbout, use a command similar to the following:

```
java -cp classpath -jar /usr/include/java_classes/isfjcall.jar
```

Alternatively, you can invoke ISFAbout with this command:

java -cp classpath com.ibm.zos.sdsf.core.ISFAbout

ISFAbout is controlled through arguments. By default, a report is written to stdout. You can use arguments to write the report to a file. The arguments are as follows:

-f:filename

Names a path to which the report will be written. If this is not specified, the report is written to stdout.

-append

Indicates that the report will be appended to the file. If this is not specified, the file is replaced.

-m:modnames

Names a list of SDSF module names, separated by commas, for which module level information is desired. These names will be provided by IBM service personnel when diagnosing problems.

-help or -?

Requests the usage text to be displayed.

For example, to write a report describing the SDSF Java environment to a file called /tmp/about.txt (replacing it), you could use a command similar to the following:

java -cp classpath -jar /usr/include/java_classes/isfjcall.jar -f:/tmp/about.txt

Writing a Java application

A basic SDSF Java application might do the following:

- 1. Create a runner that corresponds to the panel you want to work with. A runner is a Java class that provides access to SDSF and contains a results object describing completion of the request. Runners are described in <u>"Using runners and request settings" on page 335</u>.
- 2. Create request settings and associate it with the runner to limit the results that are returned. (This is optional but recommended.) Request settings are described in <u>"Using runners and request settings"</u> on page 335.

- 3. Invoke SDSF to create a list of objects and check the results object for SDSF completion messages.
- 4. Process the returned object list and obtain column values for each row.
- 5. Invoke methods on a row object to retrieve additional information or modify the object.

You should always test the return codes from SDSF functions. These are available in the results object and as return codes on most methods. SDSF and system messages describing the completion of a request are also contained in the results object.

Example

The code snippet below requests job-related data from the Status (ST) panel. The settings object is used to restrict the returned data to a subset of jobs with the indicated job name prefix (in this case, all job names) and owner (IBMUSER).

```
// Create optional settings object
ISFRequestSettings settings = new ISFRequestSettings();
settings.addISFPrefix("**"); // Set job name prefix
settings.addISFOwner("ibmuser"); // Set job owner
// Get a runner used to access SDSF ST panel
ISFStatusRunner runner = new ISFStatusRunner(settings);
List<ISFStatus> stat0bjList = null;
try {
  statObjList = runner.exec();
} catch (ISFException e) {
   // Process exception here
} finally {
  // Print SDSF messages related to request
  results.printMessageList(System.err);
}// List job properties
if (statObjList != null) {
  for (ISFStatus statObj : statObjList) {
     System.out.println(statObjList.toVerboseString());
    }
}
```

Working with objects

SDSF creates objects which represent rows on the panel being requested. The column values for the row are contained in the object. To limit the size of the object, it is good practice to use the addISFCols setting to request only the columns that are needed.

SDSF action characters are implemented through methods driven on the object. Overtyping columns is implemented through the requestPropertyChange method which allows one or more column values to be changed at the same time.

Obtaining column values

Request column values by column name using the getValue method. The value can be returned as a formatted string or as a byte array for processing by the application.

Column names are different than the column titles that are displayed when you use SDSF interactively. Use the SDSF COLSHELP command to list the column names recognized by the getValue method. Column names are not case sensitive.

Some classes include convenience methods for obtaining common values such as job name. The fixed field (the first column on a panel when you use SDSF interactively) can also be obtained using the getFixedField method.

The following code snippet shows how to obtain column values using a previously created ISFStatus statObj object.

```
// Get job name and owner
String jobname = stat0bj.getValue("jname");
String owner = stat0bj.getValue("ownerid");
// Get fixed field (jobname)
String fixedField = stat0bj.getFixedField();
```

Actions and overtypes

The available methods for an object are defined by the interface for the object. The method names are similar to the descriptions for action characters that you can display with the SET ACTION LONG command when using SDSF interactively.

The following snippet shows how to cancel a job and list the command responses on the console.

```
// Cancel job without a dump
statObj.cancel();
// List the command responses
results.printResponseList(System.out);
```

You can change column values, in a manner similar to overtyping a column, with the requestPropertyChange method. This method takes an array of column names to change and a corresponding array of values with the new value for each column. The following code snippet shows how to change the class of a job to class A.

```
// Build column name array
String propName = { "jclass" };
// Build column value array
String propValue = { "a" };
// Change the job class
statObj.requestPropertyChange(propName, propValue);
// Print response list
results.printResponseList(System.out);
```

See "Samples" on page 338 for more examples of working with objects.

Browsing data

To browse job output from the job-related panels (DA, H and so on) you can:

- Use an external utility. With this approach, you first allocate the output data sets with the browseAllocate method.
- Use SDSF's browse. With this approach, you use the browse or browseJCL methods.

You can also browse the output of a check on the CK panel, or the system log on the SYSLOG or OPERLOG panels.

SDSF provides a variety of samples for browsing and searching data. Refer to "Samples" on page 338.

Using runners and request settings

A runner is a Java class that provides access to SDSF in a means similar to using SDSF commands to access panels. To access SDSF, you create an instance of a runner for the desired panel and then use methods in the runner class to obtain the requested data. For functions that are not panel-related, such as issuing system commands, you use a special runner.

You can optionally provide request settings that are associated with the runner. You create an instance of the ISFRequestRunner class and add the desired settings to it. The settings correspond to SDSF settings such as job name prefix, job owner, and destination name filters. In addition, you can provide sort criteria

for the returned data, as well as more complex filtering using all the capabilities of the SDSF FILTER command.

The request settings object contains all possible SDSF settings, although not all of them apply to the request being processed. SDSF ignores settings that are not appropriate for the function being performed, so you do not need to remove them.

The runner provides a constructor that is used to associate the request settings with the runner. However, you can always associate a settings object after the runner is created. Note that the settings take effect the next time SDSF is invoked. You can also remove settings after the runner is created, in which case SDSF uses the default settings when processing the request.

You can use the same runner for the duration of your application and modify the request settings between each request. Note that when invoking methods on previously obtained objects (for example, invoking the cancel method on a job) SDSF uses the request settings to verify that the object still exists. As a result, use caution when changing the request settings after a row object has been obtained since the new settings may prevent SDSF from re-deriving the object.

After a request has been processed, the runner contains a reference to the ISFRequestResults object that describes the completion of the request. This object contains SDSF messages, system responses or return codes that were generated by SDSF. You should check the return codes to ensure your request has been processed successfully.

Determining which runner to use

You select the runner based on what rows, columns or other SDSF capabilities your application needs. For example, if you need information about active jobs, you would use the ISFActiveRunner because it provides access to the SDSF DA panel.

Similarly, if you need to enter MVS system commands, you would use the ISFRunner class because it enables use of the SDSF slash command.

The relationship between the SDSF panel commands and the runners is shown in the table belowTable 226 on page 336. Use this chart to determine the runner to create based on the data that is required.

| Table 226. SDSF Commanas ana Runners | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Panel or Command | Runner | Description | |
| APF | ISFApfRunner | APF data sets | |
| AS | ISFAsmRunner | Address space memory | |
| BPXO | ISFOMVSOptionRunner | OMVS options | |
| CFC | ISFCFConnectionRunner | CF connections | |
| CFS | ISFCFStructureRunner | CF structures | |
| СК | ISFHealthCheckRunner | Checks for IBM Health Checker for z/OS | |
| CSR | ISFCommonStorageRemainingRunner | Common storage remaining | |
| DA | ISFActiveRunner | Active jobs | |
| DEV | ISFDeviceRunner | Device activity | |
| DYNX | ISFDynxRunner | Dynamic exits | |
| EMCS | ISFExtendedConsoleRunner | EMCS consoles | |
| ENC | ISFEnclaveRunner | WLM enclaves | |
| ENQ | ISFEnqueueRunner | Enqueues | |
| FS | ISFFileSystemRunner | File systems | |
| | | | |

Table 226. SDSF Commands and Runners

| Panel or Command | Runner | Description |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| GT | ISFGenericTrackerRunner | Generic tracking events |
| н | ISFHeldOutputRunner | Output groups for jobs on held queues |
| I | ISFInputRunner | Jobs on the input queue or executing |
| INIT | ISFInitiatorRunner | JES and WLM initiators |
| JC | ISFJobClassRunner | JES job classes |
| JRI | ISFJESInfoRunner | JES resources |
| JRJ | ISFJESInfoJobRunnerr | JES resources by jobs |
| JG | ISFJobGroupRunner | JES job groups |
| JO | ISFJob0Runner | JES3 Job 0 |
| LI | ISFLineRunner | JES lines |
| LNK | ISFLnkLstRunner | Link list data sets |
| LPA | ISFLpaRunner | Link pack area data sets |
| LPD | ISFLinkPackDirectoryRunner | Link pack directory entries |
| MAS / JP | ISFJESPlexRunner | Members of a JES2 MAS or JES3 JESPLEX |
| NA | ISFNetworkActivityRunner | Network activity |
| NC | ISFNetworkConnectionRunner | JES network connections |
| NO | ISFNodeRunner | JES nodes |
| NS | ISFNetworkServerRunner | JES network servers |
| 0 | ISFOutputRunner | Output groups for jobs on nonheld queues |
| PAG | ISFPageRunner | Page data sets |
| PARM | ISFParmlibRunner | PARMLIB data sets |
| PR | ISFPrinterRunner | JES printers |
| PROC | ISFProclibRunner | Proclib data sets |
| PS | ISFProcessRunner | z/OS Unix processes |
| PUN | ISFPunchRunner | JES punches |
| QUERY | ISFRunner | QUERY command |
| RDR | ISFReaderRunner | JES readers |
| REPC | ISFWLMReportClassRunner | WLM report classes |
| RES | ISFWLMResourceRunner | WLM resources |
| RGRP | ISFWLMResourceGroupRunner | WLM resource groups |
| RM | ISFResourceMonitorRunner | JES resources |
| | ISFResourceMonitorAlertRunner | Resource monitor alerts |

| Table 226. S | Table 226. SDSF Commands and Runners (continued) | | | |
|---------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Panel or Command | Runner | Description | | |
| SE | ISFSchedulingEnvironmentRunner | WLM scheduling environments | | |
| SRVC | ISFWLMServiceClassRunner | WLM service classes | | |
| SSI | ISFSubSystemRunner | Subsystems | | |
| SMSG | ISFSMSGroupRunner | SMS groups | | |
| SMSV | ISFSMSVolumeRunner | SMS volumes | | |
| S0 | ISFSpoolOffloadRuner | JES spool offloaders | | |
| SP | ISFSpoolRunner | JES spool volumes | | |
| SR | ISFSystemRequestRunner | z/OS system requests | | |
| ST | ISFStatusRunner | Jobs on any queue | | |
| SYS | ISFSystemRunner | System information | | |
| SYM | ISFSystemSymbolRunner | System symbols | | |
| VMAP | ISFVMapRunner | Virtual storage map | | |
| WHO | ISFRunner | WHO command (user and environment) | | |
| WKLD | ISFWLMWorkloadRunner | WLM workloads | | |
| WLM | ISFWLMPolicyRunner | WLM policy settings | | |
| XCFM | ISFXCFMemberRunner | XCF members and groups | | |
| / | ISFRunner | Slash command (system commands) | | |
| | | | | |

Samples

SDSF provides several sample classes to show how to use SDSF Java. The samples are installed by default under the /usr/lpp/sdsf/java/samples path. The available samples are:

| Sample | Class Name | Description |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Get list of jobs | ISFGetJobsSample | Access the ST panel and display the properties of selected jobs |
| Get job step information | ISFGetJobStepsSample | Get job step information for selected jobs |
| Change job priority | ISFChangeJobPrioritySample | Change the priority of jobs |
| Browse a check | ISFBrowseHealthCheckSample | Browse a check for IBM Health Checker for z/OS |
| Browse a job data set | ISFBrowseJobDataSetSample | Browse a selected job data set |
| Browse job output | ISFBrowseStatusJobSample | Browse a job's output |
| | ISFBrowseSample | Allocate the spool data sets for a job and browse them |

| Sample | Class Name | Description |
|---|------------------------|--|
| Browse and search the system log | ISFSearchSyslogSample | Read the last day of SYSLOG and search for one or more strings |
| | ISFSearchSyslogSample2 | Browse and search the SYSLOG, specifying the lines |
| | ISFSearchOperlogSample | Browse the OPERLOG |
| Browse | ISFLineResultsSample | Browse, use methods in ISFLineResults |
| Issue MVS commands | ISFSlashCommandSample | Issue one or more system commands |
| Issue WHO command | ISFWhoCommandSample | Issue the SDSF WHO command to obtain user attributes |
| List exception health checks and their output | ISFHealthCheckSample | Find all exception health checks and list the check output |

Running the samples

Invoke samples using the main method. See the class descriptions in the Javadoc for any arguments that are needed. Compiled versions of the classes are available in the SDSF JAR file (**isfjcall.jar**) so you invoke the samples by adding the JAR file to your classpath.

Troubleshooting

Check the list below for help if you encounter a problem using the SDSF Java API.

| Problem | Solution |
|--|---|
| Not all columns returned for an object | Some columns are classified as "delayed" access, which means the data can be expensive to gather. These columns are not returned unless the delayed option is added to the request settings. Use the SDSF COLSHELP command to determine which columns are delayed. |
| Objects not returned | Be sure the request settings reflect the correct prefix and owner for a job. SDSF uses these settings when determining which objects to return. |
| Object not found or row token invalid | When you invoke a method on an object, such as cancel, the object must be valid. A job may be invalid, for example, if it has been purged and thus cannot be found. Examine the SDSF messages to determine why the request failed. |
| Too many objects returned | It is possible to generate requests that return an excessive number of objects. This may result in failures related to insufficient storage, or performance problems. Be sure to refine the request settings to return the fewest number of objects needed to satisfy a request. You should also limit the number of column values returned for each object. |
| Object no longer valid | A returned object contains a row token that SDSF uses to find the object on subsequent requests. The format of the token may vary across SDSF releases or maintenance levels. Therefore, it is expected that the object will be used on the same level of SDSF that gathered it. |

| Problem | Solution |
|--|---|
| Request failed with a non-zero return code | Be sure to examine the SDSF messages that describe any errors found by SDSF. To do this, use the getRunner().getRequestResults().getMessageList() method. |
| SDSF Java classes not found | The SDSF Java classes are packaged in a JAR file that by default is installed in /usr/include/java_classes/isfjcall.jar. Be sure this JAR file is in your application CLASSPATH. |
| Unsatisfied link error | The SDSF Java classes require that the SDSF DLL is included in your application LIBPATH. There are two versions of the DLL, based on whether your are running the 31-bit or 64-bit version of Java. By default, the DLLs are installed in /usr/lib/java_runtime (for 31-bit Java), and /usr/lib/java_runtime64 (for 64-bit Java). |
| Unable to modify an object property | You may not be authorized to modify the property. Even though you may be able to overtype the column interactively, the modify fails using SDSF Java. Verify that you are in the expected SDSF group. Use the who method of ISFRunner. Note that unless you are using SAF for security, your authority level may be different when using SDSF Java than when running interactively. |
| Method return code 16 (not authorized to SDSF) | Verify your authorization to use SDSF. Message ISF024I may have been issued to the system console. |

Tracing

If you need to report a problem to IBM, the SDSF Java classes can produce trace records using the facilities of the java.util.logging package. To enable tracing you must modify your logging.properties file or point to your own copy of the file when invoking your SDSF Java application.

If you are using file-based logging, you can add the following statement to your logging.properties file to enable SDSF Java tracing:

com.ibm.zos.sdsf.level = ALL

You can reference your modified logging.properties file using the following system property when invoking your application:

-Djava.util.logging.config.file=logging.properties

In addition, IBM service personnel may request that an SDSF trace be obtained. This causes the SDSF host code to create trace records that can be used to diagnose problems. You can enable trace by using the addISFTrace method in the ISFRequestSettings class or by using the following system property when invoking your application:

-Dcom.ibm.zos.sdsf.core.ISFRequestSettings.sdsfTrace=true

SDSF trace records are recorded to a SYSOUT file associated with the process that is running your application. The ddname for the sysout file is named ISFTRACE.

Security and Java

Using SDSF function from a Java program is protected just as using SDSF interactively, or from a REXX exec, is protected, with the same SAF resources and ISFPARMS parameters. For example, when a Java method corresponds to an SDSF action character, the authorization for that method is the same as for the

action character. See <u>"Protecting runners" on page 341</u> and <u>"Protecting methods" on page 341</u> for more information.

Determining which group in ISFPARMS a user is assigned to

To control which group in ISFPARMS a user is assigned to, you can use either SAF or ISFPARMS. Using SAF is the recommended approach, as it is more dynamic and allows you to assign users to the same group regardless of the environment from which they invoke SDSF (interactive, batch, REXX or Java).

The WHO command displays the group to which you are assigned.

Using SAF

To determine group membership, SDSF checks the SAF resource GROUP.group-name.server-name in the SDSF class. This is explained in detail in *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

Using ISFPARMS

You can use parameters in the GROUP statement or ISFGRP macro to determine group membership. These allow you to control membership based on user ID, logon procedure, terminal name, or TSO authority. See *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization* for more information.

When you use SDSF's Java support, this special value is assigned:

Logon proc name

Set to EXTERNAL.

Protecting runners

You protect the runners in the same way that you protect the associated SDSF commands. For a discussion of how the runners relate to SDSF commands, see <u>Table 226 on page 336</u>. For information on protecting the runners if you are using SAF for security and using ISFPARMS for security, see <u>z/OS SDSF</u> Operation and Customization.

Protecting methods

You protect the Java methods in the same way that you protect the corresponding action characters and overtypeable fields. The relationship of methods in each class to action characters is described in the topics that follow. For information about the SAF resources that you use to protect action characters, the SAF resources that you use to protect overtyping fields with the requestPropertyChange method, and using ISFPARMS for security, see *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

| Tuble 227. 13FApj Melli | ods for Action Characters | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D | Display the data sets in the APF list |
| displayAll | DA | Display all data sets in the APF list |
| ISFActive (DA pa | nel) | |
| Table 228. ISFActive Me | ethods for Action Characters | |
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| browse | S | Browse |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL |
| cancel | C, CA, CD, CDA | Cancel a job without a dump |

ISFApf (APF panel)

Table 228. ISFActive Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| cancelPrint | CP, CDP | Cancel a job and delete all held data sets (JES3 only) |
| display | D, DL | Display job information in the log |
| displayDDNames | DSD | Display job information in the log with DD names of all spool data sets that contain data (JES3 only) |
| displayEstimates | DE | Display job information in the log with line, page, record, and card counts (JES3 only) |
| displayExtended | DX | Display job information in the log with extended information (JES3 only) |
| displaySpoolHold | DSH | Display job information in the log with DD names of spool data sets in spool hold status that contain data (JES3 only) |
| displaySpoolPartition | DSP | Display job information in the log with the spool partition name (JES3 only) |
| getJobDataSets | ? | Obtain job data set information for the job |
| getJobDelay | JY | Obtain delay information for the job |
| getJobDevice | JD | Obtain device information for the job |
| getJobMemory | ЈМ | Obtain memory information for the job |
| getJobSteps | JS | Obtain step information for the job |
| hold | Н | Hold a job |
| list | L, LL | List the output status of the job in the log |
| listBDT | LB | List q=bdt output status of the job in the log (JES3 only) |
| listHold | LH | List q=hold output status of the job in the log (JES3 only) |
| listTCP | LT | List q=tcp output status of the job in the log (JES3 only) |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a job to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a job to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a job to a file |
| purge | P, PP | Purge a job |
| quiesce | RQ | Quiesce a job |
| release | А | Release a job |
| restart | E, EC | Restart a job |
| restartStep | ES | Restart a job after the current step completes (JES2 only) |
| restartStepHold | ESH | Restart and hold the job the current step completes (JES2 only) |
| resume | R | Resume a job |

Table 228. ISFActive Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------|------------------|---|
| spin | W | Spin a job |
| sysCancel | K, KD | Cancel a job using the system CANCEL command |
| sysForce | Z | Cancel a job using the system FORCE command |
| sysStop | Y | Stop a job using the system STOP command (RMF environment only) |

ISFCFConnection (CFC panel)

| Table 229. ISFCFConnection Methods for Action Characters | | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D | Display connection information |
| displayAll | DA | Display information about all structures |
| displayStructure | DS | Display structure information |

ISFCFStructure (CFS panel)

Table 230. ISFCFStructure Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|------------|------------------|--|
| display | D | Display connection information |
| displayAll | DA | Display information about all structures |

ISFDevice (DEV panel)

Table 231. ISFDevice Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|--------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| display | D | Display unit information | |
| displayAlloc | DA | Display allocations for the unit | |
| displayIPL | DI | Display IPL volume | |
| devservPath | DSP | DevServ path | |
| devservQDasd | DSQD | DevServ QDASD | |
| devservQPath | DSQP | DevServ QPATH | |
| devservSMS | DSS | DevServ SMS | |
| varyOnline | V | Vary device online | |
| varyOffline | VF | Vary device offline | |

ISFDynx (DYNX panel)

| Table 232. ISFDynx Methods for Action Characters | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D | Display a dynamic exit |
| displayAll | DA | Display all dynamic exits |

Table 232. ISFDynx Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------------------|------------------|--|
| displayAllImp | DAI | Display all implicitly defined exits |
| displayDiag | DD | Display dynamic exit with diagnostic information |
| displayInstallation | DI | Display exits defined with type installation |
| displayNotProgram | DNP | Display exits not defined with type program |
| displayProgram | DP | Display exits defined with type program |

ISFExtendedConsole (EMCS panel)

Table 233. ISFExtendedConsole Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|------------|------------------|--|
| display | D, DL | Display extended console information |
| resetForce | E | Reset extended console to force it offline |
| remove | Ρ | Remove extended console from system |

ISFEnclave (ENC panel)

Table 234. ISFEnclave Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|--------------------|
| quiesce | RQ | Quiesce an enclave |
| resume | R | Resume an enclave |

ISFENQ (ENQ panel)

| Tahle 235 | ISEENO | Methods | for Action | <i>Characters</i> |
|------------|----------|----------|------------|-------------------|
| TUDIE 200. | 1JI LINQ | rienious | | Churacters |

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| display | D | Display enqueue information |

ISFFileSystem (FS panel)

Table 236. ISFFileSystem Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| display | D | Display file system |
| displayAll | DA | Display all file systems |
| displayExceptions | DE | Display file system exceptions |

ISFGenericTracker (GT panel)

Table 237. ISFGenericTracker Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|--------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| display | D | Display tracking events by owner | |
| displayAll | DA | Display all tracking events | |
| displayDebug | DD | Display active debug statements | |

Table 237. ISFGenericTracker Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| displayExclude | DE | Display exclude statements |
| displayHomeJob | DH | Display tracking events by home job |
| displayStatus | DS | Display generic tracker status |

ISFHealthCheck (CK panel)

Table 238. ISFHealthCheck Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| activate | A | Activate a check |
| browse | S | Browse the check message buffer |
| deactivate | Н | Deactivate a check |
| delete | P, PF | Delete a check |
| display | D, DL | Display a check |
| displayDiag | DD | Display a check with diagnostics |
| displayPolicies | DP, DPO | Display check policies |
| displayStatus | DS | Display check status |
| list | L | List history |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a check to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a check to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a check to a file |
| refresh | E | Refresh a check |
| removeCategories | U | Remove all categories for a check |
| run | R | Run a check |

ISFHealthCheckArchive (CKH panel)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| browse | S | Browse a check message buffer |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a check to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a check to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a check to a file |

ISFHeldOutput (H panel)

Table 240. ISFHeldOutput Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| browse | S | Browse |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets |

| Table 240. ISFHeldOutpo | ut Methods for Action Charact | ers (continued) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL |
| cancel | С | Cancel an output group |
| getJobDataSets | ? | Obtain job data set information for the job |
| getJobSteps | JS | Obtain step information for the job |
| hold | Н | Hold an output group |
| list | L, LL | List an output group to the log |
| outputRelease | О, ОК | Output release an output group |
| print | XS, XSC | Print to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print to a file |
| purge | Р | Purge output |
| release | А | Release an output group |
| | | |

ISFInitiator (INIT panel)

Table 241. ISFInitiator Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|--------------|------------------|--|--|
| display | D, DL | Display initiator information in the log | |
| getJobDevice | JD | Obtain device information for the job | |
| getJobMemory | ЈМ | Obtain memory information for the job | |
| halt | Z | Halt an initiator | |
| start | S | Start an initiator | |
| stop | Р | Stop an initiator | |

ISFInput (I panel)

Table 242. ISFInput Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Characters | Description | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| browse | S | Browse | |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets | |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL | |
| cancel | C, CA, CD, CDA | Cancel a job | |
| cancelPrint | CP, CDP | Cancel a job with print (JES3 only) | |
| display | D, DL | Display job properties in the log | |

| displayDDNamesDSDDisplay DD names of spool data sets (displayEstimatesDEDisplay estimated lines, pages and red (JES3 only)displayExtendedDXDisplay extended information for a job scheduling environment and service cdisplayMainsDMDisplay a list of mains on which the job rundisplayMDSAllocDMADisplay the MDS allocation queue (JES3 on galayMDSErrordisplayMDSErrorDMEDisplay the MDS error queue (JES3 on displayMDSFestartdisplayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 on displayMDSSysSeldisplayMDSSysSelDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay the System verify queue (displaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned fo only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on getJobDataSets | cords for a job , such as lass o is eligible to 63 only) |
|---|--|
| (JES3 only)displayExtendedDXDisplay extended information for a job scheduling environment and service cdisplayMainsDMDisplay a list of mains on which the job rundisplayMDSAllocDMADisplay the MDS allocation queue (JES3 on displayMDSErrordisplayMDSErrorDMEDisplay the MDS error queue (JES3 on displayMDSRestartdisplayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 on displayMDSSysSeldisplayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queue displayMDSSysVerdisplaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on only) | , such as lass o is eligible to 63 only) |
| scheduling environment and service cdisplayMainsDMDisplay a list of mains on which the joh rundisplayMDSAllocDMADisplay the MDS allocation queue (JES displayMDSErrordMEDisplay the MDS error queue (JES3 on displayMDSRestartDMRdisplayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 on displayMDSSysSeldisplayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queue displayMDSSysVerdisplayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHolddisplaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned for only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on DISPlay unavailable volumes (JES3 on DISPlay unavailable volumes (JES3 on | lass o is eligible to 63 only) |
| rundisplayMDSAllocDMADisplay the MDS allocation queue (JESdisplayMDSErrorDMEDisplay the MDS error queue (JES3 ondisplayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 ofdisplayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queuedisplayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHolddisplaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on only) | 3 only) |
| displayMDSErrorDMEDisplay the MDS error queue (JES3 ondisplayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 ofdisplayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queuedisplayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned for only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on | - |
| displayMDSRestartDMRDisplay the MDS restart queue (JES3 ofdisplayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queuedisplayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHolddisplaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned for only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on | lv) |
| displayMDSSysSelDMSSDisplay the MDS system select queuedisplayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned for only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on | ., |
| displayMDSSysVerDMSVDisplay the MDS system verify queue (displaySpoolHoldDSHDisplay DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only)displaySpoolPartitionDSPDisplay the spool partition assigned for only)displayUnavailVolDMUDisplay unavailable volumes (JES3 on DISPlay unavailable volumes (JES3 on | only) |
| displaySpoolHold DSH Display DD names of spool data sets in status (JES3 only) displaySpoolPartition DSP Display the spool partition assigned for only) displayUnavailVol DMU Display unavailable volumes (JES3 on ly) | (JES3 only) |
| displaySpoolPartition DSP Display the spool partition assigned for only) displayUnavailVol DMU Display unavailable volumes (JES3 on partition assigned for only) | JES3 only) |
| only) only) displayUnavailVol DMU Display unavailable volumes (JES3 on | ו spool hold |
| | r a job (JES3 |
| getJobDataSets ? Obtain job data set | ly) |
| information for the job | |
| getJobDevice JD Obtain device information for the job | |
| getJobMemory JM Obtain memory information for the job | |
| getJobSteps JS Obtain step information for the job | |
| hold H Hold a job | |
| list L, LL List a job | |
| LIST BDT LB List output on the BDT queue (JES3 or | ıly) |
| listHold LH List output on the hold queue (JES3 or | າly) |
| LT List output on the TCP queue (JES3 or | ıly) |
| print XS, XSC Print a job to SYSOUT | |
| printDataset XD, XDC Print a job to a data set | |
| printFile XF, XFC Print a job to a file | |
| purgeP, PPPurge a job | |
| release A Release a job | |
| restart E, EC Restart a job | |
| restartStep ES Restart a job after current step comple only) | |

| Table 242. ISFInput Methods f | for Action Characters (continued) |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |

| Method | Action Characters | Description |
|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| restartStepHold | ESH | Restart and hold the job after the current step completes (JES2 only) |
| spin | W | Spin job and message logs |
| start | J | Start a job |

ISFJESInfo (JRI Panel)

| Table 243. ISFJESInfo Methods for Action Characters | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D, DL | Display resource |

ISFJESInfoJob (JRJ Panel)

| Mathad Astian Character | Description | |
|---|-------------|--|
| Table 244. ISFJESInfoJob Methods for Action Character | ſS | |

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|
| displayLimits | D | Display resource |

ISFJESplex (MAS and JP panels)

Table 245. ISFJESplex Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| display | D, DL | Display a member in the log | |
| flush | F | Flush jobs currently running on the main (JES3 only) | |
| monitor | J | Displays the current status of JES2 monitor subtasks | |
| monitorDetails | JD | Display JES monitor details in the log (JES2 only) | |
| monitorHistory | ЈН | Display JES2 resource history in the log | |
| monitorStart | SM | Start the JES monitor (JES3 only) | |
| monitorState | JJ | Display the JES2 state in the log | |
| monitorStatus | JS | Display the current JES status in the log | |
| monitorStop | ZM | Stop the JES monitor | |
| reset | ER | Reset a member (JES2 only) | |
| restart | E | Restart a member (JES2 only) | |
| start | S | Start a member | |
| startScheduling | SX | Start scheduling jobs for the member | |
| stop | Р | Stop a member | |
| stopAbend | PA | Stop a member by abending it (JES2 only) | |
| stopQuick | PQ | Stop a member, ignoring cross system activity (JES2 only) | |
| stopScheduling | PX | Stop scheduling jobs for the member (JES2 only) | |
| | | | |

Table 245. ISFJESplex Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|-------------|------------------|---|--|
| - | | Stop the member, ignoring active programs (JES2 only) | |
| varyOffline | VF | Vary a member offline and stop scheduling jobs (JES3 only) | |
| varyOnline | V | Vary a member online and start scheduling jobs (JES3 only) | |

ISFJobClass (JC panel)

| Table 246. ISFJobClass Methods for Action Characters | | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description | |
| display | D | Display a job class in the log | |
| displayClass | DC | Display the status of a job class in the log (JES3 only) | |
| displayGroup | DG | Display the status of a group in the log (JES3 only) | |

ISFJobDataSet (JDS panel)

Table 247. ISFJobDataSet Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| browse | S | Browse | |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets | |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL | |
| cancel | С | Cancel a data set | |
| hold | Н | Hold a data set | |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a data set to SYSOUT | |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a data set to a data set | |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a data set to a file | |
| purge | Р | Purge a data set | |
| release | 0 | Release a data set | |
| spin | W | Spin a data set | |

ISFJobDevice (JD panel)

Table 248. ISFJobDevice Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description Display all connection information in the log | |
|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| displayAll | DA | | |
| displayAll | DAL | Display all connection information in the log, long form | |
| displayByteInfo | DB | Display byte count information in the log | |
| displayByteInfo | DBL | Display byte count information in the log, long form | |

Table 248. ISFJobDevice Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| displayCouplingFacility | DC | Display coupling facility information in the log | |
| displayConnection | DN | Display connection in the log | |
| displayConnection | DNL | Display connection, long form in the log | |
| displayPolicy | DP | Display XCF policy in the log | |
| displayRoute | DR | Display routing information in the log | |
| displayRoute | DRD | Display routing information, detailed in the log | |
| displayRoute | DRL | Display routing information in the log, long form | |
| displayRoute | DRDL | Display routing information in the log, detailed, long form | |
| displayCFStructure | DS | Display CF structure information in the log | |

ISFJobGroup (JG panel)

Table 249. ISFJobGroup Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| browse | S | Browse | |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets | |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browses JCL for a job | |
| cancel | С | Cancel a job group | |
| cancel(purgeOptions) | СР | Cancel and purge a job group | |
| display | D | Display information in the log | |
| displayInError | DE | Display jobs that encountered an error in the log | |
| displayJobGroupDependenci es | DP | Display job group dependencies in the log | |
| displayJobGroupNetwork | DN | Display the job group network in the log | |
| displayJobs | DJ | Display jobs in a group in the log | |
| getJobDataSets | ? | Obtain job data set information for the job | |
| hold | Н | Hold a job group | |
| print | XS, XSC | Print to SYSOUT | |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print to a data set | |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print to a file | |
| purge | Р | Purge a job group | |
| release O Release a job group | | Release a job group | |
| | | | |

ISFJobStep (JS panel)

| Tuble 250. 151 505516P Helious for Action characters | | | |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description | |
| browse | S | Browse | |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets | |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL | |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a data set to SYSOUT | |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a data set to a data set | |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a data set to a file | |

Table 250. ISFJobStep Methods for Action Characters

ISFJob0 (J0 panel)

Table 251. ISFJob0 Methods for Action Characters

| Action Character | Description | |
|------------------|--|--|
| SA | Allocate spool data sets | |
| С | Cancel a data set | |
| D | Display a data set | |
| ? | Obtain job data set information for the job | |
| Н | Hold a data set | |
| XS, XSC | Print a data set to SYSOUT | |
| XD, XDC | Print a data set to a data set | |
| XF, XFC | Print a data set to a file | |
| Р | Purge a data set | |
| 0 | Release a data set | |
| | C D ? H XS, XSC XD, XDC XF, XFC P | |

ISFLine (LI panel)

Table 252. ISFLine Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description Cancel a transmitter or receiver | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| cancel | С | | |
| display | D (all forms) | Display a line, transmitter or receiver in the log | |
| fail | L (all forms) | Fail a line (JES3 only) | |
| interrupt | I | Interrupt a line | |
| quiesce | Q | Quiesce a line | |
| restart | E | Restart a line, transmitter or receiver | |
| start | S (all forms except SN) | Start a line, transmitter or receiver | |
| startNetworking | SN | Start communication on a line (JES2 only) | |
| stop | Р | Stop a line, transmitter or receiver | |
| vary | V (all forms) | Vary a line online or offline (JES3 only) | |
| | | | |

ISFLnkLst (LNK panel)

| Table 253. ISFLnkLst Methods for Action Characters | | | |
|--|------------------|--|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description | |
| display | D | Display the data sets in the LnkLst | |
| displayNames | DN | Display the data set names in the LnkLst | |

ISFNetworkActivity (NA panel)

| Table 254. | ISFNetworkActivit | y Methods | for Action Characters |
|------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
|------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| displayAll | DA, DAL | Display all connection information |
| displayByteInfo | DB, DBL | Display byte count information |
| displayConnection | DN, DNL | Display connection |
| displayRoute | DR, DRD, RDL, DRDL | Display routine information |

ISFNetworkConnection (NC panel)

Table 255. ISFNetworkConnection Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------------|------------------|---|
| display | D (all forms) | Display a network connection in the log |
| restart | E | Restart a device (JES2 only) |
| start | S | Start a transmitter or receiver (JES2 only) |
| startNetworking | SN | Start network communication |
| stop | Р | Stop a transmitter or receiver (JES2 only) |

ISFNetworkServer (NS panel)

Table 256. ISFNetworkServer Methods for Action Characters

| | • | |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| callTCP | Х | Call the network server DSP (JES3 only) |
| cancel | С | Cancel a network server (JES3 only) |
| display | D and DL | Display a network server in the log |
| displayAppl | DA | Display a application (JES2 only) |
| displaySocket | DS | Display a socket (JES2 only) |
| fail | L and LD | Fail a device (JES3 only) |
| getJobDevice | JD | Obtain device information for the job |
| getJobMemory | JM | Obtain memory information for the job |
| restart | E | Restart a device |
| start | S | Start a device (JES2 only) |
| stop | Р | Stop a device (JES2 only) |
| | | |

Table 256. ISFNetworkServer Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| sysCancel | K and KD | Cancel a network server address space |
| sysForce | Z | Force a network server address space |
| sysStop | Y | Stop the network server address space |

ISFNode (NO panel)

| Table 257. IS | SFNode Method | s for Action | Characters |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------|

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|--------------------|------------------|---|
| display | D | Display information about a node in the log |
| displayConnections | DC | Display information about node connections in the log (JES2 only) |
| displayPaths | DP | Display information about paths in the log (JES2 only) |
| startNetworking | SN | Start node communication on a line (JES2 only) |

ISFOutput (O panel)

Table 258. ISFOutput Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|----------------|------------------|---|
| browse | S | Browse |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL |
| cancel | С | Cancel an output group |
| getJobDataSets | ? | Obtain job data set information for the job |
| getJobSteps | JS | Obtain step information for the job |
| hold | Н | Hold an output group |
| list | L, LL | List an output group to the log |
| print | XS, XSC | Print an output group to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print an output group to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print an output group to a file |
| purge | Р | Purge output |
| release | А | Release an output group |

| ISFOMVSOptions (OMVS panel) | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Table 259. ISFOMVSOp | otions Methods for Action Chara | icters | |
| Method Action Character Description | | | |
| displayOMVS | DO | Display OMVS options in the log. | |

| Table 259. ISFOMVSOptions Methods for Action Characters (continued) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Method | Action Character Description | | |
| nolimit | olimit N Change option value to nolimit. | | |

ISFPage (PAG panel)

Table 260. ISFPage Methods for Action Characters

| | Action Character | Method |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| bage data sets | D | display |
| mon page data sets | DC | displayCommon |
| e deletes | DD | displayPageDel |
| l page data sets | DL | displayLocal |
| A page data sets | DP | displayPLPA |
| age class memory | DS | displaySCM |
| 8 | DS | displaySCM |

ISFParmlib (PARM panel)

Table 261. ISFParmlib Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| display | D | Display the parmlib data sets |
| displayErrors | DE | Display errors |

ISFPrinter (PR panel)

Table 262. ISFPrinter Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|--------------|------------------|--|
| backSpace | B (all forms) | Backspace a printer |
| call | X | Call a writer (JES3 only) |
| cancel | C (all forms) | Cancel a job on the printer or writer |
| display | D, DL | Display information about the printer in the log |
| fail | L, LD | Fail a writer (JES3 only) |
| forceFSS | K | Force termination of the FSS |
| forwardSpace | F (all forms) | Forward space a printer |
| halt | Z | Halt a printer |
| interrupt | I | Interrupt a printer |
| repeat | N | Repeat a printer |
| restart | E | Restart a printer or writer |
| start | S | Start a printer or writer |
| stop | Р | Stop a printer |
| vary | V, VF | Vary a writer (JES3 only) |

| ISFProcess (PS | panel) | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Table 263. ISFProcess | Methods for Action Characters | |
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| cancel | С | Cancel a process |
| (display) () | D | Display a process in the log |
| kill | К | Kill a process |
| terminate | Т | Terminate a process |
| ISFProclib (PRO | C panel) | |
| Table 264. ISFProclib N | 1ethods for Action Characters | |
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D | Display proclib |
| displayDebug | DD | Display proclib in debug mode |
| ISFPunch (PUN | panel) | |
| Table 265. ISFPunch M | ethods for Action Characters | |
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| backSpace | B (all forms) | Backspace a punch |
| call | X (all forms) | Call a punch (JES3 only) |
| cancel | C (all forms) | Cancel a job on the punch |
| display | D, DL | Display information about the punch in the log |
| fail | L (all forms) | Fail the punch (JES3 only) |
| forwardSpace | F (all forms) | Forward space a punch |
| halt | Z | Halt a punch (JES2 only) |
| interrupt | I | Interrupt a punch (JES2 only) |
| repeat | N | Repeat a punch (JES2 only) |
| restart | E (all forms) | Restart a punch |
| start | S (all forms) | Start a punch |
| stop | P | Stop a punch (JES2 only) |
| | | |

ISFReader (RDR panel)

vary

Table 266. ISFReader Methods for Action Characters

V (all forms)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|---|
| call | X (all forms) | Invoke a reader (JES3 only) |
| cancel | C (all forms?) | Cancel a job on the reader |
| display | D, DL | Display information about the reader in the log |
| fail | L (all forms) | Fail a reader (JES3 only) |

Vary a punch online or offline (JES3 only)

| Table 266. ISFReader Methods for Action (| Characters (continued) | |
|---|------------------------|--|
|---|------------------------|--|

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|--------|------------------|---|
| halt | Z | Halt a reader (JES2 only) |
| start | S (all forms) | Start a reader |
| stop | Р | Stop a reader (JES2 only) |
| vary | V (all forms) | Vary a reader online or offline (JES3 only) |

ISFRequestSettings

Some methods in the ISFRequestSettings class correspond to SDSF commands that require authorization. For more information, see *z/OS SDSF Operation and Customization*.

| Method | Command | Description |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| addISFDest | DEST | Filter by destination |
| addISFJESName | JESNAME parameter on SDSF command | Set the JES2 subsystem name to be processed |
| addISFJES3Name | JES3NAME parameter on SDSF command | Set the JES3 subsystem name to be processed |
| addISFOwner | OWNER | Filter by job owner |
| addISFPrefix | PREFIX | Filter by job name |
| addISFServer | SERVER parameter on SDSF command | Obsolete as of z/OS V2R3. A single SDSF address space can be active at a time. |
| addISFSysId | SYSID | Set the system ID used to select the system log |
| addISFSysName | SYSNAME | Set the system name pattern to process |
| addISFTrace | TRACE | Set the SDSF trace mask option |

ISFResourceMonitor (RM panel)

Table 268. ISFResourceMonitor Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|---|
| display | D | Display information about the resource in the log |

ISFResourceMonitorAlert (RMA panel)

Table 269. ISFResourceMonitorAlert Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| monitor | J | Display status of JES2 monitor |
| monitorDetails | JD | Display JES2 monitor details in the log |
| monitorHistory | JH | Display JES2 resource history in the log |
| monitorState | JJ | Display JES2 monitor state in the log |
| monitorStatus | JS | Display JES2 monitor status in the log |

ISFSchedulingEnvironment (SE panel)

| Table 270. ISFSchedulingEnvironment Methods for Action Characters | | |
|---|------------------|---|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D | Display information about the scheduling environment in the log |

ISFSMSGroup (SMSG panel)

| Table 271. ISFSMSGroup Methods for Action Characters | | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description |
| display | D, DL | Display information |
| varyDisable | VD, VDN | Disable storage group from allocating or accessing new data sets |
| varyEnable | VE | Enable a storage group |
| varyQuiesce | VQ, VQN | Quiesce a storage group |
| varySpace | VS | Update space statistics for the storage group |
| | | |

ISFSMSVolume (SMSV panel)

Table 272. ISFSMSVolume Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-------------|------------------|--|
| display | D | Display information |
| displayCE | DC | Display coupling facility cache structures for volume |
| displaySG | DS, DSL | Display volumes in storage group |
| varyDisable | VD, VDN | Disable storage group from allocating or accessing new data sets |
| varyEnable | VE | Enable a storage group |
| varyQuiesce | VQ, VQN | Quiesce a storage group |
| varySpace | VS | Update space statistics for the storage group |

ISFSpool (SP panel)

Table 273. ISFSpool Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|------------|------------------|--|
| display | D, DL | Display a spool volume or partition |
| halt | Z | Halt a spool volume, deallocating it after active work completes its current phase of processing |
| hold | Н | Hold a spool data set and hold further scheduling for jobs with data on the data set (JES3 only) |
| holdCancel | HC | Hold a spool data set and cancel all jobs using the data set (JES3 only) |
| holdStop | HP | Hold a spool data set and hold further scheduling for jobs with data on theh data set |

Table 273. ISFSpool Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|----------|------------------|--|
| jobqueue | J | Display information about all jobs using the spool volume in the log |
| purge | P, PC | Drain a spool volume |
| release | A | Release a spool data set and all jobs that have data on spool for scheduling (JES3 only) |
| start | S | Start a spool volume, adding or reactivating it to the spool configuration |
| use | U | Resume allocating space on the spool data set (JES3 only) |

ISFSpoolOffload (SO panel)

Table 274. ISFSpoolOffload Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------------|------------------|--|
| cancel | С | Cancel a transmitter or receiver |
| display | D | Display an offloader, transmitter or receiver in the log |
| restart | E | Restart a transmitter |
| start | S | Start a transmitter or receiver |
| startReceive | SR | Start an offloader to receive jobs or SYSOUT |
| startTransmit | ST | Start an offloader to transmit jobs or SYSOUT |
| stop | Р | Drain an offloader, transmitter or receiver in the log |

ISFStatus (ST panel)

Table 275. ISFStatus Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Characters | Description |
|------------------|-------------------|--|
| browse | S | Browse |
| browseAllocate | SA | Allocate spool data sets |
| browseJCL | SJ | Browse JCL |
| cancel | C, CA, CD, CDA | Cancel a job |
| cancelPrint | CP, CDP | Cancel a job with print (JES3 only) |
| display | D, DL | Display job properties in the log |
| displayDDNames | DSD | Display DD names of spool data sets (JES3 only) |
| displayEstimates | DE | Display estimated lines, pages and records for a job (JES3 only) |
| displayExtended | DX | Display extended information for a job, such as scheduling environment and service class |
| displayMains | DM | Display a list of mains on which the job is eligible to run |
| displayMDSAlloc | DMA | Display the MDS allocation queue (JES3 only) |

Table 275. ISFStatus Methods for Action Characters (continued)

| Method | Action Characters | Description |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| displayMDSError | DME | Display the MDS error queue (JES3 only) |
| displayMDSRestart | DMR | Display the MDS restart queue (JES3 only) |
| displayMDSSysSel | DMSS | Display the MDS system select queue (JES3 only) |
| displayMDSSysVer | DMSV | Display the MDS system verify queue (JES3 only) |
| displaySpoolHold | DSH | Display DD names of spool data sets in spool hold status (JES3 only) |
| displaySpoolPartition | DSP | Display spool partition assigned for the job (JES3 only) |
| displayUnavailVol | DMU | Display unavailable volumes (JES3 only) |
| getJobDataSets | ? | Obtain job data set information for the job |
| getJobDevice | JD | Obtain device information for the job |
| getJobMemory | ЈМ | Obtain memory information for the job |
| getJobSteps | JS | Obtain step information for the job |
| hold | Н | Hold a job |
| list | L, LL | List a job |
| listBDT | LB | List output on the BDT queue (JES3 only) |
| listHold | LH | List output on the hold queue (JES3 only) |
| listTCP | LT | List output on the TCP queue (JES3 only) |
| outputRelease | 0 | Release held output for printing |
| print | XS, XSC | Print a job to SYSOUT |
| printDataset | XD, XDC | Print a job to a data set |
| printFile | XF, XFC | Print a job to a file |
| purge | P, PP | Purge a job |
| purgeOutput | PO | Purge output for a job (JES2 only) |
| release | A | Release a job |
| restart | E, EC | Restart a job |
| restartStep | ES | Restart a job after current step completes (JES2 only) |
| restartStepHold | ESH | Restart and hold the job the current step completes (JES2 only) |
| spin | W | Spin job and message logs |
| start | J | Start a job |

ISFSubSystem (SSI panel)

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| activate | А | Activate subsystem |
| deactivate | Н | Deactivate subsystem |
| delete | PF | Delete subsystem |
| display | D | Display information |
| displayAll | DA | Display all subsystems |
| displayOpdata | DO | Display operator information |

Table 276. ISFSubSystem Methods for Action Characters

ISFSystem (SYS panel)

Table 277. ISFSystem Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| display | D | Display IPL information |
| displayAll | DAA | Display all address spaces |
| displayAlloc | DALO | Display allocation options |
| displayConsoles | DC | Display consoles |
| displayList | DAL | Display address space list |
| displayLE | DCEE | Display language environment options |
| displayDumps | DD | Display dump information |
| displayEMCS | DEM | Display EMCS consoles |
| displayGRS | DG | Display GRS information |
| displayIOS | DI | Display IOS information |
| displayIQP | DIQP | Display IQP options |
| displayLLA | DLL | Display LLA information |
| displayLogger | DLO | Display system logger information |
| displayConfig | DM | Display configuration information |
| displayLogrec | DLR | Display LOGREC information |
| displayMPF | DMP | Display MPF information |
| displayOMVS | DO | Display OMVS options |
| displayPCIEDev | DPCD | Display PCIE device information |
| displayPCIE | DPCI | Display PCIE options |
| displayProd | DP | Display product registration |
| displaySMF | DSF | Display SMF information |
| displaySlip | DSL | Display Slip information |
| displaySMS | DSM | Display SMS information |
| displaySymbols | DSY | Display symbol information |

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| displayTime | DT | Display time information |
| displayTrace | DTR | Display trace information |
| displayTSOptions | DTO | Display TSO options |
| displayTSUsers | DTS | Display TSO address spaces |
| displayWLM | DW | Display WLM information |
| displaySysplex | DX | Display sysplex information |

ISFSystemSymbol (SYM panel)

Table 278. ISFSystemSymbol Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|----------------------------|
| display | D | Display symbol information |

ISFSystemRequest (SR panel)

Table 279. ISFSystemRequest Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| autoReplyIgnore | AI | Ignore auto reply text |
| display | D | Display a message in the log |
| remove | С | Remove an action message |
| reply | R | Reply to a message |

ISFWLMResource (RES panel)

Table 280. ISFWLMResource Methods for Action Characters

| Method | Action Character | Description |
|---------|------------------|---|
| display | D | Display information about the resource in the log |

ISFXCFMember (XCFM panel)

| Table 281. ISFXCFMember Methods for Action Characters | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Method | Action Character | Description | |
| display | D, DA | Display XCF member information | |
| displayGroup | DG | Display XCF group information | |

Appendix A. Accessibility

Accessible publications for this product are offered through <u>IBM Knowledge Center (www.ibm.com/</u> support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW/welcome).

If you experience difficulty with the accessibility of any z/OS information, send a detailed message to the <u>Contact the z/OS team web page (www.ibm.com/systems/campaignmail/z/zos/contact_z)</u> or use the following mailing address.

IBM Corporation Attention: MHVRCFS Reader Comments Department H6MA, Building 707 2455 South Road Poughkeepsie, NY 12601-5400 United States

Accessibility features

Accessibility features help users who have physical disabilities such as restricted mobility or limited vision use software products successfully. The accessibility features in z/OS can help users do the following tasks:

- Run assistive technology such as screen readers and screen magnifier software.
- Operate specific or equivalent features by using the keyboard.
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size.

Consult assistive technologies

Assistive technology products such as screen readers function with the user interfaces found in z/OS. Consult the product information for the specific assistive technology product that is used to access z/OS interfaces.

Keyboard navigation of the user interface

You can access z/OS user interfaces with TSO/E or ISPF. The following information describes how to use TSO/E and ISPF, including the use of keyboard shortcuts and function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys.

- z/OS TSO/E Primer
- z/OS TSO/E User's Guide
- z/OS ISPF User's Guide Vol I

Dotted decimal syntax diagrams

Syntax diagrams are provided in dotted decimal format for users who access IBM Knowledge Center with a screen reader. In dotted decimal format, each syntax element is written on a separate line. If two or more syntax elements are always present together (or always absent together), they can appear on the same line because they are considered a single compound syntax element.

Each line starts with a dotted decimal number; for example, 3 or 3.1 or 3.1.1. To hear these numbers correctly, make sure that the screen reader is set to read out punctuation. All the syntax elements that have the same dotted decimal number (for example, all the syntax elements that have the number 3.1) are mutually exclusive alternatives. If you hear the lines 3.1 USERID and 3.1 SYSTEMID, your syntax can include either USERID or SYSTEMID, but not both.

The dotted decimal numbering level denotes the level of nesting. For example, if a syntax element with dotted decimal number 3 is followed by a series of syntax elements with dotted decimal number 3.1, all the syntax elements numbered 3.1 are subordinate to the syntax element numbered 3.

Certain words and symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers to add information about the syntax elements. Occasionally, these words and symbols might occur at the beginning of the element itself. For ease of identification, if the word or symbol is a part of the syntax element, it is preceded by the backslash (\) character. The * symbol is placed next to a dotted decimal number to indicate that the syntax element repeats. For example, syntax element *FILE with dotted decimal number 3 is given the format 3 * FILE. Format 3* FILE indicates that syntax element FILE repeats. Format 3* * FILE indicates that syntax element * FILE repeats.

Characters such as commas, which are used to separate a string of syntax elements, are shown in the syntax just before the items they separate. These characters can appear on the same line as each item, or on a separate line with the same dotted decimal number as the relevant items. The line can also show another symbol to provide information about the syntax elements. For example, the lines 5.1*, 5.1 LASTRUN, and 5.1 DELETE mean that if you use more than one of the LASTRUN and DELETE syntax elements, the elements must be separated by a comma. If no separator is given, assume that you use a blank to separate each syntax element.

If a syntax element is preceded by the % symbol, it indicates a reference that is defined elsewhere. The string that follows the % symbol is the name of a syntax fragment rather than a literal. For example, the line 2.1 %OP1 means that you must refer to separate syntax fragment OP1.

The following symbols are used next to the dotted decimal numbers.

? indicates an optional syntax element

The question mark (?) symbol indicates an optional syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the question mark symbol (?) indicates that all the syntax elements with a corresponding dotted decimal number, and any subordinate syntax elements, are optional. If there is only one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on the same line as the syntax element, (for example 5? NOTIFY). If there is more than one syntax element with a dotted decimal number, the ? symbol is displayed on a line by itself, followed by the syntax elements that are optional. For example, if you hear the lines 5 ?, 5 NOTIFY, and 5 UPDATE, you know that the syntax elements NOTIFY and UPDATE are optional. That is, you can choose one or none of them. The ? symbol is equivalent to a bypass line in a railroad diagram.

! indicates a default syntax element

The exclamation mark (!) symbol indicates a default syntax element. A dotted decimal number followed by the ! symbol and a syntax element indicate that the syntax element is the default option for all syntax elements that share the same dotted decimal number. Only one of the syntax elements that share the dotted decimal number can specify the ! symbol. For example, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1! (KEEP), and 2.1 (DELETE), you know that (KEEP) is the default option for the FILE keyword. In the example, if you include the FILE keyword, but do not specify an option, the default option KEEP is applied. A default option also applies to the next higher dotted decimal number. In this example, if the FILE keyword is omitted, the default FILE(KEEP) is used. However, if you hear the lines 2? FILE, 2.1, 2.1.1! (KEEP), and 2.1.1 (DELETE), the default option KEEP applies only to the next higher dotted decimal number, 2.1 (which does not have an associated keyword), and does not apply to 2? FILE. Nothing is used if the keyword FILE is omitted.

* indicates an optional syntax element that is repeatable

The asterisk or glyph (*) symbol indicates a syntax element that can be repeated zero or more times. A dotted decimal number followed by the * symbol indicates that this syntax element can be used zero or more times; that is, it is optional and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 5.1* data area, you know that you can include one data area, more than one data area, or no data area.

If you hear the lines 3* , 3 HOST, 3 STATE, you know that you can include HOST, STATE, both together, or nothing.

Notes:

- 1. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk (*) next to it and there is only one item with that dotted decimal number, you can repeat that same item more than once.
- 2. If a dotted decimal number has an asterisk next to it and several items have that dotted decimal number, you can use more than one item from the list, but you cannot use the items more than once each. In the previous example, you can write HOST STATE, but you cannot write HOST HOST.
- 3. The * symbol is equivalent to a loopback line in a railroad syntax diagram.

+ indicates a syntax element that must be included

The plus (+) symbol indicates a syntax element that must be included at least once. A dotted decimal number followed by the + symbol indicates that the syntax element must be included one or more times. That is, it must be included at least once and can be repeated. For example, if you hear the line 6.1+ data area, you must include at least one data area. If you hear the lines 2+, 2 HOST, and 2 STATE, you know that you must include HOST, STATE, or both. Similar to the * symbol, the + symbol can repeat a particular item if it is the only item with that dotted decimal number. The + symbol, like the * symbol, is equivalent to a loopback line in a railroad syntax diagram.

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